

ASSIGNMENT 2 MySQL Screen shots

# Loading up SQL

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Query, Database, Server, Tools, Scripting, Help, and a MySQL logo. The title bar says "MySQL Workbench". The left sidebar shows the "Administration" tab selected, with "Schemas" expanded to show "saika", "sql\_hr", "sys", and "world". Under "world", "Tables" are listed: "city", "country", "countrylanguage", "Views", "Stored Procedures", and "Functions". A "Run SQL Script..." button is at the bottom of this sidebar. The main area has tabs for "SQL File 3\*", "world db", and "SQL File 5\*". A toolbar above the tabs includes icons for Run, Stop, Refresh, and others. Below the tabs is a search bar with placeholder "Limit to 1000 rows" and icons for Find, Find Next, Find Previous, and Replace. The central workspace shows a list of 145 SQL statements, mostly INSERT INTO commands, with some comments like "comment" and "SET TIMEZONE='...';". The bottom status bar shows "Query Completed". On the right side, there's a "Context Help" section with a "Help is available" message and a "Get help for current caret position or toggle automatic help" link. The bottom right corner shows the date and time: "Thu 8 Feb 14:27".

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The left sidebar displays the database schema for 'sakila', including tables like city, country, and countrylanguage. The main area contains a large SQL dump of the 'world' database, starting with comments about the dump's source and ending with the creation of the 'world' database and its tables. Below the SQL dump is an 'Action History' table showing the execution of various commands.

Action	Output
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET COLLATION_CONNECTION=latin1_swedish_ci;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET NAMES latin1;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET character_set_client = latin1;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET character_set_results = latin1;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET character_set_connection = latin1;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET character_set_database = latin1;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET character_set_filesystem = latin1;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET character_set_system = latin1;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET collation_database = latin1_swedish_ci;
53. 14:19:15	P440101 SET sql_notes=0;
53. 14:19:15	SET autocommit=0;

## Task 1

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The top menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Query, Database, Server, Tools, Scripting, Help, and a system tray with battery, signal, and volume icons. The title bar says "MySQL Workbench". The main window has tabs for Administration, Schemas, and the current tab, "My exercise work in sakila database". Below the tabs is a toolbar with various icons. The left sidebar is titled "SCHEMAS" and shows the "country" schema expanded, displaying columns like ID, Name, CountryCode, District, and Population. The right pane contains a SQL editor with the following code:

```
1 • #TASK1
2 • SELECT *
3   FROM city;
4
5 • SELECT COUNT(countryCode)
6   FROM city
7   WHERE CountryCode = "USA";
8
9 • SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT "USA")
10  FROM city;
```

## Task 2

SQL Editor (Limit to 1000 rows)

```

21 #dindt work
22
23 • SELECT *
24   FROM country
25   WHERE "ARG" = LifeExpectancy;
26 #dindt work
27
28 • SELECT CountryCode, avg(Population) AS LifeExpectancy  FROM city
29   WHERE CountryCode = 'ARG';
30 #Asked for help and didnt realise the question wanted me to combined the stats
31
32 • SELECT AVG(LifeExpectancy),Population
33   FROM country
34   WHERE Code = 'ARG';
35
36 #TASK3
37 • SELECT *
38   FROM country
39   ORDER BY LifeExpectancy LIMIT 1;
40
41
42
43
100% 2:40

```

Result Grid

Code	Name	Continent	Region	SurfaceArea	IndepYear	Population	LifeExpectancy	GDP	GNPPerCapita	LocalName	GovernmentForm	HeadOfState	Capital	Code2
ATA	Antarctica	Antarctica	Antarctica	13120000.00	0	0	0.00	-	-	Co-administrated	AQ			

Action Output

Response	Duration
Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'LIMIT 20' at line 3	0.00030
Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'LIMIT 1' at line 3	0.00028
Error Code: 1054. Unknown column 'LIMITT' in 'order clause'	0.00040
1 row(s) returned.	0.00090

MySQL Workbench

Schemas

```

21 #dindt work
22
23 • SELECT *
24   FROM country
25   WHERE "ARG" = LifeExpectancy;
26 #dindt work
27
28 • SELECT CountryCode, avg(Population) AS LifeExpectancy  FROM city
29   WHERE CountryCode = 'ARG';
30 #Asked for help and didnt realise the question wanted me to combined the stats
31
32 • SELECT AVG(LifeExpectancy),Population
33   FROM country
34   WHERE Code = 'ARG';
35
36 #TASK3
37 • SELECT *
38   FROM country
39   ORDER BY LifeExpectancy LIMIT 1;
40
41
42
43
100% 2:40

```

Result Grid

Code	Name	Continent	Region	SurfaceArea	IndepYear	Population	LifeExpectancy	GDP	GNPPerCapita	LocalName	GovernmentForm	HeadOfState	Capital	Code2
ATA	Antarctica	Antarctica	Antarctica	13120000.00	0	0	0.00	-	-	Co-administrated	AQ			

Action Output

Response	Duration
Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'LIMIT 20' at line 3	0.00030
Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'LIMIT 1' at line 3	0.00028
Error Code: 1054. Unknown column 'LIMITT' in 'order clause'	0.00040
1 row(s) returned.	0.00090

## Task 4

```

MySQL Workbench - MySQL Assignment work file* - Administration - Server Status
schemas
classicmodels
sakila
sql_hr
sys
world
Tables
city
Columns
ID
Name
CountryCode
District
Population
Indexes
Foreign Keys
Triggers
country
countrylanguage
Views
Stored Procedures
Functions

23 • SELECT *
  FROM country
  WHERE `#ARG` = Lifeexpectancy;
24
25
26
27
28 • SELECT CountryCode, avg(Population) AS LifeExpectancy FROM city
29 WHERE CountryCode = '#ARG';
30 #Asked for help and didn't realise the question wanted me to combine the stats
31
32 • SELECT AVG(lifeexpectancy),Population
  FROM country
  WHERE Code = '#ARG';
33
34
35
36 #TASK3
37 • SELECT Name
  FROM country
  ORDER BY LifeExpectancy LIMIT 1;
38
39
40
41 #TASK4
42 • SELECT *
  FROM city
43
44 WHERE Name LIKE '%n%' LIMIT 25;
45

```

Result Grid

ID	Name	CountryCode	District	Population
1157	Panama	PAN	Barqueta	10777
1281	Favara	IND	Utar Pradesh	124437
1280	Fatihpur	IND	Utar Pradesh	117875
1447	Teramo	ITA	Teramo	25625
1488	Foggia	ITA	Apulia	154891
1492	Femra	ITA	Emilia-Romagna	15277
1502	Emilia	ITA	Emilia-Romagna	152745
1539	Fukusawa	JPN	Fukusawa	130879
1551	Yokohama	JPN	Other	46595
1575	Fukuyama	JPN	Hiroshima	376921

Action Output

Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
4	15:58:09	SELECT * FROM city LIMIT 0, 1000	1000 row(s) returned 0.0016 sec / 0.00081...
5	16:01:38	SELECT * FROM city WHERE Name like '%n%' LIMIT 0, 5000	78 row(s) returned 0.0023 sec / 0.0000...
6	16:02:16	SELECT * FROM city WHERE Name like '%n%' LIMIT 25	25 row(s) returned 0.0011 sec / 0.00002...

## Task 5

```

MySQL Workbench - MySQL Assignment work file* - Administration - Server Status
schemas
classicmodels
sakila
sql_hr
sys
world
Tables
city
Columns
ID
Name
CountryCode
District
Population
Indexes
Foreign Keys
Triggers
country
countrylanguage
Views
Stored Procedures
Functions

27
28 • SELECT CountryCode, avg(Population) AS LifeExpectancy FROM city
29 WHERE CountryCode = '#ARG';
30 #Asked for help and didn't realise the question wanted me to combine the stats
31
32 • SELECT AVG(lifeexpectancy),Population
  FROM country
  WHERE Code = '#ARG';
33
34
35
36 #TASK3
37 • SELECT Name
  FROM country
  ORDER BY LifeExpectancy LIMIT 1;
38
39
40
41 #TASK4
42 • SELECT *
  FROM city
43
44 WHERE Name LIKE '%n%' LIMIT 10;
45
46 #TASK5
47 • SELECT ID, Name, Population
  FROM city
48
49 LIMIT 10;

```

Result Grid

ID	Name	Population
1	Kabul	1760000
2	Qandahar	237900
3	Mazar-e-Sharif	127900
4	Afghanistan	2000000
5	Herat	585201
6	Portugal	1000000
7	Lisbon	254023
8	Unholt	254023
9	Eindhoven	201643
10	Tilburg	201643

Action Output

Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
6	16:02:16	SELECT * FROM city WHERE Name like '%n%' LIMIT 25	25 rows returned 0.0011 sec / 0.00002...
7	16:02:20	SELECT ID, Name, Population FROM city LIMIT 10	Error Code: 1054 Unknown column 'Population' in 'field list' 0 rows returned 0.00031 sec / 0.0000...
8	16:10:04	SELECT ID, Name, Population FROM city LIMIT 10	10 rows returned 0.00043 sec / 0.0000...

## Task 6

```

MySQL Workbench - MySQL Assignment work file* - Administration - Server Status
schemas
classicmodels
sakila
sql_hr
sys
world
Tables
city
Columns
ID
Name
CountryCode
District
Population
Indexes
Foreign Keys
Triggers
country
countrylanguage
Views
Stored Procedures
Functions

32 • SELECT AVG(lifeExpectancy),Population
  FROM country
  WHERE Code = '#ARG';
33
34
35
36 #TASK3
37 • SELECT Name
  FROM country
  ORDER BY LifeExpectancy LIMIT 1;
38
39
40
41 #TASK4
42 • SELECT *
  FROM city
43
44 WHERE Name LIKE '%n%' LIMIT 25;
45
46 #TASK5
47 • SELECT ID, Name, Population
  FROM city
48
49 LIMIT 10;
50
51 #TASK6
52 • SELECT *
  FROM city
53
54 WHERE population > 2000000;

```

Result Grid

ID	Name	CountryCode	District	Population
36	Algiers	DZA	Algier	2160000
37	Abidjan	IRQ	Abidjan	2000000
131	Melbourne	AUS	Victoria	280339
89	Buenos Aires	ARG	North South West	280339
120	Sao Paulo	BRA	Sao Paulo	280339
206	Rio de Janeiro	BRA	Rio de Janeiro	505980
207	Belo Horizonte	BRA	Belo Horizonte	290293
209	Beira	MOS	Beira	290293
209	Bela Horizonte	BRA	Belo Horizonte	219125
210	Brasilia	BRA	Ceara	209175

Action Output

Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
7	16:09:11	SELECT ID, Name, Population FROM city LIMIT 10	Error Code: 1054 Unknown column 'Population' in 'field list' 0 rows returned 0.00031 sec / 0.0000...
8	16:10:04	SELECT ID, Name, Population FROM city LIMIT 10	10 rows returned 0.00043 sec / 0.0000...
9	16:14:05	SELECT * FROM city WHERE population > 2000000 LIMIT 5,1000	92 rows returned 0.002 sec / 0.0004...

## Task 7

MySQL Workbench

Administration   Schemas   MySQL Assignment work file\*   Administration - Server Status

Limit to 1000 rows

```

37 • SELECT *
38   FROM country
39   ORDER BY LifeExpectancy LIMIT 1;
40
41 • #TASKS
42 • SELECT *
43   FROM city
44   WHERE name LIKE "%tv%" LIMIT 25;
45
46 • #TASKS
47 • SELECT ID, Name, Population
48   FROM city
49   LIMIT 10;
50
51 • #TASKS
52 • SELECT *
53   FROM city
54   WHERE population > 2000000;
55
56 • #TASKS
57 • SELECT *
58   FROM city
59   WHERE name like "%BEN%";

```

Object info   Session

Name: Local instance 3306  
Host: localhost  
Port: 3306  
Login: root  
Current User: root@localhost  
SSL: TLS\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA256  
cipher: RSA

Server

Product: MySQL Community Server  
Version: 8.0.18  
Connector: C++ 8.0.18  
Version: C++ 8.0.18

Action Output   Time Action Response Duration / Fetch Time

8 16-10-04 08:59:44 SELECT ID, Name, Population FROM city LIMIT 10 10 rows(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

9 16-10-05 08:59:55 SELECT \* FROM city WHERE population > 2000000 LIMIT 0, 1000 92 rows(s) returned 0.0022 sec / 0.0004 sec

## Task 8

MySQL Workbench

Administration   Schemas   MySQL Assignment work file\*   Administration - Server Status

Limit to 1000 rows

```

42 • SELECT *
43   FROM city
44   WHERE name LIKE "%tv%" LIMIT 25;
45
46 • #TASKS
47 • SELECT ID, Name, Population
48   FROM city
49   LIMIT 10;
50
51 • #TASKS
52 • SELECT *
53   FROM city
54   WHERE population > 2000000;
55
56 • #TASKS
57 • SELECT *
58   FROM city
59   WHERE name like "%BEN%";
60
61 • #TASKS
62 • SELECT *
63   FROM city
64   WHERE population BETWEEN 1000000 AND 5000000;

```

Object info   Session

Name: Local instance 3306  
Host: localhost  
Port: 3306  
Login: root  
Current User: root@localhost  
SSL: TLS\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA256  
cipher: RSA

Server

Product: MySQL Community Server  
Version: 8.0.18  
Connector: C++ 8.0.18  
Version: C++ 8.0.18

Action Output   Time Action Response Duration / Fetch Time

10 16-18-38 08:59:55 SELECT \* FROM city WHERE name like "%tv%" LIMIT 0, 1000 51 rows(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

11 16-18-39 08:59:56 SELECT \* FROM city WHERE population > 2000000, population < 5000000 Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near ', population < 5000000' at line 3 1 row(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

12 16-20-03 09:00:00 SELECT \* FROM city WHERE population > 1000000, population < 5000000 Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '< 5000000' at line 3 1 row(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

13 16-20-41 09:00:01 SELECT \* FROM city WHERE population BETWEEN 1000000 AND 5000000, ... 214 row(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

## Task 9

MySQL Workbench

Administration   Schemas   MySQL Assignment work file\*   Administration - Server Status

Limit to 1000 rows

```

49   LIMIT 10;
50
51 • #TASKS
52 • SELECT *
53   FROM city
54   WHERE population > 2000000;
55
56 • #TASKS
57 • SELECT *
58   FROM city
59   WHERE name like "%BEN%";
60
61 • #TASKS
62 • SELECT *
63   FROM city
64   WHERE population BETWEEN 1000000 AND 5000000;
65
66 • #TASKS
67 • SELECT MIN(population)
68   FROM city;
69
70 • SELECT *
71   FROM city
72   WHERE population = (SELECT MIN(population) FROM city);
73

```

Object info   Session

Name: Local instance 3306  
Host: localhost  
Port: 3306  
Login: root  
Current User: root@localhost  
SSL: TLS\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA256  
cipher: RSA

Server

Product: MySQL Community Server  
Version: 8.0.18  
Connector: C++ 8.0.18  
Version: C++ 8.0.18

Action Output   Time Action Response Duration / Fetch Time

18 16-40-51 09:00:00 SELECT \* FROM city WHERE population > 2000000 LIMIT 0, 1000 Error Code: 1111. Invalid use of group function. 1 row(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

19 16-40-53 09:00:01 SELECT \* FROM city (SELECT MIN(population) FROM city) Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '(SELECT MIN(population) FROM city)' at line 1 1 row(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

20 16-43-18 09:00:02 SELECT \* FROM city WHERE population = (SELECT MIN(population) FROM city...) 1 row(s) returned 0.0001 sec / 0.0000 sec

## Task 10

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The left sidebar displays the database schema for 'Assignment work'. The main area contains a query editor with several tasks defined:

```
56 * #TASK?
57 * SELECT *
58 FROM city
59 WHERE name like "BEV";
60
61 * #TASK?
62 * SELECT *
63 FROM city
64 WHERE population BETWEEN 1000000 AND 5000000;
65
66 * #TASK?
67 * SELECT MIN(population)
68 FROM city;
69
70 * #SELECT *
71 FROM city
72 WHERE population = (SELECT MIN(population) FROM city);
73
74 * #TASK10 (HAS ISSUE returning only nulls)
75 * SELECT Code, Capital
76 FROM country
77 WHERE 'ESP' = Capital;
78
79 * #TASK10
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100
```

The results grid shows data for the 'country' table, specifically for code 'ES' (Spain). The right sidebar includes tabs for 'Result Grid', 'Form View', and 'Table View'.

## Task 11

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the following details:

- MySQL Workbench** window title.
- Local instance 3306** connection selected in the top-left.
- Schemas** pane on the left, expanded to show tables like `Region`, `SurfaceArea`, `Population`, `Lifespan`, `GDP`, `GNPQ`, `LocalName`, `GovernmentForm`, `HeadOfState`, `Capital`, `Code2`, `Indexes`, `Foreign Keys`, `Triggers`, `CountryLanguage`, `Columns`, `Language`, `Official`, `Percentage`, `Percentiles`, `Foreign Keys`, and `Triggers`.
- Query Editor** pane with the following SQL query:

```
75 • SELECT Code, Capital
76   FROM country
77  WHERE `ESP` = Capital;
78
79  #TAK311 (ASKED THAT GPT HELP WITH HELP FOR THIS ONE AS I HAD TROUBLE JOINING THE TABLES FROM MEMORY)
80  □ SELECT *
81    FROM country
82   WHERE Region Like 'caribbean' = (SELECT);
83
84  □ SELECT *
85    FROM country;
86
87  □ SELECT *
88    FROM countrylanguage;
89
90  □ SELECT countrylanguage.Language
91    FROM countrylanguage
92   JOIN Code ON countrylanguage.CountryCode = code.CountryCode
93  WHERE Code.CountryCode = 'Caribbean';
94
95  □ SELECT countrylanguage.Language
96    FROM countrylanguage
97   JOIN Country ON countrylanguage.CountryCode = Country.Code
98  WHERE Country.Region = 'Caribbean';
99
```
- Result Grid** pane below the query editor showing the results of the query.
- Session** pane on the right showing connection details.
- System** pane on the far right showing system information.

The screenshot shows a web-based AI chat interface with two tabs open in a browser. The left tab is titled "ChatGPT 3.5" and the right tab is titled "ChatGPT 3.5".

**ChatGPT:**

Of course! Feel free to ask your SQL-related question, and I'll do my best to help you. What would you like to know?

**You:**

Thank you. I would like to know how to complete an exercise question. The question is asking me to create an SQL statement to list all the languages spoken in the Caribbean region. The issue for me is that the region data and the language data are on two different tables. How would I go about making the list?

**ChatGPT:**

To list all the languages spoken in the Caribbean region when the region data and the language data are on two different tables, you'll need to use a JOIN operation. Assuming you have two tables named 'Regions' and 'Languages', and there's a common attribute between them (like a region ID), you can use an INNER JOIN to link the two tables based on that attribute. Here's an example SQL statement to achieve this:

```
sql
SELECT Languages.language_name
FROM Languages
JOIN Regions ON Languages.region_id = Regions.region_id
WHERE Regions.region_name = 'Caribbean';
```

**You:**

In this SQL statement:

- 'Languages' is the table containing language data.
- 'Regions' is the table containing region data.
- 'Languages.region\_id' is the attribute in the 'Languages' table that corresponds to the region ID.
- 'Regions.region\_id' is the attribute in the 'Regions' table that represents the region ID.
- 'Regions.region\_name = 'Caribbean'' is the condition that filters the rows in the 'Regions' table to only include the Caribbean region.
- The 'JOIN' operation links the 'Languages' and 'Regions' tables based on the 'region\_id' attribute.
- We're selecting the 'language\_name' column from the 'Languages' table, which gives us the list of languages spoken in the Caribbean region.

**You:**

Adjust the table and column names according to your database schema.

You

Thanks for that. I attempted to adjust the table and column names according to my database schema but I got an error. This is what I entered:

```
SELECT countrylanguage.Language  
FROM countrylanguage  
JOIN Code ON countrylanguage.CountryCode = code.CountryCode  
WHERE Code.CountryCode = 'Caribbean';
```

The table names are 'Country' & 'countrylanguage' and the columns from each table are named 'Code' & 'CountryCode'. I am not sure what I did wrong but I will try again.

ChatGPT

It looks like you're attempting to join the `'countrylanguage'` table with the `'Code'` table using the `'CountryCode'` column as the linking attribute. However, in your `'WHERE'` clause, you're referencing `'Code.CountryCode'` instead of `'countrylanguage.CountryCode'`. Additionally, there's a typo in `'CountCode'`, it should be `'CountryCode'`.

ChatGPT 3.5 ↴

'countrylanguage.CountryCode'. Additionally, there's a typo in 'CountCode', it should be 'CountryCode'.

Here's the corrected SQL statement:

```
sql Copy code
SELECT countrylanguage.Language
FROM countrylanguage
JOIN Country ON countrylanguage.CountryCode = Country.Code
WHERE Country.Code = 'Caribbean';
```

In this corrected SQL statement:

- 'countrylanguage' is the table containing language data.
- 'Country' is the table containing country data.
- 'countrylanguage.CountryCode' is the attribute in the 'countrylanguage' table that corresponds to the country code.
- 'Country.Code' is the attribute in the 'Country' table that represents the country code.
- 'Country.Code = 'Caribbean'' is the condition that filters the rows in the 'Country' table to only include the Caribbean c. ↴.ry code.
- The 'JOIN' operation links the 'countrylanguage' and 'Country' tables based on the

Message ChatGPT... ↑

ChatGPT can make mistakes. Consider checking important information.

IT 10 > 1. Data > 3. Assist > 1. Skills > 2. MySQL > Screen > Task 10 > Screenshoot 2024-02-10 at 17.23.34

code.

- `Country.Code = 'Caribbean'` is the condition that filters the rows in the `Country` table to only include the Caribbean country code.
- The `JOIN` operation links the `countrylanguage` and `Country` tables based on the `CountryCode` attribute.
- We're selecting the `Language` column from the `countrylanguage` table, which gives us the list of languages spoken in the Caribbean region.

Make sure to adjust the table and column names according to your database schema. If you're still encountering errors, double-check your table and column names for any typos or discrepancies.

## Task 12

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface with the following details:

- Schemas:** Administration, Schemas
- Current Schema:** MySQLAssignment work file\*
- Query Editor:** Contains a complex SQL query for selecting data from multiple tables (countrylanguage, Code, country, city) based on specific conditions related to the Caribbean region.
- Result Grid:** Displays the results of the query, showing 2 rows found.
- Object Info:** Shows connection details (Host: Localhost 3306), session information (User: root@localhost), and server details (Product: MySQL Community Server Version: 8.0.18).
- Server:** Shows connection statistics (Duration: Fetch 0.000 sec / 0.000 queries, 0.0001 sec / 0.000 connections, 0.000099 sec / 0.000 queries, 0.0011 sec / 0.000 connections, 0.0026 sec / 0.000 queries).

