Francesc Sebé

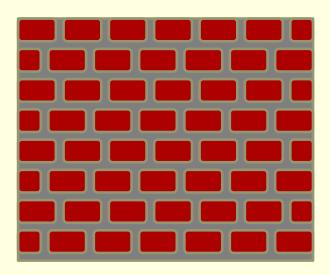
'Computació gràfica i multimèdia'

Escola Politècnica Superior

Universitat de Lleida

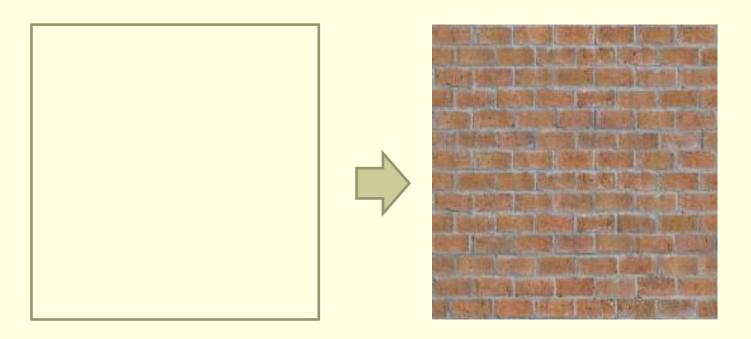
#### Introduction

- Let us assume we need to draw a brick wall:
  - We can compose it out of small polygons
  - The result is not realistic



#### Introduction

We can take a photograph of a real brick wall and employ it to fill a square polygon

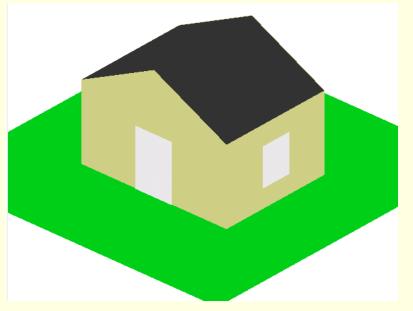


■ This technique maps patterns onto the geometric description of the object





More realistic images are achieved



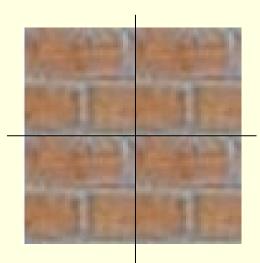


■ Texture pattern:



Object:





Mapping can be done in several ways:

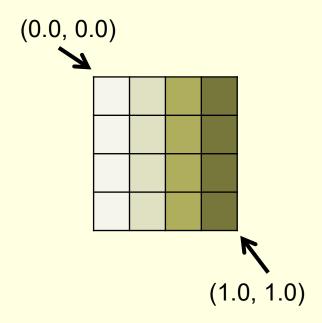




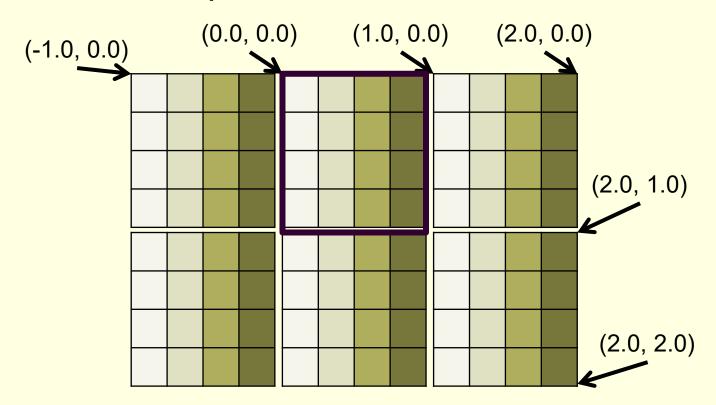




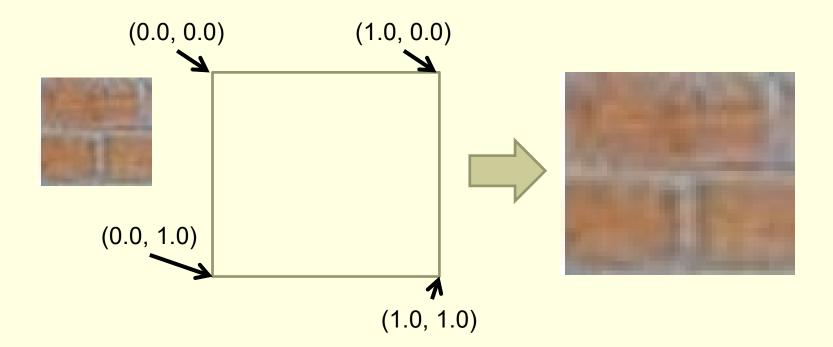
- The (2D) texture pattern is given as a twodimensional array
  - Indexed by real coordinates in the [0,1] range

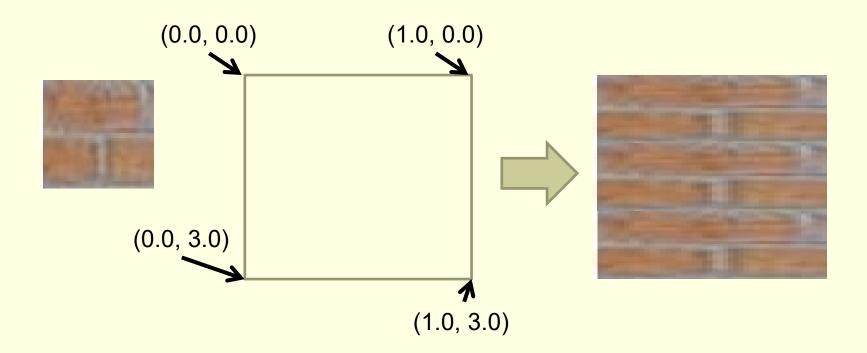


This array is assumed to span by repetition to the whole space



When you draw a polygon, you indicate the location in the texture space that corresponds to each vertex





- Array with the RGB patter description (dimensions must be a power of two)
  - unsigned char textureArray[32][32][3]
- What comes next refers to texture number 0
  - glBindTexture(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D,0);

- What to do if some part of the texture pattern has to be magnified or minimized
  - Assign the nearest texture color
- glTexParameteri(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D,GL\_TEXTURE\_MAG \_FILTER,GL\_NEAREST);
- glTexParameteri(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D,GL\_TEXTURE\_MIN\_ FILTER,GL\_NEAREST);

- When plotting textured objects, texture color will replace the object color
- glTexEnvi(GL\_TEXTURE\_ENV,GL\_TEXTURE\_ENV\_MO DE,GL\_REPLACE);
- Load the texture pattern
- glTexImage2D(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D,0,GL\_RGB,32,32,0,GL \_RGB,GL\_UNSIGNED\_BYTE,textureArray);

#### Employing textures

- glBindTexture(GL\_TEXTURE\_2D,0);
- glBegin(GL\_QUADS);
- glTexCoord2f(0.0,3.0); glVertex3i(0,0,0);
- glTexCoord2f(3.0,3.0); glVertex3i(200,0,0);
- gITexCoord2f(3.0,0.0); gIVertex3i(200,200,0);
- glTexCoord2f(0.0,0.0); glVertex3i(0,200,0);
- glEnd();

#### Texture libraries

- Some free texture repositories exist
  - www.textureking.com
  - www.cgtextures.com
- Textures are available as JPEG images









#### Using texture libraries

- You need a C library for reading JPEG images
  - Like: http://www.ijg.org/
- Textures are usually given in high resolution images (for instance 2240x1488)
  - It is a good idea to downsample them (for instance, reduce the image to 64x64 pixels)
- Remember that texture array dimensions must be a power of two