

# Communication Services and Security

## TCP Congestion Lab

Cèsar Fernández

Departament d'Informàtica  
Universitat de Lleida

2022 - 2023

# Objectives

- ▶ To understand the network simulator **ns-2**
- ▶ To work with the TCP congestion and flow control mechanisms

- ▶ Discrete event simulator. 2 languages:
  - ▶ C++. Core
  - ▶ Tcl. User interface
- ▶ Large object library: Nodes, Agents (TCP, UDP, ...), Traffic generators, ...
- ▶ ns-2 no longer maintained
- ▶ Current project: ns-3





# ns: scripts

- ▶ TCL language
- ▶ Run

```
ns script.tcl parameters
```

# ns: topology definition

## ► Slide examples ([sim1.tcl](#) ns code)

```
#Create 4 nodes
#
#  n0
#  \
#   \
#    n2-----n3
#   /
#  /
# n1
```

```
set n0 [$ns node]
set n1 [$ns node]
set n2 [$ns node]
set n3 [$ns node]
```

```
#Link the nodes with duplex comms links
$ns duplex-link $n0 $n2 5Mb 20ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n1 $n2 5Mb 20ms DropTail
$ns duplex-link $n2 $n3 1Mb 50ms DropTail
```

# ns: topology definition

## ► Slide examples (sim1.tcl ns code)

```
# Node 0; UDP agent with CBR traffic
set udp0 [new Agent/UDP]
$ns attach-agent $n0 $udp0
set cbr0 [new Application/Traffic/CBR]
$cbr0 set rate_ 0.5Mbps
$cbr0 attach-agent $udp0
$udp0 set class_ 0    # flow identifier

# Node 1: TCP agent using Karn algorithm
# Change tcpTick timer default value
# With CBR traffic generator
set tcp0 [new Agent/TCP/RFC793edu]
$tcp0 set class_ 1    # flow identifier
$tcp0 set add793karnrtt_ $karn
$tcp0 set add793jacobsonrtt_ $jacobson
$tcp0 set add793exbackoff_ true
$tcp0 set add793slowstart_ true
$ns attach-agent $n1 $tcp0
$tcp0 set tcpTick_ 0.01
```



# ns: topology definition

## ► Slide examples ([sim1.tcl ns code](#))

```
set cbr1 [new Application/Traffic/CBR]
$cbr1 set rate_ 0.5Mbps
$cbr1 attach-agent $tcp0
```

```
# Node 3: 2 Sinks
set null0 [new Agent/Null]
$ns attach-agent $n3 $null0
set null1 [new Agent/TCPSink]
$ns attach-agent $n3 $null1
```

```
# Connect agents
$ns connect $udp0 $null0
$ns connect $tcp0 $null1
```

# ns: events planning

## ► Slide examples ([sim1.tcl ns code](#))

Objectives

**ns**

Bibliography

```
$ns at 5.0 "$cbr0 start"  
$ns at 10.0 "$cbr0 stop"  
  
$ns at 0.0 "$cbr1 start"  
$ns at 0.0 "record"  
$ns at 15.0 "finish"  
  
proc record { } {  
    ....  
  
    $ns at [expr $now+0.1] "record"  
}
```

# ns: tracing results

## ► Slide examples ([sim1.tcl ns code](#))

```
set nf [open $arxiu.tr w]
$ns trace-all $nf
set nff [open $arxiu.rtt w]

proc record { } {
    ....
    set now [$ns now]
    puts $nff "$now $rtt $srtt $rto "
    ...
}
```

**ns: internal variables**

- ▶ Internal `ns` variables end with `_` (`cwnd_` `rtt_` ...)
- ▶ Some of them are:

- ▶ `cwnd_`: `cwnd`
- ▶ `ssthresh_`: `cwmax`
- ▶ `window_`: `CWMAX`
- ▶ `maxcwnd_`: **limit to** `cwnd`

- ▶ One can access through the TCP agent:

```
puts "Value of cwnd: [$tcp0 set cwnd_]"
```

- ▶ Slide examples ([sim1.tcl ns code](#))

```
set rtt [expr [$tcp0 set rtt_] * [$tcp0 set tcpTick_]]
```

```
set srtt    [expr ([${tcp0 set srtt_}
>> [${tcp0 set T_SRTT_BITS}))*[${tcp0 set tcpTick_}]
```

```
set rttvar [expr ([${tcp0} set rttvar_]
>> [${tcp0} set T_RTTVAR_BITS]) * [${tcp0} set tcpTick_]]
```

```
set rto [expr [$tcp0 set rto_] * [$tcp0 set tcpTick_]]
...
puts $nff "$now $rtt $srtt $rto "
```

- Usually:

- ▶ T\_SRTT\_BITS = 3
- ▶ T\_RTTVAR\_BITS = 2

# ns: trace format

```
+ 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2
- 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2

r 0.162368 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2

+ 0.220368 3 2 ack 40 ----- 1 3.1 1.0 1 4

d 5.541136 2 3 cbr 210 ----- 0 0.0 3.0 155 1368
```



## ns: trace format

+	0.140768	1	2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
-	0.140768	1	2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
r	0.162368	1	2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
+	0.220368	3	2	ack	40	-----	1	3.1	1.0	1	4
d	5.541136	2	3	cbr	210	-----	0	0.0	3.0	155	1368

- ▶ **Time** when the event occurs (seconds)

## ns: trace format

+	0.140768	1 2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
-	0.140768	1 2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
r	0.162368	1 2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
+	0.220368	3 2	ack	40	-----	1	3.1	1.0	1	4
d	5.541136	2 3	cbr	210	-----	0	0.0	3.0	155	1368

- ▶ **Node** source and destination



# ns: trace format

```
+ 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2
- 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2

r 0.162368 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2

+ 0.220368 3 2 ack 40 ----- 1 3.1 1.0 1 4

d 5.541136 2 3 cbr 210 ----- 0 0.0 3.0 155 1368
```

## ► Segment type

## ns: trace format

```
+ 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2
- 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2

r 0.162368 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2

+ 0.220368 3 2 ack 40 ----- 1 3.1 1.0 1 4

d 5.541136 2 3 cbr 210 ----- 0 0.0 3.0 155 1368
```

- **Segment size:** in bytes















## ns: timing example

```
+ 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2
- 0.140768 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2
r 0.162368 1 2 tcp 1000 ----- 1 1.0 3.1 1 2
+ 0.220368 3 2 ack 40 ----- 1 3.1 1.0 1 4
r 0.290752 2 1 ack 40 ----- 1 3.1 1.0 1 4
```

- ▶ Generate and transmit a segment from node 1
- ▶ Receiving at node 2

$$0.140768 + \frac{1000 \text{ bytes} \cdot 8 \text{ bits/byte}}{5 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Mbps}} + 0.02 \text{ s} = 0.162368$$



## ns: timing example

+	0.140768	1	2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
-	0.140768	1	2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
r	0.162368	1	2	tcp	1000	-----	1	1.0	3.1	1	2
+	0.220368	3	2	ack	40	-----	1	3.1	1.0	1	4
r	0.290752	2	1	ack	40	-----	1	3.1	1.0	1	4

- ▶ Generate and transmit a segment from node 1
- ▶ Receiving at node 2

$$0.140768 + \frac{1000 \text{ bytes} \cdot 8 \text{ bits/byte}}{5 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Mbps}} + 0.02 \text{ s} = 0.162368$$

- ▶ Receiving at node 3

$$0.162368 + \frac{1000 \text{ bytes} \cdot 8 \text{ bits/byte}}{1 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Mbps}} + 0.05 \text{ s} = 0.220368$$

- ▶ Generate ACK from node 3. Sequence number: 1
- ▶ ACK reception at node 1

$$0.220368 + \frac{40 \text{ bytes} \cdot 8 \text{ bits/byte}}{1 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Mbps}} + 0.05 + \frac{40 \text{ bytes} \cdot 8 \text{ bits/byte}}{5 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Mbps}} + 0.02 = 0.290752$$

# Bibliography

- ▶ The network simulator ns-2. [ns-2 website](#)
- ▶ [ns manual](#)
- ▶ [ns for beginners](#)