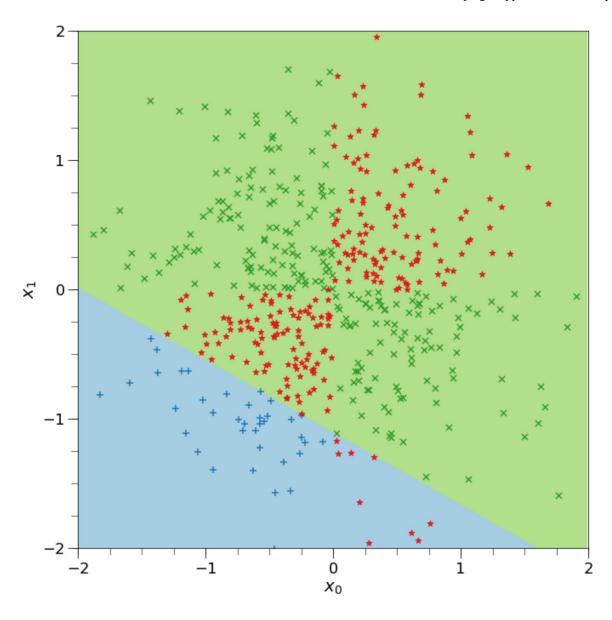
```
In [8]: # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Fri Oct 25 02:16:56 2019
@author: jorge
import numpy as np
from requiredFunctions.train_Perceptron import PerceptronClassifier
from requiredFunctions.gaussX import gaussX
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.ticker as mtick
height = 10
width = 10
mpl.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (width, height)
mpl.rcParams['font.size'] = 20
mpl.rcParams['figure.titlesize'] = 'small'
mpl.rcParams['legend.fontsize'] = 'small'
mpl.rcParams['xtick.major.size'] = 12
mpl.rcParams['xtick.minor.size'] = 8
mpl.rcParams['xtick.labelsize'] = 18
mpl.rcParams['ytick.major.size'] = 12
mpl.rcParams['ytick.minor.size'] = 8
mpl.rcParams['ytick.labelsize'] = 18
N = 500
trials = 30
max_epochs=100
trial acc = np.zeros((trials, max epochs))
trial cost = np.zeros((trials, max epochs))
for i in range(trials):
    data = gaussX(N, 0.5, seed=0)
    x_train, y_train = data[:,:2], data[:,2]
    perceptron = PerceptronClassifier()
    perceptron.fit_Batch(x_train, y_train, threshold=0, max_epochs=max_epochs)
    trial_acc[i,:] = perceptron.accuracy_log
    trial_cost[i,:] = perceptron.cost_log
# Find average iteration error and plot
acc avg = trial acc.mean(axis=0)
cost avg = trial cost.mean(axis=0)
 # Predict for the data points and assign indeces of what's right and wrong
y pred = perceptron.predict(x train)
y_right = np.where(y_pred == y_train)[0]
y wrong = np.where(y pred != y train)[0]
last one = np.where(y train == -1)[0][-1]
blue ind = y right[np.where(y right<=last one)]</pre>
green ind = y right[np.where(y right>last one)]
```

```
In [9]: # Make mesh for decision regions and predict for the points within
x0 \text{ min, } x0 \text{ max} = -2, 2
x1 \text{ min, } x1 \text{ max} = -2, 2
xx0, xx1 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x0 min, x0 max, 0.01),
                        np.arange(x1_min, x1_max, 0.01))
cc = perceptron.predict(np.c_[xx0.ravel(), xx1.ravel()]).reshape(xx0.shape)
 # Plotting of decision regions and data points
cmap = plt.get_cmap('Paired')
cmap scatter = mpl.colors.ListedColormap(cmap((1, 3, 5)))
cmap contour = mpl.colors.ListedColormap(cmap((0, 2)))
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.contourf(xx0, xx1, cc, cmap=cmap_contour)
ax.scatter(x train[:,0][blue ind], x train[:,1][blue ind], 50,
               c=[cmap_scatter(0)], marker='+')
ax.scatter(x train[:,0][green ind], x train[:,1][green ind], 50,
               c=[cmap scatter(1)], marker='x')
ax.scatter(x_train[:,0][y_wrong], x_train[:,1][y_wrong], 50,
               c=[cmap scatter(2)], marker='*')
ax.set_xlim(-2, 2)
ax.set ylim(-2, 2)
ax.xaxis.set_major_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(1))
ax.xaxis.set_minor_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(0.25))
ax.yaxis.set_major_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(1))
ax.yaxis.set_minor_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(0.25))
ax.set_xlabel(r'$x_0$')
ax.set_ylabel(r'$x_1$')
fig.tight_layout()
 #plt.savefig('.../prob3e.eps', dpi=500)
```



```
In [10]: epoch grid = np.arange(1, 100+1, 1)
 fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, sharex=True)
 ax[0].plot(epoch_grid, acc_avg, color='black')
 ax[0].set_xlim(-2, 102)
 ax[0].set_ylim(0, 1.05)
 ax[0].tick_params(axis='x', which='both', bottom=False)
 ax[0].yaxis.set_major_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(0.25))
 ax[0].yaxis.set_minor_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(0.05))
 ax[0].set ylabel('Accuracy')
 ax[1].plot(epoch grid, cost avg, color='black')
 ax[1].set xlim(-2, 102)
 ax[1].set ylim(-0.5, np.ceil(cost avg.max()))
 ax[1].xaxis.set_major_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(10))
 ax[1].xaxis.set_minor_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(5))
 ax[1].yaxis.set_major_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(2))
 ax[1].yaxis.set_minor_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(0.5))
 ax[1].set xlabel('Epoch')
 ax[1].set_ylabel('Cost')
 fig.tight_layout(h_pad=0)
 #plt.savefig('.../prob3f.eps', dpi=500)
```

