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In [11]: # -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
        """
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        """

import sympy as sym
import numpy as np
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.ticker as mtick

height = 10
width = 10

mpl.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (width, height)
mpl.rcParams['font.size'] = 20
mpl.rcParams['figure.titlesize'] = 'small'
mpl.rcParams['legend.fontsize'] = 'small'
mpl.rcParams['xtick.major.size'] = 12
mpl.rcParams['xtick.minor.size'] = 8
mpl.rcParams['xtick.labelsize'] = 18
mpl.rcParams['ytick.major.size'] = 12
mpl.rcParams['ytick.minor.size'] = 8
mpl.rcParams['ytick.labelsize'] = 18

#get_ipython().run_line_magic('matplotlib', 'inline')
#https://scipy-lectures.org/packages/sympy.html
# ^^ how to use sympy ^^

HX ,HY  = 50,50 #number of x,y points for countour
xmin,xmax = -15,15
ymin,ymax = -12,12
x1 = np.linspace(xmin,xmax,HX)
x2 = np.linspace(ymin,ymax,HY)
X1,X2 = np.meshgrid(x1,x2) # genertate mesh grid
w1=sym.Symbol('w1') # define symbols
w2=sym.Symbol('w2')

j=(w1**2 + w2 - 11)**2 + (w1 + w2**2 - 7)**2# define equation

#compute gradient
j_grad1=sym.diff(j,w1)
j_grad2=sym.diff(j,w2)
#compute hessian
hess11=sym.diff(j_grad1,w1)
hess12=sym.diff(j_grad1,w2)
hess21=sym.diff(j_grad2,w1)
hess22=sym.diff(j_grad2,w2)

# Routines for problems
jw_thresh = 0.5

log_etas = np.arange(-4, -1, 0.2, dtype=np.float) # learning rate

iters=[] # number of iterations until conveged

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In [12]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         for le in log_etas:
             eta = 10**le
             np.random.seed(seed=0)
             w=np.random.normal(0, 1, 2)
             jw=[]
             max_iters=100 # number of iterations
             count= 1
             line=[]

             while(True):
                 #compute gradient matrix and hessian matrix
                 g= np.array([float(j_grad1.subs({w1:w[0],w2:w[1]})),float(j_grad2.subs
                 ({w1:w[0],w2:w[1]}))])
                 H= np.array([[float(hess11.subs({w1:w[0],w2:w[1]})),float(hess12.subs({w
                 1:w[0],w2:w[1]}))],
                             [float(hess21.subs({w1:w[0],w2:w[1]})),float(hess22.subs({w
                 1:w[0],w2:w[1]}))]])

                 wnew = w-eta*g

                 #loop check
                 if( count>max_iters ):
                     iters.append(max_iters)
                     break
                 else:
                     count=count + 1
                     wprev=w.copy()
                     w=wnew.copy()

                     jw_i = j.subs({w1:w[0],w2:w[1]})
                     jw.append(jw_i)
                     try:
                         if(jw_i <= jw_thresh):
                             iters.append(count)
                             break
                     except:
                         pass

             print('Min Iterations @ log learning rate =', log_etas[np.argmin(iters)])
             ax.plot(log_etas, iters, color='black')
             ax.set_ylabel('Iterations')
             ax.set_xlabel(r'$\log\eta$')
             ax.set_ylim(0,105)
             ax.set_xlim(-4, -1.5)
             ax.xaxis.set_major_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(0.5))
             ax.xaxis.set_minor_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(0.1))
             ax.yaxis.set_major_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(20))
             ax.yaxis.set_minor_locator(mtick.MultipleLocator(5))
             fig.tight_layout()
             #plt.savefig('../prob6c.eps', dpi=500)

```

Min Iterations @ log learning rate = -1.7999999999999998

