

$$\textcircled{1} \quad f(n) = \ln(3,01) + (1,42 - \cos(1,56)) n^2$$

$$a = 3,01 \quad \Delta a = 0,5 \times 10^{-2} = \Delta b = \Delta c$$

$$b = 1,42$$

$$c = 1,56$$

$$f(a,b,c) = \ln(a) + (b - \cos(c)) 2,14 = \ln a + 2,14b - 2,14 \cos(c)$$

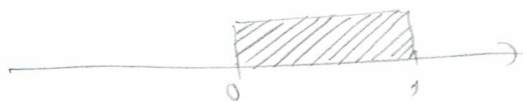
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{a} \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial b} = 2,14 \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial c} = 2,14 \sin(c)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta f &= \frac{1}{a} \Delta a + 2,14 \Delta b + 2,14 \sin(c) \Delta c \\ &= \frac{1}{3,01} \times 0,5 \times 10^{-2} + 2,14^2 \times 0,5 \times 10^{-2} + 2,14^2 \times \sin(1,56) \times 0,5 \times 10^{-2} \\ &= 0,047 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(2,14) = 7,556 \pm 0,047$$

$\textcircled{3}$

a)  $x$  - v.a. durabilidade  
 $x \sim N(20000; 2000)$



$$P(x \leq 22000) = P(Z \leq \frac{22000 - 20000}{2000}) = P(Z \leq 1) = 0,8413$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} P(20000 < x < 22000) &= P(0 < z < 1) = P(z \leq 1) - P(z \leq 0) \\ &= 0,8413 - 0,5 = 0,3413 \end{aligned}$$

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5% são defeituosas  $p = 0,05$

$n = 90$  (componentes)

$\hookrightarrow$  amostra

$\hat{p}$  - proporção de artigos com defeito

$$\hat{p} \sim N(0,05 ; \frac{0,0475}{90})$$

$$Z \sim N(0,1)$$

$$P(\hat{p} < 0,055) = P\left(Z < \frac{0,055 - 0,05}{\sqrt{\frac{0,0475}{90}}}\right)$$

$$= P(Z < 0,22) = 0,5871$$