

$$\vec{F}_R = \sum \vec{F} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \vec{F}_3$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \vec{F}_R = (-210 \hat{k}) \text{ N}$$

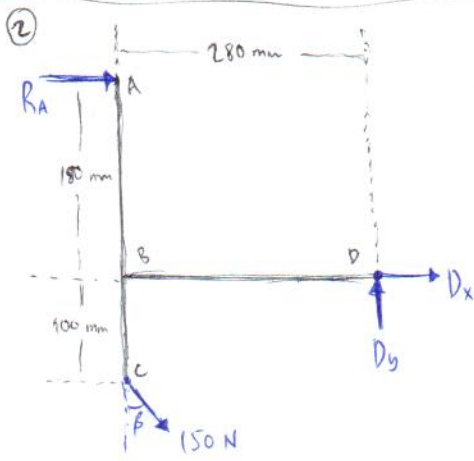
$$\begin{cases} \vec{F}_1 = (65 \hat{k}) \text{ N} \\ \vec{F}_2 = (-95 \hat{k}) \text{ N} \\ \vec{F}_3 = (-180 \hat{k}) \text{ N} \end{cases}$$

$$(\vec{M}_R)_O = \sum \vec{M}_O + \sum \vec{M} = \vec{M}_O^{F_1} + \vec{M}_O^{F_2} + \vec{M}_O^{F_3} = (-15 \hat{i} + 213.75 \hat{j}) \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\vec{M}_O^{F_1} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 65 \end{vmatrix} = (32.5 \hat{i} - 130 \hat{j}) \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\vec{M}_O^{F_2} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1.25 & 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -95 \end{vmatrix} = (-47.5 \hat{i} + 118.75 \hat{j}) \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\vec{M}_O^{F_3} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1.25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -180 \end{vmatrix} = (225 \hat{j}) \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$



o Ecs. de equilíbrio:

$$+\circlearrowleft \sum M_O = 0 \rightarrow -R_A(130) + 150 \cos \beta (280) + 150 \sin \beta (100) = 0$$

$$\therefore R_A = 243.7 \text{ N}$$

$$+\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0; R_A + D_x + 150 \sin \beta = 0 \rightarrow D_x = -318.7 \text{ N}$$

$$\therefore D_x = 318.7 \text{ N} \leftarrow$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0; -150 \cos \beta + D_y = 0 \rightarrow D_y = 129.9 \text{ N}$$