

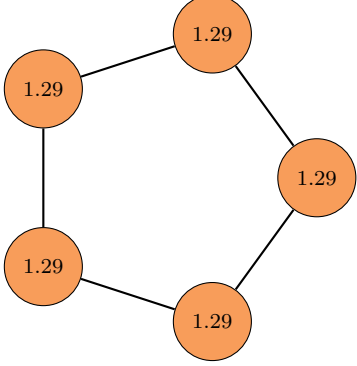
# Graphs with large minimum vertex energy

Recall  $\phi_i(|A|) \geq \sqrt{\frac{(\phi_i(A^2))^3}{\phi_i(A^4)}}$ .

If  $G$  is a  $d$ -regular graph without 4-cycles we have  $\phi_i(A^2) = d$  and  $\phi_i(A^4)$  is the number of 4-walks on vertex  $v_i$ . Since no 4-cycles exist these walks are all of the form  $v_i, v_j, v_i, v_k, v_i$  or of the form  $v_i, v_j, v_k, v_j, v_i$ , the number of such paths is at most  $d^2 + d^2$ . We conclude  $\phi_i(|A|) \geq \sqrt{\frac{d}{2}}$

For an example of such  $d$  regular graphs with  $d = 2k$  consider the circulant graph of size  $4^k + 1$  and distances  $1, 4^1, \dots, 4^{k-1}$

Total energy: 6.47



Total energy: 27.1

