



1 a)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{Siblings} \leq 2) &= P(\text{Siblings} = 0) + P(\text{Siblings} = 1) + P(\text{Siblings} = 2) \\&= 0.15 + 0.49 + 0.27 \\&= 0.91\end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}P(\text{Siblings} > 2 | \text{Siblings} \geq 1) &= \frac{P(\text{Siblings} > 2 \wedge \text{Siblings} \geq 1)}{P(\text{Siblings} \geq 1)} \\&= \frac{P(\text{Siblings} > 2)}{P(\text{Siblings} \geq 1)} \\&= \frac{1 - P(\text{Siblings} \leq 2)}{1 - P(\text{Siblings} = 0)} \\&= \frac{0.09}{0.85} = \frac{9}{85} \approx 0.1059\end{aligned}$$

c) Let S_1 , S_2 and S_3 denote the siblings for each of the friends.

There are 3 permutations for who can have 3 siblings and the other 0 siblings, only 1 permutation where each have 1 sibling and $3 \cdot 2 = 6$ permutations for who can have 2 siblings, 1 sibling and 0 sibling (we first have 3 choices for the friend with 2 siblings, then 2 choices for the one with 1 sibling). This gives us:

$$\begin{aligned}P(S_1 + S_2 + S_3 = 3) &= 3P(S_1 = 3)P(S_2 = 0)P(S_3 = 0) \\&\quad + P(S_1 = 1)P(S_2 = 1)P(S_3 = 1) \\&\quad + 6P(S_1 = 2)P(S_2 = 1)P(S_3 = 0) \\&= 3 \cdot 0.06 \cdot 0.15^2 + 0.49^3 + 6 \cdot 0.27 \cdot 0.49 \cdot 0.15 \\&= 0.240769\end{aligned}$$

d) Let S_E and S_J denote siblings for Emma and Jacob respectfully. We have:

$$\begin{aligned}P(S_E = 0 | S_E + S_J = 3) &= \frac{P(S_E = 0 \wedge S_E + S_J = 3)}{P(S_E + S_J = 3)} \\P(S_E = 0 \wedge S_E + S_J = 3) &= P(S_E = 0)P(S_J = 3) \\P(S_E + S_J = 3) &= 2P(S_E = 0)P(S_J = 3) + 2P(S_E = 1)P(S_J = 2) \\ \implies P(S_E = 0 | S_E + S_J = 3) &= \frac{P(S_E = 0)P(S_J = 3)}{2P(S_E = 0)P(S_J = 3) + 2P(S_E = 1)P(S_J = 2)} \\&= \frac{0.15 \cdot 0.06}{2 \cdot 0.15 \cdot 0.06 + 2 \cdot 0.49 \cdot 0.27} \\&= \frac{5}{157} \approx 0.031847\end{aligned}$$

- 2 a) Every node can be represented by 2^k numbers where k is the number of parent nodes when each variable has a Boolean state. This gives us the following:

Variable	Numbers needed
A	1
B	2
C	2
D	2
E	4
F	4
G	2
H	1
Sum	18

As we can see the sum is 18 numbers needed and the statement is thus **true**.

- b) **False**, since both G and A have E as an descendant and we are not given any evidence they are not independent.
- c) **False**, since E is not given both its parents it can't be conditionally independent from H .
- d) **True**, since E is given both its parents it is conditionally independent from H .

- 3 a)
- b)
- c)
- d)

- 4 a)
- b)
- c)