

# TTISD

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## Assignment 3: Gamepad controller

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We made a game controller for [Kerbal Space Program](#) (KSP), with the following features:

- Control your craft (pitch, yaw, roll) by moving the controller or the joystick around;
- Adjust the thrust output (throttle);
- Switch between motion or joystick control mode.

### Code

The [Microbit](#) runs a simple main loop that collects data from each of the following inputs:

- The joystick (analogue X/Y-axes) for pitch and roll control;
- The Inertia Measurement Unit (analogue X/Y/Z-axes) for pitch and roll control;
- Two trigger buttons for yaw control;
- A linear potentiometer for amount of thrust;
- A switch to toggle joystick or IMU control mode.

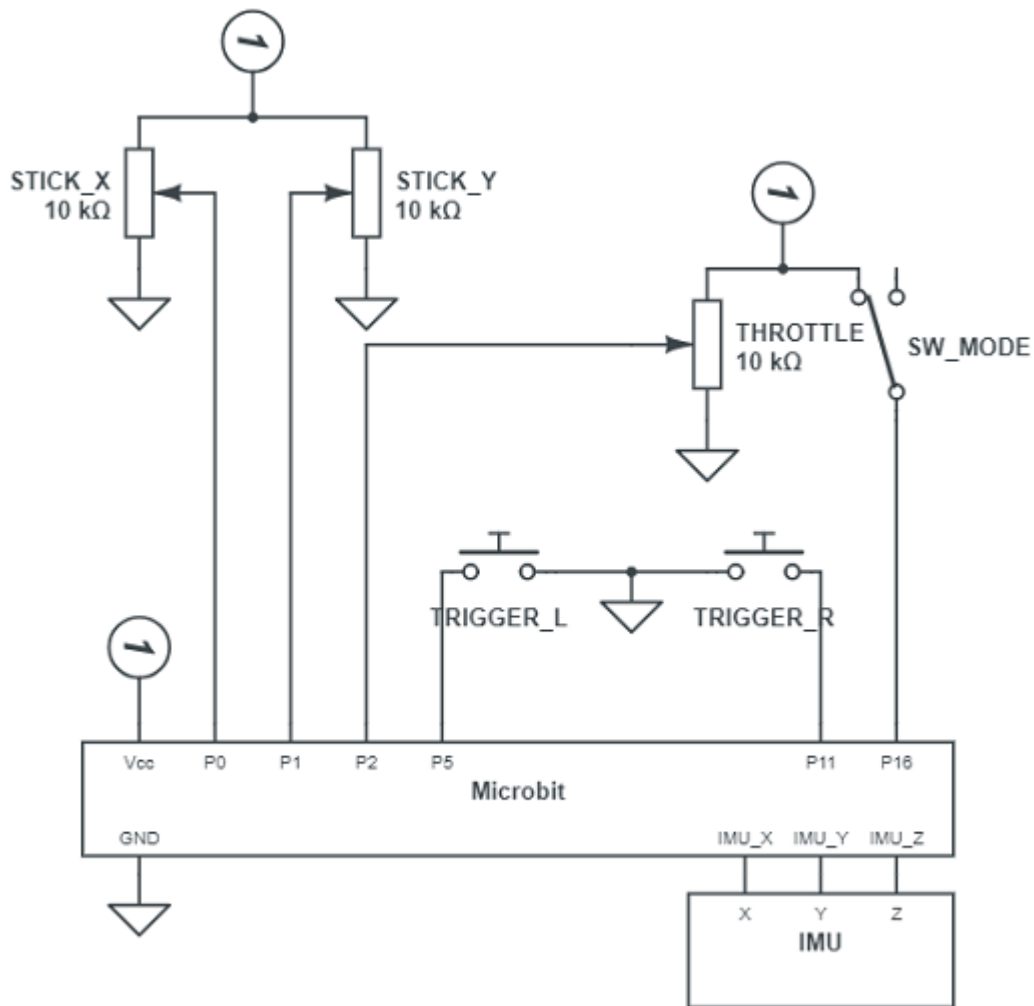
Since the assignment required Python, both the Microbit and the host computer run a script, `Code/KSPCommander_device.py` and `Code/KSPCommander_host.py` respectively. Installing the `pyserial` package on the host is required.

By using MicroPython on the Microbit, there is not enough memory left to use the full `radio` module for Bluetooth support, and hence we had to give up on using it. Since the working memory is also limited when using Python, the script had to be split between the Microbit and the host, else the entire interaction with the Microbit and KSP could have been contained on the Microbit only,

We used the [KerbalSimpit](#) mod (open source) and adapted its [companion Arduino library](#) for the Microbit. After handshaking, the mod handles packets sent from a serial port to adjust data in the game. Since the code could not be contained on just the Microbit, the additional host script requires an emulated COM port to communicate with KerbalSimpit. This is achieved with the external program [com0com](#) (install can be found in `Code/deps`).

### Enclosure

Refer to the circuit diagram and the SVG drawing in the `Enclosure` folder.



The triggers are connected to the same pins as the on-circuit buttons A and B, and thus don't require an extra resistor. The mode switch does not require a resistor as well, because digitally read pins are automatically pulled down internally. So connecting to Vcc provides a clean reading. The other inputs are resistors themselves (stick and throttle slider) and are not pulled as they are analogue.

The enclosure was cut from a 2 mm MDF sheet. Both sides are living joints to provide a better grip when holding the controller.

The wiring is directly soldered to the extension board, covered with heat shrinks where applicable.

## Gameplay

Before starting, check on which port the Microbit is connected and make sure to install com0com (the default COM to COM link is fine).

1. Open `KSPCommander_host.py` and adjust the `MicroPlayer` arguments under `__main__` accordingly:
  - `device_serial_port` should be the COM port where the Microbit is connected on;
  - `ksp_serial_port` should be one of the 2 virtual COM ports created with com0com.
2. Install KSP and use [CKAN](#) (KSP mod manager) to install KerbalSimpit;

3. Navigate to the KSP install folder and go to `Kerbal Space Program\GameData\KerbalSimpit\PluginData`. Rename `Settings.cfg.sample` to `Settings.cfg` and change the `PortName` variable to the other COM port from the virtual pair (as in the script uses one, and KerbalSimpit will use the other);
4. Start KSP, plug the Microbit in the computer and start the host script;
5. When ready, press both triggers on the controller at the same time, the host script will try to handshake with the mod. When this succeeds a message will be displayed in the console;
6. Choose or build a vessel to fly and mod will use the data from the controller to override the keyboard controls. You can now control your flight with the controller!