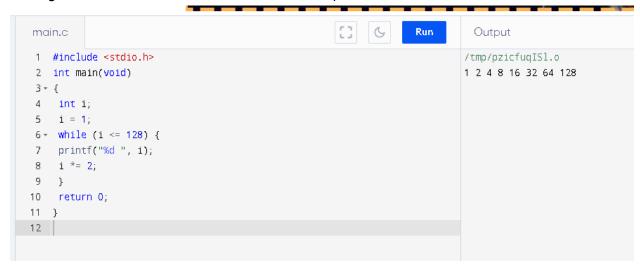
Josaiah L. Borres Github link:

https://github.com/JosaiahBorres/CMSC21/tree/main/Lecture%204/Assignment

1. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include
int main(void)
{
  int i;
  i = 1;
  while (i <= 128)
{ printf("%d ", i);
  i *= 2;
  }
  return 0;
}
Save your code as as1.c</pre>
```

The output from the program above are the set of numbers from 1 to 128 wherein the first number is multiplied by 2, to be specific the program will result in a geometric sequence of 2 starting from number 1 and ends with a number equal or less than 128.



- 2. Which one of the following statements is not equivalent to the other two (assuming that the loop bodies are the same)?
- 3. a) while (i < 10) {...}
- 4. b) for  $(; i < 10;) {...}$
- 5. c) do  $\{...\}$  while (i < 10);

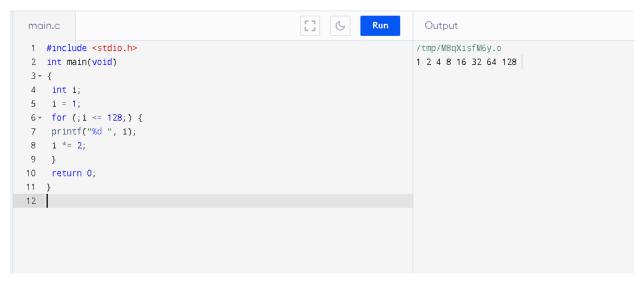
Save your code as as2.c

They are more or less the same, based on the code that I have created they function the same and the output is also the same

```
[] C Run
1 // Online C compiler to run C program online
                                             /tmp/pzicfuqISl.o
2 #include <stdio.h>
                                             4 - int main() {
                                               ...}{...}
   int i;
    i=1;
    printf("while loop");
8 +
    while (i < 10){
      printf("{...}");
9
10
      i=i+1;
11
12
    printf("forloop");
13
14
    for (; i < 10;)
15 -
    printf("{...}");
i=i+1;
17
18
     printf("do while loop");
19
20
    i=1;
21
    do
22 +
    {
```

3. Convert item 1 into an equivalent for statement. You can validate your answer by checking if the produced outputs by both the while and for statements are similar.

For loop and while loop are fundamentally the same thus the only thing i changed is the loop statement; thus the while loop have been changed to for loop.



4. 4. Write a code that computes for the power of two: Save your code as as4.c

```
Run
                                                                               Output
main.c
1 #include <stdio.h>
                                                                             /tmp/GfoEAvYwww.o
2 - int main() {
                                                                             Enter the power 10
3
       int choice, power; //variable used to store the inputted value and
                                                                             Answer = 1024
           the output
       power=1;
4
       printf("Enter the power ");
5
       scanf("%d", &choice);//user prompt for the input
 6
 7
       while (choice > 0) { // while statement so that if the power
 8 +
           inputted is greater than O then the program will keep
           multiplying the answer by 2 until it reaches 0
9
           power = power*2;
10
           choice=choice-1; // everytime the loop was run 1 is subtracted
               to the input until it becomes 0
11
       }
12
        printf("Answer = %d", power);
13
       return 0;
14 }
```

## 5. Write a program that displays a one-month calendar.

