# impracticalpythonprojects

Release 0.16.0

Jose A. Lerma III

# **MODULE REFERENCE**

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Example implementations of the practice and challenge projects in Impractical Python Projects. Alternative answers to practice projects and supporting files can be found at the official GitHub page.

It's a fantastic intermediate level book that has truly impractical (but fun) projects. It's a great way to get tricked into learning new conventions, techniques, and modules.

My original python-tutorials repository is already very nested, so these will be easier to find and review here; however, the original repository still has relevant information about configuring a Python environment/IDE.

Bonus content includes Google style docstrings (such wow), main functions (so standard), pip requirements files (so helpful), and test files (**not** punny at all).

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2 MODULE REFERENCE

**CHAPTER** 

### ONE

### SRC

# 1.1 src package

### 1.1.1 Subpackages

src.ch01 package

**Subpackages** 

src.ch01.challenge package

#### **Submodules**

#### src.ch01.challenge.c1\_foreign\_bar\_chart module

Return letter 'bar chart' of a non-English sentence.

```
src.ch01.challenge.c1\_foreign\_bar\_chart.add\_keys\_to\_dict (dictionary: dict) \rightarrow dict
Add keys to dictionary.
```

Check keys of a letter dictionary and add missing letters.

**Parameters dictionary** (dict) – Dictionary to check keys of.

**Returns** Dictionary with string.ascii\_lowercase as keys.

Raises TypeError – If dictionary is not a dict.

```
src.ch01.challenge.cl_foreign_bar_chart.foreign_freq_analysis(sentence: str) <math>\rightarrow dict
```

Wrap freq\_analysis and add\_keys\_to\_dict.

Passes given sentence through freq\_analysis() then add\_keys\_to\_dict() to fill in missing keys.

**Parameters** sentence (str) – String to count letters of.

**Returns** Dictionary with string.ascii\_lowercase as keys and a list with letters repeated based on their frequency as values.

```
src.ch01.challenge.cl_foreign_bar_chart.main()
    Demonstrates the Foreign Bar Chart.
```

#### src.ch01.challenge.c2\_name\_generator module

Generate pseudo-random names from a list of names.

```
src.ch01.challenge.c2_name_generator.add_name_to_key (name: str, dictionary: dict, key: str) \rightarrow None
```

Add name to key in dictionary.

Add name to dictionary under key if not already present.

#### **Parameters**

- name (str) Name to add to dictionary.
- **key** (str) Key to add **name** under.
- **dictionary** (*dict*) Dictionary to add **name** to.

Returns None. name is added under key if not present, dictionary is unchanged otherwise.

Raises TypeError - If name and key aren't str or if dictionary isn't a dict.

```
src.ch01.challenge.c2\_name\_generator.build\_name\_list (folderpath: str) <math>\rightarrow list Build name list from folder.
```

Builds list of names from name files in given folder.

**Parameters** folderpath (str) – Path to folder with name files.

**Returns** List with names from **folderpath**.

Raises IndexError – If folderpath has no .txt files.

```
src.ch01.challenge.c2\_name\_generator.generate\_name (name\_dict: dict) \rightarrow str
Generate pseudo-random name.
```

Use names in dictionary to generate a random name.

```
Parameters name_dict - Dictionary from split_names().
```

**Returns** String with a random name.

**Raises KeyError** – If there aren't three keys in the dictionary.

**Note:** Only add middle name between 1/3 and 1/4 of the time.

```
src.ch01.challenge.c2_name_generator.main()
    Demonstrate name generator.
src.ch01.challenge.c2_name_generator.name_generator(folderpath: str) -> str
```

```
Wrap generate_name, split_names, and build_name_list.

Passes given folderpath through build_name_list() to get the names in a list, then split_names()
```

to split them into a dict, and finally through generate\_name() to make the actual name.

**Parameters** folderpath (str) – Path to folder with name files.

**Returns** String with pseudo-random name.

```
src.ch01.challenge.c2_name\_generator.read\_from\_file(filepath: str) \rightarrow list Read from file.
```

Reads lines from text file and returns a list.

**Parameters filepath** (str) – Path to file with names.

**Returns** List with each line from the file as an element.

**Note:** Removes trailing whitespaces.

```
src.ch01.challenge.c2_name_generator.split_names (name\_list: list) \rightarrow dict Split names from list of names.
```

Splits first, middle, and last names from a given list of names.

**Parameters** name\_list (list) - List with names as elements.

Returns Dictionary of lists with first, middle, and last as keys and names as values.

Raises

- TypeError If given name list is not a list or tuple.
- ValueError If given name list is empty.

**Note:** Drops suffix and adds nickname to middle names.

#### **Module contents**

```
Chapter 1 Challenge Projects.
src.ch01.challenge.ADD_KEYS_ERROR
    String with TypeError for add_keys_to_dict().
         Type str
src.ch01.challenge.SPLIT_NAME_LIST_ERROR
    String with TypeError for split_names().
         Type str
src.ch01.challenge.SPLIT_NAME_EMPTY_ERROR
    Sting with ValueError for split names ().
         Type str
src.ch01.challenge.ADD_NAME_TO_KEY_ERROR
    String with TypeError for add_name_to_key().
         Type str
src.ch01.challenge.GENERATE_NAME_ERROR
    String with KeyError for generate_name().
         Type str
src.ch01.challenge.BUILD_LIST_ERROR
    String with IndexError for build_name_list().
         Type str
```

#### src.ch01.practice package

#### **Submodules**

#### src.ch01.practice.p1 pig latin module

Takes a word as input and returns its Pig Latin equivalent.

```
src.ch01.practice.pl_pig_latin.encode (word: str) \rightarrow str Check if word starts with vowel, then translate to Pig Latin.
```

If a word begins with a consonant, move the consonant to the end of the word and add 'ay' to the end of the new word. If a word begins with a vowel in *VOWELS*, add 'way' to the end of the word.

**Parameters word** (str) – Word to encode to Pig Latin.

Returns Encoded Pig Latin word.

**Raises** TypeError – If word is not a string.

```
src.ch01.practice.p1_pig_latin.main()
    Demonstrate Pig Latin encoder.
```

#### src.ch01.practice.p2 poor bar chart module

Takes a sentence as input and returns a 'bar chart' of each letter.

```
src.ch01.practice.p2\_poor\_bar\_chart.freq\_analysis (sentence: str) \rightarrow dict Perform frequency analysis of letters in sentence.
```

Iterate through each letter in the sentence and add it to a dictionary of lists using collections. default.dict.

**Parameters** sentence (str) – String to count letters of.

**Returns** defaultdict with each letter as keys and a list with letters repeated based on their frequency as values.

#### **Example**

**Raises TypeError** – If **sentence** is not a string.

```
src.ch01.practice.p2_poor_bar_chart.main()
    Demonstrates the Poor Bar Chart.
src.ch01.practice.p2_poor_bar_chart.print_bar_chart (freq_dict: dict) → None
    Print dictionary to terminal.

Use pprint.pprint() to print dictionary with letter frequency analysis to terminal.
```

analysis

from

frequency

```
Returns None. If recursive, prints a recursive-safe string, otherwise prints the dictionary.
          Raises TypeError – If freq_dict is not a dictionary.
Module contents
Chapter 1 Practice Projects.
src.ch01.practice.VOWELS
     Tuple containing characters of the English vowels (except for 'y')
          Type tuple
src.ch01.practice.ENCODE_ERROR
     String with TypeError for Pig Latin encode ().
          Type str
src.ch01.practice.FREQ_ANALYSIS_ERROR
     String with TypeError for Poor Bar Chart freq_analysis().
src.ch01.practice.PRINT BAR CHART ERROR
     String with TypeError for Poor Bar Chart print_bar_chart ().
          Type str
Module contents
Chapter 1.
src.ch02 package
Submodules
src.ch02.c1_recursive_palindrome module
Recursively determine if a word is a palindrome.
src.ch02.cl_recursive_palindrome.main()
     Demonstrate the recursive palindrome tester.
src.ch02.c1_recursive_palindrome.recursive_ispalindrome(word: str) \rightarrow bool
     Recursively check if a word is a palindrome.
          Parameters word (str) – String to check palindromeness.
          Returns True if the word is a palindrome, False otherwise.
          Raises TypeError – If word is not a string.
```

(dict) -

Dictionary

with

Parameters freq\_dict

freq\_analysis().

#### src.ch02.p1\_cleanup\_dictionary module

Cleanup word dictionary.

Various functions for cleaning up a word dictionary.

src.ch02.p1\_cleanup\_dictionary.APPROVED\_WORDS

Words that should always appear in a word dictionary.

Type list

 $src.ch02.p1\_cleanup\_dictionary.cleanup\_dict(filepath: str) \rightarrow list$  Wrap read\_from\_file and cleanup\_list.

Passes given **filepath** through <code>read\_from\_file()</code> to get a list of words, then <code>cleanup\_list()</code> to remove single letter words.

**Parameters filepath** (str) – String with path to word dictionary file.

**Returns** List with words as elements excluding single letter words.

 $\verb|src.ch02.p1_cleanup_dictionary.cleanup_list| (word\_list: list) \rightarrow list| Cleanup| word| list.$ 

Remove single letter words from a list of words.

**Parameters word\_list** (list) – List with words as elements.

**Returns** List with words as elements excluding single letter words.

**Raises** IndexError – If word\_list is empty.

 $src.ch02.p1\_cleanup\_dictionary.cleanup\_list\_more (word\_list: list) \rightarrow list$  Cleanup word list even more.

First, remove words with apostrophes, double letter words, duplicates, and words with letters not in string. ascii\_lowercase from a list of words. Then, add <code>APPROVED\_WORDS</code> back into list. Finally, sort list.

**Parameters word\_list** (list) – List with words as elements.

**Returns** Sorted list with words as elements excluding cleaned words and APPROVED\_WORDS added.

Raises IndexError – If word\_list is empty.

```
src.ch02.p1_cleanup_dictionary.main()
    Demonstrate cleanup dictionary.
```

#### **Module contents**

```
Chapter 2.
```

```
src.ch02.DICTIONARY_FILE_PATH
```

String with path to Ubuntu 18.04.2's American English dictionary file.

Type str

```
src.ch02.CLEANUP LIST ERROR
```

String with IndexError for Cleanup Dictionary cleanup\_list().

Type str

#### src.ch02.RECURSIVE ISPALINDROME ERROR

String with TypeError for Recursive Palindrome recursive\_ispalindrome().

Type str

#### src.ch03 package

#### **Submodules**

#### src.ch03.c1 anagram generator module

Generate phrase anagrams from a word or phrase.

```
src.ch03.c1_anagram_generator.anagram_generator(word: str) \rightarrow list Generate phrase anagrams.
```

Make phrase anagrams from a given word or phrase.

**Parameters word** (str) – Word to get phrase anagrams of.

**Returns** list of phrase anagrams of word.

Adds words from given word list to a given anagram dictionary.

#### **Parameters**

- word\_list (list) List of words to add to anagram dictionary.
- **dictionary** (*dict*) Anagram dictionary to add words to.

**Returns** None. If words in **word\_list** are in **dictionary** they are not added. Otherwise, they are added.

```
src.ch03.c1_anagram_generator.find_anagram_phrases (phrases: list, word: str, anagram_dict: dict, phrase: list) \rightarrow None
```

Find anagram phrases.

Recursively finds an agram phrases of **word** by removing unusable words from the **anagram\_dict**, finding remaining anagrams given the **phrase**, then adding any found anagram phrases to **phrases**.

#### **Parameters**

- phrases (list) List of anagram phrases.
- word (str) Current word to find anagram phrases of.
- anagram\_dict (dict) Current anagram dictionary to find anagrams with.
- **phrase** (list) Current anagram phrase candidate.

**Returns** None. **phrases** is updated with any found anagram phrases.

 $src.ch03.c1\_anagram\_generator.find\_anagrams (word: str, anagram\_dict: dict) \rightarrow list Find anagrams in word.$ 

Find all anagrams in a given word (or phrase) using anagram dictionary.

#### **Parameters**

• word (str) – Word to find anagrams of.

• anagram\_dict - Dictionary from get\_anagram\_dict().

**Returns** list of str with all anagrams in word.

 $src.ch03.c1\_anagram\_generator.get\_anagram\_dict(word\_list: list) \rightarrow dict$  Get an anagram dictionary from word\_list.

Get the ID of each word in word list and add it to a dictionary with the ID as the key.

**Parameters word\_list** (list) – List of words to make into anagram dictionary.

**Returns** defaultdict of list with an ID (int) as the key and words whose product of letters equal that ID as values.

```
src.ch03.c1_anagram_generator.get_id(word: str) \rightarrow int Get ID number of word.
```

Assign a unique prime number to each letter in ascii\_lowercase. The product of each letter in word is its ID number.

**Parameters word** (str) – Word to get ID of.

Returns int representing ID of word.

```
src.ch03.c1_anagram_generator.get_primes (length: int = 26, min_prime: int = 2, max_prime: int = 101) \rightarrow list Get list of primes.
```

Given a length, minimum, and maximum prime number, return a list of prime numbers.

#### **Parameters**

- length (int) Number of prime numbers to return. Defaults to 26.
- min\_prime (int) Smallest prime number to return. Defaults to 2.
- max\_prime (int) Largest prime number to return. Defaults to 101.

**Returns** list of **length** prime numbers with **min\_prime** as the smallest prime number and **max\_prime** as the largest prime number in the list.

```
src.ch03.c1_anagram_generator.main()
Demonstrate the Anagram Generator.
```

 $src.ch03.c1\_anagram\_generator.multi\_get\_anagram\_dict(word\_list: list) \rightarrow dict$  Multithreaded get anagram dictionary.

Uses os.cpu\_count() and threading. Thread to use all CPUs to make an anagram dictionary with the intent of being more efficient than  $get\_anagram\_dict()$ .

**Parameters word\_list** (list) - List of words to make into anagram dictionary.

**Returns** defaultdict of list with an ID (int) as the key and words whose product of letters equal that ID as values.

**Warning:** Avoids race conditions by heavily relying on CPython's Global Interpreter Lock. More info about Thread Objects.

```
src.ch03.c1\_anagram\_generator.remove\_unusable\_words (anagram\_dict: dict, usable\_letters: list) <math>\rightarrow dict
```

Remove unusable words from anagram dictionary.

Creates new anagram dictionary by including only IDs that can be IN usable\_letters.

#### **Parameters**

- anagram\_dict (dict) Anagram dictionary to prune.
- usable letters (list) List of letters that must be used.

**Returns** defaultdict of list with an ID (int) as the key and words whose product of letters equal that ID as values.

```
src.ch03.c1_anagram_generator.split (a\_list: list, parts: int) \rightarrow list Split a list into parts.
```

Split given list into given number of parts.

#### **Parameters**

- a\_list (list) List to split.
- parts (int) Number of parts to split list into.

**Returns** List of lists with a\_list split into parts.

#### **Example**

```
>>> import src.ch03.c1_anagram_generator.split as split
>>> some_list = ['this', 'is', 'a', 'list']
>>> split_list = split(some_list, 2)
>>> print(split_list)
[['this', 'is'], ['a', 'list']]
```

#### src.ch03.p1 digram counter module

Counts the occurrence of all possible digrams of a word in a dictionary.

```
src.ch03.pl\_digram\_counter.count\_digrams (digrams: set, dict\_list: list) \rightarrow dict
Count digrams in word dictionary.
```

Count frequency of each digram in the set in a word dictionary list.

#### **Parameters**

- digrams (set) Set of digrams to count frequency of.
- dict\_list (list) Word dictionary list.

**Returns** Counter with digrams as keys and their counts as values.

Raises TypeError – If digrams isn't a set or if dict\_list isn't a list.

```
src.ch03.p1_digram_counter.digram_counter(word: str, dict_file: str = '/usr/share/dict/american-english') \rightarrow dict
```

 $Wrap\ get\_digrams,\ count\_digrams,\ and\ read\_from\_file.$ 

Send word through <code>get\_digrams()</code> to get a set of digrams which is then passed through <code>count\_digrams()</code> along with the list made by passing <code>dict\_file</code> through <code>read\_from\_file()</code>.

#### **Parameters**

- word (str) Word to get digrams of.
- dict\_file (str) Path of dictionary file to get a frequency analysis of each digram. Defaults to DICTIONARY\_FILE\_PATH.

**Returns** Counter with digrams as keys and their counts as values.

```
src.ch03.p1_digram_counter.get_digrams (word: str) → set
     Get a set of digrams given a word.
     Generate all possible digrams of a given word.
          Parameters word (str) – String to get digrams of.
          Returns set of all possible digrams of the given word.
          Raises TypeError – If word isn't a string.
src.ch03.p1_digram_counter.main()
     Demonstrate the digram counter.
Module contents
Chapter 3.
src.ch03.GET_DIGRAMS_ERROR
     String with TypeError for get_digrams().
          Type str
src.ch03.COUNT_DIGRAMS_ERROR
     String with TypeError for count_digrams().
          Type str
src.ch04 package
Subpackages
src.ch04.practice package
Submodules
src.ch04.practice.p1 hack lincoln module
Hack route cipher sent by Abraham Lincoln.
src.ch04.practice.p1\_hack\_lincoln.decode\_route (keys: list, cipherlist: list) \rightarrow list
     Decode route cipher.
     Decode cipherlist encoded with a route cipher using keys.
          Parameters
                • keys (list) – List of signed, integer keys.
                • cipherlist (list) – List of strings representing encoded message.
          Returns List of strings representing plaintext message.
     Note: Assumes vertical encoding route.
```

```
\verb|src.ch04.practice.p1_hack_lincoln.get_factors|(integer: int)| \rightarrow list \\ Get factors of integer.
```

Calculate factors of a given integer.

**Parameters** integer (int) – Number to get factors of.

**Returns** List of integer factors of **integer**.

```
src.ch04.practice.pl_hack_lincoln.hack_route (ciphertext: str) \rightarrow None Hack route cipher.
```

Hack route cipher by using get\_factors () to find all possible key lengths. Then use keygen () to generate all possible keys and pass each one through decode\_route().

**Parameters** ciphertext (str) – Message encoded with route cipher.

Returns None. Prints all possible decoded messages.

```
src.ch04.practice.pl_hack_lincoln.keygen (length: int) \rightarrow list Generate all possible route cipher keys.
```

Generates a list of all possible route cipher keys of length.

**Parameters** length (int) – Length of route cipher key.

**Returns** List of lists of integers representing all possible route cipher keys of **length**.

#### **Example**

```
>>> from src.ch04.practice.p1_hack_lincoln import keygen
>>> keygen(2)
[[-1, 2], [1, -2], [1, 2], [-1, -2]]
```

```
src.ch04.practice.pl_hack_lincoln.main()
```

Demonstrate hack of Lincoln's route cipher.

#### src.ch04.practice.p2\_identify\_cipher module

Identify letter transposition or substitution cipher.

```
src.ch04.practice.p2\_identify\_cipher.identify\_cipher(ciphertext: str, threshold: float) \rightarrow bool
```

Identify letter transposition or substitution cipher.

Compare most frequent letters in **ciphertext** with the most frequent letters in the English alphabet. If above **threshold**, it is a letter transposition cipher. If not, it is a letter substitution cipher.

#### **Parameters**

- **ciphertext** (*str*) Encrypted message to identify.
- **threshold** (*float*) Percent match in decimal form.

**Returns** True if the **ciphertext** is a letter transposition cipher. False otherwise.

```
src.ch04.practice.p2\_identify\_cipher.is\_substitution (ciphertext: str) \rightarrow bool Identify letter substitution cipher.
```

Wrapper for identify\_cipher(). threshold defaults to 0.45.

**Parameters** ciphertext (str) – Encrypted message to identify.

**Returns** True if the **ciphertext** is a letter substitution cipher. False otherwise.

 $src.ch04.practice.p2\_identify\_cipher.is\_transposition (ciphertext: str) \rightarrow bool$  Identify letter transposition cipher.

Wrapper for identify\_cipher(). threshold defaults to 0.75.

**Parameters** ciphertext (str) – Encrypted message to identify.

**Returns** True if the **ciphertext** is a letter transposition cipher. False otherwise.

```
src.ch04.practice.p2_identify_cipher.main()
    Demonstrate the cipher identifier.
```

#### src.ch04.practice.p2\_identify\_cipher\_deco module

Identify letter transposition or substitution cipher using decorator.

Note: Not part of the book, I was just curious about decorators and decided to tinker with them a bit.

```
src.ch04.practice.p2_identify_cipher_deco.identify(threshold: float = 0.5)
Make decorator for identify_cipher.
```

Decorator factory to replace a decorated function with <code>identify\_cipher()</code>. A bit like going around the world to reach the teleporter across the street, but at import time instead of runtime, so it doesn't matter.

Luciano Ramalho's book *Fluent Python* appropriately calls decorators "syntactic sugar" when it isn't used in classes. It also references the wrapt module's blog on GitHub for a deeper explanation of decorators.

Not sure what a decorator factory would be called...syntactic caramel?

**Parameters** threshold (float) – Percent match in decimal form.

**Returns** Whatever the output of <code>identify\_cipher()</code> would be given the decorated function's input.

```
src.ch04.practice.p2_identify_cipher_deco.identify_cipher(ciphertext: str, threshold: float) \rightarrow bool
```

Identify letter transposition or substitution cipher.

Compare most frequent letters in **ciphertext** with the most frequent letters in the English alphabet. If above **threshold**, it is a letter transposition cipher. If not, it is a letter substitution cipher.

#### **Parameters**

- **ciphertext** (*str*) Encrypted message to identify.
- **threshold** (*float*) Percent match in decimal form.

**Returns** True if the **ciphertext** is a letter transposition cipher. False otherwise.

 $src.ch04.practice.p2\_identify\_cipher\_deco.is\_substitution (ciphertext: str) \rightarrow bool$  Identify letter substitution cipher.

Empty function to wrap with identify\_cipher() using identify(). threshold defaults to 0.45.

**Parameters** ciphertext (str) – Encrypted message to identify.

**Returns** True if the ciphertext is a letter substitution cipher. False otherwise.

#### **Module contents**

Chapter 4 Practice Projects.

#### **Module contents**

Chapter 4.

#### 1.1.2 Module contents

impractical python projects.

Example implementations of the projects in Impractical Python Projects.

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## **CHAPTER**

# TWO

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