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Flowering Phenology and Anthophilous Insect Community in a Grassland Ecosystem at Mt. Yufu, Western Japan

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ABSTRACT The hillsides of Mt. Yufu, located in Kyusyu, Japan, is a dormant volcano, are covered with natural and semi-natural grasslands; the latter of which are maintained by traditional mowing and burning. Both the natural and semi-natural grasslands are inhabited by many grassland-specific plant species, some of which are now endangered in Japan. To understand pollination mutualisms in the grassland ecosystem, we investigated the flowering phenology and anthophilous insect communities on 149 plant species from 49 different plant families, from April to October 2001. In total, 1192 individuals from 308 species, 83 families and 10 orders of Insecta were observed on flowers of 101 plant species. The most abundant insect order was Hymenoptera (37.8% of individuals), followed by Diptera (32.5%), Coleoptera (22.7%) and Lepidoptera (6.2%). The proportions of Coleoptera and Lepidoptera were respectively smaller and greater than in forested habitats, suggesting that many anthophilous beetles depend on woody plants during their larval stages and that anthophilous butterflies (especially Nymphalidae) are associated with grassland-specific perennials (especially Viola spp.) in their larval stages. The bee fauna consisted of 54 species, from 10 genera and 6 families; the bee community was characterized by an absence of cavity-nesting Hylaeus and Xylocopa and by the predominance of long-tongued Tetralonia in the early spring. The bumblebee community was characterized by the predominance of a shorthaired Bombus ignitus, uncommon in forested habitats. The dominant pollination syndrome, among 70 plant species for which pollinators were inferred, was melitrophily (82%), followed by myophily (14%), psychophily (1.4%), phalaenophily (1.4%) and anemophily (1.4%). Among the melittophilous species, small-bee-pollinated species (45%) dominated, followed by *Bombus*- (36%), Apis- (8.6%), Tetralonia- (6.9%), megachilid- (1.7%) and wasp- (1.7%) pollinated species. These data on community-level plant-pollinator interactions at Mt. Yufu will contribute to the conservation of endangered grassland ecosystems.

KEY WORDS flowering phenology / anthophilous insect community / bumblebee / grassland ecosystem / traditional grassland management

Introduction

Community-level plant-pollinator interactions are founded on mutualisms between plants and their pollinators, as well as on competition between plants for pollinators, and competition between pollinators for floral resources (Waser and Real, 1979; Kevan and Baker, 1983; Feinsinger, 1987). Thus, the study of both flowering phenology and the community structure of flower-visiting insects on individual flower species forms the foundation for studying mutual interactions and competition in terrestrial ecosystems (Sakagami and Fukuda, 1973).

Ecological studies of anthophilous bee communities have been conducted in various

vegetation types, at various localities, since the 1970s in Japan (Matsuura et al., 1972; Sakagami and Fukuda, 1973; Fukuda et al., 1973; Sakagami et al., 1974; Ikudome, 1978; Nakamura and Matsumura, 1985; Takahashi, 1990; Go'ukon, 1992; Yumoto, 1994; Negoro, 1999, 2000, 2001a. 2001b). In addition to studies of bee communities, ecological studies of entire anthophilous insect communities have been conducted at various localities since the 1980s (Kato et al., 1990; Inoue et al., 1990; Kakutani et al., 1990; Kato 1992; Kato et al. 1993; Kato and Miura, 1996; Suka, 1998; Kato, 2000).

These studies have demonstrated that, in Japan, anthophilous bee/insect assemblages vary greatly among plant species, and that anthophilous bee/insect communities vary among vegetation types. For example, it has been reported that bumblebees dominate the bee community in cool-temperate subalpine forests and meadows was dominated by bumblebees (Kato et al. 1993), while that in subtropical forests on Amami Islands were reported to be dominated by solitary bees (Kato, 2000). These studies on anthophilous insect communities have been conducted, primarily, in forest vegetation, with the exception of studies undertaken in cool-temperate meadows at Hamakoshimizu (Fukuda et al., 1973) and Mt. Kushigata (Kato et al. 1993), and the lowland marshes at Nakaikemi (Kato and Miura, 1996). Anthophilous insect communities in warm, temperate zone, grassland ecosystems have not yet been studied.

Most grasslands in Japan are intermediate successional stages, since both temperature and rainfall are favorable for climax forests. Accordingly, natural grasslands are rare; they are found only around active volcanoes, which cause grassland-maintaining. In addition to its natural grasslands, Japan also has semi-natural grasslands, which are maintained by traditional mowing methods, as a source of thatch and fodder (Kato, 2000). Both the grasslands are inhabited by many grassland-specific plant species that colonized Western Japan from the Asian continent during the last glacial epoch (Murata, 1977). Traditionally managed semi-natural grasslands have become less common over the last 40 years due to post industrial revolution innovations with respect to agriculture and economic systems.

The hillsides of Mt. Yufu, a dormant but geologically active, volcano located in Kyusyu, Japan, are covered with natural and semi-natural grasslands (Sumata, 1989). Both the grassland types are inhabited by many grassland-specific plant species, some of which are endangered in Japan (Environment agency of Japan, 2000). To conserve these endangered plant species, it is indispensable that we know the native pollinators and understand community-level plant-pollinator interactions in the grasslands.

This study describes flowering phenology and the composition of flower-visiting insect communities, especially the anthophilous bee community, as well as the phenology of these flower-visitors and the anthophilous insect assemblages of certain plant species in the grassland ecosystem. Secondly, pollination syndromes of certain plant species are inferred by examining their respective anthophilous insect communities and the contributions to pollination made by members of these communities. Finally, the anthophilous insect communities and pollination systems at Mt. Yufu are compared to those of other localities. Biodiversity conservation strategies and plant-pollinator interactions in the grassland ecosystem are discussed.

Study Site

Mt. Yufu, altitude 1583 m, is a dormant, but geologically active, volcano located in Oita Prefecture, Kyushu, Japan (33° 24' N, 131° 30' E, Fig. 1). The volcano was vigorously active 50,000 to 20,000 years ago (Yoshida and Moriyama, 1974).

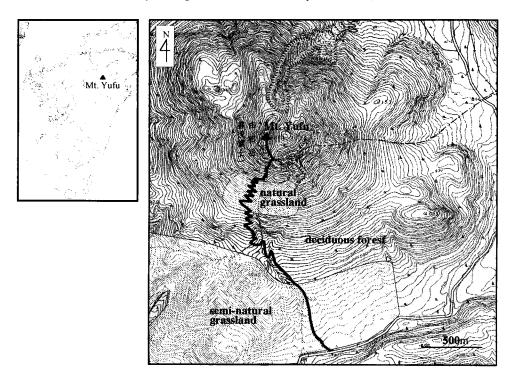


Fig. 1. The location of Mt. Yufu in Kyusyu district in Japan (left) and a topographical map of the study area (right). The sampling route is shown by a solid line. Grasslands are shown by pale areas.

The climate at Mt. Yufu is strongly affected by cold Siberian winds in the winter season. The mean temperature in 2001 at Yufuin (2 km southwest of Mt. Yufu, 435 m above sea level) was 13.4°C, the monthly minimum temperature was below 0°C from November to April, and total rainfall for the year was 1858 mm (Fig. 2). Rainfall is heavy in June and July. The peak of Mt. Yufu is often snow covered during the winter.

The vegetation of Mt. Yufu is typically semi-natural/natural volcanic grasslands (Plate 4A). The semi-natural grasslands, altitude 760–800 m, are maintained by traditional annual mowing and harvesting of grass (*Miscanthus sinensis*), and controlled burning. The natural grasslands are formed on upper mountain slopes (altitude 1,100–1,300 m) where the soil is thin (Plate 5A). Both grasslands contain various perennial plant species, e.g., *Miscanthus*

sinensis, Arundinella hirta, Pleioblastus chino var. viridis, Themeda japonica, Calamagrostis arundinacea var. brachytricha, and Pennisetum alopecuroides (Arakane et al., 1974). The grassland flora is also characterized by many herbaceous species which colonized to western Japan from the Asian continent during the last glacial epoch (Murata, 1977): Iris rossi (Plate 4D), Allium thunbergii, Chionographis japonica, Aconitum japonicum ssp. Napifarm, Corydalis heterocarpa, Viola orientalis (Plate 4E), Echinops setifer (Plate 5D), Saussurea gracilis, Cephalanthera falcata, Angelica cartilaginomarginata and Atractylodes japonica (Sumata, 1989). The grasslands are also inhabited by some plant species endemic in Kyushu district, e.g., Salix sieboldiana, and Achillea alpina var. brevidens. Other grassland-specific species, e.g., Sophora flavescens (Plate 5E), Hemerocallis vespertina (Plate 5B), Dianthus superbus var. longicalycinus, are also present.

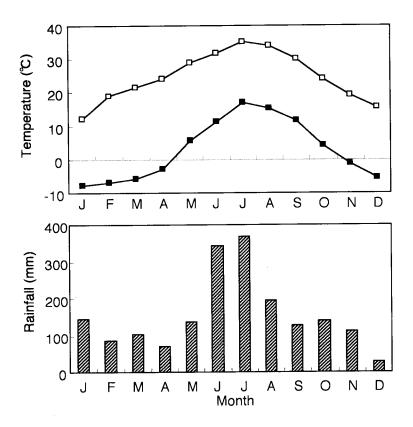


Fig. 2. Seasonal changes in the maximum (open rectangle) and the minimum (solid rectangle) temperature (upper) and monthly rainfall at Yufuin in 2001 (lower) (after Japan Meteorological Agency, 2002).

In some places, former grasslands now support pine forests, dominated by *Pinus densiflora* and *P. thunbergii*, and deciduous forests with *Weigela japonica* and *Hydrangea luteo-venosa*.

While the climate could otherwise support temperate forest growth at the top of the mountain, recent volcanic activity and the dominant northwest winter wind result in scrub vegetation dominated by *Rhododendron kiusuanum* (Sumata, 1989).

Methods

Surveys of flowering phenology and flower visitors were made at three-week intervals from mid April to mid October 2001. In total, 9 surveys were conducted, each lasting 2–3 days. Surveys were conducted from 0830 to 1600–1700, along a fixed route, which went upwards through semi-natural grasslands (alt. 760–800 m, Plate 4C), temperate deciduous forest (alt. 800–1,000 m), natural grasslands (alt. 1100–1300 m, Plate 4B) and the summit scrub (alt. 1300–1583 m).

Table 1. Observation	dates and the numbers of flowering plant species and
collected insects.	

Code	Date	No. of flowering plant species	No. of collected insects
1	16-18 Apr. 2001	18	185
2	11-16 May 2001	25	205
3	26-29 May 2001	26	96
4	16-17 Jun. 2001	28	265
5	10-16 Jul. 2001	23	139
6	4- 5 Aug. 2001	25	47
7	24-26 Aug. 2001	26	104
8	17-22 Sep. 2001	25	142
9	14-16 Oct. 2001	11	9

When flowering plants were encountered, flower visitors were netted for about 8 minutes per site. The flowers were then swept with the net for 2 minutes to collect all visitors remaining on the flowers. If no visitors were collected during this 10-minute period, the observation time was prolonged.

All collected insect specimens were pinned and labeled by date, site, and flower species visited. The specimens were then sorted and identified to the species level, with some exceptions that were identified only to family or genus level. Thus, a data set of all insect visits to flowers was created. All specimens were put into storage at Kyoto University.

Using the data set, the faunal makeup of flower visitors, phenological patterns, and the

floral hosts for each insect group (order, family, genus, or species) were investigated. Principal component analysis and cluster analysis were performed on the data set to detect patterns of anthophilous insect communities on different plant species. In these analyses, plant species visited by fewer than 3 insects were excluded. For the 10 plant species visited by less than 4 visitors each (*Aconitum japonicum* ssp. *napiform*, *Corydalis lineariloba*, *Rubus phoenicolasius*, *Sanguisorba officinalis*, *Polygala japonica*, *Codonopsis lanceolata*, *Paederia scandens*, *Synurus excelsus*, *Aletris luteoviridis*, *Lilium leichtlinii* var. *maximowiczii*), additional records of flower-visits from subsequent observations were added. Thus, 70 plant species were included in the analysis. Anthophilous insects were grouped into 15 functional/taxonomical groups: *Bombus*, *Apis*, small bees, Megachilidae, *Tetralonia* (long-tongued anthophorine bees), wasps (Vespoidea, Pompiloidea, and Sphecoidea sensu stricto), Scoliidae, other Hymenoptera, Syrphidae, Calyptrata, other Diptera, butterflies, moths, Coleoptera, and other miscellaneous insects. Statistical analyses were made using SAS, in the Data Processing Center at Kyoto University.

Results

1. Flora

Flowering of 149 plant species, from 49 families, was observed, including 12 annuals, 101 perennials, 3 climbing perennials, 22 shrubs, 10 trees, and 1 liana (Table 2). Anthophilous insects were observed visiting 101 plant species.

Asteraceae was the most represented plant family (with 29 species), followed by Rosaceae (10 sp.), Liliaceae (8 sp.), Ranunculaceae (5 sp.), Caprifoliaceae (5 sp.), Violaceae (5 sp.), Saxifragaceae (5 sp.), and Gentianaceae (5 sp.). The only non-native plant species were Lotus corniculatus var. corniculatua and Erigeron annuus...

The flora included 9 species from the Red Data Book (Environment Agency of Japan, 2000): 2 endangered species [Echinops setifer (Plate 5D), Dioscorea asclepiadea] and 7 vulnerable species [Viola orientalis (Plate 4E-F), Euphorbia adenochlora, Swertia pseudochinensis, Achillea alpina var. brevidens, Ligularia fisherii var. takeyuki (Plate 5C), Saussurea pulchella, Cephalanthera falcata].

Table 2. A list of plants studied for phenology and flower-visitors, with blooming month (MB), growth habitat (GH), nativity (N), breeding system (BS), flower color (FC), flower symmetry (FS), flower morphology (FM), rank in Red Data Book(RD), the number of observed insects on flowers (NV), cluster dected by analysis on flower visitor spectra (CL), and pollination agent determinated (PA).

Subclass														
Order														
Family	Code	Species	Japanese name	MB	GH ²	N ³	BS⁴	FC ⁵	FS ⁶	FM ²	RD ⁸	NV°	CL ¹⁰	PA ^π
Magnoliidae														
Laurales														
Lauraceae	lau l	Lindera sericea	Kekuromoji	IV	S	n	d	g	a	О	-	27	C1	miscellaeous
Piperales														_
Chloranthaceae		Chloranthus japonicus	Hitorishizuka	IV	p	n	h	W	a	b	-	-	-	?
Ranunculidae														
Ranunculales														
Ranunculaceae	ran3	Aconitum japonicum ssp. napiform	Tannatorikabuto	IV	p	n	h	V	Z	sp	-	l	C12	Bombus
		Aquilegia adoxoides	Himeuzu	IV-V	p	n	h	w	a	О	-	-	-	?
		Aquilegia buergeriana var. oxysepala	Ooyamaodamaki	VII	p	n	h	c	a	t	-	-	-	?
	ran2	Cimicifuga acerina	Oobashouma	IV	p	n	h	W	a	b	-	3	-	?
	ran l	Ranunculus japonicus	Umanoashigata	V	p	n	h	У	a	O	-	20	C10	small bee
Berberridaceae	berl	Epimedium diphyllum	Baikaikarisou	V	p	n	h	w	a	O	-	6	C1	small bee
Papaverales														_
Papaveraceae		Corydalis decumbens	Jirobouengosaku	V	p	n	h	v	Z	t	-	-	-	?
		Corydalis heterocarpa	Tsukushikikeman	IV	p	n	h	У	Z	t	-	-	-	?
	papl	Corydalis lineariloba	Yamaengosaku	IV	p	n	h	V	Z	t	-	1	C6	Tetralonia
Hamamelidae														
Fagales														
Fagaceae	fag2	Castanea crenata	Kuri	VII	t	n	m	c	a	ct	-	5	-	Syrphidae
	fagl	Quercus dentata	Kashiwa	V	t	n	m	g	a	ct	-	27	-	wind
Betulaceae		Alnus firma	Yashabushi	V	ŧ	n	m	У	a	ct	-	-	-	?
Caruophyllidae														
Caryophyllales	,													
Caryophyllaceae	car3	Dianthus superbus var. longicalycinus	Kawaranadeshiko	VII	p	n	h	p	a	t	-	6	C10	middle bee
	car2	Moehringia lateriflora	Ooyamafusuma	V	p	n	m	W	a	0	-	2	-	?
	carl	Pseudostellaria heterantha	Wachigaisou	V	p	n	h	w	a	0	-	3	-	?
Polygonales														
Polygonaceae		Agrimonia pilosa	Kinmizuhiki	VIII	p	n	h	У	a	О	-	-	-	?

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	poly3	Polygonum cuspidatum	Itadori	VIII	p	n	d	p	a	o	_	35	C8	Apis	262
	poly2	Polygonum filiforme	Mizuhiki	VIII	p	n	h	p	a	0	-	3	-	?	8
Dilleniidae															
Theales															
Clusiaceae		Hypericum erectum	Otogirisou	VIII	p	n	h	У	a	O	-	-	-	?	
	clul	Hypericum pseudopetiolatum	Sawaotogiri	IX	p	n	h	у	a	o	-	2	-	?	
Violales															
Violaceae		Viola eizanensis	Eizansumire	IV	p	n	h	p	Z	sp	-	-	-	?	
	vio2	Viola grypoceras	Tachitsubosumire	IV	р	n	h	v	Z	sp	-	18	C2	Tetralonia	
	vio3	Viola hondoensis	Aoisumire	IV	p	n	h	v	z	sp	-	1	_	?	
		Viola japonica	Kosumire	IV	р	n	h	v	Z	sp	_	_	_	?	
	viol	Viola orientalis	Kisumire	IV-V	p	n	h	У	Z	sp	VU	14	C1	Tetralonia	
Salicales					•			•		. 1	_	-			
Salicaceae	sal3	Salix sieboldiana	Yamayanagi	V	S	n	d	g	a	a	_	88	C2	small bee	<u>.</u>
	sal1	Salix vulpina	Kitsuneyanagi	IV	s	n	d	g	a	a	_	36	C8	Calyptrata	
Capparales		•	, ,				_	0	-				-00	Cary pirata	₽
Brassicaceae	bra1	Arabis glabra	Hatazao	VI	а	n	h	У	a	0		1		?	ſΑ
Ericales		G			_	••	••	,		V		•		-	ZA
Clethraceae	cle1	Clethra barvinervis	Ryoubu	VIII	t	n	h	W	a	o	_	7	C8	small bee	Yamazaki
Ericaceae	eri6	Lyonia ovalifolia var. elliptica	Nejiki	VI	t	n	h	w	a	c	_	4	C2	Bombus	&∘
	eri 1	Pieris japonica	Asebi	IV	s	n	h	w	a	c	_	70	CI	small bee	≥
	eri4	Rhododendron kiusuanum	Miyamakirishima	V-VI	s	n	h	rv	a	f	_	20	C2	Bombus	**
	eri3	Rhododendron reticulatum	Kobanomitsubatsutsuji	V	S	n	h	rv	a	f	_	10	C2	small bee	Като
Pyrolaceae		Monotropa uniflora	Ginryousoumodoki	IX	р	n	h	w	a	f		-	-	?	ГО
Diapesiales			o, o a oo a o a o		Р	••	11	**	u					•	
Diapensiaceae		Schizocodon soldanelloides	Iwakagami	V	р	n	h	р	a	f	_		_	?	
Ebenales				•	Р	••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Р	а	1				•	
Styracaceae	sty l	Styrax japonica	Egonoki	VI	t	n	h	w	a	0		11	C12	Bombus	
Primulales	5 -	es, an jupe mea	250nom	• •	٠	11	11	**	а	U	-	11	C12	Dombus	
Primulaceae	pri l	Lysimachia clethroides	Okatoranoo	VII-VIII	р	n	h	w	0	0		22	С9	small bee	
Rosales	P	Bysimacina etemiotaes	Ckatoranoo	V 11- V 111	Р	11	11	w	a	U	•	22	C9	sman bee	
Hydrangeaceae	hvd1	Hydrangea luteo-venosa	Kogakuutsugi	V-VI	s		h		_	_		0	CO	11.1	
11) drangeaeeae	-	Hydrangea paniculata	Noriutsugi	VII-VIII	S	n	h	w	a	0	-	9 8	C2	small bee	
		Hydrangea serrata	Yamaajisai	VII-VIII		n	h	w	a	0	-		C3	Apis	
Crassulaceae	11902	Sedum kamtschaticum	Kirinsou	IX	S	n	h h	W	a	0	-	6	C3	Apis	
Saxifragaceae	cay 5	Astilbe thunbergii	Akashouma	VII	p	n	h	У	a	0	-	-	-	?	
Saxinagaccae	Sans	Asitive inunvergii	Akasnouma	VII	p	n	h	W	a	O	-	19	C8	Syrphidae	

	sax2 sax6 sax8	Deutzia crenata var. floribunda	Utsugi Koutsugi Umebachisou	VI VI-VII X	s s	n n n	h h h	w w w	a a a	f f o	-	32 33 3	C10 C8	Bombus small bee
	sax7		Iwagarami	VI	p 1	n	h	w	a	0	-	1	-	; ?
Rosaceae	San	Potentilla fragarioides var. major	Kijimushiro	v	p	n	h	у	a	0	_	-	_	?
110000000	ros1	Potentilla freyniana	Mitsubatsuchiguri	IV-V	p	n	h	У	a	0	_	13	C10	small bee
	ros3	Prunus jamasakura	Yamazakura	V	t	n	h	p	a	0	_	26	C1	Syrphidae
	1000	Prunus maximowiczii	Miyamazakura	v	t	n	h	W	a	0	_	-	-	?
		Rosa multiflora	Noibara	IV	s	n	h	w	a	0	_	_	_	,
	ros8	Rubus parvifolius	Nawashiroichigo	VI	s	n	h	p	a	0	_	6	C1	Bombus
	ros6		Urajiroichigo	V	s	n	h	W	a	0	_	1	C12	Bombus
	ros11		Waremokou	VIII-IX	р	n	h	br	a	a	_	1	C8	Calyptrata
	ros9	Spiraea japonica	Shimotsuke	VII-VIII	S	n	h	р	a	0	_	6	C4	Bombus
		Stephanandra incisa	Kogomeutsugi	VI	S	n	h	w	a	0	_	_	-	?
Fabales		2.0p	88-						-	Ŭ				·
Fabaceae	fab3	Lespedeza bicolor	Marubahagi	VIII-IX	р	n	h	v	Z	р	_	41	C3	Bombus
		Lotus corniculatus var. corniculatus	Seiyoumiyakogusa	VI-VIII	p	a	h	У	Z	p	-	-	_	?
	fab1	Sophora flavescens	Kurara	VI-VII	p	n	h	c	Z	p	_	18	C4	Bombus
	fab2	Vicia unijuga	Nantenhagi	VI	p	n	h	v	z	p	_	3	C4	Bombus
Haloragales			•		•					•				
Haloragaceae		Haloragis micrantha	Arinotougusa	VII	р	n	h	r	a	a	-	-	-	?
Cornales		-			-									
Cornaceae	cor2	Benthamidia japonica	Yamaboushi	VI	t	n	h	w	a	o	-	14	C8	Bombus
Celastrales														
Celastraceae		Euonymus alatus f. stiatus	Komayumi	V	t	n	h	g	a	o	-	-	-	?
Euphorbiales														
Euphorbiaceae		Euphorbia adenochlora	Nourushi	VI	p	n	h	у	a	o	VU	-	-	?
		Euphorbia pekinensis	Takatoudai	VII	p	n	h	g	a	o	_	-	-	?
Polygalales					-			_						
Polygalaceae	pol 1	Polygala japonica	Himehagi	V	p	n	h	v	Z	р	-	1	C11	small bee
Sapindales										-				
Staphyleaceae	stal	Staphylea bumalda	Mitsubautsugi	V	s	n	h	w	a	t	-	1	-	?
Geraniales														
Geraniaceae	ger1	Geranium shikokianum	Iyofuuro	VIII-IX	p	n	h	p	a	o	-	28	C10	small bee
Balsaminaceae		Impatiens noli-tangere	Kitsurifune	VIII	a	n	h	y	z	sp	-	-	-	?
Apiales										-				

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Apiaceae	api3	Angelica cartilagino-marginata	Himenodake	VIII	р	n	h	w	a	o	_	1	_	?
	api2	Angelica longeradiata	Tsukushizeri	VIII	p	n	h	w	a	0	_	1	_	?
	api l	Hydrocotyle ramiflora	Oochidome	VI	p	n	h	g	a	o	_	4	C10	small bee
		Osmorhiza aristata	Yabuninjin	V	р	n	h	w	a	0	_		-	?
Asteridae			-		r	••			-	Ü				•
Gentianales														
Gentianaceae		Gentiana scabra var. buergeri	Rindou	X	p	n	h	v	a	f	_	_	_	?
		Gentiana thunbergii	Harurindou	IV	a	n	h	v	a	f	_	-	-	?
	gen5	Gentiana zollingeri	Huderindou	IV	a	n	h	v	a	f	_	1	_	?
		Swertia japonica	Senburi	X	a	n	h	w	a	0	_	1	_	?
	U	Swertia pseudochinensis	Murasakisenburi	X	a	n	h	v	a	0	VU	_	_	?
Lamiales		,							-	-				·
Lamiaceae	lam2	Isodon inflexus	Yamahakka	IX	p	n	h	v	z	t	_	1	_	?
		Isodon longitubus	Akichouji	IX	p	n	h	v	z	ŧ	_	_	_	?
	lam1	Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina	Utsubogusa	VI-VIII	p	n	h	v	z	t	_	23	C9	small bee
		Isodon trichocarpa	Hikiokoshi	X	p	n	h	v	z	t	_	_	-	?
Scrophulariales		,			•									·
Scrophulariaceae		Melampyrum roseum var. japonicum	Mamakona	VIII	a	n	h	rv	z	t	-	_	-	?
		Veronica arvensis	Tachiinunofuguri	V	a	a	h	b	z	0	-	-	-	?
	scrl	Veronica rotunda var. petiolata	Himetoranoo	VIII	р	n	h	v	z	0	-	6	C10	small bee
Orobanchaceae		Aeginetia sinensis	Oonanbangiseru	VIII	a	n	h	rv	a	f	-	_	_	?
Acanthaceae		Phryma leptostachya var. asiatica	Haedokusou	VII	р	n	h	w	z	0	_	_	_	?
Campanulales					•									
Campanulaceae	caml	Adenophora triphylla	Saiyoushajin	VIII	р	n	h	v	a	c	-	4	C9	Bombus
	cam3	Codonopsis lanceolata	Tsuruninjin	IX	c	n	h	w/br	a	c	_	1	C5	wasp
		Campanula punctata	Hotarubukuro	VII-VIII	p	n	h	w	a	f	-	-	-	? ^
Rubiales														
Rubiaceae	rubl	Galium japonicum	Kurumamugura	V	p	n	h	w	a	o	-	1	-	?
	rub2	Galium verum	Kibanakawaramatsuba	VII-VIII	p	n	h	У	a	o	-	5	C10	small bee
	rub3	Paederia scandens	Hekusokazura	VIII	С	n	h	w	a	c	-	1	C11	small bee
		Pseudopyxis depressa	Inamorisou	VI	р	n	h	р	a	0	-	-	-	?
Dipsacales					_			•						
Caprifoliaceae	capl	Abelia serrata	Kotsukubaneutsugi	V	S	n	h	w	a	f	-	18	C2	Apis
	cap5	Viburnum dilatatum	Gamazumi	VI	S	n	h	w	a	o	-	17	C1	small bee
	cap3	Viburnum erosum var. punctatum	Kobanogamazumi	V	S	n	h	W	a	0	-	4	C7	small bee
	cap6	Weigela decora	Nishikiutsugi	VI	s	n	h	$w \rightarrow p$	a	f	-	20	C4	Bombus
								•						

	cap2	Weigela japonica	Tsukushiyabuutsugi	V	s	n	h	w→p	a	f	-	13	C4	Bombus
Valerianaceae	val3	Patrinia scabiosaefolia	Ominaeshi	IX	p	n	h	у .	a	o	-	1	-	?
, 41011411414	val2	Patrinia villosa	Otokoeshi	VIII-IX	p	n	h	w	a	o	-	2	-	?
	val 1	Valeriana fauriei	Kanokosou	V-VI	p	n	h	p	a	0	-	5	C7	Syrphidae
Asterales	, 41. 1	, the same jets to			•									
Asteraceae		Achillea alpina var. brevidens	Asonokogirisou	VII	p	n	h	w	a	h	VU	-	-	?
risteraceae	ast13	Anaphalis margaritacea var. angustifolia	Hosobanoyamahahako	VIII	p	n	h	w/y	a	h	-	3	-	?
		Aster ageratoides ssp. Leiophyllus	Shiroyomena	IX	p	n	h	w/y	a	h	-	7	C11	small bee
	ast21	Aster fastigiatus	Himeshion	VIII	p	n	h	w/y	a	h	-	-	-	?
	ast 10	Aster scaber	Shirayamagiku	VIII-IX	p	n	h	w	a	h	-	3	-	?
	astro	Atractylodes japonica	Okera	IX	p	n	h	w	a	h	_	-		?
	ast3	Cirsium japonicum	Noazami	VI-VIII	p	n	h	v	a	h	_	97	C1	Bombus
	asis	Cirsium lineare	Yanagiazami	X	p	n	h	v	a	h	-	-	_	?
	act16	Cirsium suffultum	Tsukushiazami	VIII-X	p	n	h	v	a	h	_	55	C4	Bombus
	ast10	Eupatorium chinense	Hiyodoribana	VIII	p	n	h	р	a	h	_	2	_	?
	ast15		Higotai	VIII-IV	p	n	h	v	a	h	EN	16	C4	Bombus
	ast5	Erigeron annuus	Himejoon	VI-VII	a	a	h	w/y	a	h	-	15	C1	small bee
	ast4	Erigeron annuas Erigeron philadelphicus	Harujoon	VI	р	a	h	w/y	a	h	_	1	-	?
	ast+	Eupatorium lindleyanum	Sawahiyodori	IX	p	n	h	p	a	h	_	-	-	?
		Gnaphalium affine	Hahakogusa	VIII	p	n	h	y	a	h	_	_	-	?
	act22	Heteropappus hispidus	Yamajinogiku	IX	a	n	h	v	a	h	-	8	C10	small bee
	astzz	Inula ciliaris	Mizugiku	VIII	p	n	h	у	a	h	-	-	_	?
	act1/1	Inula japonica	Oguruma	VIII	р	n	h	y	a	h	-	2	_	?
	ast20	- ·	Kasensou	IX	p	n	h	у	a	h	_	1	_	?
	ast1	Ixeris dentata	Nigana	V	D	n	h	y	a	h	_	18	C7	small bee
	ast8	Ligularia fischerii var. takeyuki	Asotakarakou	VII-VIII	D	n	h	y	a	h	VU	9	C9	Syrphidae
		Ligularia japonica	Hankaisou	VII-VIII	р	n	h	у	a	h	-	17	C9	Bombus
	asio	Prenanthes acerifolia	Fukuousou	VIII	р	n	h	w	a	h	_	_	-	?
	ost 1.2	Saussurea gracilis	Hokuchiazami	VIII-IX	р	n	h	p	a	h	_	4	C10	small bee
	astiz	ě .	Himehigotai	X	a	n	h	p	a	h	VU	_	_	?
	2217	Saussurea pulchella	Kirishimahigotai	IX	р	n	h	p	a	h	_	13	C3	Apis
		Saussurea yanagisawae var. nivea	Okaoguruma	V	p	n	h	y	a	h	_	1	-	?
	ast2	Senecio pierotii	Akinokirinsou	IX	р	n	h	y	a	h	_	10	C1	small bee
	ast18	•	Habayamabokuchi	X	р	n	h	br	a	h	_	3	C12	Bombus
	ast25	Synurus excelsus	Habayamabokucm	Λ	Р	11	11	OI.	и			3	0.2	201110110

Arecidae Arales

Araceae Commelinidae	ara l	Arisaema japonicum	Mamushigusa	IV-VI	p	n	d	g	a	sx	-	17	С2	other Diptera
Juncales														
Juncaceae	junl	Luzula capitata	Suzumenoyari	V	р	n	h	br	a	s		1		?
Cyperales	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	o we will of wil	•	Р		**	O1	а	3	_	1	-	£
Poaceae		Cymbopogon tortilis var. goeringii	Ogarukaya	X	р	n	h	br	a	s	_	_	_	?
Liliidae			0 ,		Г			٠.	-	5				•
Liliales														
Liliaceae	lil9	Aletris luteoviridis	Nogiran	VII	р	n	h	w	a	0	_	1	C11	small bee
	lil13	Allium thunbergii	Yamarakkyou	IX-X	p	n	h	rv	a	0	_	6	C7	Bombus
	li15	Asparagus schoberioides	Kijikakushi	V	p	n	d	g	a	0	-	1	-	?
	lil6	Chionographis japonica	Shiraitosou	V-VI	p	n	h	w	a	b	_	7	C7	Syrphidae
	lil8	Hemerocallis vespertina	Yuusuge	VII-VIII	р	n	h	у	a	f	_	8	C4	hawkmoth
		Hosta albo-marginata	Kobagiboushi	VIII	p	n	h	v	a	f	_	_	_	?
	lil12	Lilium leichtlinii var. maximowiczii	Kooniyuri	VIII	p	n	h	o	a	f	_	1	C9	butterfly
	lil10	Veratrum maackii var. maackii	Hosobashurosou	VIII	p	n	m	br	a	o	-	5	C8	Calyptrata
Iridaceae	iri l	Iris rossii	Ehimeayame	IV-VI	p	n	h	v	Z	t	-	9	C6	Tetralonia
Dioscoreaceae	diol	Dioscorea asclepiadea	Tsukushitachidokoro	V	c	n	d	g	a	0	EN	1	_	2
Orchidales										_		_		•
Orchidaceae	orc1	Cephalanthera falcata	Kinran	V	p	n	h	У	Z	С	VU	7	_	?
		Epipactis thunbergii	Kakiran	VII	p	n	h	o	z	o	_	_	-	?
		Platanthera japonica	Tsuresagisou	VI	p	n	h	w	Z	sp	-	_	_	?
MB, month when	a plant b	looming	-			_		-						

² GH, growing habitat: a, annual; c, climbing perennial; p, perennial; l, liana; s, shrub; t, tree

³ N, nativity: a, alien; c, cultivated; n, native

⁴BS, breeding system: d, dioecious; h, hermaphrodite; m, monoecious

⁵ FC, flower color: b, blue; br, brown; c, cream; g, green; o, orange; p, pink; rv, reddish violet; v, violet; w, white; y, yellow; w/y, white and yellow; w p, white turn pink

⁶ FS, flower / inflorescence symmetry: a, actinomorphic; z, zygomorphic

⁷ FM, flower morphology: a, apetalous; b, brush; c, cup/bell-shaped; ct, catkins; f, funnelform; h, head; o, open regular; p, papilionaceous; s, spikelet; sp, long-spurred; sx, spadix; t, tubular

⁸ RD, IUCN Red Data Book Category: EN, Endangered; VU, Vulnerable (Environment agency of Japan, 2000)

⁹ NV, number of flower visitors

¹⁰ CL, cluster detected by an analysis of flower visitor spectra (see Fig. 10)

¹¹ PA, pollination agents

2. Flowering phenology

Flowering was observed from April to October. The number of plant species in flower remained between 23 and 28 from May to September, with no clear peak flowering period (Fig. 3). The number of flowering perennial species reained higher than 12, except for October, and was higher in the fall than in the spring. Flowering shrubs and trees began in the spring, peaked in June, and decreased suddenly in July. Spectacular mass-flowering was observed in Viola orientalis in April (Plate 4C), in Hemerocallis vespertina (Plate 5B) and Echinops septifer in August (Plate 5D).

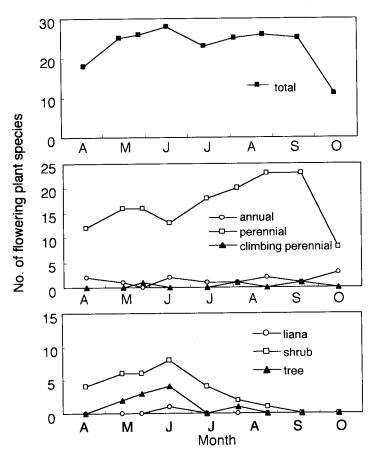


Fig. 3. Seasonal changes in the number of flowering plant species at each sampling date at Mt. Yufu. Plant species are sorted by their habits: annual, perennial, climbing perennial, liana, shrub and tree.

3. The Flower-visiting insect community

3.1 Fauna

A total of 1192 individuals from 308 species, 83 families, and 10 orders were observed on the flowers of 101 plant species (Table 3, Appendix 1). The most represented order (in numbers of individuals) was Hymenoptera (37.8% of individuals), followed by Diptera (32.5%), Coleoptera (22.7%), Lepidoptera (6.2%), and others (Fig. 4). The order represented by the greatest number of species was Diptera (40.3%), followed by Hymenoptera (31.8%), Coleoptera (16.2%), and Lepidoptera (8.4%).

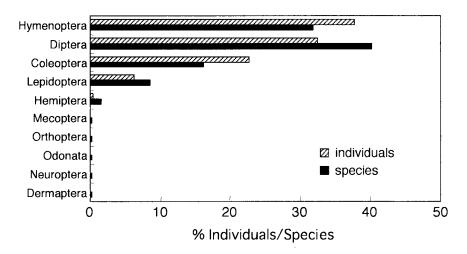


Fig. 4. The percentages of insect species and individuals in orders.

3.2 Hymenoptera

A total of 18 families, 98 species, and 450 individuals were recorded. The most abundant Hymenoptera superfamily was Apoidea sensu stricto (85.3%), followed by Vespoidea (7.1%), Ichneumonoidea (4.9%), Tenthredinoidea (1.3%), and Chalcidoidea (1.3%). In Apoidea, 7 families, 56 species, and 384 individuals were recorded.

The most abundant family in Apoidea was Apidae (40.8% of individuals), followed by Anthophoridae (22.1%), Andrenidae (18.9%), Halictidae (16.3%), Megachilidae (1.3%), and Colletidae (0.5%). The family with the greatest number of species was Halictidae (18 sp.), followed by Andrenidae (15 sp.), Anthophoridae (11 sp.), Apidae (5 sp.), Megachilidae (4 sp.), and Colletidae (1 sp.).

The most abundant genus of Apoidea was *Bombus* (30.7% of individuals), followed by *Andrena* (18.9%), *Lasioglossum* (16.3%), *Ceratina* (15.7%), *Apis* (10.1%), and *Tetralonia* (4.8%) (Table 4). Excluding cleptoparasitic species, 267 and 101 individual undergroundnesting and cavity-nesting bees were found, belonging to 38 and 9 species, respectively.

Table 3. A list of insect families collected or observed on flowers at Mt. Yufu, with their larval/adult feeding habits, numbers and percentages of species and individuals.

Order	Insect family	Larval	Adult	Spec	cies	Indiv	idual
Oldel	msect family	feeding habit*	feeding habit*	No.	%	No.	%
Odonata							
	ibellulidae	pr	pr	1	0.32	1	0.08
Orthopte		_	_				
	ettigoniidae	ph	ph	1	0.32	1	0.08
Dermapt					0.00		0.00
	orficulidae	S	p	1	0.32	1	0.08
Hemipte					0.00	,	0.00
	icaniidae	ph	ph	1	0.32	1	0.08
	Peltocephalidae	ph	ph	2	0.65	2	0.17
	ingidae	ph	ph	1 1	0.32	1 1	0.08
	ygaeidae	ph	ph	1	0.32	1	0.08
Neuropte	cra Chrysopidae			1	0.22	1	0.08
Coleopte		pr	pr	1	0.32	1	0.08
Coleopie	taphylinidae	ph,o	ph,o	1	0.32	43	3.61
	carabaeidae		* ·	8	2.60	38	3.19
	uprestidae	ph	p,ph	1	0.32	30 1	0.08
	lateridae	x x,ph	p,ph	4	1.30	5	0.08
	Cantharidae	pr	p pr	7	2.27	16	1.34
	litidulidae	ph ph		2	0.65	4	0.34
	Tryptophagidae	ph	p p	1	0.32	1	0.08
	yturidae	ph	p p	2	0.65	3	0.25
	Coccinellidae	pr	p,pr	1	0.32	1	0.08
	1ordellidae	ph	p,pr	2	0.65	8	0.67
	Pedemeridae	pr	p,pr	1	0.32	22	1.85
	craptiidae	ph	p,p.	2	0.65	3	0.25
	agriidae	ph	p	ī	0.32	1	0.08
	lleculidae	ph	p	î	0.32	1	0.08
	Cerambycidae	X	p	3	0.97	4	0.34
	Chrysomelidae	ph	p,ph	8	2.60	61	5.12
	ttelabidae	X	ph	ī	0.32	1	0.08
C	Curculionidae	x,ph	p,ph	4	1.30	57	4.78
Hymeno		7	1 /1				
	enthredinidae	ph	n,pr	6	1.95	6	0.50
	raconidae	ps	n	10	3.25	11	0.92
Id	chneumonidae	ps	n	11	3.57	11	0.92
P	teromalidae	ps	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
	erilampidae	ps	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
E	ulophidae	ps	n	2	0.65	4	0.34
S	coliidae	ps	n	3	0.97	16	1.34
	ormicidae	pr	n,pr	4	1.30	10	0.84
P	ompilidae	pr	pr	1	0.32	1	0.08
E	lumenidae	pr	n,pr	1	0.32	1	0.08
	'espidae	pr	n,pr	2	0.65	4	0.34
	phecidae	pr	n,pr	2	0.65	9	0.76
C	Colletidae	n,p	n,p	1	0.32	2	0.17

Halictidae	n,p	n,p	18	5.84	61	5.12
Andrenidae	n,p	n,p	15	4.87	71	5.96
Megachilidae	n,p	n,p	4	1.30	5	0.42
Anthophoridae	n,p	n,p	11	3.57	83	6.96
Apidae	n,p	n,p	5	1.62	153	12.84
Mecoptera						
Panorpidae	S	o	1	0.32	2	0.17
Diptera						
Tipulidae	s,aq	n	5	1.62	5	0.42
Culicidae	aq	n,b	1	0.32	1	0.08
Chironomidae	aq	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Ceratopagonidae	aq	pr	4	1.30	6	0.50
Bibionidae	S	n	8	2.60	56	4.70
Cecidomyiidae	ph	m	1	0.32	1	0.08
Mycetophilidae	m	n	11	3.57	12	1.01
Sciaridae	s,m	n	7	2.27	7	0.59
Acroceridae	ps	n	1	0.32	18	1.51
Bombyliidae	ps	n	1	0.32	10	0.84
Asilidae	pr	n,pr	1	0.32	2	0.17
Empididae	pr	n,pr	11	3.57	15	1.26
Pipunculidae	ps	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Syrphidae	s,pr	n,p	30	9.74	122	10.23
Conopidae	ps	'n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Tephritidae	ph	n	2	0.65	3	0.25
Sepsidae	s	s,n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Lauxaniidae	S	'n	2	0.65	3	0.25
Agromyzidae	ph	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Chloropidae	ph	n	2	0.65	2	0.17
Drosophilidae	ph	n	2	0.65	2	0.17
Sphaeroceridae	s	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Anthomyiidae	ph	n	8	2.60	46	3.86
Muscidae	s	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Calliphoridae	S	n	6	1.95	38	3.19
Sarcophagidae	s	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Tachinidae	ps	n	13	4.22	30	2.52
Lepidoptera	•					
Încurvariidae	ph	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Tortricidae	ph	n	2	0.65	2	0.17
Zygaenidae	ph	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Thyrididae	ph	n	1	0.32	1	0.08
Hesperiidae	ph	n	4	1.30	24	2.01
Papilionidae	ph	n	2	0.65	8	0.67
Pieridae	ph	n	1	0.32	4	0.34
Lycaenidae	ph	n	2	0.65	7	0.59
Nymphalidae	ph	n	7	2.27	21	1.76
Sphingidae	ph	n	4	1.30	4	0.34
Lymantriidae	0	-	1	0.32	1	0.08
Total			308	100.00	1192	100.00
			500		/2	

^{*} aq, aquatic scavebger/predator; b, blood-sucker; m, mycophagous; n, nectarivorous; o, omnivorous; p, pollenivorous; ph, phytophagous; pr, predatory; ps, parasitic; s, saprophagous; x, xylophagous

Family	Subfamily	Genus	Body Size*	Nest Site	No. of species	No. of individuals
Colletidae	Colletinae	Colletes	S	underground	1	2
Halictidae	Halictinae	Lasioglossum	S	underground	18	61
Andrenidae	Andreninae	Andrena	S	underground	15	71
Megachilidae	Megachilinae	Coelioxys	m	cleptoparasitic	1	1
Anthophoridae		Megachile	m	in cavities	3	4
	Nomadinae	Nomada	S	cleptoparasitic	6	6
	Anthophorinae	Tetralonia	m	underground	1	18
Apidae	Xylocopinae	Ceratina	s	in cavities	4	59
	Bombinae	Bombus	l	underground	3	115
	Apinae	Apis	m	in tree hollows	2	38
Total					54	375

Table 4. A list of bee genera recorded at Mt. Yufu, with their size class, nest site and relative abundance.

Nine eusocial bee species were found: Lasioglossum apristum, L. sibiriacum, L. baleicum (Halictidae), Ceratina iwatai (Anthophoridae), 3 species of Bombus, and 2 species of Apis (Apidae). Long-tongued bees were proportionally more abundant (64.3%) than short-tongued bees (35.7%). The bee fauna was characterized by the absence of wood-boring Xylocopa..

Four species of *Ceratina* were found. *Ceratina japonica* and *C. megastigmata* were common (45.8% and 37.3% of individuals, respectively), while *C. flavipes* and *C. iwatai* were uncommon (15.3% and 1.7%, respectively).

The most abundant *Bombus* species was *B. ignitus* (48.7% of individuals), followed by *B. diversus* (29.6%) and *B. ardens* (21.7%). No queens were collected from these three species. All *B. diversus* individuals were workers, but males of *B. ardens* (72%) and *B. ignitus* (37%) were found. During the field surveys, a living colony of *B. ignitus* was found at the forest edge, neighboring a grassland.

3.3 Diptera

A total of 387 individuals, of 124 species, and 27 families were recorded (Table 3). The most abundant group was syrphid flies (31.5% of all individuals), followed by Calyptrata flies (30.0%). Dominant families were Syrphidae (31.5%), Bibionidae (14.5%), Anthomyiidae (11.9%), Calliphoridae (9.8%), Tachinidae (7.8%), Acroceridae (4.7%), Empididae (3.9%), Mycetophilidae (3.1%), and Bombyliidae (2.6%).

The most species rich families were Syrphidae (24.2% of species), Tachinidae (10.5%), Empididae (8.9%), Mycetophilidae (8.9%), Anthomyiidae (6.5%), Bibionidae (6.5%), Sciaridae (5.6%), Calliphoridae (4.8%), and Tipulidae (4.0%).

3.4 Coleoptera

^{*: 1,} large; m, middle-sized; s, small.

A total of 270 individuals from 18 families were recorded (Table 3). The most abundant family was Chrysomelidae (22.6% of individuals), followed by Curculionidae (21.1%), Staphylinidae (15.9%), Scarabaeidae (14.1%), Oedemeridae (8.1%), Cantharidae (5.9%), and Mordellidae (3.0%).

3.5 Lepidoptera

A total of 74 individuals from 11 families were recorded (Table 3). The most abundant family was Hesperiidae (32.4% of individuals), followed by Nymphalidae (28.4%), Papilionidae (10.8%), and Lycaenidae (9.5%). Butterflies accounted for 86.5% of all individuals. Sphingidae was the most abundant type of moth.

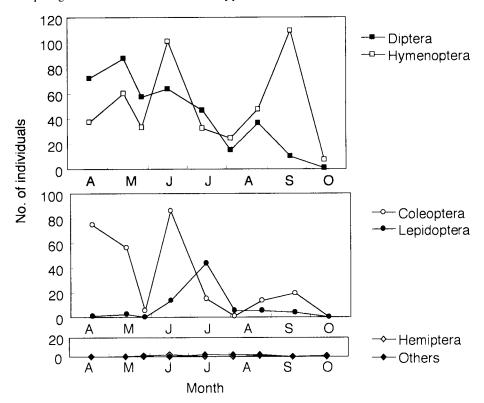


Fig. 5. Seasonal changes in the number of insects observed on flowers at each sampling data. Insects are sorted by order.

4. Phenology of flower visitors

4.1 Order

The number of Hymenoptera individuals peaked three times, in early May, mid June, and mid September. Numbers of Diptera peaked in May, and then decreased gradually, peaking again, weakly, in September (Fig. 5). The number of Coleoptera individuals peaked in the spring and in June, but the number was low in other months. Lepidoptera numbers showed a clear peak in July.

4.2 Anthophilous bee genera

The three bee genera, Andrena, Nomada, and Tetralonia, appeared almost exclusively from April to June. Other dominant bee genera, Lasioglossum, Ceratina, Bombus, and Apis, showed bimodal patterns, peaking in June/July and in September (Fig. 6). The three less abundant genera, Megachile, Coelioxys, and Colletes, peaked in June, July, and August, respectively.

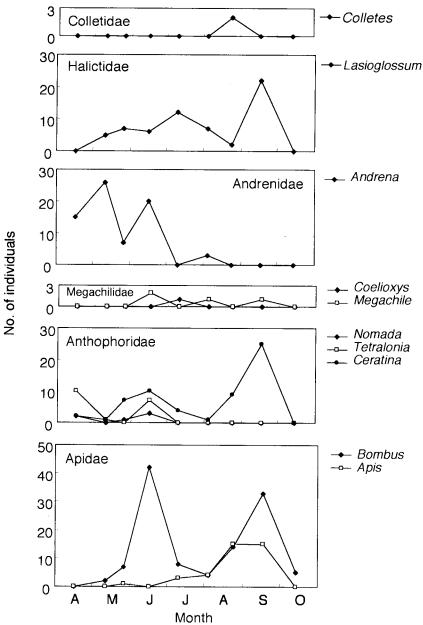


Fig. 6. Seasonal changes in the number of bee genera observed on flowers at each sampling data.

4.3 Bombus species

Bombus ardens appeared in May and disappeared before the summer (Fig. 7). B. diversus appeared in May and was active until October, peaking in June and September. B. ignitus appeared in June and was active until October, with worker peaks in June and August/September, and a male peak in September.

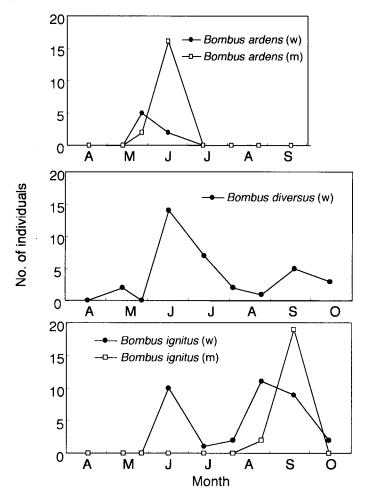


Fig. 7. Seasonal changes in the number of *Bombus* individuals observed on flowers at each sampling date. Solid and open circles denote worker and male, respectively

5. Anthophilous insect communities on individual plant species

5.1 Principal component analysis

The anthophilous insect community per plant species varied greatly. To explain this variance, a principal component analysis was conducted. Insects were classified into 15 groups: *Bombus*, *Apis*, small bees, Megachilidae, *Tetralonia*, wasps, Scoliidae, other

Hymenoptera, syrphid flies, Calyptrata flies, other Diptera, butterflies, moths, Coleoptera, and other miscellaneous insects. The percentages of these 15 groups found on each plant species were defined as the flower-visitor spectrum of each plant species.

The flower visitor spectra of 70 plant species were used in the principal component analysis. Eigenvectors of 1st, 2nd, and 3rd principal components for each insect group are shown in Fig. 8. The major trend involved alternation of dominant insect groups between [other Hymenoptera + Calyptrata fly + other Diptera] and [Megachilidae + Bombus + syrphid fly]. The variance of the first principal component, PC1, contributed to 11.2% of the total variance. The second factor corresponded to the dominance of [Bombus + butterfly + moth + others] over the small bee group (PC2, 10.5%). The third factor was primarily related to alternation between [syrphid fly + Calyptrata fly] and [Bombus + Tetralonia + Coleoptera] (PC3, 8.7%). The cumulative percentages of variance of the first three principal components were 30.4%, suggesting that additional factors also contributed to the total variance.

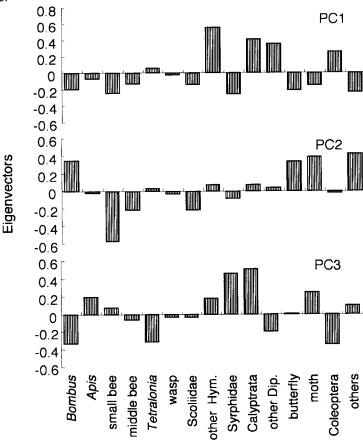


Fig. 8. A result of principal component analysis of flower-visitor spectra of 70 plant species. Eigenvectors of the first three principal components calculated for each visitor group are shown.

Scatter plots of loadings on PC1 and PC2 (Fig. 9) show that most apetalous flowers had positive loadings on PC1, whereas many head, and all papilionaceous, flowers had negative loadings on PC1. Loadings of funnel-form flowers were positive or close to zero on PC2. Loadings of tubular flowers were negative on PC3.

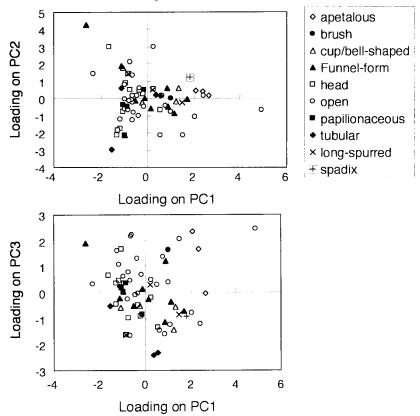


Fig. 9. Scattering graphs obtained by principal component analysis of flower-visitor spectra of 70 plant species. The loadings of the second and the third principal components (PC2 and PC3) are plotted against those of the first principal components (PC1). Plots refer to plant species discriminated by flower shape. Eigenvectors of the axes are shown in Fig. 8.

5.1 Cluster analysis

The flower-visitor spectra were also subjected to cluster analysis. The dendrogram derived from the cluster analysis using Ward's minimum variance method is shown in Fig. 10. At 20% of objective function, 70 plant species were divided into 12 clusters.

Cluster 1 (C1) was composed of 10 plant species, which were visited mainly by Coleoptera and, with two exceptions (*Lindera sericea* and *Prunus jamasakura*), also by small bees. Most plant species in C1 were visited by various groups of insects, and flower shapes were primarily open or head, with the exceptions of *Viola orientalis* and *Pieris japonica*.

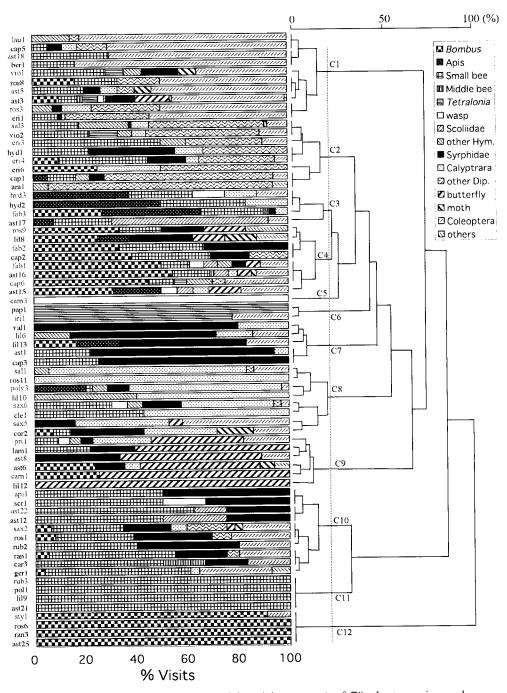


Fig. 10. Flower-visitor spectra (sorted by visitor group) of 70 plant species and dendrogram (right) derived from cluster analysis on the flower-visitor spectra. Plant species codes are shown in Table 2.

C2 was composed of 8 plant species, which were visited by miscellaneous insects, including the other Diptera group. Except for *Arisaema japonicum*, which was visited mainly by other Diptera, the other plant species in C2 were also visited by a few groups of bee species and various other groups of insects. There were three species with funnel-form flowers, two of which, *Rhododendron kiusuanum* and *Rhododendron reticulatum*, were predominantly visited by bee groups. *Viola grypoceras* was visited by long-tongued solitary bees (*Tetralonia*) and had a long-spurred flower.

C3 was composed of 4 plant species, visited mainly by *Apis* and the small bee group. Only *Lespedeza bicolor*, with a papilionaceous flower shape, was visited by *Bombus*. The other plant species had open or head-shaped flowers.

C4 was composed of 8 plant species, characterized by a predominance of *Bombus*, *Apis* and small bee visitors. Five plant species were also visited by butterflies. *Weigela decora*, with a funnel-form flower shape, was visited by long-tongued solitary bees (*Tetralonia*).

C5 contained only Codonopsis lanceolata, visited only by vespid wasps.

C6 was composed of 2 species, *Corydalis lineariloba* and *Iris rossii*, characterized by the predominance of long-tongued solitary bee visitors (*Tetralonia*). These two plant species bloomed in early spring and had tubular flowers.

C7 was composed of 5 plant species and was characterized by the predominance of Syrphidae. Except for *Valeriana fauriei* and *Chionographis japonica*, the plant species were visited by all groups of bees.

C8 was composed of 8 plant species and was characterized by the predominance of Calyptrata flies. Four plant species had white flowers, 2 species had brown flowers, 1 species had green flowers, and 1 species had pink flowers. Half of the species were visited by bee group(s). Salix vulpina and Chionographis japonica had apetalous flowers and were visited mainly by Calyptrata.

C9 was composed of 6 species and was characterized by the predominance of butterflies. Some of the 6 plant species were also visited by bee groups.

C10 was composed of 10 plant species, which were mainly visited by small bees. Most were also visited by syrphid flies. Many had open or head-shaped flowers. The tubular flowers of *Dianthus superbus* var. *longicalycinus*, and the funnel-form flowers of *Deutzia crenata*, were also visited by long-tongued bees (Megachilidae and *Bombus*, respectively).

C11 was composed of 4 plant species, predominantly visited by small bees. Flower types were various, such as papilionaceous, cup/bell-shaped, head, and open. Flower colors were white (3 sp.) or violet (1 sp.).

C12 was composed of 4 plant species, which were almost exclusively visited by *Bombus*. The cluster included three flower types: pendent rotate flowers with abundant pollen and nectar (*Styrax japonica* and *Rubus phoenicolasius*), deep flowers with long spurs (*Aconitum japonicum* ssp. *napiform*), or deep flowers with floral tubes (*Synurus excelsus*).

5.2 Pollination guilds

The dominant flower visitor per plant species was not always the pollinator. Actual pollinators were inferred by examination of the flower-visitor communities, behavior of the flower visitors, pollen attachment on visitor's bodies, and floral morphology. Among the flower visitors, the following hierarchy in the contribution to pollination was hypothesized:

(*Tetralonia*, *Bombus*) > middle-sized bee > *Apis* > hawkmoth > small bee > butterfly > Syrphidae > Calyptrata fly > Coleoptera > other Hymenoptera > other groups

Thus, the insects of higher pollination status could be regarded as more effective pollinators than those of lower status, as long as the frequency of flower visitation by the pollination candidate was not too low. For several clusters (i.e., C4, C5, C6, C11, and C12), the dominant visitors were regarded as pollinators. For each plant species in other clusters, an effective pollinator group was determined from the visitor assemblage following the above hierarchy. Using this procedure, 71 plant species were classified into the following pollination guilds: *Bombus-*, *Apis-*, small bee (*Nomada, Ceratina, Colletes, Lasioglossum, Andrena*)-, megachilid-, *Tetralonia-*, wasp-, syrphid fly-, Calyptrata fly-, other Diptera-, butterfly-, hawkmoth-, and wind-pollinated guilds.

The dominant pollination syndrome was melittophily (i.e., bee-pollination, 57 species, 81%), followed by myophily (i.e., fly-pollination, 10 species, 14%), psychophily (i.e., butterfly-pollinated, 1 species, 1.4%), phalaenophily (i.e., moth-pollinated, 1 species, 1.4%), and anemophily (1 species, 1.4%). Of the melittophilous species, small-bee-pollinated species (45%) dominated, followed by *Bombus*- (36%), *Apis*- (8.6%), *Tetralonia*- (6.9%), Megachilid- (1.7%), and wasp- (1.7%) pollinated species.

6. Floral hosts of anthophilous insects

The plant species most frequently utilized by insects was Cirsium japonicum (8.1% of all visits), followed by Salix sieboldiana (7.4%), Pieris japonica (5,9%), Cirsium suffultum (4.6%), and Lespedeza bicolor (3.4%).

The plant family most frequently visited by bees was Asteraceae (29.6% of individuals), followed by Fabaceae (13.6%), Caprifoliaceae (6.9%), Ericaceae (5.9%), and Saxifragaceae (5.6%).

The host plant species varied greatly among insect families, genera, and species. The plant family most frequently visited by *Lasioglossum* bees was Asteraceae (36.1% of individuals), followed by Ranunculaceae (13.1%). The plant family most frequently visited by *Andrena* was Saxifragaceae (25.4%), followed by Ericaceae (19.7%), and Violaceae (8.5%). *Ceratina* preferred to visit Asteraceae (32.2%), Geraniaceae (22.0%), and Fabaceae (16.9%).

The plant family most frequented by *Bombus* was Asteraceae (45.2%), followed by Fabaceae (18.3%), Caprifoliaceae (12.2%), and Styracaceae (8.7%). *B. diversus* (a total of 34 individuals) visited 13 plant species, whereas *B. ardens* (25 individuals) and *B. ignitus* (56 individuals) visited 9 and 10 plant species, respectively. The number of individuals per floral host species was highest for *B. ignitus* (5.6%), followed by *B. ardens* (2.8%), and *B.*

diversus (2.6%). A floral host family common to three *Bombus* species was Rosaceae, whereas floral host families common only to *B. diversus* and *B. ignitus* were Fabaceae, Asteraceae, and Liliaceae. Flower colors of *Bombus*-visited plant species were violet (7 species), white (7 species), pink (5 species), yellow (4 species), red-violet (2 species), brown (1 species), and cream (1 species).

The plant family most frequently visited by *Apis* was Fabaceae (42.1%), followed by Polygonaceae (18.4%) and Hydrangeaceae (15.8%). *Apis cerana* (A total of 7 individuals) visited only 2 plant species, both of which were also visited by *Apis mellifera* (A total of 31 individuals).

Discussion

This is the first report on community-level plant-pollinator interactions in a grassland ecosystem in Japan. Characteristics of floral phenology, anthophilous insect community, and plant-pollinator interactions at Mt. Yufu were compared with those from various other climatic regions with different vegetation types.

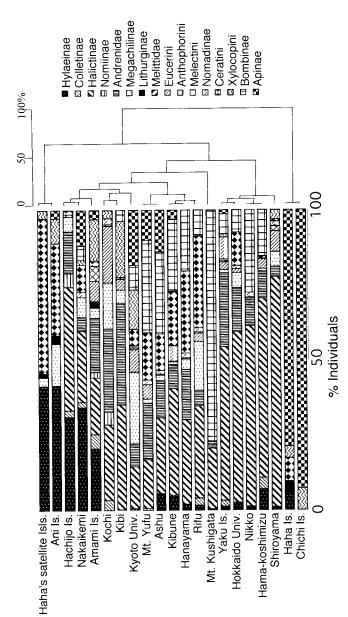
1. Flowering phenology

At Mt. Yufu, the total number of flowering species did not show a clear decrease from May to September. This contrast with the forested habitats in temperate zones in Japan where the number of blooming plant species decrease during mid-summer (Inoue et al., 1990; Kato et al., 1990; Kato et al., 1993). Generally, the mid-summer decrease of flowers is mainly caused by early finishing of flowering by tree and shrub species. The lack of the mid-summer decrease of flowers at Mt. Yufu is probably due to the low species richness of trees and shrubs and to the high species richness of mid-summer flowering perennials at grassland habitats.

2. Anthophilous insect community

The dominance of Hymenoptera, in terms of the number of individuals, and the dominance of Diptera, in terms of the number of species, in anthophilous insect communities were also seen in forested habitats at Ashu (Kato et al., 1990), Kibune (Inoue et al., 1990), and Mt. Kushigata (Kato et al., 1993). However, in the grasslands, the proportions of Coleoptera were lower, and those of Lepidoptera were higher, than in these forested habitats. This pattern suggests that many anthophilous beetles depend on forests in their larval stages, and that anthophilous butterflies (especially Nymphalidae) are associated with grassland-specific perennials (especially *Viola* spp.) in their larval stages.

The bee fauna at Mt. Yufu was characterized by the absence of cavity-nesting *Hylaeus* and *Xylocopa*, probably due to a scarcity of nest sites and the effects of artificial fires. The bee community at Mt. Yufu was generally similar to that of temperate forests at Ashu, Kibune, Hanayama, and Rifu (Fig. 11). The predominance of *Tetralonia* in the spring was characteristic at Mt. Yufu, and corresponded to the abundance of plant species pollinated by



(Kato, 2000), Hachijo Is. (Takahashi, 1990), Ani Is., Haha's satellite islands, Chichi Is. and Haha Is. (Kato, 1992). Apis was koshimizu (Fukuda et al., 1973), Botanical garden of Hokkaido University in Sapporo (Sakagami and Fukuda, 1973), Rifu and Hanayama in Miyagi Pref. (Go'ukon, 1992), Nikko in Gunma Pref. (Nakamura and Matsumura, 1985), Mt. Kushigata in Yamanashi Pref. (Kato et al., 1993), Ashu (Kato et al., 1990), Kibune (Inoue et al., 1990), Botanical garden of Kyoto University (Kakutani et al., 1990), in Kyoto Pref., Nakaikemi in Fukui Pref. (Kato and Miura, 1996), Kibi in Wakayama Pref. (Matsuura et al., 1972), Kochi (Ikudome, 1978), Shiroyama in Kagoshima Pref. (Ikudome, 1992), Yaku Is. (Yumoto, 1994), Amami Islands. excluded from the analyses at Hamakoshimizu, Hokkaido Univ., Rifu, Hanayama, Nikko, Hachijo, Kibi, Kochi and Shiroyama. Fig. 11. A comparison of relative abundance of bee tribes among 21 localities in Japan. Data source are as follows: Hama-

Tetralonia bees.

The *Bombus* fauna at Mt. Yufu was characterized by the predominance of *B. ignitus*, rare in forested habitats, and by the absence of *B. hypocrita* and *B. honshuensis*, abundant in forested habitats (Fig. 12). *B. ignitus* has short, velvet-like hairs, and is probably adapted to flight in sunny habitats, such as grasslands. Since the proboscis length of *B. ignitus* is similar to that of *B. hypocrita*, but much shorter than *B. diversus* (Inoue and Kato, 1992), competition between the former two short-tongued bumblebee species would have resulted in the absence of *H. hypocrita* at Mt. Yufu.

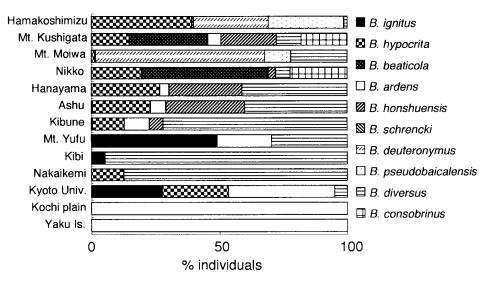


Fig. 12. A comparison of relative abundance of *Bombus* species among 13 localities in Japan. Localities are arranged according to a climatic cline. Data source are as follows: Hama-koshimizu (Fukuda et al., 1973), Mt. Moiwa (Sakagami et al., 1974), Hanayama (Go'ukon, 1992), Nikko (Nakamura and Matsumura, 1985), Mt. Kushigata (Kato et al., 1993), Ashu (Kato et al., 1990), Kibune (Inoue et al., 1990), Botanical garden of Kyoto University (Kakutani et al., 1990)., Nakaikemi (Kato and Miura, 1996), Kibi (Matsuura et al., 1972), Kochi (Ikudome, 1978) and Yaku Is. (Yumoto, 1994).

3. Plant-pollinator interaction

A cluster analysis on flower-visitor spectra of 70 plant species detected 12 clusters (Fig. 10). Two plant species, *Corydalis lineariloba* and *Iris rossii* (Plate 4D), were almost exclusively visited by long-tongued *Tetralonia* bees. These plants had long-spurred or deep tubular flowers and bloomed in early spring, before bumblebees became abundant. The flower of *Iris rossii* is much smaller than those of other Japanese *Iris* species, which are pollinated by long-tongued bumblebees (i.e., *B. diversus*, *B. consobrinus*, *B. ussurensis*, and *B. yezoensis*). Mt. Yufu has an abundance of nest sites for *Tetralonia* bees, as they nest in sand in sunny habitats, such as riverbanks, seashores, and grasslands.

Scoliid wasps were frequent visitors to flowers of some asteraceous, such as Saussurea gracilis, Heteropappus hispidus and Echinops septifer (Plate 5G). As their body is covered with long hairs, scoliid wasps are potential pollinators of these flowers. The larvae of scoliid wasps are parasitoids of scarabaeid larvae, which infest roots of perennials; thus, scoliid wasps are abundant at seashores and grasslands, where scarabaeid larvae are abundant.

The pollination system of *Codonopsis lanceolata* was unique; only vespid wasps visited flowers of this species.

Flowers of 6 plant species were predominantly visited by butterfly. The percentage of butterfly-visited plant species (8.6%) was higher at Mt. Yufu than in any forested habitat. The dominant anthophilous butterflies were species of *Fabriciana* (Plate 5C) and *Argyronome* (Nymphalidae), whose larval host plants are grassland-specific *Viola* spp.

4. Conservation

Large areas of the Mt. Yufu grasslands are maintained by controlled burning in March. In these semi-natural grasslands, early flowering species, such as *Viola orientalis* (Plate 4E–F) and *Iris rossii* (Plate 4D) can get a lot of sunlight because the fire burns back the tall grasses and bamboo. Burning is advantageous to grassland-specific perennials because it excludes the competitively superior bamboo, shrubs and trees, and it offers sunny nest sites for some grassland-specific pollinators such as *Tetralonia*.

In the grasslands, there are mowed areas of exceptionally rich flora. Prior to burning, in September, the local people mow grasses along the forest edge, to prevent the fire from burning the neighboring forests. The growth of grasses in the mowed area is more restrained than in the areas where only controlled burning occurs. The mowed, unburned, areas are refuges for fire-intolerant plants and herbivores. The unburned grass shoots could be refuges for cavity-nesting bees. Thus, the balance between burning and mowing, and the mosaic of burned and unburned areas, could be important factors affecting the diversity of grassland plants and pollinators.

The grassland ecosystem at Mt. Yufu is a sanctuary for grassland-specific plants and insects. In the current surveys, an endangered butterfly, *Fabriciana nerippe*, was observed on the flower of *Lysimachia clethroides*. The life of this butterfly is tightly connected to grasslands, because its larval host plants are grassland-specific *Viola* spp., and the adult butterfly sucks nectar from *Cirsium* flowers, and probably pollinates them. The community-level plant-pollinator interactions recorded at Mt. Yufu will contribute to the conservation of natural grassland ecosystems.

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Appendix 1.

A List of Insect Species Recorded on Flowers of 101 Plant Species at Mt. Yufu in 2001.

Insect-visit records for each plant species are listed as follows: insect species, (family code: order code), date, and (number of individuals collected or observed). Plant taxa and insect taxa are arranged following the natural systems of Cronquist (1981) and Hirashima (1989), respectively. Insect order and family codes are abreviated as two and three head characters of each order and family name, respectively.

Lauraceae

Lindera sericea

Eusphalerum parallelym (Sta: Co) 16-18 Apr. (11); Anaspis sp.1 (Scr: Co) 16-18 Apr. (2); Manobidia nipponica (Chr: Co) 16-18 Apr. (9); sp.1 (Eul: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.2 (Eul: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (3); Drosophila sp.2 (Dro: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Ranunculaceae

Aconitum japonicum ssp. napiform

Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Cimicifuga acerina

Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (2); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Ranunculus japonicus

Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Ocd: Co) 11-16 May (3); Zypangia lewisi (Chr: Co) 11-16 May (1); Lasioglossum occidens (Hal: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.2 (Hal: Hy) 11-16 May (3), 26-29 May (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Andrena komachi (And: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Andrena kaguya (And: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Ceratina flavipes (Ant: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Euthyneura sp.1 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Melanastoma scalare (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1); Cheilosia sp.1 (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1); Platycheirus urakawensis (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1)

Berberidaceae

Epimedium diphyllum

Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Oed: Co) 11-16 May (2), 26-29 May (1); Zypangia lewisi (Chr: Co) 11-16 May (2); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 26-29 May (1)

Papaveraceae

Corydalis lineariloba

Tetralonia nipponensis (Ant: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Fagaceae

Castanea crenata

sp.1 (Del: He) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cteniopinus hypocrita (All: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Hesperomorpha hirsuta (Chr: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Eristalis cerealis (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Siphona sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Ouercus dentata

Oxycetonia jucunda (Sca: Co) 11-16 May (1); Eucetonia pilifera (Sca: Co) 11-16 May (3); Hoplia moerens (Sca: Co) 11-16 May (14); Camponotus japonicus (For: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Crossocerus sp. 1 (Sph: Hy) 11-16 May (4); Syrphus torvus (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (2); sp.2 (Cal: Di) 11-16 May (1); Neope niphonica niphonica (Nym: Le) 11-16 May (1)

Caryophyllaceae

Dianthus superbus var. longicalyc

Mordellistena sp.1 (Mor: Co) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.5 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (2); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.8 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Coelioxys sp.1 (Meg: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Sphaerophoria macrogaster (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Moehringia lateriflora

Melanastoma scalare (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (2)

Pseudostellaria heterantha

Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Oed: Co) 11-16 May (2); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1)

Polygonaceae

Polygonum cuspidatum

Oxycetonia jucunda (Sca: Co) 24-26 Aug. (1); Camponotus japonicus (For: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (2); Lasioglossum sibiriacum (Hal: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (1); Apis cerana (Api: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (4); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (3); sp.1 (Cul: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); sp.1 (Cec: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); Eristalis cerealis (Syr: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); Drosophila sp.1 (Dro: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); Stomorhina obsoleta (Cal: Di) 24-26 Aug. (18); sp.2 (Cal: Di) 24-26 Aug. (3)

Clusiaceae

Hypericum pseudopetiolatum

Oxycetonia jucunda (Sca: Co) 17-22 Sep. (1); sp.1 (Cal: Di) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Violaceae

Viola grypoceras

Eusphalerum parallelym (Sta: Co) 16-18 Apr. (2); sp.2 (Ten: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Andrena watasei (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (2); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Nomada mutsuensis (Ant: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Tetralonia nipponensis (Ant: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (2); sp.1 (Chi: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Bibio sp.1 (Bib: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Bibio gracilipalpus (Bib: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Bombylus major (Bom: Di) 16-18 Apr. (4); sp.3 (Emp: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Tachina sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Viola hondoensis

Bombylus major (Bom: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Viola orientalis

Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Oed: Co) 16-18 Apr. (4); Chrysomela vigintipunctata (Chr: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.3 (Ten: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Andrena watasei (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (2); Andrena kaguya (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Andrena minutula (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Tetralonia nipponensis (Ant: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Cheilosia sp.4 (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1); Platycheirus urakawensis (Syr: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Scirpophaga sp.1 (Thy: Le) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Salicaceae

Salix sieboldiana

Athousius sp.1 (Ela: Co) 11-16 May (1); Themus midas (Can: Co) 11-16 May (1); Mikadocantharis japonica (Can: Co) 11-16 May (1); Anthemus magnius (Can: Co) 11-16 May (1); Podabrus malthinoides (Can: Co) 11-16 May (1); Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Oed: Co) 11-16 May (1); Dinoptera minuta (Cer: Co) 11-16 May (1); Tenthredo fukaii (Ten: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Rhogogaster varipes (Ten: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.1 (Ten: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.2 (Bra: Hy) 11-16 May (1);

sp.4 (Bra: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.5 (Bra: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.6 (Bra: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.9 (Bra: Hy) 11-16 May (2); sp.10 (Bra: Hy) 11-16 May (1); lchneumon sp.2 (Ich: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.3 (Ich: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.4 (Ich: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.6 (Ich: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.1 (Per: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.6 (Ich: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.1 (Per: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Andrena mikado (And: Hy) 11-16 May (2); Andrena longitibialis (And: Hy) 11-16 May (11); Andrena benefica (And: Hy) 11-16 May (3); sp.2 (Tip: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.5 (Tip: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.2 (Cer: Di) 11-16 May (1); Bibio sp.1 (Bib: Di) 11-16 May (3); Bibio simulans (Bib: Di) 11-16 May (1); Bibio sp.4 (Bib: Di) 11-16 May (1); Bibio gracilipalpus (Bib: Di) 11-16 May (28); sp.2 (Myc: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.5 (Myc: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.8 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); Syrphus vitripernis (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1); Homoneura sp.1 (Lau: Di) 11-16 May (2); sp.1 (Chl: Di) 11-16 May (1); Hylmyia sp.1 (Ant: Di) 11-16 May (2); Delia sp.2 (Ant: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.1 (Tor: Le) 11-16 May (1)

Salix vulpina

Eusphalerum parallelym (Sta: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); Manobidia nipponica (Chr: Co) 16-18 Apr. (4); sp.7 (Bra: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.8 (Bra: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Bibio gracilipalpus (Bib: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Lasiomma sp.1 (Ant: Di) 16-18 Apr. (23); Hydrophoria sp.1 (Ant: Di) 16-18 Apr. (5)

Brassicaceae

Arabis glabra

Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Clethraceae

Clethra barvinervis

Lasioglossum apristum (Hal: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Andrena dentata (And: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (2); Stomorhina obsoleta (Cal: Di) 4-5 Aug. (3); Meigenia sp.2 (Tac: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Ericaceae

Lyonia ovalifolia var. elliptica

Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Bibio sp.2 (Bib: Di) 16-17 Jun. (2); Liriomyza sp.1 (Agr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Ericaceae

Pieris japonica

Eusphalerum parallelym (Sta: Co) 16-18 Apr. (27); Eucetonia pilifera (Sca: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); Podabrus malthinoides (Can: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); Meligethes sp.1 (Nit: Co) 16-18 Apr. (2); sp.1 (Cry: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); Byturus sp.1 (Byt: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); Vibidia duodecimguttata (Coc: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); Nonarthra cyanea (Chr: Co) 16-18 Apr. (3); Himatium sp.1 (Cur: Co) 16-18 Apr. (1); Audrena okabei sapporensis (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Andrena dentata (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Andrena mikado (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Andrena watasei (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Andrena komachi (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); Nomada diervillae (Ant: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.4 (Cer: Di) 16-18 Apr. (3); Bibio sp.1 (Bib: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Bibio gracilipalpus (Bib: Di) 16-18 Apr. (2); Bibio aneuretus (Bib: Di) 16-18 Apr. (11); sp.3 (Sci: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.5 (Sci: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Helophilus virgatus (Syr: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Copromyza sp.1 (Sph: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Delia sp.3 (Ant: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Rhododendron kiusuanum

Pidonia piziloi (Cer: Co) 26-29 May (1); Andrena mikado (And: Hy) 26-29 May (2); Andrena longitibialis (And: Hy) 26-29 May (2); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 26-29 May (2); Nomada asozuana (Ant: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1), 26-29 May (1); Philopota nigroaenea (Acr: Di) 26-29 May (4); Bombylus major (Bom: Di) 26-29 May (2); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Platycheirus clypeatus (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Delia sp.5 (Ant: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Rhododendron reticulatum

Pidonia piziloi (Cer: Co) 11-16 May (1); sp.1 (Ich: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Andrena mikado (And: Hy) 11-

16 May (4); Andrena longitibialis (And: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Bombylus major (Bom: Di) 11-16 May (3)

Styracaceae

Styrax japonica

Pidonia hylophila (Ver: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Bombus ardens (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Primulaceae

Lysimachia clethroides

Popillia japonica (Sca: Co) 10-16 Jul. (1); Mordellistena sp.1 (Mor: Co) 10-16 Jul. (2); Hippuriphila sp.1 (Chr: Co) 10-16 Jul. (1); sp.5 (Ich: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Stenodynerus tokyanus tokyanus (Eum: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.5 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (2); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Campiglossa hirayamae (Tep: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Siphona sp.1 (Tac: Di) 10-16 Jul. (3); Polytremis pellucida pellucida (Hes: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lycaena phlaeas daimio (Lyc: Le) 10-16 Jul. (4); Fabriciana adippe pallescens (Nym: Le) 10-16 Jul. (2); Fabriciana nerippe (Nym: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Hydrangeaceae

Hydrangea luteo-venosa

Andrena longitibialis (And: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Philopota nigroaenea (Acr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Neaitamus angusticornis (Asi: Di) 26-29 May (2); Melanastoma scalare (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Eumerus sp.1 (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); sp.3 (Cal: Di) 26-29 May (1)

Hydrangea paniculata

Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 24-26 Aug. (1); Priocnemis cyphonota (Pom: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Lasioglossum apristum (Hal: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Andrena dentata (And: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (3); Stomorhina obsoleta (Cal: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Hydrangea serrata

Lasioglossum sibiriacum (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lasioglossum baleicum (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (3); Delia sp.1 (Ant: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Saxifragaceae

Astilbe thunbergii

Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 10-16 Jul. (8); Baccha maculata (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Cheilosia sp.3 (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Stomorhina obsoleta (Cal: Di) 10-16 Jul. (2); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 10-16 Jul. (2); Siphona sp.1 (Tac: Di) 10-16 Jul. (2); Fischeria sp.1 (Tac: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Ochlodes ochraceus (Hes: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Deutzia crenata

Hoplia moerens (Sca: Co) 16-17 Jun. (2); Trachys saundersi (Bup: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Mordellina sp.1 (Mor: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Anaspis sp.2 (Scr: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Exosoma flaviventre (Chr: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Andrena knuthi (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (4); Andrena taraxaci chikuzenensis (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Andrena prostomias (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (3); Andrena hikosana (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (2); Philopota nigroaenea (Acr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (2); sp.1 (Emp: Di) 16-17 Jun. (2); Helophilus virgatus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Betasyrphus serarius (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cheilosia sp.2 (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cheilosia sp.3 (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Allobaccha sp.1 (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Zodion sp.1 (Con: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Stomorhina obsoleta (Cal: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Nemophora umbripennis (Inc: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1); Pieris melete melete (Pie: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Deutzia crenata var. floribunda

Exosoma flaviventre (Chr: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Protichneumon sp.1 (Ich: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Hoplismenus sp.1 (Ich: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Ammophila sabulosa nipponica (Sph: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (2); Lasioglossum sp.1 (Hal: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Andrena knuthi (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Andrena prostomias (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (8); Philopota nigroaenea (Acr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Eristalis cerealis (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (3);

Helophilus virgatus (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Paragus jozanus (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Delia sp.1 (Ant: Di) 10-16 Jul. (8); Stomorhina obsoleta (Cal: Di) 10-16 Jul. (3); Sisyropa sp.1 (Tac: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Parnassia palustris

Pachygrontha sp.1 (Lyg: He) 14-16 Oct. (1); Formica japonica (For: Hy) 14-16 Oct. (1); Paragus jozanus (Syr: Di) 14-16 Oct. (1)

Schizophragma hydrangeoides sp.1 (Emp: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Rosaceae

Potentilla freyniana

Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Oed: Co) 16-18 Apr. (3); Andrena komachi (And: Hy) 11-16 May (1); Andrena minutula (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (3); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.2 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); Cheilosia sp.5 (Syr: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Melangyna sp.1 (Syr: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); Cheilosia sp.1 (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1); Platycheirus urakawensis (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1)

Prunus jamasakura

Eusphalerum parallelym (Sta: Co) 11-16 May (2); Dalopius tamui (Ela: Co) 11-16 May (1); Mikadocantharis japonica (Can: Co) 11-16 May (3); Anthemus magnius (Can: Co) 11-16 May (1); Meligethes sp.1 (Nit: Co) 11-16 May (1); Epuraea bergeri (Nit: Co) 11-16 May (1); Byturus sp.2 (Byt: Co) 11-16 May (1); Manobidia nipponica (Chr: Co) 11-16 May (3); Pachyprotasis sp.1 (Ten: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.2 (Ich: Hy) 11-16 May (1); sp.1 (Tip: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.3 (Cer: Di) 11-16 May (1); Bibio sp.5 (Bib: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.4 (Myc: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.6 (Myc: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.5 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); Euthyneura sp.1 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); Melanastoma scalare (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.2 (Chl: Di) 11-16 May (1); Hylmyia sp.1 (Ant: Di) 11-16 May (2)

Rubus parvifolius

Byturus sp.1 (Byt: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Phytobius sp.1 (Cur: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Sepsis sp.1 (Sep: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Rubus phoenicolasius

Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 26-29 May (1)

Sanguisorba officinalis

Eurychaeta sp.1 (Cal: Di) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Spiraea japonica

Anechura japonica (For: De) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.1 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1); Fabriciana adippe pallescens (Nym: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Fabaceae

Lespedeza bicolor

Colletes perforator (Col: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (2); Megachile remota sakagamii (Meg: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (5); Ceratina flavipes (Ant: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (2); Ceratina megastigmata (Ant: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (1); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1), 24-26 Aug. (1); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1), 24-26 Aug. (8); Apis cerana (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (2), 24-26 Aug. (1); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (9), 24-26 Aug. (4); Scaeva komabensis (Syr: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); Prosena sp.1 (Tac: Di) 24-26 Aug. (2)

Sophora flavescens

Trypherus niponicus (Can: Co) 16-17 Jun. (2); Campsomeris prismatica (Sco: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Camponotus japonicus (For: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ammophila sabulosa nipponica (Sph: Hy) 16-17 Jun.

(1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (2); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1), 16-17 Jun. (7); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Neptis sappho intermedia (Nym: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Vicia unijuga

Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Cornaceae

Benthamidia japonica

Themus midas (Can: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Prothemus ciusianus (Can: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Andrena taraxaci chikuzenensis (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Epistrophe aino (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (2); Eristalis cerealis (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Aldrichina grahami (Cal: Di) 16-17 Jun. (2); Ravinia sp.1 (Sar: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Phebellia sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); sp.2 (Tor: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ivela auripes (Lym: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Polygalaceae

Polygala japonica

Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 11-16 May (1)

Staphyleaceae

Staphylea bumalda

Pipunculus sp.1 (Pip: Di) 11-16 May (1)

Geraniaceae

Geranium shikokianum

sp.1 (Ric: He) 24-26 Aug. (1); Nonarthra cyanea (Chr: Co) 24-26 Aug. (7); Rhinoncomimus sp.1 (Cur: Co) 24-26 Aug. (1); Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (2); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (3); Ceratina flavipes (Ant: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Ceratina megastigmata (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (9); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Panorpa trizonata (Pan: Me) 4-5 Aug. (1); Prosena siberita (Tac: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Apiaceae

Angelica cartilagino-marginata

Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Angelica longeradiata

Panorpa trizonata (Pan: Me) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Hydrocotyle ramiflora

Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (2); Paragus quadrifasciatus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Paragus jozanus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Gentianaceae

Gentiana zollingeri

Andrena sp.1 (And: Hy) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Swertia japonica

Formica japonica (For: Hy) 14-16 Oct. (1)

Lamiaceae

Isodon inflexus

Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina

Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (2), 16-17 Jun. (1); Ceratina flavipes (Ant: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Ceratina iwatai (Ant: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Betasyrphus serarius (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (3); Melanastoma scalare (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Ochlodes ochraceus (Hes: Le) 10-16 Jul. (13); Fabriciana adippe pallescens (Nym: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Scrophulariaceae

Veronica rotunda var. petiolata

Ammophila sabulosa nipponica (Sph: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.1 (Hal: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (2); Sphaerophoria macrogaster (Syr: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Campanulaceae

Adenophora triphylla

Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Maculinea teleius kazamoto (Lyc: Le) 4-5 Aug. (2); Minois dryas bipunctata (Nym: Le) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Codonopsis lanceolata

Vespa simillima xanthoptera (Ves: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Rubiaceae

Galium japonicum

Meliscaeva cinctella (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1)

Galium verum

Mordellistena sp.1 (Mor: Co) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.5 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.6 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Paragus quadrifasciatus (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (2)

Paederia scandens

Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Caprifoliaceae

Abelia serrata

Macrolagria robusticeps (Lag: Co) 26-29 May (1); Myrmica sp.1 (For: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Lasioglossum (carinate Evylaeus) sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 26-29 May (1); sp.3 (Tip: Di) 11-16 May (1); Philopota nigroaenea (Acr: Di) 11-16 May (1), 26-29 May (7); sp.9 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); Euthyneura sp.1 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); sp.10 (Emp: Di) 11-16 May (1); Helophilus virgatus (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1)

Viburnum dilatatum

Ectinohoplia obducta (Sca: Co) 16-17 Jun. (7); Vuilletus viridis (Ela: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Oed: Co) 16-17 Jun. (4); Andrena knuthi (And: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); sp.4 (Emp: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); sp.6 (Emp: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Viburnum erosum var. punctatum

Lasioglossum (carinate Evylaeus) sp.2 (Hal: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Helophilus virgatus (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Betasyrphus serarius (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1)

Weigela decora

Paraserica gricea (Sca: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Dalopius tamui (Ela: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Anthemus maculielytris (Can: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Prothemus ciusianus (Can: Co) 16-17 Jun. (2); sp.3 (Bra: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Myrmica sp.1 (For: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Lasioglossum sp.2 (Hal: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ceratina flavipes (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Tetralonia nipponensis (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (2); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (7); Homoneura sp.2 (Lau: Di)

16-17 Jun. (1)

Weigela japonica

Andrena watasei (And: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Andrena halictoides (And: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Ceratina megastigmata (Ant: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Bombus ardens ardens (Api: Hy) 26-29 May (5); Philopota nigroaenea (Acr: Di) 26-29 May (2); Dideaides coquilletti (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Allobaccha apicalis (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1)

Valerianaceae

Patrinia scabiosaefolia

Stomorhina obsoleta (Cal: Di) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Patrinia villosa

Chrysopa sp.1 (Chr: Ne) 24-26 Aug. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Valeriana fauriei

Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (2), 26-29 May (2); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Asteraceae

Anaphalis margaritacea var. angus

Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 24-26 Aug. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); sp.1 (Mus: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Aster ageratoides ssp. leiophyllus

Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (2); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Ceratina megastigmata (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (3)

Aster scaber

Aulacophora nigripennis (Chr. Co) 17-22 Sep. (1); Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Ceratina megastigmata (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Cirsium japonicum

sp.2 (Del: He) 16-17 Jun. (1); Mordellistena sp.1 (Mor: Co) 16-17 Jun. (3); Nonarthra cyanea (Chr: Co) 16-17 Jun. (2); Zypangia lewisi (Chr: Co) 16-17 Jun. (5); Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 16-17 Jun. (33); Megacampsomeris grossa matsumurai (Sco: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Vespa simillima xanthoptera (Ves: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Vespa tropica pulchra (Ves: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.5 (Hal: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Megachile tsurugensis (Meg: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Megachile japonica (Meg: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (3); Ceratina flavipes (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (2); Nomada japonica (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Tetralonia nipponensis (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (6); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (2), 16-17 Jun. (6); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (2); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (5); Volucella jeddona (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Eristalis cerealis (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (3); Thoressa varia (Hes: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1); Parnara guttata guttata (Hes: Le) 10-16 Jul. (2); Ochlodes ochraceus (Hes: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1); Pieris melete melete (Pie: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1), 16-17 Jun. (2); Fabriciana adippe pallescens (Nym: Le) 10-16 Jul. (3), 16-17 Jun. (3); Macroglossum stellatarum (Sph: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Cirsium suffultum

Oxycetonia jucunda (Sca: Co) 17-22 Sep. (1); Nonarthra cyanea (Chr: Co) 17-22 Sep. (6); Campsomeris prismatica (Sco: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (2); Megacampsomeris grossa matsumurai (Sco: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Lasioglossum (carinate Evylaeus) sp.2 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Megachile tsurugensis (Meg: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Ceratina japonica (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Ceratina megastigmata (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (6); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (2); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 14-16 Oct. (2), 17-22 Sep. (26); Prosena sp.1 (Tac: Di) 17-22 Sep. (2); Parnara guttata guttata (Hes: Le) 17-22 Sep. (1); Papilio machaon hippocrates (Pap: Le) 17-22 Sep. (1); Vanessa indica (Nym: Le) 17-22 Sep. (1); Macroglossum

sp.1 (Sph: Le) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Echinops setifer

Oxycetonia jucunda (Sca: Co) 17-22 Sep. (1), 24-26 Aug. (2); Campsomeriella annulata annulata (Sco: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (1); Vespa simillima xanthoptera (Ves: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (1); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (5); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (3); Prosena sp.1 (Tac: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1); Parnara guttata guttata (Hes: Le) 24-26 Aug. (1); Papilio machaon hippocrates (Pap: Le) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Erigeron annuus

Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 16-17 Jun. (8); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.7 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Nomada muinensis (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Nomada sp.1 (Ant: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Urophora sachalinensis (Tep: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); Balataea gracilis (Zyg: Le) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Erigeron philadelphicus

Urophora sachalinensis (Tep: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Eupatorium chinense

Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 4-5 Aug. (1); Betasyrphus serarius (Syr: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Heteropappus hispidus

Campsomeris prismatica (Sco: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (5); Eristalis cerealis (Syr: Di) 17-22 Sep. (1); Paragus haemorrhous (Syr: Di) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Inula japonica

Ceratina flavipes (Ant: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (1); Papilio machaon hippocrates (Pap: Le) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Inula salicina var. asiatica

Ceratina megastigmata (Ant: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Ixeris dentata

Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.2 (Hal: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4 (Hal: Hy) 26-29 May (1); Andrena knuthi (And: Hy) 11-16 May (2); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Sphaerophoria macrogaster (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (3), 26-29 May (2); Melanastoma scalare (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 11-16 May (1), 26-29 May (4); Platycheirus clypeatus (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 11-16 May (1)

Ligularia fischerii var. takeyuki

Baris dispilota (Cur: Co) 10-16 Jul. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (2), 4-5 Aug. (1); Fabriciana adippe pallescens (Nym: Le) 10-16 Jul. (5)

Ligularia japonica

Sympetrum frequens (Lib: Od) 10-16 Jul. (1); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (3); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 10-16 Jul. (2); Peribaea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 10-16 Jul. (1); Polytremis pellucida pellucida (Hes: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1); Parnara guttata guttata (Hes: Le) 24-26 Aug. (1); Papilio bianor dehaanii (Pap: Le) 10-16 Jul. (4); Lycaena phlaeas daimio (Lyc: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1); Argyronome ruslana lysippe (Nym: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1); Macroglossum bombylaus (Sph: Le) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Saussurea gracilis

Campsomeris prismatica (Sco: Hy) 24-26 Aug. (1); Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (2); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Saussurea yanagisawae var. nivea

Nonarthra cyanea (Chr: Co) 17-22 Sep. (1); Campsomeris prismatica (Sco: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (8); Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (3); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Senecio pierotii

Sphaerophoria philanthus (Syr: Di) 26-29 May (1)

Solidago virga-aurea ssp. Asiatic

Nonarthra cyanea (Chr: Co) 17-22 Sep. (3); Aulacophora nigripennis (Chr: Co) 17-22 Sep. (4); Lasioglossum sp.3 (Hal: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (3)

Synurus excelsus

Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 14-16 Oct. (3)

Araceae

Arisaema japonicum

sp.1 (Tin: He) 26-29 May (1); *Tapinoma* sp.1 (For: Hy) 26-29 May (1); sp.4 (Tip: Di) 26-29 May (1); sp.1 (Myc: Di) 26-29 May (2); sp.3 (Myc: Di) 26-29 May (1); sp.7 (Myc: Di) 26-29 May (1); sp.8 (Myc: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1); sp.9 (Myc: Di) 26-29 May (1); sp.10 (Myc: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.11 (Myc: Di) 26-29 May (1); sp.1 (Sci: Di) 26-29 May (1); sp.2 (Sci: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.4 (Sci: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.6 (Sci: Di) 16-18 Apr. (1); sp.7 (Sci: Di) 26-29 May (1)

Juncaceae

Luzula capitata

Phyllopertha diversa (Sca: Co) 26-29 May (1)

Liliaceae

Aletris luteoviridis

Lasioglossum (carinate Evylaeus) sp.1 (Hal: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Allium thunbergii

Nonarthra cyanea (Chr: Co) 17-22 Sep. (1); Bombus ignitus (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 17-22 Sep. (1); Epioyrphus balteatus (Syr: Di) 17-22 Sep. (2); Scaeva komabensis (Syr: Di) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Asparagus schoberioides

Ammophila sabulosa nipponica (Sph: Hy) 26-29 May (1)

Chionographis japonica

Gambrinus sp.1 (Ela: Co) 16-17 Jun. (1); Camponotus japonicus (For: Hy) 16-17 Jun. (1); Sphaerophoria macrogaster (Syr: Di) 16-17 Jun. (3), 26-29 May (1); Linnaenya sp.1 (Tac: Di) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Hemerocallis vespertina

Metrioptera hime (Tet: Or) 4-5 Aug. (1); Bombus diversus diversus (Api: Hy) 10-16 Jul. (1), 4-5 Aug. (1); Apis mellifera (Api: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Eristalis tenax (Syr: Di) 4-5 Aug. (2); Parnara guttata guttata (Hes: Le) 4-5 Aug. (1); Ampelophaga rubiginosa (Sph: Le) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Lilium leichtlinii var. maximowic

Papilio machaon hippocrates (Pap: Le) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Veratrum maackii var. maackii

Ichneumon sp.1 (Ich: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Ichneumon sp.3 (Ich: Hy) 4-5 Aug. (1); Meigenia sp.1 (Tac: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1); Eumea sp.1 (Tac: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1); Eumea sp.2 (Tac: Di) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Iridaceae

Iris rossii

Oedemeronia lucidicollis (Oed: Co) 11-16 May (2); Tetralonia nipponensis (Ant: Hy) 11-16 May (1), 16-18 Apr. (6)

Dioscoreaceae

Dioscorea asclepiadea

Anomala octiescoctata (Sca: Co) 26-29 May (1)

Orchidaceae

Cephalanthera falcata

Zypangia lewisi (Chr: Co) 11-16 May (4); Apoderus erythrogaster (Att: Co) 11-16 May (1); sp.1 (Cer: Di) 11-16 May (1); Delia sp.4 (Ant: Di) 11-16 May (1)

Appendix 2

A List of Floral Host Species for Each Anthophilous Insect Species Recorded at Mt. Yufu in 2001

Flower-visit records of each insect species are arranged in the following sequence: plant species, (plant species code), date and (number of individuals collected or observed). Insect taxa and plant taxa are arranged following the natural systems of Hirashima (1989) and Cronquist (1981).

ORTHOPTERA Libellulidae
Sympetrum frequens Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (1)
Tettigoniidae Metrioptera hime Hemerocallis vespertina (lil8) 4-5 Aug. (1)
DERMAPTERA Forficulidae Anechura japonica Spiraea japonica (ros9) 10-16 Jul. (1)
HEMIPTERA Ricaniidae sp.1 Geranium shikokianum (gcr1) 24-26 Aug. (1)
sp. 1
sp.2 Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)
sp.1 Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1)
Lygaeidae Pachygrontha sp.1 Parnassia palustris (sax8) 14-16 Oct. (1)
Chrysopidae Chrysopa sp.1 Patrinia villosa (val2) 24-26 Aug. (1)
COLEOPTERA Staphylinidae
Eusphalerum parallelym Lindera sericea (lau1) 16-18 Apr. (11); Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (2); Salix vulpina (sal1) 16-

18 Apr. (1); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (27); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (2)

Scarabaeidae

Anomala octiescoctata Dioscorea asclepiadea (dio1) 26-29 May (1) Popillia japonica Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. Phyllopertha diversa Luzula capitata (jun1) 26-29 May (1) Paraserica gricea Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1) Oxycetonia jucunda Quercus dentata (fag1) 11-16 May (1); Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Hypericum pseudopetiolatum (clu1) 17-22 Sep. (1); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1); Echinops setifer (ast15) 17-22 Sep. (1), 24-26 Aug. (2) Eucetonia pilifera Quercus dentata (fagl) 11-16 May (3); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1) Ectinohoplia obducta Viburnum dilatatum (cap5) 16-17 Jun. (7) Hoplia moerens Quercus dentata (fag1) 11-16 May (14); Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (2) Buprestidae Trachys saundersi Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1) Elateridae Gambrinus sp.1 Chionographis japonica (lil6) 16-17 Jun. (1) Athousius sp. 1 Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1) Dalopius tamui Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1); Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1) Vuilletus viridis Viburnum dilatatum (cap5) 16-17 Jun. (1) Cantharidae Themus midas Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1); Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1) Mikadocantharis japonica Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (3) Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)

Anthemus maculielytris

Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1)

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Prothemus ciusianus
    Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (2)
Trypherus niponicus
    Sophora flavescens (fab1) 16-17 Jun. (2)
Podabrus malthinoides
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
                                                 Nitidulidae
Meligethes sp.1
    Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (2); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
Epuraea bergeri
    Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
                                              Cryptophagidae
sp. 1
    Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
                                                 Byturidae
Byturus sp.1
    Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Rubus parvifolius (ros8) 16-17 Jun. (1)
Byturus sp.2
    Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
                                               Coccinellidae
Vibidia duodecimguttata
    Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
                                                Mordellidae
Mordellistena sp.1
    Dianthus superbus var. longicalyc (car3) 10-16 Jul. (1); Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (2);
    Galium verum (rub2) 10-16 Jul. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (3)
Mordellina sp.1
    Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                               Oedemeridae
Oedemeronia lucidicollis
    Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (3); Epimedium diphyllum (ber1) 11-16 May (2), 26-29 May (1);
    Pseudostellaria heterantha (car1) 11-16 May (2); Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (4); Salix
    sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1); Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 16-18 Apr. (3); Viburnum dilatatum (cap5)
    16-17 Jun. (4); Iris rossii (iri1) 11-16 May (2)
                                                Scraptiidae
Anaspis sp.1
    Lindera sericea (lau1) 16-18 Apr. (2)
Anaspis sp.2
    Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                 Lagriidae
Macrolagria robusticeps
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Abelia serrata (cap1) 26-29 May (1)

Alleculidae

Cteniopinus hypocrita

Castanea crenata (fag2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Cerambycidae

Dinoptera minuta

Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)

Pidonia hylophila hylophila

Styrax japonica (sty1) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Pidonia piziloi

Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (1); Rhododendron reticulatum (eri3) 11-16 May (1)

Chrysomelidae

Nonarthra cyanea

Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (3); Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 24-26 Aug. (7); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (2); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (6); Saussurea yanagisawae var. nivea (ast17) 17-22 Sep. (1); Solidago virga-aurea ssp. Asiatic (ast18) 17-22 Sep. (3); Allium thunbergii (lil13) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Aulacophora nigripennis

Aster scaber (ast19) 17-22 Sep. (1); Solidago virga-aurea ssp. Asiatic (ast18) 17-22 Sep. (4)

Exosoma flaviventre

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Zypangia lewisi

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Epimedium diphyllum (ber1) 11-16 May (2); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (5); Cephalanthera falcata (orc1) 11-16 May (4)

Hippuriphila sp.1

Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Hesperomorpha hirsuta

Castanea crenata (fag2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Chrysomela vigintipunctata

Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Manobidia nipponica

Lindera sericea (lau1) 16-18 Apr. (9); Salix vulpina (sal1) 16-18 Apr. (4); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (3)

Attelabidae

Apoderus erythrogaster

Cephalanthera falcata (orc1) 11-16 May (1)

Curculionidae

Baris dispilota

Hydrangea paniculata (hyd3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (8); Rubus parvifolius (ros8) 16-17 Jun. (1); Anaphalis margaritacea var. angus (ast13) 24-26 Aug. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (33); Eupatorium chinense (ast9) 4-5 Aug. (1); Erigeron annuus (ast5) 16-17 Jun. (8); Ligularia fischerii var. takeyuki (ast8) 10-16 Jul. (1)

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Himatium sp.1
    Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
Rhinoncomimus sp.1
    Geranium shikokianum (gerl) 24-26 Aug. (1)
Phytobius sp.1
    Rubus parvifolius (ros8) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                             HYMENOPTERA
                                              Tenthredinidae
Tenthredo fukaii
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
Rhogogaster varipes
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
Pachyprotasis sp.1
    Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
sp. 1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.2
    Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1)
    Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
                                                Braconidae
sp. 1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.2
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.3
    Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1)
sp.4
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.5
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.6
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.7
    Salix vulpina (sal1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
sp.8
    Salix vulpina (sal1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
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sp.9
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (2)
sp.10
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
                                               Ichneumonidae
Protichneumon sp.1
    Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (1)
Hoplismenus sp.1
    Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (1)
Ichneumon sp.1
    Veratrum maackii var. maackii (lil10) 4-5 Aug. (1)
Ichneumon sp.2
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
    Veratrum maackii var. maackii (lil10) 4-5 Aug. (1)
sp.1
    Rhododendron reticulatum (eri3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.2
    Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.3
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.4
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.5
    Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1)
sp.6
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
                                                Pteromalidae
sp. 1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
                                                Perilampidae
sp. 1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
                                                 Eulophidae
sp. 1
    Lindera sericea (lau1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
sp.2
    Lindera sericea (lau1) 16-18 Apr. (3)
                                                  Scoliidae
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Campsomeris prismatica

Sophora flavescens (fabl) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (2); Heteropappus hispidus (ast22) 17-22 Sep. (1); Saussurea gracilis (ast12) 24-26 Aug. (1); Saussurea yanagisawae var. nivea (ast17) 17-22 Sep. (8)

Campsomeriella annulata annulata

Echinops setifer (ast15) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Megacampsomeris grossa matsumurai

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Formicidae

Camponotus japonicus

Quercus dentata (fag1) 11-16 May (1); Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (2); Sophora flavescens (fab1) 16-17 Jun. (1); Chionographis japonica (lil6) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Formica japonica

Parnassia palustris (sax8) 14-16 Oct. (1); Swertia japonica (gen4) 14-16 Oct. (1)

Tapinoma sp.1

Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1)

Myrmica sp.1

Abelia serrata (cap1) 26-29 May (1); Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Pompilidae

Priocnemis cyphonota

Hydrangea paniculata (hyd3) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Eumenidae

Stenodynerus tokyanus tokyanus

Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Vespidae

Vespa simillima xanthoptera

Codonopsis lanceolata (cam3) 17-22 Sep. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1); Echinops setifer (ast15) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Vespa tropica pulchra

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Sphecidae

Crossocerus sp.1

Quercus dentata (fag1) 11-16 May (4)

Ammophila sabulosa nipponica

Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 16-17 Jun. (2); Sophora flavescens (fab1) 16-17 Jun. (1); Veronica rotunda var. petiolata (scr1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Asparagus schoberioides (lil5) 26-29 May (1)

Colletidae

Colletes perforator

Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 24-26 Aug. (2)

Halictidae

Lasioglossum (Lasioglossum) sp.1

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Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 16-17 Jun. (1)
Lasioglossum (Lasioglossum) sp.2
    Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1)
Lasioglossum occidens
    Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 26-29 May (1)
Lasioglossum (Lasioglossum) sp.3
    Cimicifuga acerina (ran2) 17-22 Sep. (2); Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 17-22 Sep. (2); Aster
    ageratoides ssp. leiophyllus (ast21) 17-22 Sep. (2); Aster scaber (ast19) 17-22 Sep. (1); Heteropappus
    hispidus (ast22) 17-22 Sep. (5); Saussurea gracilis (ast12) 17-22 Sep. (2); Saussurea yanagisawae var.
    nivea (ast17) 17-22 Sep. (3); Solidago virga-aurea ssp. Asiatic (ast18) 17-22 Sep. (3)
Lasioglossum sibiriacum
    Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Hydrangea serrata (hyd2) 10-16 Jul. (1)
Lasioglossum baleicum
    Hydrangea serrata (hyd2) 10-16 Jul. (1)
Lasioglossum (carinate Evylaeus) sp. 1
    Aletris luteoviridis (lil9) 10-16 Jul. (1)
Lasioglossum (carinate Evylaeus) sp.2
    Viburnum erosum var. punctatum (cap3) 26-29 May (1); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1)
Lasioglossum (carinate Evylaeus) sp.3
    Abelia serrata (cap1) 26-29 May (1)
Lasioglossum apristum
    Clethra barvinervis (cle1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Hydrangea paniculata (hyd3) 4-5 Aug. (1)
Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.1
    Spiraea japonica (ros9) 10-16 Jul. (1); Veronica rotunda var. petiolata (scr1) 4-5 Aug. (1)
Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.2
    Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (3), 26-29 May (1); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 26-29 May (1)
Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.3
    Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Patrinia villosa (val2) 24-26 Aug. (1); Aster ageratoides ssp.
    leiophyllus (ast21) 17-22 Sep. (1)
Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.4
    Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Epimedium diphyllum (ber1) 26-29 May (1); Vicia unijuga
    (fab2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Polygala japonica (pol1) 11-16 May (1); Hydrocotyle ramiflora (api1) 16-17 Jun.
    (2); Veronica rotunda var. petiolata (scr1) 4-5 Aug. (2); Paederia scandens (rub3) 4-5 Aug. (1); Ixeris
    dentata (ast1) 26-29 May (1)
Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.5
     Dianthus superbus var. longicalyc (car3) 10-16 Jul. (2); Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (2);
     Galium verum (rub2) 10-16 Jul. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)
Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.6
     Galium verum (rub2) 10-16 Jul. (1)
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Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.7

Erigeron annuus (ast5) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Lasioglossum (carinaless Evylaeus) sp.8

Dianthus superbus var. longicalyc (car3) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Andrenidae

Audrena okabei sapporensis

Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Andrena knuthi

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (4); Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 16-17 Jun. (1); Viburnum dilatatum (cap5) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 11-16 May (2)

Andrena taraxaci chikuzenensis

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Andrena dentata

Clethra barvinervis (cle1) 4-5 Aug. (2); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Hydrangea paniculata (hyd3) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Andrena prostomias

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (3); Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 16-17 Jun. (8)

Andrena mikado

Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (2); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (2); Rhododendron reticulatum (eri3) 11-16 May (4)

Andrena longitibialis

Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (11); Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (2); Rhododendron reticulatum (eri3) 11-16 May (1); Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hyd1) 26-29 May (1)

Andrena watasei

Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (2); Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (2); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (1)

Andrena halictoides

Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (1)

Andrena benefica

Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (3)

Andrena hikosana

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Andrena komachi

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 11-16 May (1)

Andrena kaguya

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Viola orientalis (viol) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Andrena minutula

Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 16-18 Apr. (3)

Andrena sp.1

Gentiana zollingeri (gen5) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Megachilidae

Coelioxys sp. 1

Dianthus superbus var. longicalyc (car3) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Megachile tsurugensis

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Megachile japonica

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Megachile remota sakagamii

Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Anthophoridae

Ceratina japonica

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (2); Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hydl) 26-29 May (1); Rubus parvifolius (ros8) 16-17 Jun. (1); Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 24-26 Aug. (5); Sophora flavescens (fab1) 16-17 Jun. (2); Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 17-22 Sep. (3); Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina (lam1) 10-16 Jul. (2), 16-17 Jun. (1); Abelia serrata (cap1) 26-29 May (1); Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (1); Aster ageratoides ssp. leiophyllus (ast21) 17-22 Sep. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (3); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Ceratina flavipes

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 26-29 May (1); Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 24-26 Aug. (2); Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina (lam1) 10-16 Jul. (1); Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (2); Inula japonica (ast14) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Ceratina megastigmata

Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 17-22 Sep. (9); Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (1); Aster ageratoides ssp. leiophyllus (ast21) 17-22 Sep. (3); Aster scaber (ast19) 17-22 Sep. (1); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (6); Inula salicina var. asiatica (ast20) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Ceratina iwatai

Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina (lam1) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Nomada diervillae

Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Nomada japonica

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Nomada asozuana

Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (1)

Nomada mutsuensis

Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Nomada muinensis

Erigeron annuus (ast5) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Nomada sp.1

Erigeron annuus (ast5) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Tetralonia nipponensis

Corydalis lineariloba (pap1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (2); Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (6); Iris rossii (iri1) 11-16 May (1), 16-18 Apr. (6)

Apidae

Bombus diversus diversus

Aconitum japonicum ssp. napiform (ran3) 17-22 Sep. (1); Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 11-16 May (1); Spiraea japonica (ros9) 4-5 Aug. (1); Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 17-22 Sep. (1), 24-26 Aug. (1); Sophora flavescens (fab1) 10-16 Jul. (1), 16-17 Jun. (7); Vicia unijuga (fab2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 17-22 Sep. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 10-16 Jul. (2), 16-17 Jun. (6); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (2); Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (3); Synurus excelsus (ast25) 14-16 Oct. (3); Hemerocallis vespertina (lil8) 10-16 Jul. (1), 4-5 Aug. (1)

Bombus ardens ardens

Lyonia ovalifolia var. elliptica (eri6) 16-17 Jun. (1); Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 16-17 Jun. (1), 26-29 May (1); Styrax japonica (sty1) 16-17 Jun. (10); Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (2); Rubus parvifolius (ros8) 16-17 Jun. (1); Rubus phoenicolasius (ros6) 26-29 May (1); Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (2); Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (5)

Bombus ignitus

Spiraea japonica (ros9) 4-5 Aug. (1); Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 17-22 Sep. (1), 24-26 Aug. (8); Sophora flavescens (fab1) 16-17 Jun. (1); Adenophora triphylla (cam1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (7); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (2); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 14-16 Oct. (2), 17-22 Sep. (26); Echinops setifer (ast15) 24-26 Aug. (5); Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (1); Allium thunbergii (lil13) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Apis cerana

Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (4); Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 17-22 Sep. (2), 24-26 Aug. (1)

Apis mellifera

Cimicifuga acerina (ran2) 17-22 Sep. (1); Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (3); Hydrangea paniculata (hyd3) 4-5 Aug. (3); Hydrangea serrata (hyd2) 10-16 Jul. (3); Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 17-22 Sep. (9), 24-26 Aug. (4); Isodon inflexus (lam2) 17-22 Sep. (1); Abelia serrata (cap1) 26-29 May (1); Echinops setifer (ast15) 24-26 Aug. (3); Saussurea yanagisawae var. nivea (ast17) 17-22 Sep. (1); Allium thunbergii (lil13) 17-22 Sep. (1); Hemerocallis vespertina (lil8) 4-5 Aug. (1)

MECOPTERA Panorpidae

Panorpa trizonata

Geranium shikokianum (ger1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Angelica longeradiata (api2) 24-26 Aug. (1)

DIPTERA Tipulidae

sp.1

Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)

sp.2

Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)

sp.3

Abelia serrata (cap1) 11-16 May (1)

sp.4

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Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1)
sp.5
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
                                                  Culicidae
sp.1
    Polygonum filiforme (pol2) 24-26 Aug. (1)
                                               Chironomidae
sp.1
    Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1)
                                              Ceratopagonidae
sp.1
    Cephalanthera falcata (orc1) 11-16 May (1)
sp.2
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.3
    Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.4
    Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (3)
                                                 Bibionidae
Bibio sp.1
     Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1); Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (3); Pieris japonica (eri1)
     16-18 Apr. (3)
Bibio sp.2
    Lyonia ovalifolia var. elliptica (eri6) 16-17 Jun. (2)
Bibio simulans
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
Bibio sp.3
     Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
Bibio sp.4
     Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
Bibio gracilipalpus
     Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1); Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (28); Salix vulpina (sal1) 16-
     18 Apr. (1); Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (2)
Bibio aneuretus
     Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (11)
Bibio sp.5
     Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
                                                Cecidomyiidae
sp.1
     Polygonum filiforme (pol2) 24-26 Aug. (1)
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Mycetophilidae

sp.1 Arisaema japonicum (aral) 26-29 May (2) sp.2 Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1) sp.3 Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1) sp.4 Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1) sp.5 Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1) sp.6 Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1) sp.7 Arisaema japonicum (aral) 26-29 May (1) sp.8 Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 16-17 Jun. (1) sp.9 Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1) sp.10 Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 16-18 Apr. (1) sp.11 Arisaema japonicum (aral) 26-29 May (1) Sciaridae sp.1 Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1) sp.2 Arisaema japonicum (aral) 16-18 Apr. (1) sp.3 Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1) Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 16-18 Apr. (1) sp.5 Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

sp.7

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Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1)
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Acroceridae

Philopota nigroaenea

Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (4); Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hyd1) 26-29 May (1); Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (2); Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 16-17 Jun. (1); Abelia serrata (cap1) 11-16 May (1), 26-29 May (7); Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (2)

Bombyliidae

Bombylus major

Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (4); Viola hondoensis (vio3) 16-18 Apr. (1); Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (2); Rhododendron reticulatum (eri3) 11-16 May (3)

Asilidae

Neaitamus angusticornis

Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hyd1) 26-29 May (2)

Empididae

sp.1

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (2); Schizophragma hydrangeoides (sax7) 16-17 Jun. (1)

sp.2

Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 11-16 May (1)

sp.3

Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1)

sp.4
Viburnum dilatatum (cap5) 16-17 Jun. (1)

sp.5

Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)

sp.6
Viburnum dilatatum (cap5) 16-17 Jun. (1)

sp.7
Arisaema japonicum (ara1) 26-29 May (1)

sp.8
Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)

sp.9
Abelia serrata (cap1) 11-16 May (1)

Euthyneura sp.1

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1); Abelia serrata (cap1) 11-16 May (1)

sp.10
Abelia serrata (cap1) 11-16 May (1)

Pipunculidae

Pipunculus sp.1

Staphylea bumalda (sta1) 11-16 May (1)

Syrphidae

Eristalis tenax

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 26-29 May (1); Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (1); Spiraea japonica (ros9) 4-5 Aug. (1); Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Viburnum dilatatum (cap5) 16-17 Jun. (1); Viburnum erosum var. punctatum (cap3) 26-29 May (1); Valeriana fauriei (val1) 16-17 Jun. (2), 26-29 May (2); Anaphalis margaritacea var. angus (ast13) 24-26 Aug. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (5); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 26-29 May (1); Ligularia fischerii var. takeyuki (ast8) 10-16 Jul. (2), 4-5 Aug. (1); Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (2); Saussurea gracilis (ast12) 24-26 Aug. (1); Hemerocallis vespertina (lil8) 4-5 Aug. (2)

Dideaides coquilletti

Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (1)

Volucella jeddona

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Syrphus torvus

Quercus dentata (fag1) 11-16 May (2)

Epistrophe aino

Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (2)

Syrphus vitripernis

Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)

Eristalis cerealis

Castanea crenata (fag2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (3); Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1); Heteropappus hispidus (ast22) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Helophilus virgatus

Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (1); Abelia serrata (cap1) 26-29 May (1); Viburnum erosum var. punctatum (cap3) 26-29 May (1)

Epioyrphus balteatus

Allium thunbergii (lil13) 17-22 Sep. (2)

Baccha maculata

Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Allobaccha apicalis

Weigela japonica (cap2) 26-29 May (1)

Betasyrphus serarius

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina (lam1) 10-16 Jul. (3); Viburnum erosum var. punctatum (cap3) 26-29 May (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1); Eupatorium chinense (ast9) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Scaeva komabensis

Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Allium thunbergii (lil13) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Cheilosia sp.5

Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Melangyna sp.1

Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Meliscaeva cinctella

Galium japonicum (rub1) 11-16 May (1)

Sphaerophoria macrogaster

Dianthus superbus var. longicalyc (car3) 10-16 Jul. (1); Veronica rotunda var. petiolata (scr1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 11-16 May (3), 26-29 May (2); Chionographis japonica (lil6) 16-17 Jun. (3), 26-29 May (1)

Paragus quadrifasciatus

Hydrocotyle ramiflora (api1) 16-17 Jun. (1); Galium verum (rub2) 10-16 Jul. (2)

Melanastoma scalare

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Moehringia lateriflora (car2) 26-29 May (2); Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hyd1) 26-29 May (1); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1); Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina (lam1) 10-16 Jul. (1); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 26-29 May (1)

Paragus jozanus

Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (1); Parnassia palustris (sax8) 14-16 Oct. (1); Hydrocotyle ramiflora (api1) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Cheilosia sp.1

Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Potentilla freyniana (ros1) 11-16 May (1)

Cheilosia sp.2

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Cheilosia sp.3

Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (1); Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Sphaerophoria philanthus

Pseudostellaria heterantha (car1) 11-16 May (1); Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Arabis glabra (bra1) 16-17 Jun. (1); Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (1); Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1); Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hyd1) 26-29 May (1); Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (1); Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Sophora flavescens (fab1) 16-17 Jun. (1); Vicia unijuga (fab2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Angelica cartilagino-marginata (api3) 24-26 Aug. (1); Veronica rotunda var. petiolata (scr1) 4-5 Aug. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (3); Erigeron annuus (ast5) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 11-16 May (1), 26-29 May (4); Senecio pierotii (ast2) 26-29 May (1)

Paragus haemorrhous

Heteropappus hispidus (ast22) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Platycheirus clypeatus

Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 26-29 May (1); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 26-29 May (1)

Eumerus sp.1

Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hyd1) 26-29 May (1)

Allobaccha sp.1

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Cheilosia sp.4

Viola orientalis (vio1) 11-16 May (1)

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Platycheirus urakawensis
     Ranunculus japonicus (ran1) 11-16 May (1); Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (1); Potentilla freyniana
     (ros1) 11-16 May (1)
                                                 Conopidae
Zodion sp.1
     Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                 Tephritidae
Urophora sachalinensis
     Erigeron annuus (ast5) 16-17 Jun. (1); Erigeron philadelphicus (ast4) 16-17 Jun. (1)
Campiglossa hirayamae
     Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1)
                                                  Sepsidae
Sepsis sp.1
    Rubus parvifolius (ros8) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                Lauxaniidae
Homoneura sp.1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (2)
Homoneura sp.2
    Weigela decora (cap6) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                               Agromyzidae
Liriomyza sp.1
    Lyonia ovalifolia var. elliptica (eri6) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                Chloropidae
sp. 1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.2
    Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (1)
                                               Drosophilidae
Drosophila sp.1
    Polygonum filiforme (pol2) 24-26 Aug. (1)
Drosophila sp.2
    Lindera sericea (lau1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
                                              Sphaeroceridae
Copromyza sp.1
    Pieris japonica (eril) 16-18 Apr. (1)
                                              Anthomyiidae
Lasiomma sp.1
    Salix vulpina (sal1) 16-18 Apr. (23)
Hydrophoria sp.1
    Salix vulpina (sal1) 16-18 Apr. (5)
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Hylmyia sp.1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (2); Prunus jamasakura (ros3) 11-16 May (2)
Delia sp.1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1); Hydrangea serrata (hyd2) 10-16 Jul. (1); Deutzia crenata var.
    floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (8)
Delia sp.2
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
Delia sp.3
    Pieris japonica (eri1) 16-18 Apr. (1)
Delia sp.4
    Cephalanthera falcata (orc1) 11-16 May (1)
    Rhododendron kiusuanum (eri4) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                  Muscidae
sp.1
    Anaphalis margaritacea var. angus (ast13) 24-26 Aug. (1)
                                                Calliphoridae
Stomorhina obsoleta
     Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (18); Clethra barvinervis (cle1) 4-5 Aug. (3); Hydrangea
    paniculata (hyd3) 4-5 Aug. (1); Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (2); Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17
    Jun. (1); Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (3); Patrinia scabiosaefolia (val3) 17-22 Sep.
     (1)
sp.1
     Hypericum pseudopetiolatum (clu1) 17-22 Sep. (1)
 sp.2
     Quercus dentata (fag1) 11-16 May (1); Polygonum cuspidatum (pol3) 24-26 Aug. (3)
 Aldrichina grahami
     Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (2)
 Eurychaeta sp.1
     Sanguisorba officinalis (ros11) 17-22 Sep. (1)
 sp.3
     Hydrangea luteo-venosa (hyd1) 26-29 May (1)
                                                Sarcophagidae
 Ravinia sp. 1
     Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                  Tachinidae
 Linnaenya sp.1
     Chionographis japonica (lil6) 16-17 Jun. (1)
 Tachina sp.1
      Viola grypoceras (vio2) 16-18 Apr. (1)
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Sisyropa sp.1
    Deutzia crenata var. floribunda (sax6) 10-16 Jul. (1)
Meigenia sp.1
     Veratrum maackii var. maackii (lil10) 4-5 Aug. (1)
Meigenia sp.2
    Clethra barvinervis (cle1) 4-5 Aug. (1)
Phebellia sp.1
    Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1)
Eumea sp. 1
    Veratrum maackii var. maackii (lil10) 4-5 Aug. (1)
    Veratrum maackii var. maackii (lil10) 4-5 Aug. (1)
Prosena siberita
    Geranium shikokianum (gerl) 24-26 Aug. (1)
Prosena sp.1
    Lespedeza bicolor (fab3) 24-26 Aug. (2); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (2); Echinops setifer
    (ast15) 24-26 Aug. (1)
Peribaea sp.1
    Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1); Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (2); Deutzia crenata
    (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Viburnum dilatatum (cap5) 16-17 Jun. (1); Valeriana fauriei (val1) 16-17 Jun. (1);
    Erigeron annuus (ast5) 16-17 Jun. (1); Ixeris dentata (ast1) 11-16 May (1); Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-
    16 Jul. (1)
Siphona sp.1
    Castanea crenata (fag2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (3); Astilbe thunbergii
    (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (2)
Fischeria sp. 1
    Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (1)
                                              LEPIDOPTERA
                                                Incurvariidae
Nemophora umbripennis
    Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                 Tortricidae
sp. 1
    Salix sieboldiana (sal3) 11-16 May (1)
sp.2
    Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1)
                                                 Zygaenidae
Balataea gracilis
    Erigeron annuus (ast5) 16-17 Jun. (1)
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Thyrididae

Scirpophaga sp.1

Viola orientalis (vio1) 16-18 Apr. (1)

Hesperiidae

Thoressa varia

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Polytremis pellucida pellucida

Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1); Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Parnara guttata guttata

Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 10-16 Jul. (2); Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1); Echinops setifer (ast15) 24-26 Aug. (1); Ligularia japonica (ast6) 24-26 Aug. (1); Hemerocallis vespertina (lil8) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Ochlodes ochraceus

Astilbe thunbergii (sax5) 10-16 Jul. (1); Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina (lam1) 10-16 Jul. (13); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Papilionidae

Papilio machaon hippocrates

Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1); Echinops setifer (ast15) 24-26 Aug. (1); Inula japonica (ast14) 24-26 Aug. (1); Lilium leichtlinii var. maximowic (lil12) 24-26 Aug. (1)

Papilio bianor dehaanii

Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (4)

Pieridae

Pieris melete melete

Deutzia crenata (sax2) 16-17 Jun. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 10-16 Jul. (1), 16-17 Jun. (2)

Lycaenidae

Maculinea teleius kazamoto

Adenophora triphylla (cam1) 4-5 Aug. (2)

Lycaena phlaeas daimio

Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (4); Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Nymphalidae

Fabriciana adippe pallescens

Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (2); Spiraea japonica (ros9) 10-16 Jul. (1); Prunella vulgaris var. lilacina (lam1) 10-16 Jul. (1); Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 10-16 Jul. (3), 16-17 Jun. (3); Ligularia fischerii var. takeyuki (ast8) 10-16 Jul. (5)

Fabriciana nerippe

Lysimachia clethroides (pri1) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Vanessa indica

Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Neptis sappho intermedia

Sophora flavescens (fab1) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Argyronome ruslana lysippe

Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Neope niphonica niphonica Quercus dentata (fag1) 11-16 May (1)

Minois dryas bipunctata Adenophora triphylla (cam1) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Sphingidae

Ampelophaga rubiginosa

Hemerocallis vespertina (lil8) 4-5 Aug. (1)

Macroglossum bombylaus Ligularia japonica (ast6) 10-16 Jul. (1)

Macroglossum stellatarum Cirsium japonicum (ast3) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Macroglossum sp.1
Cirsium suffultum (ast16) 17-22 Sep. (1)

Lymantriidae

Ivela auripes
Benthamidia japonica (cor2) 16-17 Jun. (1)

Plate 4. Landscapes and flowers in April at Mt. Yufu

A, Mt Yufu viewed from the base, showing an extensive semi-natural grassland at the foot and a hilside natural grassland halfway up the mountain (left side); **B**, field survey at the natural grassland; **C**, a traditionally managed grassland after burning in March, with many *Viola orientalis* flowers blooming; **D**, an *Iris rossii* flower; **E**, *Viola orientalis* flowers visited by oedemerid beetles; **F**, a *Viola orientalis* flower visited by a syrphid fly.

Plate 5. Grasslands and flowers in August at Mt Yufu

A, a hillside grassland dominated by Miscanthus sinensis; B, a semi-natural grassland blooming with Hemerocallis vespertina; C, Ligularia fischerii var. takeuki flowers visited by a nymphalid butterfly, Fabriciana adippe pallescens; D, a Sophora flavescens plant in a semi-natural grassland; E, Echinops septifer stands against the background of Mt. Yufu; F, G, Echinops septifer flowers respectively visited by a Bombus ignitus worker and a scoliid wasp, Campsomeriella annulata annulata.

