

$$\vec{X} = \begin{pmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ \vdots \\ X_n \end{pmatrix} \quad X_1 \quad X_2 \quad X_3 \cdot \dots \cdot X_n \in \mathbb{R}$$

Example: Definition

Vector transformations refers to operations that map vectors from one space to another, often changing their magnitude, direction, or both. These transformation are typically described using matrices and are fundament. in various fields, including physics, engineering, computer graphics, and data science.

Examples

1) Scaling

Scaling is a transformation that changes the magnitude of the vectors while keeping their direction same

$$V' = 2V = 2\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Computer graphic to resize objects => Paint => Image => Resize

2) Rotation



Example :

Rotation will be wise in Image procesing => Rotating Image

Robotics => Adjusting Robot Orientation

3D graphics => Rotating Objects

3) Reflection

Transformation that flips vectors over a specified axis or plane

$$\overrightarrow{V} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow A \text{ cross the } y \text{ axis}$$

$$(3,4) \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Analyzing wave reflections

2) Shearing