

# Homework 1

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Part1)

1)

It is given that the Data set is set up as D.

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 19 & 12 \\ 22 & 6 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 3 & 15 \\ 2 & 13 \\ 20 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

To center it,  $\mu$  must be found for both attributes and subtracted from D.

$$\begin{aligned}\mu_1 &= (19 + 22 + 6 + 3 + 2 + 10)/60 \\ &= 12 \\ \mu_2 &= (12 + 6 + 9 + 15 + 13 + 5)/60 \\ &= 10\end{aligned}$$

Once found,  $\bar{D} = D - \mathbf{1} * \mu$

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{D} &= \begin{bmatrix} 19 & 12 \\ 22 & 6 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 3 & 15 \\ 2 & 13 \\ 20 & 5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 10 \\ 12 & 10 \\ 12 & 10 \\ 12 & 10 \\ 12 & 10 \\ 12 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \\ \bar{D} &= \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 \\ 10 & -4 \\ -6 & -1 \\ -9 & 5 \\ -10 & 3 \\ 8 & -5 \end{bmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

2)

Finding the Covariance of a centered matrix is  $C_x = \frac{1}{n-1} * \bar{D}^T * \bar{D}$ . Where n is the number of objects in the matrix.

$$C_x = \frac{1}{6-1} * \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 10 & -6 & -9 & -10 & 8 \\ 2 & -4 & -1 & 5 & 3 & -5 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 \\ 10 & -4 \\ -6 & -1 \\ -9 & 5 \\ -10 & 3 \\ 8 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_x = \frac{1}{5} * \begin{bmatrix} 430 & -135 \\ -135 & 80 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_x = \begin{bmatrix} 86 & -27 \\ -27 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

3) To find the characteristics poolynomials we have to take the determinate of the Covariance minus the eigen values.  $\det(C_x - \lambda * 1)$

$$\det\left(\begin{bmatrix} 86 & -27 \\ -27 & 16 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix}\right) = 0$$

$$\det\left(\begin{bmatrix} 86 - \lambda & -27 \\ -27 & 16 - \lambda \end{bmatrix}\right) = 0$$

$$(86 - \lambda)(16 - \lambda) - (-27)(-27) = 0$$

$$1376 - 102\lambda + \lambda^2 - 729 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 102\lambda + 647 = 0$$

From the polynomial  $\lambda^2 - 102\lambda + 647$ , the components a, b and c are 1, -102, and 647 respectively. To find the Eigen Values, we find the root of the polynomials. Which can be done with the quadratic equation. Giving us 2 roots;  $\lambda_1 = 95.204072$  and  $\lambda_2 = 6.795928$ .

4)The principal component matrix is made up from the Eigen Vectors of  $C_x$ . Using R the Principal Component matrix is

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.9465153 & -0.3226591 \\ 0.3226591 & -0.9465153 \end{bmatrix}$$

5)The first principal component  $p_1$  is the chosen component divided by the sum of all the components. So the percentage is 0.9333733.

6)The PCA transformation is found by  $\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{P}^{-1} * \mathbf{X}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{P}^{-1} &= \begin{bmatrix} -0.9465153 & 0.3226591 \\ -0.3226591 & -0.9465153 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathbf{Y} &= \begin{bmatrix} 19 & 12 \\ 22 & 6 \\ 6 & 9 \\ 3 & 15 \\ 2 & 13 \\ 20 & 5 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} -0.9465153 & 0.3226591 \\ -0.3226591 & -0.9465153 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -14.111881 & -17.48871 \\ -18.887381 & -12.77759 \\ -2.775160 & -10.45459 \\ 2.000340 & -15.16571 \\ 2.301537 & -12.95002 \\ -17.317010 & -11.18576 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$