# Difracción de electrones

Determinación de distancias interplanares del grafito

FÍSICA III -Junio 2019 -Bs. As. -Argentina



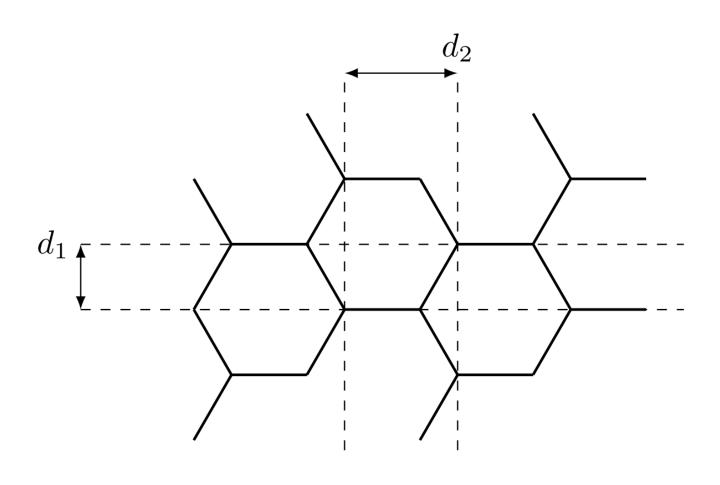
Erwin Zambrana José F. González

#### DIFRACCIÓN DE ELECTRONES

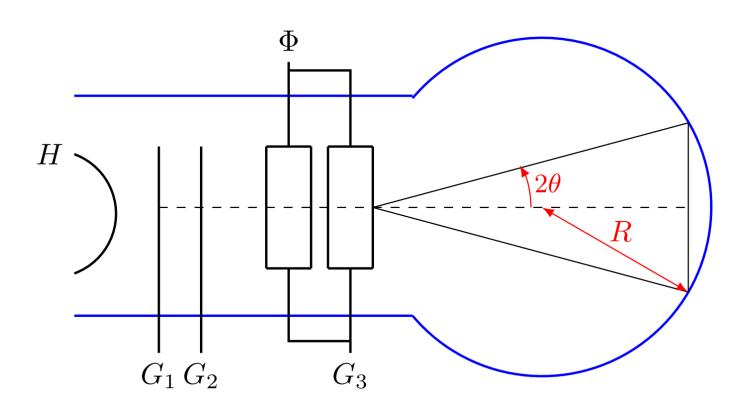


- Motivación
- Dispositivo y marco teórico
  - Estructura del grafito
  - Relación de Broglie
  - Condición de Bragg
  - Anillos de interferencia
- Mediciones
  - Medición directa
  - Error de medición directa
  - Medición fotográfica
- Resultados

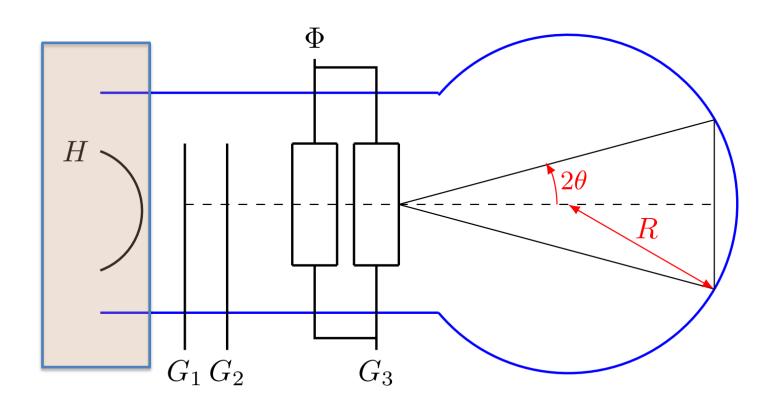




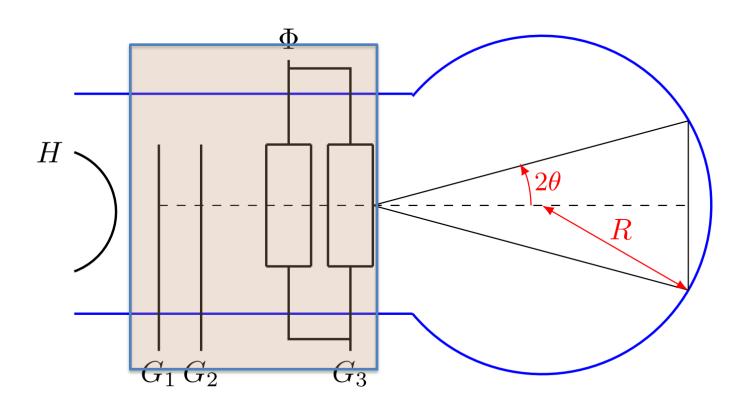






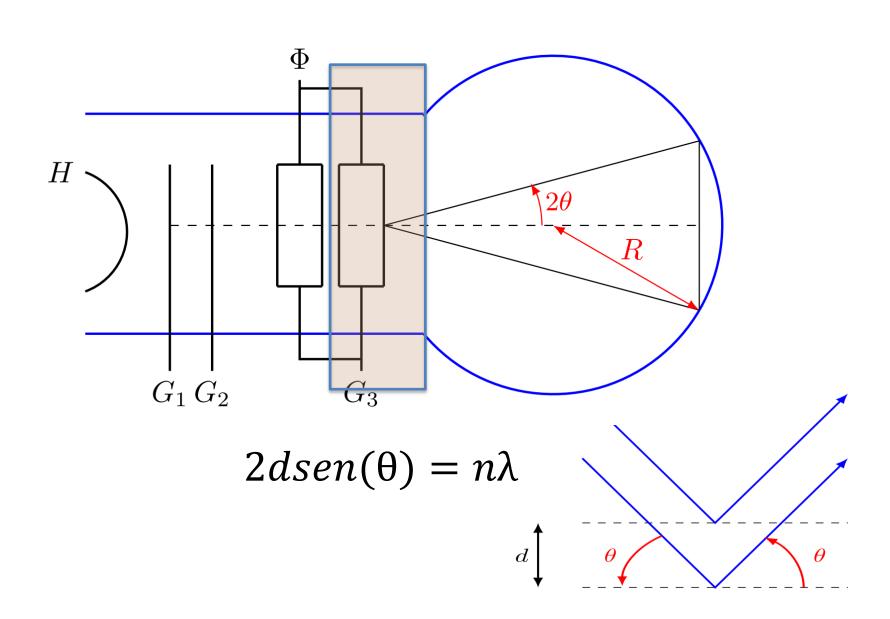




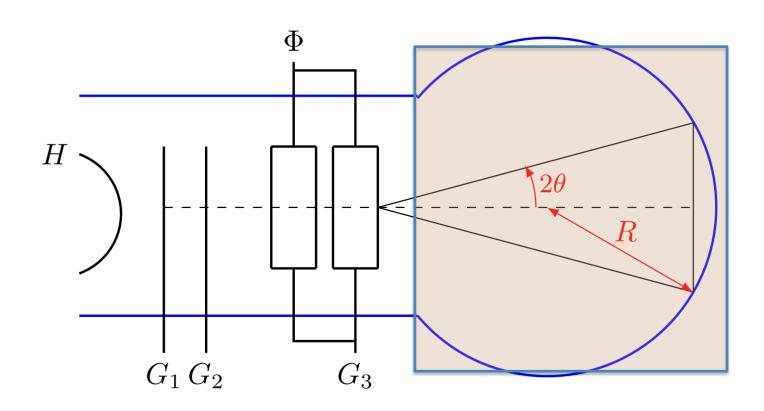


$$\frac{p^2}{2m} = e.\Phi \qquad \lambda = \frac{h}{p}$$





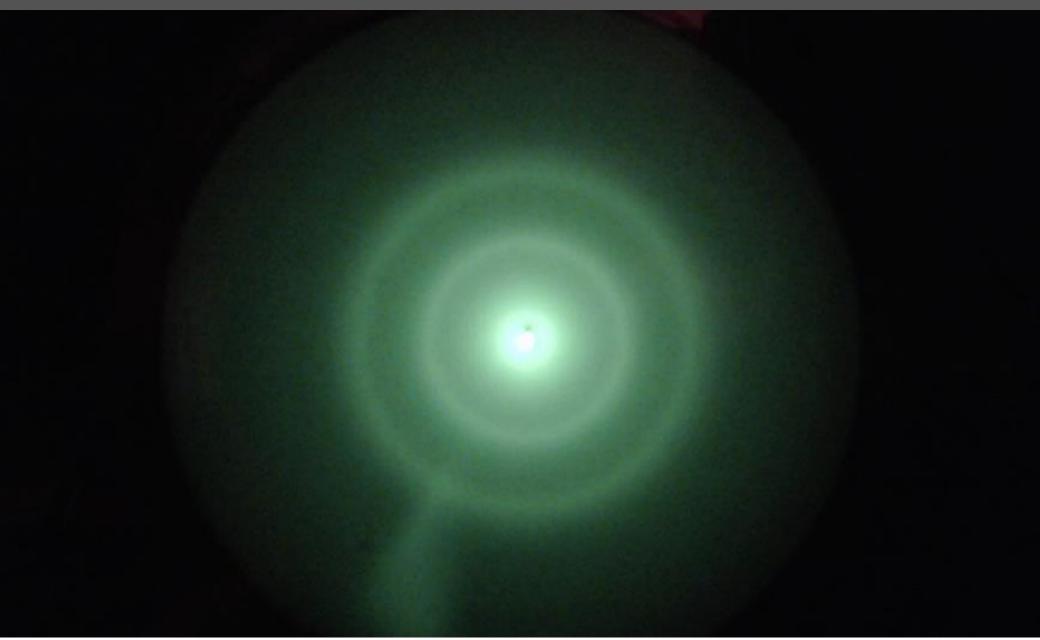




$$d = f(\Phi, D)$$

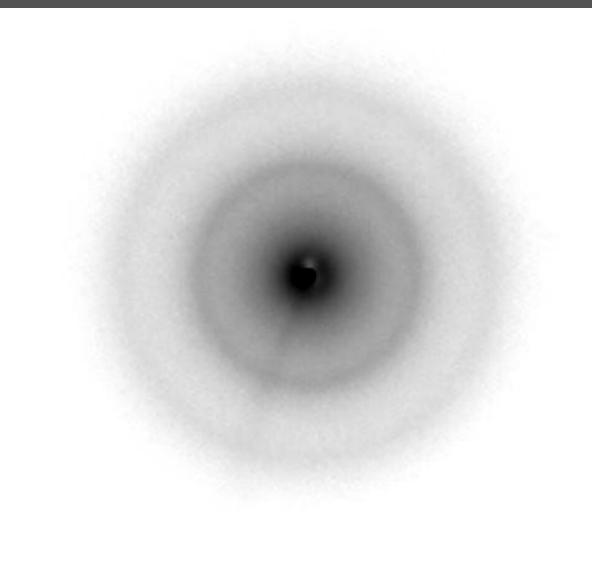
# ANILLOS DE DIFRACCIÓN





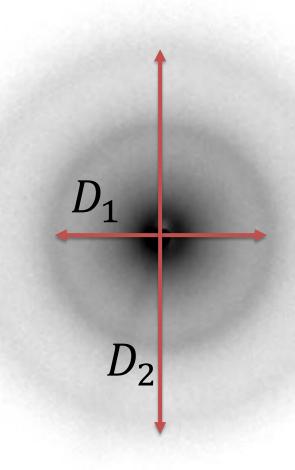
# ANILLOS DE DIFRACCIÓN





#### MEDICIONES – MEDICIÓN DIRECTA



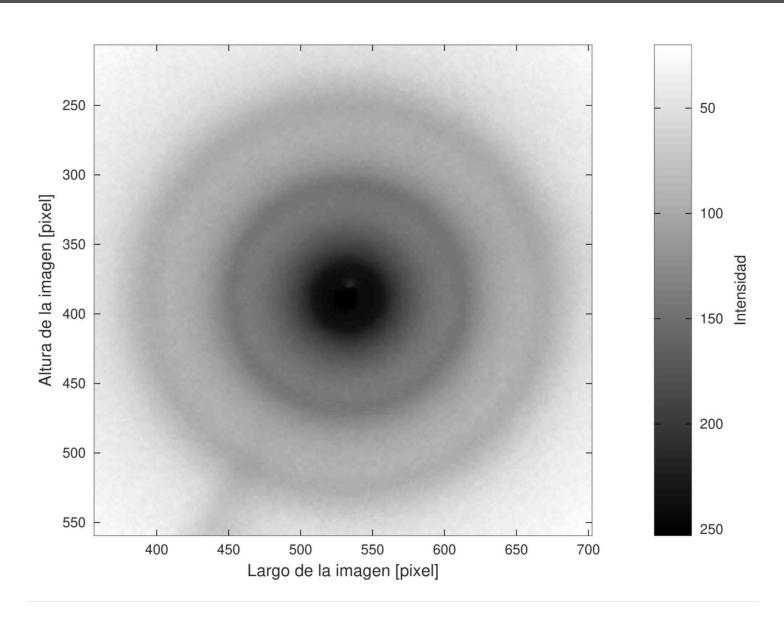


$$d = f(\Phi, D) \qquad \delta d^2 = k(\delta R)^2 + l(\delta \lambda)^2 + m(\delta D)^2$$

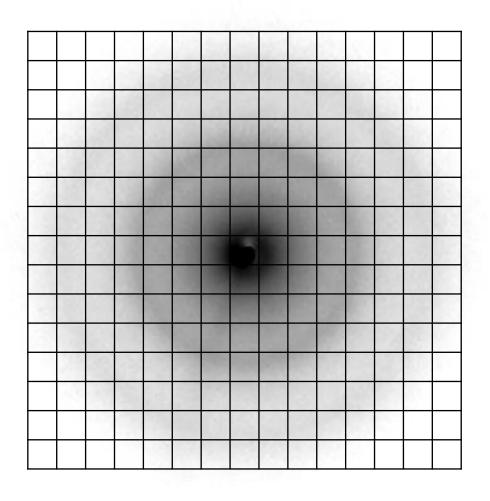


- Ventajas
  - Sistemático
  - Corrección de máximo
  - Zonas de rechazo







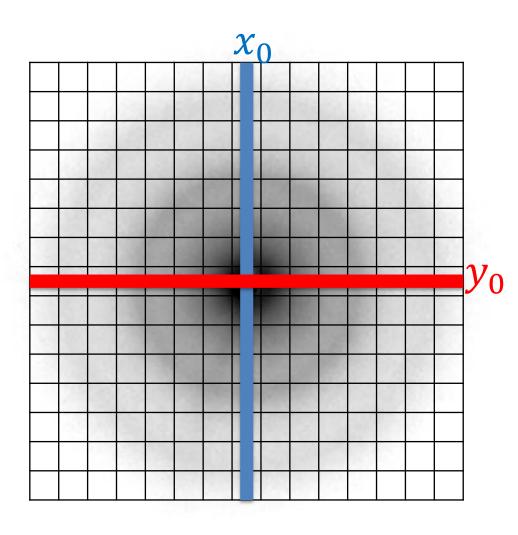


#### Centro:

$$x_0 = \frac{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x, y).x))}{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x, y)))}$$

$$y_0 = \frac{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x,y), y))}{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x,y)))}$$





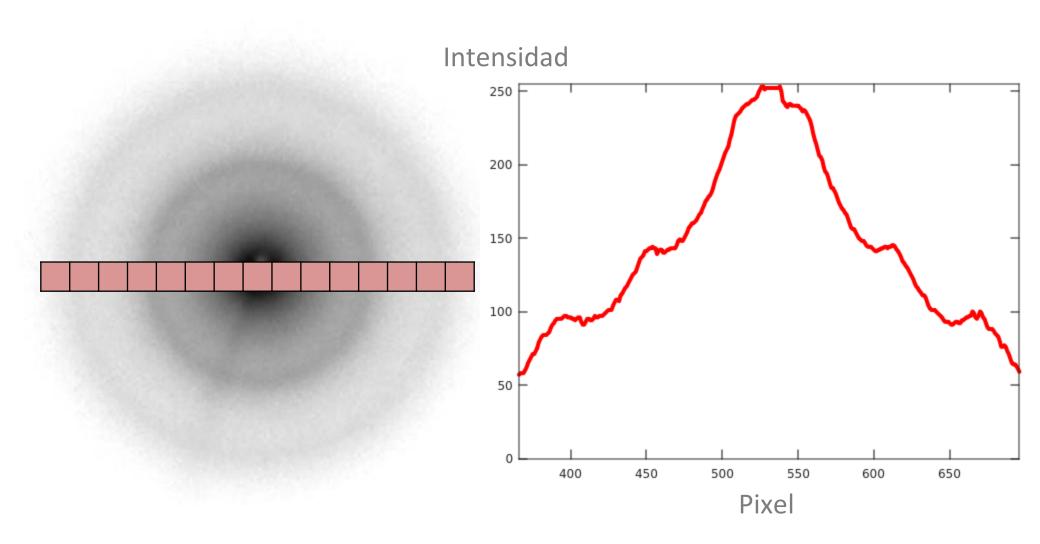
#### Centro:

$$x_0 = \frac{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x, y).x))}{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x, y)))}$$

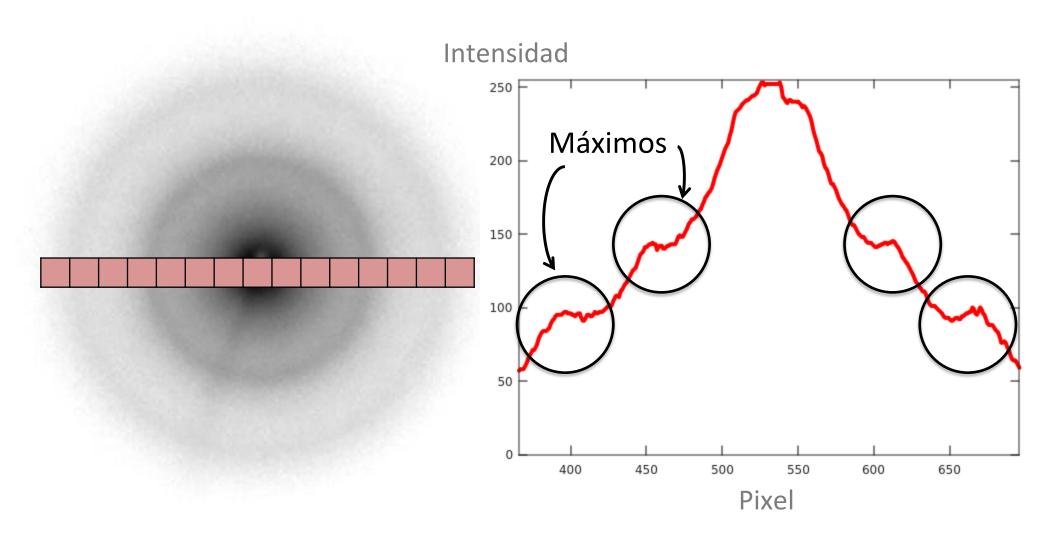
$$y_0 = \frac{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x,y),y))}{\sum_{x=1}^{n} (\sum_{y=1}^{m} (i(x,y)))}$$

Intensidad del Pixel

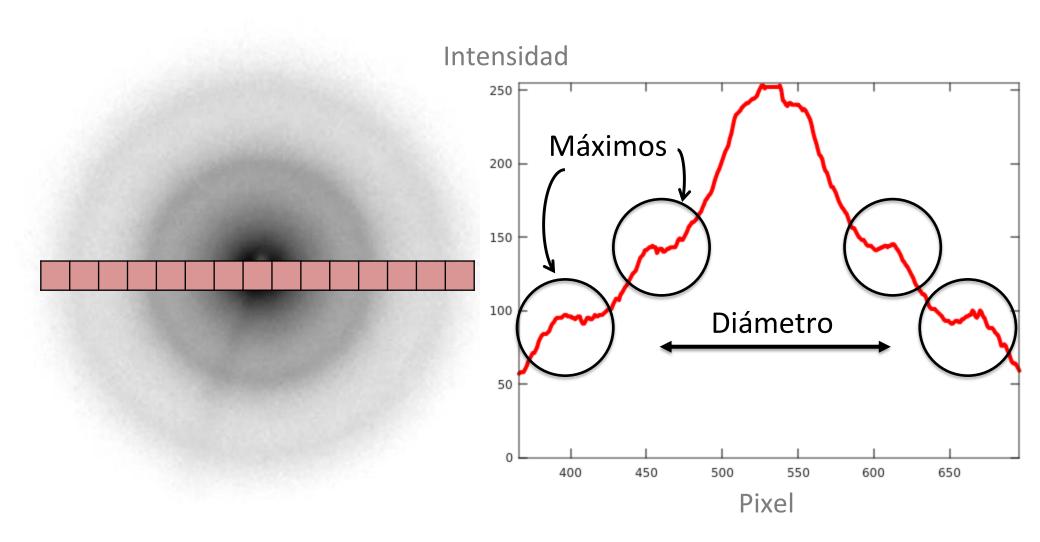




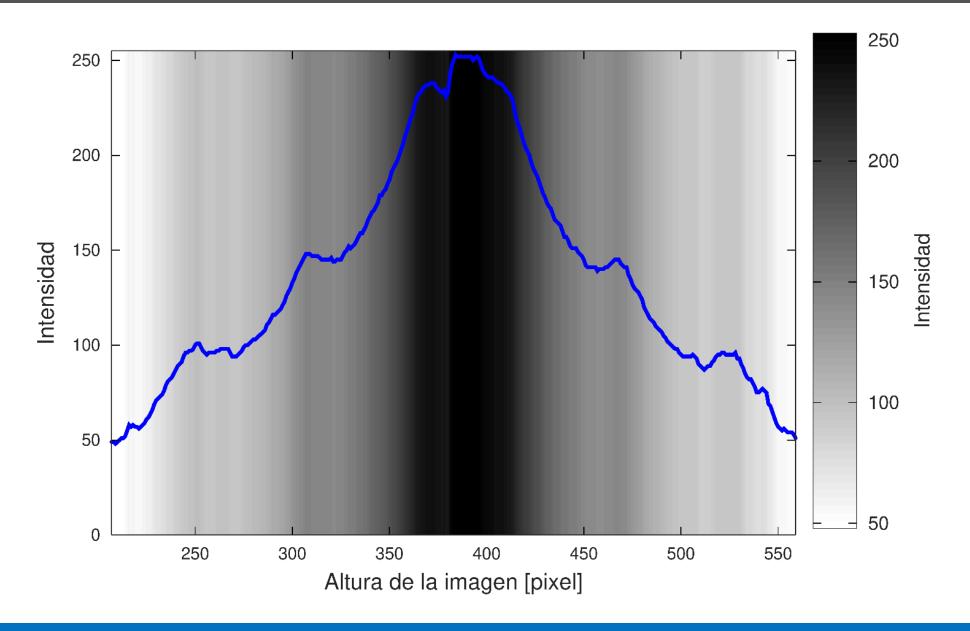




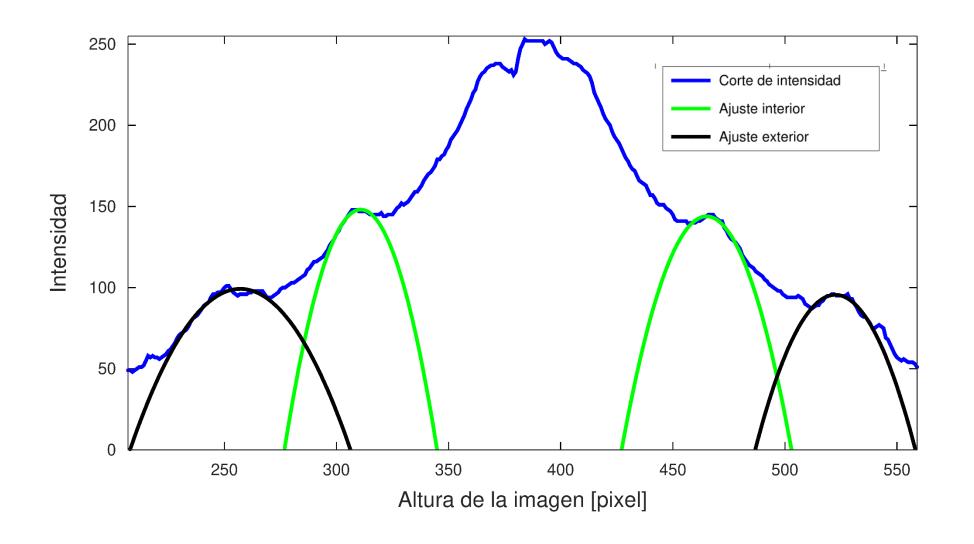




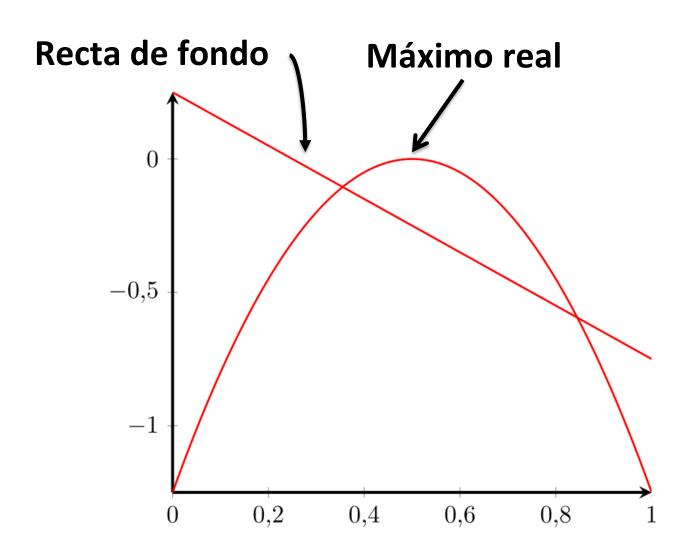




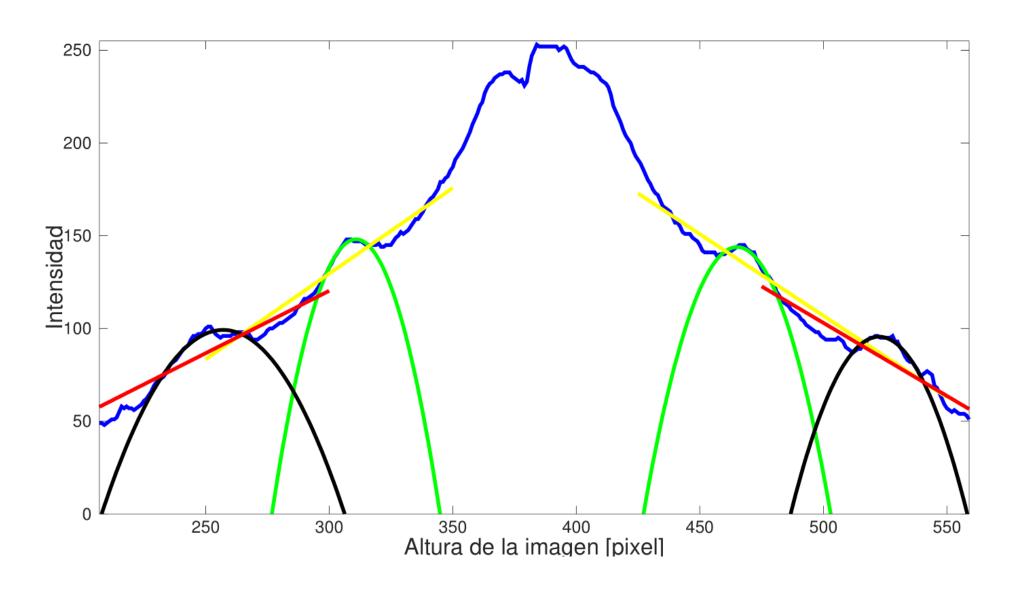














Distancia Interplanar Menor				
por calibre	por fotografía	Diferencia		
128,9 pm	129,2 pm	0,3 $pm$		

Distancia Interplanar Mayor			
por calibre	por fotografía	Diferencia	
233,2 pm	220,7 $pm$	$\overline{12,5}$ $pm$	



$\delta$ Distancia Interplanar Menor				
por calibre	por fotografía	Diferencia		
14,6 $pm$	7,2 $pm$	7,4 $pm$		

$\delta$ Distancia Interplanar Mayor			
por calibre	por fotografía	Diferencia	
37,1 pm	8,6 <i>pm</i>	28,5 $pm$	

#### CONCLUSIONES



- Conclusiones
  - Dualidad onda-partícula
  - Estudio de materiales
  - Reducción del error



¿Preguntas?



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