

# PCAP™ – Certified Associate in Python Programming (Exam PCAP-31-03) – EXAM SYLLABUS

PCAP-31-03 Exam

Status: Live & Active



### The exam consists of five sections:

Section 1 → 6 items	Max Raw Score: 12 (12%)
Section 2 → 5 items	Max Raw Score: 14 (14%)
Section 3 → 8 items	Max Raw Score: 18 (18%)
Section 4 → 12 items	Max Raw Score: 34 (34%)
Section 5 → 9 items	Max Raw Score: 22 (22%)

Last updated: March 7, 2022

Aligned with Exam PCAP-31-03

# Section 1: Modules and Packages (12%)

Objectives covered by the block (6 exam items)

### PCAP-31-03 1.1 – Import and use modules and packages

- import variants: import, from import, import as, import \*
- advanced qualifying for nested modules
- the dir() function
- the sys.path variable

# PCAP-31-03 1.2 - Perform evaluations using the math module

functions: ceil(), floor(), trunc(), factorial(), hypot(), sqrt()

# PCAP-31-03 1.3 - Generate random values using the random module

functions: random(), seed(), choice(), sample()

# PCAP-31-03 1.4 – Discover host platform properties using the *platform* module

 functions: platform(), machine(), processor(), system(), version(), python\_implementation(), python\_version\_tuple()

# PCAP-31-03 1.5 - Create and use user-defined modules and packages

- idea and rationale;
- the \_\_pycache\_\_ directory
- the <u>\_\_name\_\_</u> variable
- public and private variables
- the <u>\_\_init\_\_.py</u> file
- searching for/through modules/packages
- nested packages vs. directory trees

# Section 2: Exceptions (14%)

Objectives covered by the block (5 exam items)

### PCAP-31-03 2.1 – Handle errors using Python-defined exceptions

- except, except:-except, except:-else:, except (el, e2)
- the hierarchy of exceptions

- raise, raise ex
- assert
- event classes
- except E as e
- the *arg* property

# PCAP-31-02 2.2 – Extend the Python exceptions hierarchy with selfdefined exceptions

- self-defined exceptions
- defining and using self-defined exceptions

# Section 3: Strings (18%)

Objectives covered by the block (8 exam items)

# PCAP-31-03 3.1 - Understand machine representation of characters

 encoding standards: ASCII, UNICODE, UTF-8, code points, escape sequences

# PCAP-31-03 3.2 – Operate on strings

- functions: ord(), chr()
- indexing, slicing, immutability
- iterating through strings, concatenating, multiplying, comparing (against strings and numbers)
- operators: in, not in

# PCAP-31-03 3.3 – Employ built-in string methods

methods: .isxxx(), .join(), .split(), .sort(), sorted(), .index(), .find(), .rfind()

# **Section 4:** Object-Oriented Programming (34%)

Objectives covered by the block (12 exam items)

### PCAP-31-03 4.1 – Understand the Object-Oriented approach

• ideas and notions: class, object, property, method, encapsulation, inheritance, superclass, subclass, identifying class components

# PCEP-31-03 4.2 – Employ class and object properties

- instance vs. class variables: declarations and initializations
- the <u>\_\_dict\_\_</u> property (objects vs. classes)
- private components (instances vs. classes)
- name mangling

# PCAP-31-03 4.3 - Equip a class with methods

- declaring and using methods
- the *self* parameter

### PCAP-31-03 4.4 - Discover the class structure

- introspection and the hasattr() function (objects vs classes)
- properties: \_\_name\_\_, \_\_module\_\_ , \_\_bases\_\_

# PCAP-31-03 4.5 - Build a class hierarchy using inheritance

- single and multiple inheritance
- the *isinstance()* function
- overriding
- operators:
- not is

, is

- polymorphism
- overriding the <u>\_\_str\_\_()</u> method
- diamonds

### PCAP-31-03 4.6 – Construct and initialize objects

declaring and invoking constructors

# Section 5: Miscellaneous (22%)

# Scope: List Comprehensions, Lambdas, Closures, and I/O Operations

Objectives covered by the block (9 exam items)

### PCAP-31-03 5.1 - Build complex lists using list comprehension

• list comprehensions: the *if* operator, nested comprehensions

# PCAP-31-03 5.2 - Embed lambda functions into the code

- lambdas: defining and using lambdas
- self-defined functions taking lambdas as arguments
- functions: map(), filter()

### PCAP-31-03 5.3 - Define and use closures

- closures: meaning and rationale
- · defining and using closures

# PCAP-31-03 5.4 - Understand basic Input/Output terminology

- I/O modes
- predefined streams
- handles vs. streams
- text vs. binary modes

# PCAP-31-03 5.5 - Perform Input/Output operations

- the open() function
- the errno variable and its values
- functions: close(), .read(), .write(), .readline(), readlines()
- using bytearray as input/output buffer

