

Vision 3D Master ICIOT Uco.

MAST Reconstrucción del 3D Shape From Silhoutte



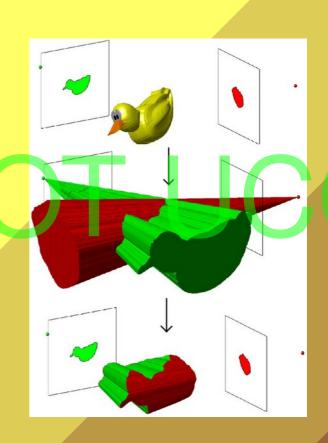
- Contenidos.
 - Principio.
 - Voxel set.

MACTREE RICIOTUCE

- La imagen integral.
- Inconsistencia de siluetas.



- Principio:
 - Ventajas:
 - Muy simple.
 - Inconvenientes:
 - Proporciona el "Visual-Hull".
 - Inconsistencias de las siluetas.
 - Implementaciones:
 - Usando "voxel-set".
 - Usando un "octree".

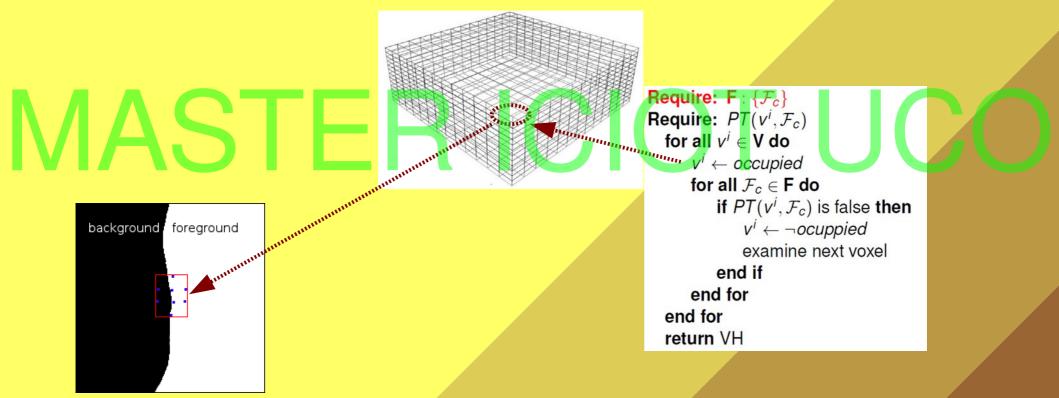


Ejemplo:

https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=9hAadMszs5k

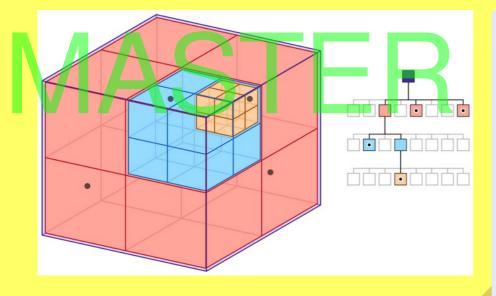


Cómo: usando un voxel set.





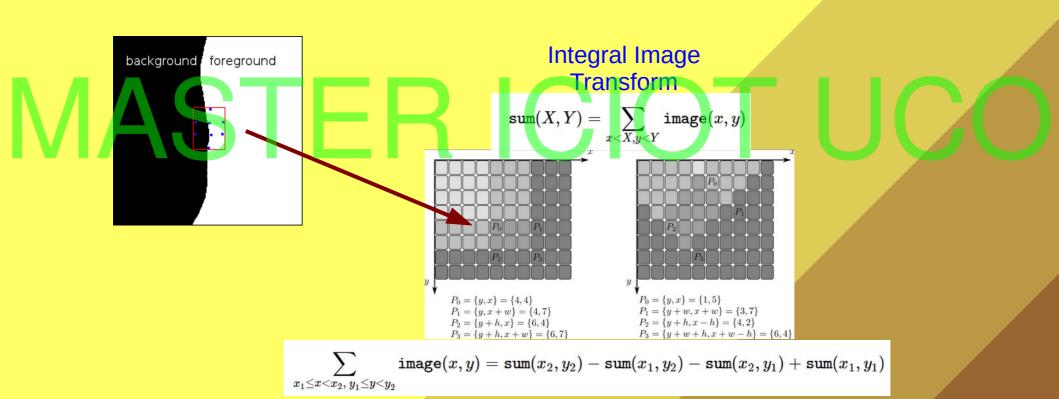
Cómo: usando un octree.



```
Require F: {F<sub>i</sub>}
Require PT: Vx{F} -> {"white", "grey", "black"}
Require split: IxV -> {V}
Algorithm: SFS(l:I, o:Voxel)
begin
     if l<MaxLevel then</pre>
          switch PT(o, F)
              Case "white":
                o ← empty
              Case "black":
                o ← occupied.
              Case "grey":
                Vs ← split(o)
                foreach v in Vs do SFS(l+1, v)
          end-Switch
     else
          if PT(V, F) in {"black", "grey"} then
                o <- occupied
          else
                o <- empty
     end-if
end.
```



Cómo: la imagen integral.





- Richard Szeliski, "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications", Springer, 2011.
- Adrian Kaehler and Gary Bradski, "Learning OpenCV 3", O'Reilly, 2017.
- "Rapid Octree Construction from Image Sequences", Szeliski R, CVGIP: Image Understanding Volume 58, Issue 1, July 1993, Pages 23-32.
- Díaz-Más, L. et al., 2010. Shape from silhouette using Dempster–Shafer theory. Pattern Recognition, 43(6).