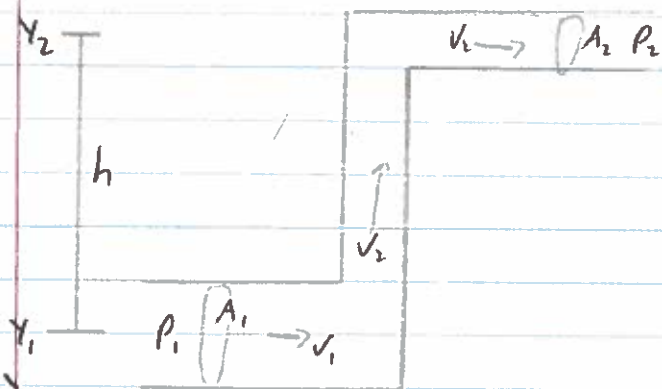


Ex 12.7
p 387



- Use eqn. of continuity to find speed of flow in smaller pipe, v_2 .

$$A_1 v_1 = A_2 v_2$$

$$v_2 = \frac{A_1}{A_2} v_1 = \frac{\pi \left(\frac{d_1}{4}\right)^2}{\pi \left(\frac{d_2}{4}\right)^2} v_1 = \left(\frac{d_1}{d_2}\right)^2 v_1$$

$$= \left(\frac{2 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ cm}}\right)^2 (1.5 \text{ m s}^{-1})$$

$$v_2 = 6.0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

- Volume flow rate, $\frac{dV}{dt} = A_2 v_2$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} d_2^2 v_2 = \frac{\pi (1 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})^2}{4} 6.0$$

$$= 4.7 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1} = 4.7 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 0.47 \text{ L s}^{-1}$$

Find Pressure, P_2 .

Bernoulli's eqn:

$$P_1 + \rho g y_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 = P_2 + \rho g y_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$$

$$P_2 = P_1 + \rho g (y_1 - y_2) + \frac{1}{2} \rho (v_1^2 - v_2^2)$$

$$= 4.0 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$+ (1 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3})(9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2})(-5.0 \text{ m})$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (1 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}) [(1.5 \text{ m s}^{-1})^2 - (6.0 \text{ m s}^{-1})^2]$$

$$\underline{P_2 = 3.3 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}}$$

$$P_2 = 3.3 \text{ atm}$$