The Lua-UL package*

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1 User-level interface

Lua-UL uses new capabilities of the LuaTeX engine to provide underlining/ strikethrough/highlighting etc. support without breaking ligatures, kerning or restricting input. The predefined user-level commands are \underLine, \highLight, and \strikeThrough. (\highLight will only work correctly if the luacolor package is loaded) They are used as

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{lua-ul}
\begin{document}
This package is \strikeThrough{useless}\underLine{awesome}!
\end{document}
```

This package is uselessawesome!

For limited compatibility with soul, the soul package option allows you to use the traditional macro names from soul instead:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[soul]{lua-ul}
\begin{document}
This package is \st{useless}\ul{awesome}!
\end{document}
```

The \highLight command highlights the argument in yellow by default. This color can be changed either by providing a color as optional argument or by changing the default through \LuaULSetHighLightColor:

^{*}This document corresponds to Lua-UL v0.0.3, dated 2020/03/17.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{xcolor,luacolor,lua-ul}
\LuaULSetHighLightColor{green}
\begin{document}
Lots of stuff is \highLight{important enough to be highlighted},
but only few things are dangerous enough to deserve
\highLight[red]{red highlighting.}
\LuaULSetHighLightColor{yellow}
Let's go back to traditional \highLight{highlighting}.
\end{document}
```

Lots of stuff is important enough to be highlighted, but only few things are dangerous enough to deserve red highlighting.

Let's go back to traditional highlighting.

2 Expert interface

\newunderlinetype

Sometimes, you might try to solve more interesting problems than boring underlining, strikethrough or highlighting. Maybe you always wanted to be your own spell checker, want to demonstrate your love for ducks or you think that the traditional \strikeThrough is/\pi(\pi)\pi(\pi)\pi(\pi)\pi)\pi(\pi)\pi)\pi(\pi)\pi). For all these cases, you can define your own "underlining" command based on a TeX \[cxg]leaders command.

For this, use

 $\mbox{\ \ leaders\ } (\mbox{\ \ } (\mbox{\ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ } \mbox{\ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \mbox{\ \ \ \ } \$

First, you have to pass the name of the command which should enable your new kind of underlining. (If you want to have an additional command which takes an argument and underlines this argument, you will have to define this manually.) The optional argument provides a "context": This "context" has to expand to a string (something that can appear in a csname) which changes if the leaders box should be recalculated. The leader will be chached and reused whenever the context evaluates to the same string. So if your leaders should depend on the fontsize, the expansion of the context should contain the font size. If you leaders contain text in the current font, your context should include \fontname. The default context includes the current size of 1ex and the current color if luacolor is loaded.

The final argument contains the actual leader command. You should omit the final glue normally passed to \leaders, so e.g. write \leaders\hbox{ . } without appending \hfill or \hskip1pt etc. The height and depth of your leaders is ignored to ensure that adding underlines etc. does not change the general text layout. It is your responsibility to ensure that you are not too high or too low and intercept other lines. On the other hand, running dimensions work fine if you use a rule.

For example, the special underline commands demonstrated above are implemented as

```
\usepackage{luacolor,tikzducks,pict2e}
\newunderlinetype\beginUnderDuck{\cleaders\hbox{%
  \begin{tikzpicture}[x=.5ex,y=.5ex,baseline=.8ex]%
  \end{tikzpicture}%
}}
\newcommand\underDuck[1]{{\beginUnderDuck#1}}
\newunderlinetype\beginUnderWavy[\number\dimexpr1ex]{\cleaders\hbox{%
    \setlength\unitlength{.3ex}%
    \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \text{begin{picture}(4,0)(0,1)} \end{array} \end{array}
       \thicklines
       \color{red}%
      \qbezier(0,0)(1,1)(2,0)
       \qbezier(2,0)(3,-1)(4,0)
    \end{picture}%
}}
\newcommand\underWavy[1]{{\beginUnderWavy#1}}
\newunderlinetype\beginStrikeThough{\leaders\hbox{%
    \normalfont\bfseries/%
\newcommand\StrikeThough[1]{{\beginStrikeThough#1}}
```

Here \underWavy uses a custom context because it doesn't change depending on the current font color.

If you only want to use \newunderlinetype and do not want to use the predefined underline types, you can use the minimal package option to disable them.

3 The implementation

3.1 Helper modules

First we need a separate Lua module pre_append_to_vlist_filter which provides a variant of the append_to_vlist_filter callback which can be used by multiple packages. This ensures that we are compatible with other packages implementing append_to_vlist_filter. First check if an equivalent to pre_append_to_vlist_filter already exists. The idea is that this might eventually get added to the kernel directly.

```
if luatexbase.callbacktypes.pre_append_to_vlist_filter then
    return
end

local call_callback = luatexbase.call_callback
local flush node = node.flush node
```

```
local prepend_prevdepth = node.prepend_prevdepth
  local callback_define
HACK: Do not do this at home! We need to define the engine callback directly,
so we use the debug library to get the "real" callback.define:
  for i=1,5 do
    local name, func = debug.getupvalue(luatexbase.disable_callback, i)
    if name == 'callback_register' then
      callback_define = func
      break
    end
  end
  if not callback_define then
    error[[Unable to find callback.define]]
  end
  local function filtered_append_to_vlist_filter(box,
                                                  locationcode,
                                                  prevdepth,
                                                  mirrored)
    local current = call_callback("pre_append_to_vlist_filter",
                                  box, locationcode, prevdepth,
                                  mirrored)
    if not current then
      flush_node(box)
      return
    elseif current == true then
      current = box
    return call_callback("append_to_vlist_filter",
                         box, locationcode, prevdepth, mirrored)
  end
  callback_define('append_to_vlist_filter',
                  filtered_append_to_vlist_filter)
  luatexbase.callbacktypes.append_to_vlist_filter = nil
  luatexbase.create_callback('append_to_vlist_filter', 'exclusive',
                             function(n, _, prevdepth)
                               return prepend_prevdepth(n, prevdepth)
                             end)
  luatexbase.create_callback('pre_append_to_vlist_filter',
                              'list', false)
3.2 Lua module
Now we can define our main Lua module:
```

```
local unset_t = node.id'unset'
local hlist_t = node.id'hlist'
local vlist_t = node.id'vlist'
```

```
local kern_t = node.id'kern'
local glue_t = node.id'glue'
local char_given = token.command_id'char_given'
local underlineattrs = {}
local underline_types = {}
local underline_strict_flag = {}
local underline_over_flag = {}
local saved_values = {}
local function new_underline_type()
 for i=1, #underlineattrs do
   local attr = underlineattrs[i]
    saved_values[i] = tex.attribute[attr]
    tex.attribute[attr] = -0x7FFFFFFF
  end
  local strict_flag = token.scan_keyword'strict'
  local over_flag = token.scan_keyword'over'
  local b = token.scan_list()
  for i=1, #underlineattrs do
    tex.attribute[underlineattrs[i]] = saved_values[i]
  end
  local lead = b.head
  if not lead.leader then
    tex.error("Leader required", {"An underline type has to \z
      be defined by leader. You should use one of the", "commands \z
      \\leaders, \\cleaders, or \\xleader, or \\gleaders here."})
  else
    if lead.next then
      tex.error("Too many nodes", {"An underline type can only be \z
          defined by a single leaders specification,", "not by \z
          multiple nodes. Maybe you supplied an additional glue?",
          "Anyway, the additional nodes will be ignored"})
    end
    table.insert(underline_types, lead)
    b.head = lead.next
    node.flush_node(b)
  token.put_next(token.new(#underline_types, char_given))
  underline_strict_flag[#underline_types] = strict_flag
  underline_over_flag[#underline_types] = over_flag
end
local function set_underline()
 local j
  for i=1, #underlineattrs do
    local attr = underlineattrs[i]
    if tex.attribute[attr] == -0x7FFFFFFF then
      j = attr
      break
```

```
end
  end
  if not j then
    j = luatexbase.new_attribute(
        "luaul" .. tostring(#underlineattrs+1))
    underlineattrs[#underlineattrs+1] = j
  tex.attribute[j] = token.scan_int()
end
local function reset_underline()
  local reset_all = token.scan_keyword'*'
  local j
 for i=1, #underlineattrs do
    local attr = underlineattrs[i]
    if tex.attribute[attr] ~= -0x7FFFFFFF then
      if reset_all then
        tex.attribute[attr] = -0x7FFFFFFF
      else
        j = attr
      end
    end
  end
  if not j then
   if not reset_all then
      tex.error("No underline active", {"You tried to disable \z
            underlining but underlining was not active in the first",
            "place. Maybe you wanted to ensure that \z
            no underling can be active anymore?", "Then you should \z
            append a *."})
    end
   return
  end
  tex.attribute[j] = -0x7FFFFFFF
local functions = lua.get_functions_table()
local set_lua = token.set_lua
local new_underline_type_func =
    luatexbase.new_luafunction"luaul.new_underline_type"
local set_underline_func =
    luatexbase.new_luafunction"luaul.set_underline_func"
local reset_underline_func =
    luatexbase.new_luafunction"luaul.reset_underline_func"
set_lua("LuaULNewUnderlineType", new_underline_type_func)
set_lua("LuaULSetUnderline", set_underline_func, "protected")
set_lua("LuaULResetUnderline", reset_underline_func, "protected")
functions[new_underline_type_func] = new_underline_type
functions[set_underline_func] = set_underline
functions[reset_underline_func] = reset_underline
```

A little helper to measure box contents and creating a glue node with inverted dimensions.

```
local stretch_fi = {}
  local shrink_fi = {}
  local function fil_levels(n)
    for i=0,4 do
      stretch_fi[i], shrink_fi[i] = 0, 0
    for n in node.traverse_id(glue_t, n) do
      local order = n.stretch_order
      stretch_fi[order] = stretch_fi[order] + n.stretch
      order = n.shrink_order
      shrink_fi[order] = shrink_fi[order] + n.shrink
    end
    local stretch, shrink = 0, 0
    for i=0,4 do
      if stretch_fi[i] ~= 0 then
        stretch = i
      end
      if shrink_fi[i] ~= 0 then
        shrink = i
      end
    end
    return stretch, shrink
  local function new_glue_neg_dimensions(n, t,
                                          stretch_order, shrink_order)
    local g = node.new(glue_t)
    g.width = -node.dimensions(n, t)
    g.next = n
    g.stretch_order = stretch_order
    g.stretch = -node.dimensions(1, 1, stretch_order, g, t)
    g.shrink_order = shrink_order
    g.shrink = node.dimensions(1, 2, shrink_order, g, t)
    g.next = nil
    return g
  end
Now the actual undelining
  local add_underline_h
  local function add_underline_v(head, attr)
    for n in node.traverse(head) do
      if head.id == hlist_t then
        add_underline_h(n, attr)
      elseif head.id == vlist_t then
        add_underline_v(n.head, attr)
        node.set_attribute(n, attr, 0)
      end
    end
```

```
function add_underline_h(head, attr)
 local used = false
 node.slide(head.head)
 local last_value
 local first
 local shrink_order, stretch_order
 for n in node.traverse(head.head) do
   local new_value = node.has_attribute(n, attr)
    if new_value then
      if new_value > 0 then
       node.set_attribute(n, attr, -new_value)
       new_value = nil
      end
    end
    if n.id == hlist_t then
      if underline_strict_flag[new_value] or n.subtype == 3 then
       new_value = nil
        add_underline_h(n, attr)
    elseif n.id == vlist_t then
     new_value = nil
     add_underline_v(n.head, attr)
     node.set_attribute(n, attr, 0)
    elseif n.id == kern_t and n.subtype == 0 then
      if n.next and not node.has_attribute(n.next, attr) then
       new_value = nil
      else
       new_value = last_value
      end
    elseif n.id == glue_t and (
       n.subtype == 8 or
       n.subtype == 9 or
       n.subtype == 15 or
    false) then
     new_value = nil
    end
    if last_value ~= new_value then
      if not stretch_order then
       stretch_order, shrink_order = fil_levels(head.head)
      if last_value then
       local glue = new_glue_neg_dimensions(first, n,
            stretch_order, shrink_order)
       local w, st, sh = node.getglue(glue)
        local lead = node.copy(underline_types[last_value])
        node.setglue(lead, -w, -st, -sh, stretch_order, shrink_order)
        if underline_over_flag[last_value] then
         head.head = node.insert_before(head, n, glue)
```

```
node.insert_after(head, glue, lead)
        else
          head.head = node.insert_before(head.head, first, lead)
          node.insert_after(head, lead, glue)
        end
      end
      if new_value then
        first = n
      end
      last_value = new_value
    end
  end
  if last_value then
    local glue = new_glue_neg_dimensions(first, nil,
        stretch_order, shrink_order)
    local w, st, sh = node.getglue(glue)
    local lead = node.copy(underline_types[last_value])
    node.setglue(lead, -w, -st, -sh, stretch_order, shrink_order)
    if underline_over_flag[last_value] then
      node.insert_after(head, node.tail(n), glue)
      node.insert_after(head, glue, lead)
    else
      head.head = node.insert_before(head.head, first, lead)
      node.insert_after(head, lead, glue)
  end
  node.set_attribute(head, attr, 0)
local function filter(b, loc, prev, mirror)
  for i = 1, #underlineattrs do
    if loc == "alignment" then
      assert(b.id == hlist_t)
      for n in node.traverse(b.head) do
        if n.id == glue_t then
        elseif n.id == unset_t then
          add_underline_h(n, underlineattrs[i])
        else
          assert(false)
        end
      end
      add_underline_v(b, underlineattrs[i])
    end
  end
  return true
require'pre_append_to_vlist_filter'
luatexbase.add_to_callback('pre_append_to_vlist_filter',
                           filter, 'add underlines to list')
```

3.3 T_EX support package

Now only some LATEX glue code is still needed Only LuaLATEX is supported. For other engines we show an error.

```
\ifx\directlua\undefined
  \PackageError{lua-ul}{LuaLaTeX required}%
  {Lua-UL requires LuaLaTeX.
   Maybe you forgot to switch the engine in your editor?}
\fi
\directlua{require'lua-ul'}
\RequirePackage{xparse}
```

We support some options. Especially minimal will disable the predefined commands \underLine and \strikeThrough and allow you to define similar commands with your custom settings instead, soul tries to replicate names of the soul package.

```
\newif\ifluaul@predefined
\newif\ifluaul@soulnames
\luaul@predefinedtrue
\DeclareOption{minimal}{\luaul@predefinedfalse}
\DeclareOption{soul}{\luaul@soulnamestrue}
\ProcessOptions\relax

Just one more tiny helper.
\protected\def\luaul@maybedefineuse#1#2{%
\unless\ifcsname#1\endcsname
\expandafter\xdef\csname#1\endcsname{#2}%
\fi
\csname#1\endcsname
}
```

The default for the context argument. Give that most stuff should scale vertically with the font size, we expect most arguments to be given in ex. Additionally especially traditional underlines will use the currently active text color, so especially when luacolor is loaded we have to include the color attribute too.

```
\number\dimexpr1ex
@\unless\ifx\undefined\LuaCol@Attribute
   \the\LuaCol@Attribute
   \fi
}
The main macro.
\NewDocumentCommand\newunderlinetype
   { E{*}{{}} m O{\luaul@defaultcontext} m }{%
   \newcommand#2{}% "Reserve" the name
   \protected\def#2{%
   \expandafter\luaul@maybedefineuse
   \expanded{{\csstring#2@@#3}}%
   {\LuaULSetUnderline
   \LuaULNewUnderlineType#1\bbox{#4\hskipOpt}%
```

\newcommand\luaul@defaultcontext{%

```
}}%
}
\ifluaul@predefined
```

For \highLight, the color should be customizable. There are two cases: If xcolor is not loaded, we just accept a simple color name. Otherwise, we accept color as documented in xcolor for PSTricks: Either a color name, a color expression or a combination of colormodel and associated values.

```
\newcommand\luaul@highlight@color{yellow}
    \def\luaul@@setcolor\xcolor@#1#2{}
    \newcommand\luaul@setcolor[1]{%
      \ifx\XC@getcolor\undefined
        \def\luaul@highlight@currentcolor{#1}
      \else
        \begingroup
          \XC@getcolor{#1}\luaul@tmpcolor
        \expanded{\endgroup
          \def\noexpand\luaul@highlight@currentcolor{%
            \expandafter\luaul@@setcolor\luaul@tmpcolor}}%
      \fi
    }
Now a user-level command to set the default color.
  \NewDocumentCommand\LuaULSetHighLightColor{om}{%
    \edef\luaul@highlight@color{\IfValueTF{#1}{[#1]{#2}}{#2}}%
The sizes for the predefined commands are stolen from the "soul" default values.
    \newunderlinetype\@underLine%
      {\leaders\vrule height -.65ex depth .75ex}
    \newcommand\underLine[1]{{\@underLine#1}}
    \newunderlinetype\@strikeThrough%
      {\leaders\vrule height .55ex depth -.45ex}
    \newcommand\strikeThrough[1]{{\@strikeThrough#1}}
    \newunderlinetype\@highLight[\number\dimexpr1ex@%
                                  \luaul@highlight@currentcolor]%
      {%
        \ifx\XC@getcolor\undefined
          \color{\luaul@highlight@currentcolor}%
          \expandafter\XC@undeclaredcolor\luaul@highlight@currentcolor
        \fi
        \leaders\vrule height 1.75ex depth .75ex
    \newcommand\highLight[2] [\luaul@highlight@color] {{%
      \luaul@setcolor{#1}%
      \@highLight#2%
    }}
    \ifluaul@soulnames
      \let\textul\underLine \let\ul\textul
```

```
\let\textst\strikeThrough \let\st\textst
      \let\texthl\highLight \let\hl\texthl
    \fi
  \fi
Finally patch \reset@font to ensure that underlines do not propagate into
unexpected places.
  \ifx \reset@font \normalfont
    \let \reset@font \relax
    \DeclareRobustCommand \reset@font {%
      \normalfont
      \LuaULResetUnderline*%
    }
  \else
    \MakeRobust \reset@font
    \begingroup
      \expandafter \let
          \expandafter \helper
          \csname reset@font \endcsname
    \expandafter \endgroup
    \expandafter \gdef
      \csname reset@font \expandafter \endcsname
    \expandafter {%
      \helper%
      \LuaULResetUnderline*%
    }
  \fi
```

Change History