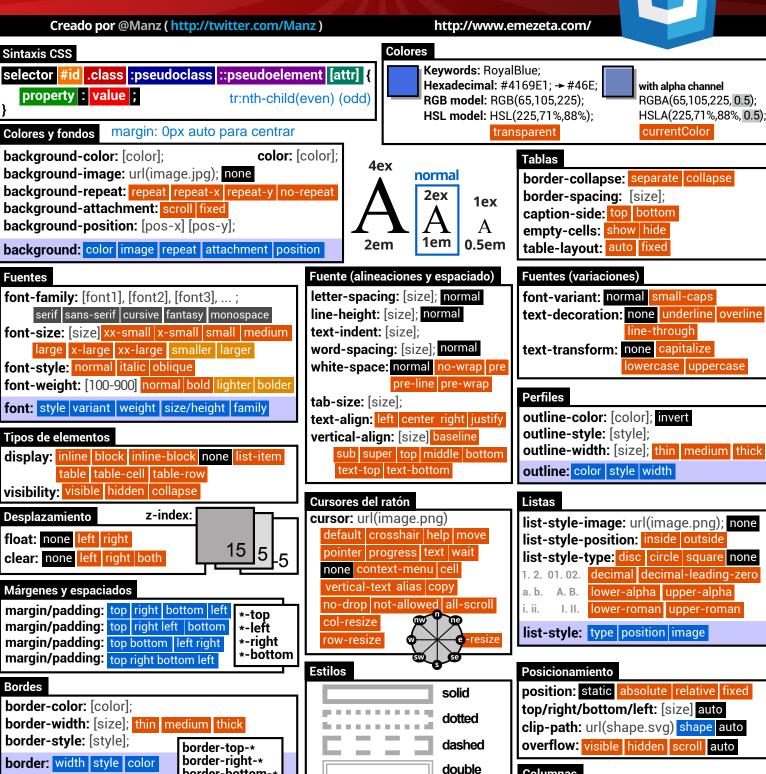
# DISENO WEB CSS3





position: static absolute relative fixed top/right/bottom/left: [size] auto clip-path: url(shape.svg) shape auto overflow: visible hidden scroll auto

#### Columnas

column-width: [size]:

column-count: [number]; auto

columns: width count

#### Separador de columnas

column-rule-width: [size]; column-rule-style: [style]; column-rule-color: [color];

column-rule: width style color

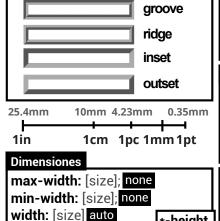
column-gap: [size]; normal column-span: [number]; all column-fill: balance auto

#### border-bottom-\* border-left-\* Ubicaciones top top-left top-right left right bottom-left bottom-right bottom padding

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1 margin

border



\*-height

# DISENO WEB CSS3

Creado por @Manz ( http://twitter.com/Manz )

http://www.emezeta.com/

#### Gradientes

#### background-image:

linear-gradient([dir], [col1], [col2]...); radial-gradient([shape] [size] at [pos], [col1], [col2], ...); repeating-linear-gradient(...); repeating-radial-gradient(...);

#### Sombras

text-shadow: [pos-x] [pos-y] [blur] [color]; none

box-shadow: [pos-x] [pos-y] [blur] [size] [color]; none inset

#### Fondos o sombras múltiples

background-image: url(back1.png), url(back2.png), ...; background-repeat: no-repeat, repeat-x, ...;

#### **Fondos**

background-clip: border-box padding-box content-box background-origin: padding-box border-box content-box background-size: [size-w] [size-h]; cover contain auto

background: color position size repeat origin clip att img

#### **Bordes redondeados**

border-radius: top right bottom left border-top-left-\* border-radius: top bottom left right border-radius: top right bottom left

border-top-right-\* border-bottom-left-\* border-bottom-right-\*

#### Dirección en gradiente lineal

to top 360deg to top left, to top right 325deg 35deq to left 270deg 90deg to right 215deg 145deg to bottom right to bottom left 180deg to bottom

#### Opciones del gradiente radial

shape: ellipse circle size: [size] farthest-corner | closest-corner farthest-side closest-side pos: center top left right bottom

top left top right bottom left bottom right

-moz- 🙋 -ms- 🥭 -0- 🕦 Medios @media print { propiedad : valor; @media screen { propiedad : valor: @media screen and (max-width: 640px) propiedad: valor;

-webkit- 🧭 🧼 🕕

#### Tipografías CSS3

@font-face {

font-family: 'Open Sans'; font-weight: 300; src: local('Open Sans'), url(file.ttf) format('truetype'),

url(file.woff) format('woff'); }

#### Paginación

#### @page {

size: [width] [height];

## landscape portrait auto

margin: [...] orphans: [number]; widows: [number]; }

http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans:300,400|Roboto:400

#### Bordes con imágenes

border-image-outset: [size]

border-image-repeat: stretch repeat round space

border-image-slice: top right bottom left

border-image-source: url(image.png)

border-image-width: [size]

transition-duration: [time];

transition-delay: [time];

border-image: source slice width outset repeat

transition-property: [css-property]; none all

transition-timing-function: [timing-function]

transition: property duration t-function delay

#### Fuentes CSS3

font-stretch: ultra-condensed

extra-condensed condensed semi-condensed

normal semi-expanded expanded extra-expanded ultra-expanded

text-overflow: [text]; clip ellipsis

text-justify: auto inter-word distribute none

font-size-adjust: [number] none

### Rotación 2D

**transform:** rotateX(deg x): transform: rotateY(deg\_y); transform: rotate(deg);

Escalado 2D

Translación 2D

transform: scaleX(x); transform: scaleY(y); transform: scale(x, y);

transform: translateX(x):

transform: translateY(y);

transform: translate(x, y);

#### Transformaciones 3D

(0.25, 0.1, 0.25, 1)

(0.00, 0.0, 1.00, 1)

(0.42, 0.0, 1.00, 1)

(0.00, 0.0, 0.58, 1)

(0.42, 0.0, 0.58, 1)

transform: translate3d(x, y, z); transform: translateZ(z);

transform: scale3d(x, y, z);

transform: scaleZ(z);

transform: rotate3d(x,y,z,deg);

transform: rotateZ(deg); transform: perspective(n);

**transform:** matrix3d(n,n,n,...)

#### Filtros CSS

filter: [filter](n)

filter-func

grayscale: [0...1] blur: [size]

sepia: [0...1]

saturate: [0...1] opacity: [0...1]

brightness: [0...1]

**contrast:** [0...1] hue-rotate: [deq]

invert: [0...1] filter: f1(n) f2(n)

#### Deformación 2D transform: skewX(deg x):

transform: skewY(deg\_y); transform: skew(deg, deg);

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0% = from 100% = to

Fotogramas

**270** deg 90

180

@-vendor-keyframes rowspan alto

@keyframes nameanimation {

0% { propiedad: valor }

100% { propiedad: valor }

table tr td Y colspan largo

#### **Transformaciones**

transform-origin: [pos-x] [pos-y] [pos-z]; transform-style: flat preserve-3d timing-function cubic-bezier()

#### **Animaciones**

**Transiciones** 

animation-name: [name]; none animation-duration: [time]; animation-timing-function: ->

animation-delay: [time]:

animation-iteration-count: [number]; infinite

animation-direction: normal reverse alternate alternate-reverse animation-fill-mode: none forwards backwards both

ease

linear

ease-in

ease-out

animation-play-state: running paused

animation: name duration timing-func delay i-c dir f-m p-s

## **HTML Cheatsheet**

#### **Basic Tags**

<html> </html>

Creates an HTML document

<head> </head>

Sets off the title & other info that isn't displayed

<body> </body>

Sets off the visible portion of the document

<title> </title>

Puts name of the document in the title bar; when bookmarking pages, this is what isbookmarked

#### **Body attributes** (only used in email newsletters)

<body bgcolor=?>

Sets background color, using name or hex value

<body text=?>

Sets text color, using name or hex value

<body link=?>

Sets color of links, using name or hex value

<body vlink=?>

Sets color of visited links, using name or hex value

<body alink=?>

Sets color of active links (while mouse-clicking)

#### **Text Tags**

Creates preformatted text

<h1> </h1> --> <h6> </h6>

Creates headlines -- H1=largest, H6=smallest

<b> </b>

Creates bold text (should use <strong> instead)

<i> </i>

Creates italicized text (should use <em> instead)

<tt> </tt>

Creates typewriter-style text

<code> </code>

Used to define source code, usually monospace

<cite> </cite>

Creates a citation, usually processed in italics

<address> </address>

Creates address section, usually processed in italics

<em> </em>

Emphasizes a word (usually processed in italics)

<strong> </strong>

Emphasizes a word (usually processed in bold)

<font size=?> </font>

Sets size of font - 1 to 7 (should use CSS instead)

<font color=?> </font>

Sets font color (should use CSS instead)

<font face=?> </font>

Defines the font used (should use CSS instead)

#### Links

<a href="URL">clickable text</a>

Creates a hyperlink to a Uniform Resource Locator

<a href="mailto:EMAIL\_ADDRESS">clickable text</a> Creates a hyperlink to an email address

<a name="NAME">

Creates a target location within a document

<a href="#NAME">clickable text</a>
Creates a link to that target location

#### **Formatting**

Creates a new paragraph

<br>

AInserts a line break (carriage return)

<blook<br/>duote> </blockquote>

Puts content in a quote - indents text from both sides

<div> </div>

Used to format block content with CSS

<span> </span>

Used to format inline content with CSS

#### Lists

Creates an unordered list

Creates an ordered list (start=xx,

where xx is a counting number)

Encompasses each list item

<d|>

Creates a definition list

<dt>

Precedes eachdefintion term

<hd><

Precedes each defintion

#### **Graphical elements**

<hr>

Inserts a horizontal rule

<hr size=?>

Sets size (height) of horizontal rule

<hr width=?>

Sets width of rule (as a % or absolute pixel length)

<hr noshade>

Creates a horizontal rule without a shadow

<img src="URL" />

Adds image; it is a separate file located at the URL

<img src="URL" align=?>

Aligns image left/right/center/bottom/top/middle (use CSS)

<img src="URL" border=?>

Sets size of border surrounding image (use CSS)

<img src="URL" height=?>

Sets height of image, in pixels

<img src="URL" width=?>

Sets width of image, in pixels

<img src="URL" alt=?>

Sets the alternate text for browsers that can't process images (required by the ADA)

## **HTML Cheatsheet**

#### **Forms**

<form> </form> Defines a form

<select multiple name=? size=?> </select> Creates a scrolling menu. Size sets the number of menu items visible before user needs to scroll.

<select name=?> </select> Creates a pulldown menu

<option>

Sets off each menu item

<textarea name=? cols="x" rows="y"></textarea> Creates a text box area. Columns set the width; rows set the height.

<input type="checkbox" name=? value=?> Creates a checkbox.

<input type="checkbox" name=? value=? checked> Creates a checkbox which is pre-checked.

<input type="radio" name=? value=?> Creates a radio button.

<input type="radio" name=? value=? checked> Creates a radio button which is pre-checked.

<input type="text" name=? size=?> Creates a one-line text area. Size sets length, in characters.

<input type="submit" value=?> Creates a submit button. Value sets the text in the submit button.

<input type="image" name=? src=? border=? alt=?> Creates a submit button using an image.

<input type="reset"> Creates a reset button

#### Tables (use only for data layout - use CSS for page layout)

Creates a table

Sets off each row in a table

Sets off each cell in a row

Sets off the table header (a normal cell with bold, centered text)

#### HTML5 input tag attributes

(not all browsers support; visit http://caniuse.com for details)

<input type="email" name=?>

Sets a single-line textbox for email addresses

<input type="url" name=?>

Sets a single-line textbox for URLs

<input type="number" name=?>

Sets a single-line textbox for a number

<input type="range" name=?>

Sets a single-line text box for a range of numbers

<input type="date/month/week/time" name=?> Sets a single-line text box with a calendar showing the date/month/week/time

<input type="search" name=?>

Sets a single-line text box for searching

<input type="color" name=?>

Sets a single-line text box for picking a color

**Table attributes** (only use for email newsletters)

Sets the width of the border around table cells

Sets amount of space between table cells

Sets amount of space between a cell's border and its contents

Sets width of the table in pixels or as a percentage

Sets alignment for cells within the row

(left/center/right)

Sets alignment for cells (left/center/right)

Sets vertical alignment for cells within the row (top/middle/bottom)

Sets vertical alignment for cell (top/middle/bottom)

Sets number of rows a cell should span (default=1)

Sets number of columns a cell should span

Prevents lines within a cell from being broken to fit