## Webscrapping and Shiny application

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### Webscrapping

#### Context

For this project, we decided to scrape 4 sites: LinkedIn, JobTeaser, HelloWork and WelcomeToTheJungle. The sites have quite different page architectures, which led us to create a scraper (Python class) for each site, contained in the src directory.

All source code is available on our GitHub repository.

#### Tools

All the work is done using pandas==2.2.0, selenium==4.17.2, requests==2.31.0 and bs4==4.12.3. Those are listed in the requirements.txt file.

#### Scraping

#### LinkedIn

The LinkedIn() class is designed for scraping job listings from LinkedIn using Selenium for web automation. It encapsulates functionality for initializing a web driver, managing browser interactions such as logging in, accepting cookies, entering search criteria (keywords and location), navigating through job listings, and extracting job details.

#### Difficulty

The main difficulty in scrapping these jobs is the fact that the pages are dynamically generated and therefore require the simulation of user behavior via the driver to access the job. Also, multiple elements are not consistent between job offers, which makes it difficult to extract the data, such as salary, contract type, etc. Another problem is that, for some unknown reason, the date (or rather the element in which it is found) on which the job offer was published is sometimes found.

#### JobTeaser

The JobTeaser() class is crafted for automating the process of scraping job listings from the JobTeaser website using Selenium. This class initializes with a Chrome webdriver, targets a specific URL for job offers, and sets a limit on the number of pages to visit for scraping. It encompasses methods to handle cookie acceptance, job search by keyword, dynamic page navigation to load job listings, and extraction of job details such as titles, companies, contract types, locations, descriptions, and posting dates from individual job links.

#### Login to the site

Access the Jobteaser 'offers' page with our selenium driver, then after accepting cookies, enter the keyword 'Data Science' in the search bar.

#### Retrieving job links

We store the links of all the offers appearing on the first page, then make the driver go to the next page, iterating until we've reached the last accessible page (the 50th). Difficulty encountered for this step: To change page, the driver clicks on a button at the bottom of the page, which must appear on the screen to be clickable. The driver therefore had to scroll to access the button.

#### Retrieving offer information

Open a new driver for each offer, accessing the page from the link retrieved in step 2. We then retrieve all the information on the page and close the driver.

Difficulty encountered with this step: When we tried to use the same driver to open all the pages containing the offers, even with long waiting times, or by opening new tabs, we were immediately blocked by the site. So we thought we'd have to log in to an account to be less restricted in our scraping, but that didn't prevent the site from blocking us. This is why we open a new driver for each offer, which wastes a lot of time.

#### Data formatting

This step is actually included in step 3, but as far as data formatting is concerned, just to mention the information badly inconsistent with the other sites we scrapped:

- Publication date: Conversion from 'Published January 24' to '2024/24/01' format
- Type of contract time: Conversion from a format 'Internship 4 to 6 months' to 'Internship' for contract type and '4 to 6 months' for contract time

#### Welcome To The Jungle

The JungleScraper() class is designed to automate the process of scraping job offers from the Welcome to the Jungle website. It utilizes Selenium with a webdriver to navigate the site, accept cookies, conduct job searches based on specific keywords, and collect job offer URLs across multiple pages. Key functionalities include searching for jobs using keywords, navigating through job offer pages, and scraping detailed information from each job offer's URL.

#### Implemented strategy

In order to efficiently retrieve the information contained in each of the job offers, a first function retrieves the URLs of these offers, and another function retrieves the information present on these pages. The majority of the information retrieved comes from the tags present at the beginning of the page, which are rather practical because they are all stored in the same classes.

#### Challenges

A major difficulty was to navigate efficiently between all the results pages, the code had to be able to move forward in the pages in order to retrieve new job offers, so the driver had to find the "next page" button and click on it. However, the "next page" and "previous page" buttons are stored in the same object class, except for the first page where the "previous page" button doesn't exist. It took some time to realize this, so the solution chosen was to click on the first button for the first page, then click on the second for all the other pages.

#### HelloWork

The HelloWork() class is a comprehensive tool designed for scraping job listings from the HelloWork platform. It leverages the Selenium WebDriver to navigate the website, perform job searches based on keywords, and systematically collect job listing URLs for further processing. The class incorporates a variety of methods to manage browser interactions, such as loading pages, accepting cookies, searching for jobs, scrolling through pages, and retrieving job links from search results.

# Shiny web application