In[2]:= (\*Derivation of Eq.[9]\*)

$$ln[1] := c0t[P0_] := P0 * \frac{1 + r^2}{1 - r^2} * (1 - E2 * r)$$

In[3]:= (\*Use absolute values of P0 in Eq.[1]\*)

In[4]:= P0t[E1\_, E2\_, M0\_] := k \* 
$$\frac{\text{M0} * (1 - \text{E1}) * \text{Sin}[\alpha]}{1 - \text{E1} * \text{E2}^2 + (\text{E2}^2 - \text{E1}) * \text{Cos}[\alpha]} * \text{Exp}[-\text{TE} / \text{T2}]$$

In[5]:= (\*Use E1 solution from other mathematica file (I just copy-pasted below)\*)

In[6]:= E1t[E2\_, r\_] := 
$$\frac{E2 - 2r + E2r^2 + E2(1 - 2E2r + r^2) \cos[\alpha]}{E2(1 - 2E2r + r^2) + (E2 - 2r + E2r^2) \cos[\alpha]}$$

In[7]:= (\*Use E2 solution from Eq.[6] and insert x=
cm1/c0 and assume c0 and cm1 are absolute values in the following\*)

In[8]:= E2t[r\_] := 
$$\frac{r + \frac{cm1}{c\theta}}{1 + \frac{cm1}{c\theta} * r}$$

In[21]:= (\*1) Insert the P0 defintion into the mode expression c0\*)

In[13]:= c0t[P0t[E1, E2, M0]] // FullSimplify

Out[13]=

$$\frac{\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{TE}{T2}}\,\left(-\mathbf{1}+\mathsf{E1}\right)\;\mathsf{k}\;\mathsf{M0}\;\left(-\mathbf{1}+\mathsf{E2}\;\mathsf{r}\right)\;\left(\mathbf{1}+\mathsf{r}^2\right)\;\mathsf{Sin}\left[\alpha\right]}{\left(-\mathbf{1}+\mathsf{r}^2\right)\;\left(-\mathbf{1}+\mathsf{E1}\,\mathsf{E2}^2+\left(\mathsf{E1}-\mathsf{E2}^2\right)\;\mathsf{Cos}\left[\alpha\right]\right)}$$

In[23]:= (\* 2) Define c0 in dependence of E1 and E2\*)

$$In[14]:= \text{ cOt2[E1\_, E2\_]} := \frac{e^{-\frac{TE}{T2}} \left(-1 + \text{E1}\right) \text{ k MO } \left(-1 + \text{E2 r}\right) \left(1 + r^2\right) \text{Sin}[\alpha]}{\left(-1 + r^2\right) \left(-1 + \text{E1 E2}^2 + \left(\text{E1 - E2}^2\right) \text{Cos}[\alpha]\right)}$$

In[25]:= (\*3) Insert the E1 defintion into the mode expression c0\*)

In[15]:= c0t2[E1t[E2, r], E2] // FullSimplify

Out[15]=

$$\frac{\text{2} \, \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{\mathrm{TE}}{\mathrm{T2}}} \, \text{k M0 r } \, (-\text{1} + \text{E2 r}) \, \, \text{Tan} \left[ \frac{\alpha}{2} \, \right]}{\text{E2} \, \left( -\text{1} + \text{r}^2 \right)}$$

In[27]:= (\* 4) Define c0 in dependence of E2 and r\*)

$$\ln[16] = \text{cOt3[E2\_, r\_]} := \frac{2 e^{-\frac{TE}{12}} \text{ k MO r } (-1 + \text{E2 r}) \text{ Tan} \left[\frac{\alpha}{2}\right]}{\text{E2 } \left(-1 + r^2\right)}$$

In[29]:= (\*5) Insert the E2 defintion into the mode expression c0\*)

Out[17]=

$$\frac{2 \text{ c0 } e^{-\frac{\text{TE}}{12}} \text{ k M0 r Tan} \left[\frac{\alpha}{2}\right]}{\text{cm1} + \text{c0 r}}$$

ln[31]:= (\*6) Solve the expression of c0 in dependence of {M0,cm1,c0,r} for M0\*)

In[18]:= Solve 
$$\left[ c\theta = \frac{2 c\theta e^{-\frac{TE}{12}} k M\theta r Tan\left[\frac{\alpha}{2}\right]}{cm1 + c\theta r}, M\theta \right] // FullSimplify$$

Out[18]=

$$\left\{ \left\{ \text{M0} \rightarrow \frac{\text{e}^{\frac{\text{TE}}{\text{T2}}} \ (\text{cm1} + \text{c0 r}) \ \text{Cot} \left[\frac{\alpha}{2}\right]}{2 \ \text{k r}} \right\} \right\}$$

In[19]:= (\*Check if equation is equal to Eq.[9]\*)

$$\ln[20] := \frac{e^{\frac{TE}{T2}} \left( \text{cm1} + \text{c0r} \right) \, \text{Cot} \left[ \frac{\alpha}{2} \right]}{2 \, \text{kr}} - \left( \frac{\text{c0} + \text{cm1} \, / \, \text{r}}{2 \, \text{k} \, \text{k} \, \text{Tan} \left[ \frac{\alpha}{2} \right]} \, \text{*} \, e^{\frac{TE}{T2}} \right) \, / / \, \, \text{FullSimplify}$$

Out[20]=

0

In[32]:= (\*Since it is zero Eq.[9] is correct\*)