(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

(a) The digits 6, 2, 9, and 5 are written on four cards as shown:

6

2

9

5

The cards can be rearranged to make different four-digit numbers, for example:

9

6

5

2

= 9652.

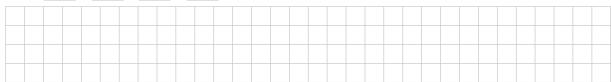
Rearrange the cards to give:

(i) an odd number



(ii) the smallest possible number.





(b) Insert operators to make each calculation below correct.

Use the operators $\boxed{+}$, $\boxed{-}$, and $\boxed{\times}$

Example:

 $3 \qquad 2 \qquad 5 = 13$

Answer:

 $3 + 2 \times 5 = 13$

(i)

3 2 5 = 6

(ii)

3 2 5 = 1

(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

(a) (i) Michael buys five items in a shop.

He estimates the total cost of his purchases by rounding each item to the nearest euro, and then adding the estimates.

Complete the table to show Michael's calculations.

Item	Actual Cost	Estimate (nearest euro)
Magazine	€2.80	
Milk	€1:79	
Banana	34 cent	
Bread	€1.23	
Biscuits	79 cent	
Total		



(ii) Find the difference between the actual total cost and Michael's estimate of the total cost.



(b) The numbers in the table below were rounded using different methods. Complete the table.

Number	Rounded number	Rounded to
851.7	852	the nearest whole number
0.0026	0.003	
798·798		one decimal place
	12·34	two decimal places

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

- (a) Last month, Ciara spent $\frac{1}{5}$ of her pocket money on snacks and spent $\frac{1}{2}$ of her pocket money on phone credit. She put the remainder of her pocket money into her credit union account.
 - (i) What fraction of her pocket money did she spend?



(ii) The amount she put into her credit union account was €12. How much pocket money did Ciara receive for the month?



(b) There are 45 sweets in a box.

The sweets are to be divided between three children in the ratio of their ages.

The children are aged 2, 3, and 4 years old.

How many sweets will each child get?



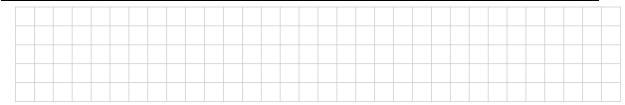


(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

The table below shows the values when 3 is raised to certain powers.

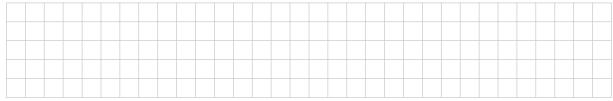
(i) Complete the table.

Power of 3	Expanded power of 3	Answer
31	3	3
3 ²	3×3	9
33	3 imes 3 imes 3	
3 ⁴		81
35		



(ii) 3^8 is 6561.

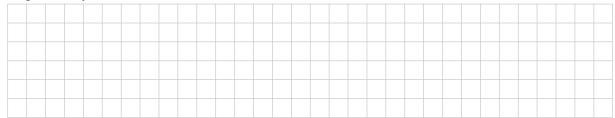
Explain how you could use this to find the value of 3⁹ without using a calculator.



(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

(a) John was asked to give an example of a set. He said: "The set of good websites."

Explain why this is **not** a set.



(b) The sets U, A, and B are defined as follows:

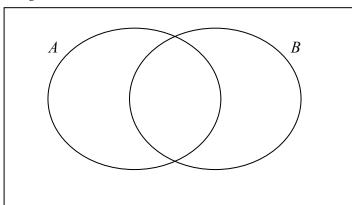
$$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$$

A is the set of multiples of 2, from 1 to 10 inclusive

B is the set of multiples of 3, from 1 to 10 inclusive.

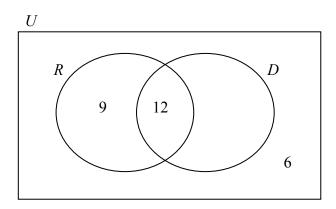
(i) Use these sets to fill in the Venn diagram.

U

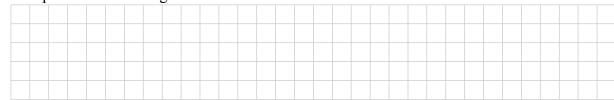


(ii) Using your Venn diagram, find the smallest number that is both a multiple of 2 and a multiple of 3 (the least common multiple).

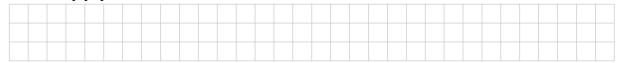
As part of a survey, 35 students were asked if they like Rihanna (R) or One Direction (D). Some of the results are shown in the Venn diagram below.



(i) Complete the Venn diagram.

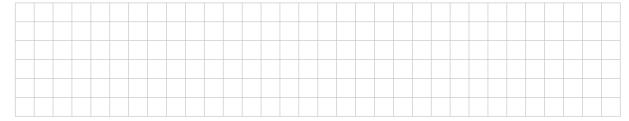


(ii) How many pupils liked One Direction?



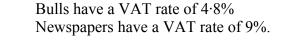
(iii) Shade the region of the Venn diagram which represents $R \setminus D$.

(iv) Describe in your own words what this shaded region represents.



VAT in Ireland is charged at different rates on different items. For instance:

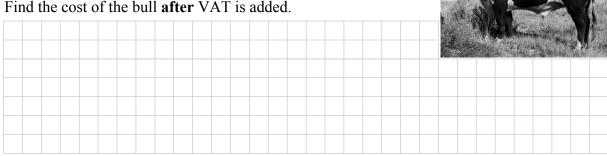
Children's shoes have a VAT rate of 0% Bulls have a VAT rate of 4.8%



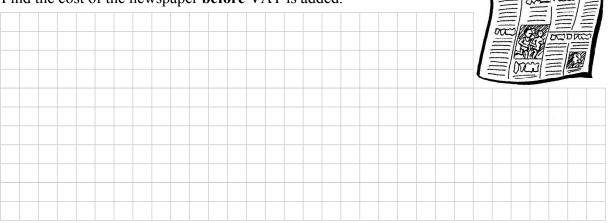


A pair of children's shoes costs €20 **before** VAT is added. (a) Write down the cost of the shoes after VAT is added.

A bull is sold for €1600 **before** VAT is added. Find the cost of the bull **after** VAT is added.



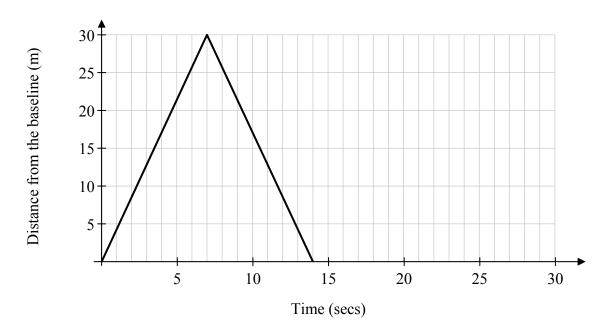
A newspaper costs €2·18 **after** VAT is added. (c) Find the cost of the newspaper **before** VAT is added.

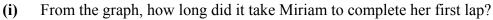


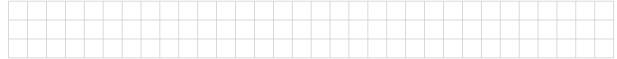
The students in a PE class are doing a fitness test.

Each student runs from the *baseline* of the gym to the *halfway line* of the gym, and back again. This is called a *lap*. They run a number of laps in the fitness test.

The graph below shows Miriam's distance from the baseline for her first lap.







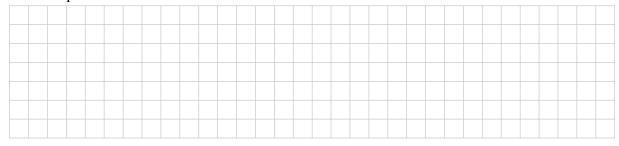
(ii) From the graph, how far is the baseline of the gym from the halfway line of the gym?



(iii) For her second lap, Miriam increases her average speed to 5 metres per second.

On the diagram, continue the graph to show her distance from the baseline over the course

of this lap.



(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

Fill in the first difference and the second difference for the following patterns. Some of Pattern 1 has been completed for you.

Pattern 1: First difference: 2

4

17

28

(Change)

Second difference: (Change of change)

3

Pattern 2:

-1

2

5

8

11

First difference: (Change)

Second difference:

(Change of change)

State whether each pattern is linear or quadratic. Give a reason for each answer. (ii)

Pattern 1:

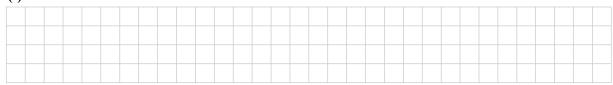
Reason:

Pattern 2:

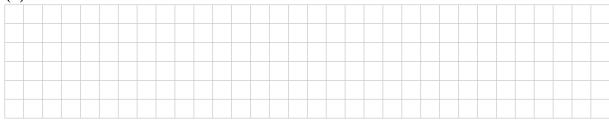
Reason:

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

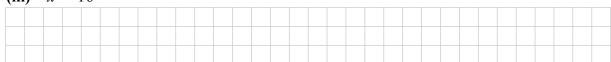
- (a) Factorise fully each of the following expressions.
 - (i) 5x + 10



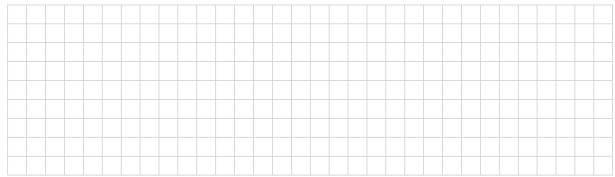
(ii) rc-sc+2rd-2sd



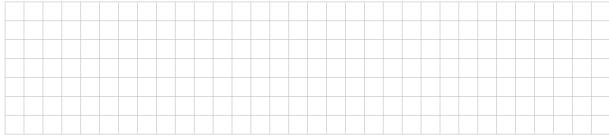
(iii) $x^2 - 16$



(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 - 5x + 6$.



(ii) Using your answer from **(b)(i)**, or otherwise, solve the equation $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$.



(iii) Verify one of your answers from (b)(ii).

The first three stages of a pattern are shown below.

Each stage is made up of a certain number of shaded discs and a certain number of white discs.



1st Stage

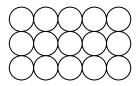


2nd Stage



3rd Stage

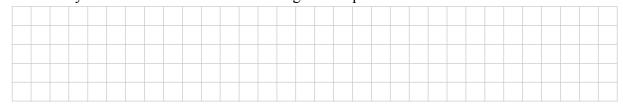
(i) Shade in the appropriate discs below to show the 4th stage of the pattern.



(ii) Complete the table below to show how the pattern continues.

Number of Shaded Discs	Number of White Discs
1	5
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

(iii) In a particular stage of the pattern, there are 21 white discs. How many shaded discs are there in this stage of the pattern?



(iv) Write down the relation between the number of shaded discs and the number of white discs in each stage of the pattern. State clearly the meaning of any letters you use.

(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

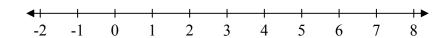
(a) \mathbb{Z} is the set of integers. Explain what an integer is.



(b) (i) Solve the inequality $-7+2x \le 1$, where $x \in \mathbb{Z}$.



(ii) Graph your solution to (b)(i) on the number line given below.



Question 13

(Suggested maximum time: 5 minutes)

Eva bought an Xbox for US\$199.95, when she was on holidays in the United States. The exchange rate was US\$1.33 = \in 1.



(i) Convert the cost of the Xbox to euro. Write your answer correct to the nearest cent.



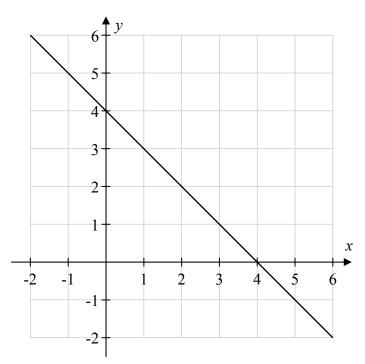
An Xbox of the same model costs €269·99 in Ireland.



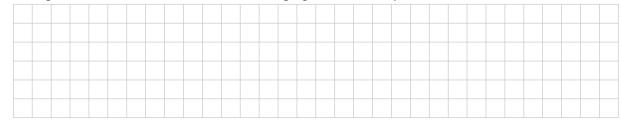
(ii) How much money did Eva save by buying the Xbox in the United States?

(Suggested maximum time: 10 minutes)

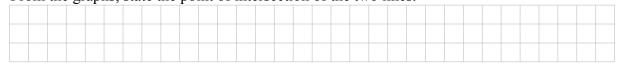
The graph of the line y=-x+4 is shown below.



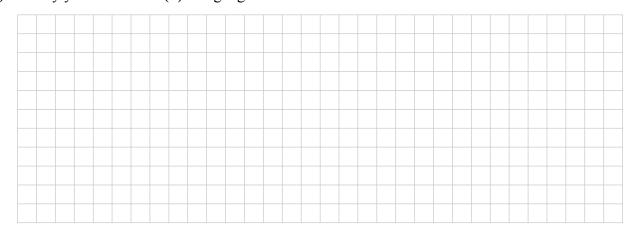
(i) Using the same axes and scales, draw the graph of the line y=x+2.



(ii) From the graphs, state the point of intersection of the two lines.



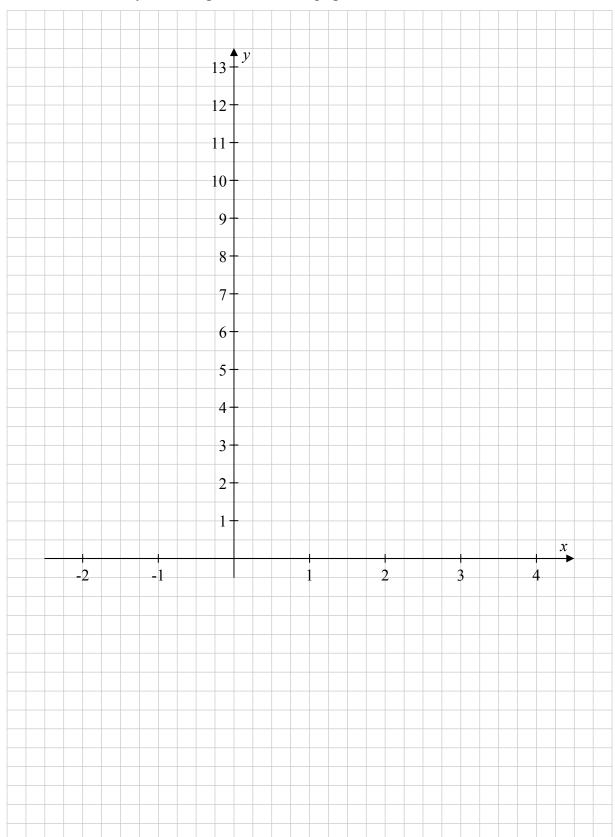
(iii) Verify your answer to (ii) using algebra.



Page	running

(Suggested maximum time: 15 minutes)

(i) Draw the graph of the function $f: x \mapsto x^2 - 2x + 4$ in the domain $-2 \le x \le 4$, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$. There is more room for working out on the next page.



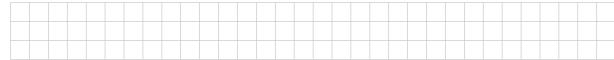


The function $f: x \mapsto x^2 - 2x + 4$ gives the predicted wind speed, in km per hour, over a 6-hour period of time.

The x-axis represents the time from 10 p.m. (x=-2) to 4 a.m. (x=4).

Use your graph from (i) to answer the following questions. Show your work on the graph.

(ii) What is the predicted wind speed at midnight?



(iii) Find the times when the predicted wind speed is 5.5 km per hour.



(iv) If the wind speed is between $1 \cdot 1$ km per hour and $5 \cdot 5$ km per hour, it is called *light air*.

According to your graph, for how long will the wind be light air?

