

✔ Day : Conditional Statements (4-8-2025)

1. Write a program to check if a number is positive, negative, or zero.

Input: A number n

Process:

If $n > 0 \rightarrow$ positive

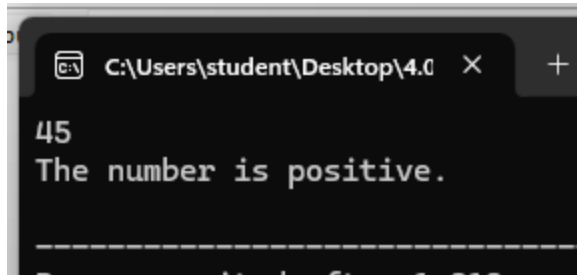
If $n < 0 \rightarrow$ negative

Else \rightarrow zero

Output: Message indicating whether the number is positive, negative, or zero

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num;
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if (num > 0)
        printf("The number is positive.\n");
    else if (num < 0)
        printf("The number is negative.\n");
    else
        printf("The number is zero.\n");

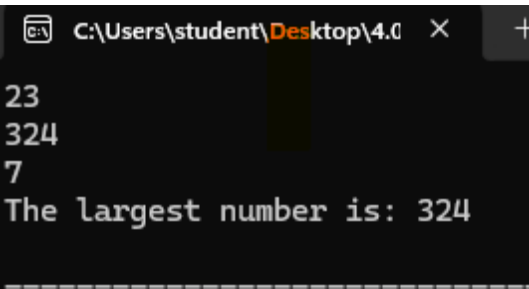
    return 0;
}
```



2. Write a program to find the largest among three numbers.

- ❑ **Input:** Three numbers a, b, c
- ❑ **Process:** Compare the numbers to find the largest using `if...else if...else`
- ❑ **Output:** The largest number

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a, b, c;
    scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c);
    if (a >= b && a >= c)
        printf("The largest number is: %d\n", a);
    else if (b >= a && b >= c)
        printf("The largest number is: %d\n", b);
    else
        printf("The largest number is: %d\n", c);
    return 0;
}
```



```
C:\Users\student\Desktop\4.0
23
324
7
The largest number is: 324
```

3. Write a program to check if a year is a leap year.

Input: A year (integer)

Process:

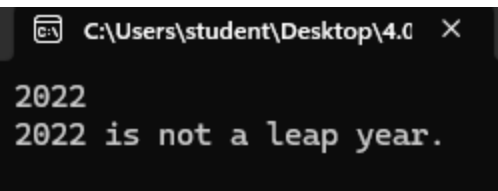
□ A year is a leap year if:

- It is divisible by 400, or
- It is divisible by 4 and not divisible by 100

Output: Whether the year is a leap year or not

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int year;
    scanf("%d", &year);
    if((year % 400 == 0) || (year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0))
        printf("%d is a leap year.\n", year);
    else
        printf("%d is not a leap year.\n", year);
    return 0;
}
```

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar at the top shows the file explorer icon, the path 'C:\Users\student\Desktop\4.0', and a close button. The command prompt displays the input '2022' on the first line and the output '2022 is not a leap year.' on the second line.

```
C:\Users\student\Desktop\4.0 X
2022
2022 is not a leap year.
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    char ch;
    printf("Enter a character: ");
    scanf(" %c", &ch);

    if((ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z') || (ch >= 'a'
&& ch <= 'z'))
    {
        if(ch == 'a' || ch == 'e' || ch == 'i' || ch
== 'o' || ch == 'u' ||
        ch == 'A' || ch == 'E' || ch == 'I' ||
ch == 'O' || ch == 'U')
            printf("%c is a vowel.\n", ch);
        else
            printf("%c is a consonant.\n",ch);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Invalid input. Please enter an
alphabet.\n");
    }

    return 0;
}

```

4. Write a program to check whether a character is a vowel or consonant.

Input: A character

Process:

- **Convert character to lowercase (optional)**
- **Check if it is one of: 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o', 'u'**
- **If it's an alphabet but not a vowel → consonant**
- **If not an alphabet → invalid input**

Output: Whether the character is a vowel, consonant, or invalid

```

C:\Users\student\Desktop\4.0
Enter a character: u
u is a vowel.

```

5. Write a program to assign grades based on marks

•

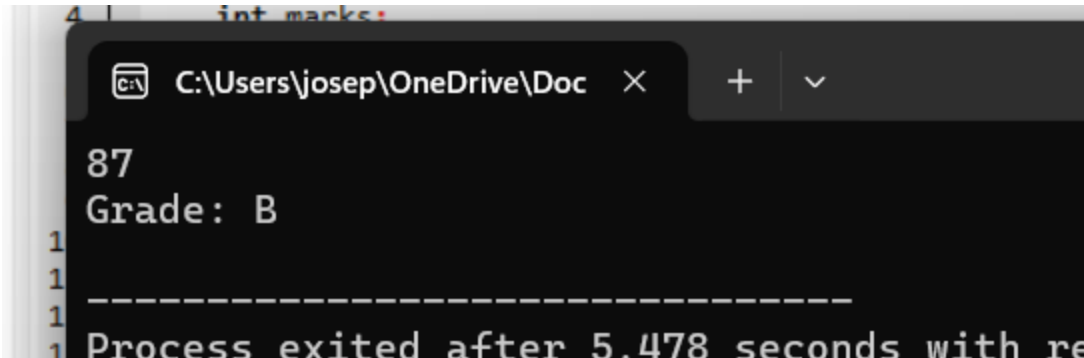
Input: Marks

Process: Check mark range and assign grade using if-else

Output: Display the grade (A, B, C, D, F or Invalid)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int marks;
    scanf("%d", &marks);
    if (marks >= 90 && marks <= 100)
    {
        printf("Grade: A\n");
    } else if (marks >= 80 && marks < 90)
    {
        printf("Grade: B\n");
    } else if (marks >= 70 && marks < 80)
    {
        printf("Grade: C\n");
    } else if (marks >= 60 && marks < 70)
    {
        printf("Grade: D\n");
    } else if (marks >= 0 && marks < 60)
    {
        printf("Grade: F\n");
    } else {
        printf("Invalid marks entered.\n");
    }

    return 0;
}
```



```
4 | int marks;
C:\Users\josep\OneDrive\Doc x + v
87
Grade: B
-----
Process exited after 5.478 seconds with re
```

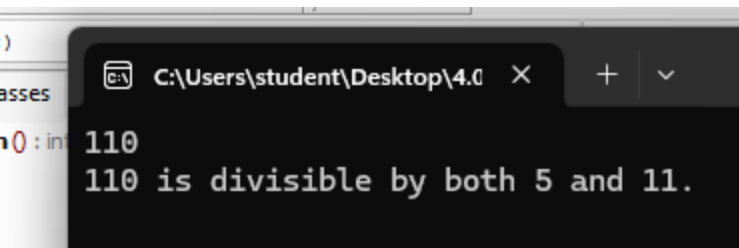
6. Write a program to check whether a number is divisible by 5 and 11.

Input: A number

Process: Check if the number is divisible by both 5 and 11 using the modulus operator %

Output: Display whether the number is divisible by both 5 and 11

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int number;
    scanf("%d", &number);
    if(number % 5 == 0 && number % 11 == 0)
    {
        printf("%d is divisible by both 5 and 11.\n", number);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("%d is NOT divisible by both 5 and 11.\n", number);
    }
    return 0;
}
```



```
C:\Users\student\Desktop\4.0
110
110 is divisible by both 5 and 11.
```

7. Write a program to find the absolute value of a number.

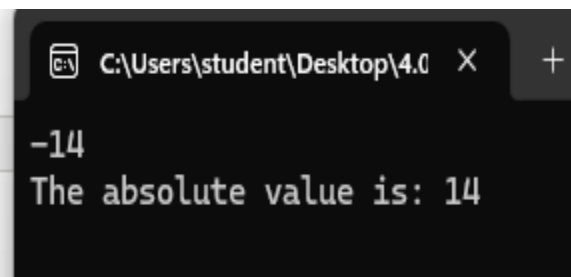
Input: A number (integer or float)

Process: Use the absolute value function or logic to convert negative numbers to positive

Output: Display the absolute value of the number

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num, absValue;
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if (num < 0)
        absValue = -num;
    else
        absValue = num;
    printf("The absolute value is: %d\n", absValue);

    return 0;
}
```



```
C:\Users\student\Desktop\4.0 X +
-14
The absolute value is: 14
```

8. Write a menu-driven program to perform +, -, *, / operations.

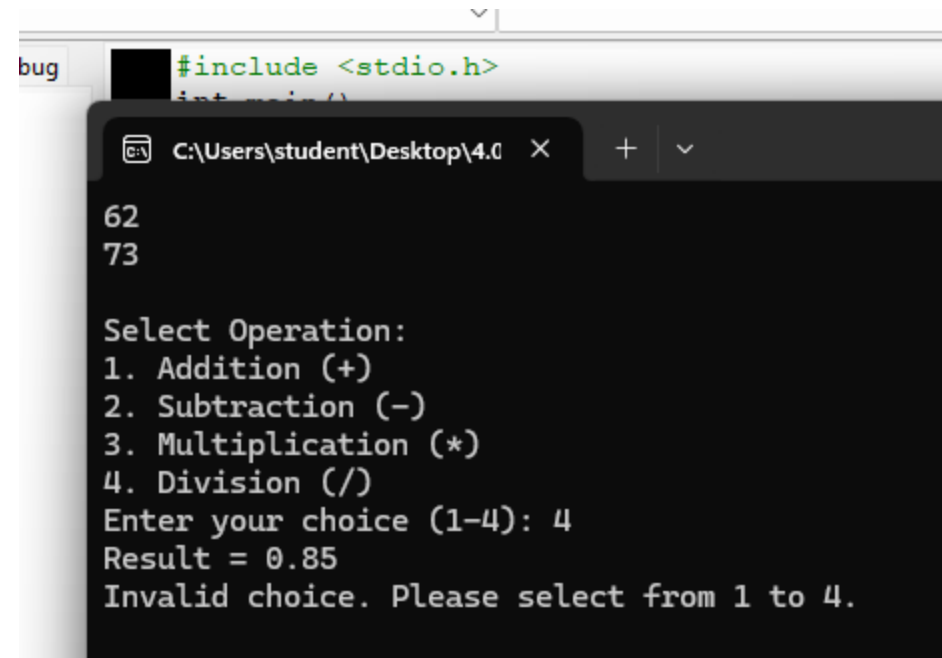
Input: Two numbers and choice of operation (+, -, *, /)

Process: Perform the selected arithmetic operation using conditional checks

Output: Display the result of the operation

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    float num1, num2, result;
    int choice;
    scanf("%f %f", &num1, &num2);
    printf("\nSelect Operation:\n");
    printf("1. Addition (+)\n");
    printf("2. Subtraction (-)\n");
    printf("3. Multiplication (*)\n");
    printf("4. Division (/)\n");
    printf("Enter your choice (1-4): ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);
    switch(choice)
    {
        case 1:
            result = num1 + num2;
        case 2:
            result = num1 - num2;
        case 3:
            result = num1 * num2;
        case 4:
            if(num2 != 0) {
                result = num1 / num2;
                printf("Result = %.2f\n", result);
            } else
            {
                printf("Error: Division by zero is not allowed.\n");
            }
        default:
            printf("Invalid choice. Please select from 1 to 4.\n");
    }
}
```

A screenshot of a Windows terminal window showing the execution of a C program. The window has a title bar with a file path 'C:\Users\student\Desktop\4.0'. The program prompts the user to 'Select Operation:' and lists four options: 1. Addition (+), 2. Subtraction (-), 3. Multiplication (*), and 4. Division (/). The user enters '4' for the choice. The program then prompts 'Enter your choice (1-4):' and the user enters '4'. The program outputs 'Result = 0.85' and then 'Invalid choice. Please select from 1 to 4.'.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    62
    73

    Select Operation:
    1. Addition (+)
    2. Subtraction (-)
    3. Multiplication (*)
    4. Division (/)
    Enter your choice (1-4): 4
    Result = 0.85
    Invalid choice. Please select from 1 to 4.
```

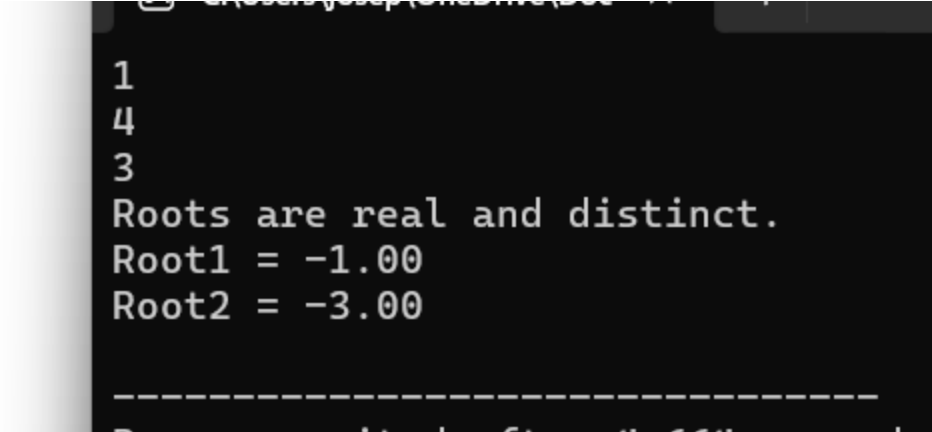

9. Write a program to find roots of a quadratic equation.

Input: Coefficients a, b, c of the quadratic equation

Process: Calculate discriminant $D = b^2 - 4ac$ and find roots using quadratic formula

Output: Display the roots (real & distinct, real & equal, or complex)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
float a, b, c, discriminant, root1, root2, realPart, imagPart;
scanf("%f %f %f", &a, &b, &c);
discriminant = b*b - 4*a*c;
if (discriminant > 0) { root1 = (-b + sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a); root2 = (-b - sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a);
printf("Roots are real and distinct.\n");
printf("Root1 = %.2f\nRoot2 = %.2f\n", root1, root2);
}
else if (discriminant == 0) { root1 = -b / (2*a);
printf("Roots are real and equal.\n");
printf("Root = %.2f\n", root1);
}
else
{
realPart = -b / (2*a);
imagPart = sqrt(-discriminant) / (2*a);
printf("Roots are complex and imaginary.\n");
printf("Root1 = %.2f + %.2fi\n", realPart, imagPart);
printf("Root2 = %.2f - %.2fi\n", realPart, imagPart); }
return 0;
}
```



10. Write a program to find the number of digits in a number.

Input: An integer number

Process: Convert the number to string (handle negative sign if present) and count the characters

Output: Display the count of digits

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num, count = 0;
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if (num == 0)
        count = 1;
    else
    {
        while (num != 0) {
            num /= 10;
            count++;
        }
    }
    printf("Number of digits = %d\n", count);
    return 0;
}
```

