DISTANCE MEASUREMENT AND OBJECT DETECTION USING ULTRASONIC SENSORS WITH RASPBERRY PI PICO W

TEAM MEMBERS:

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Aim:

To measure the distance and detect objects using ultrasonic sensors with Raspberry Pi Pico W.

Tools / Hardware Required:

- Raspberry Pi Pico W
- Ultrasonic Sensor HC-SR04
- Indicator LEDs
- Buzzer
- Jumper Wires
- MicroPython

Theory:

A distance measuring system is used to measure the distance between two objects by transmitting high-frequency waves and calculating the time taken for the echo to return. In this project,

• Raspberry Pi

- A small, affordable, and highly capable single-board computer.
- Can run a full-fledged operating system and support various programming languages.

• Ultrasonic Sensor (e.g., HC-SR04)

- A sensor that uses high-frequency sound waves to measure distance.
- Can detect objects and calculate their distance from the sensor.
- The sensor has TRIG and ECHO pins: TRIG sends the signal, and ECHO receives the reflected pulse.
- Range varies between 2cm 4m.

To calculate the distance, we use the following formula:

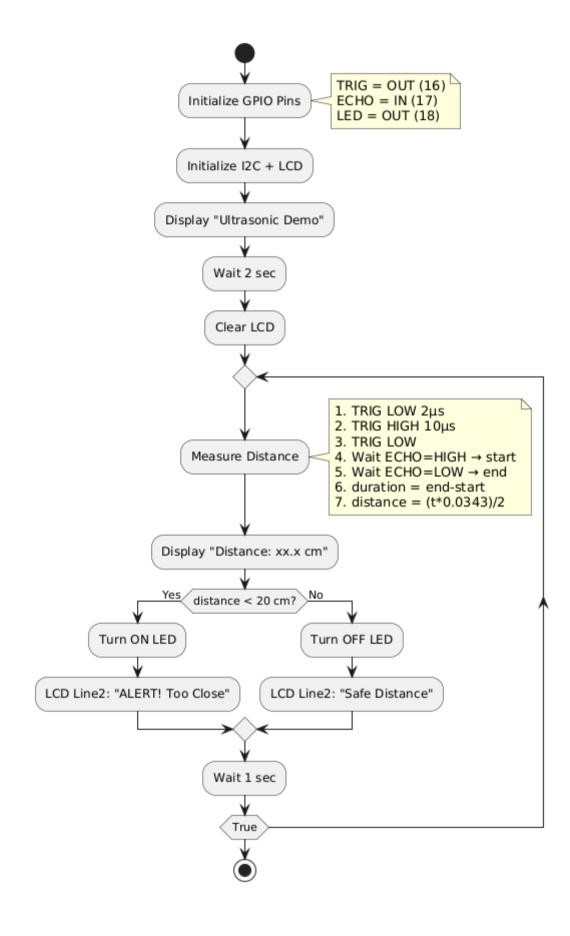
Distance = Time x 0.034/2 = 0.017m/s

The system can detect objects within a certain range and alert the user if an obstacle is too close. Applications include obstacle avoidance, smart parking systems, and automation.

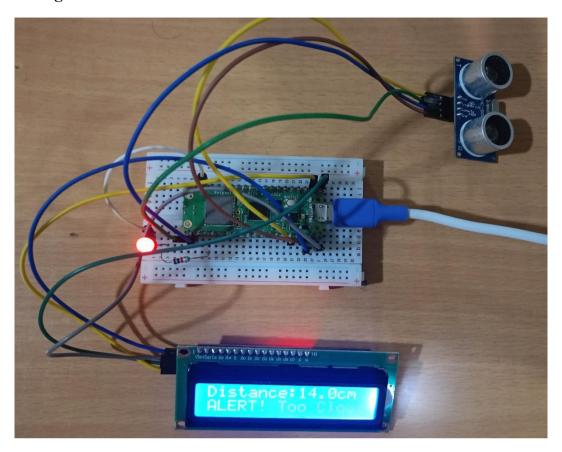
Pin Connections:

Component	Pico W Pin
HC-SR04 VCC	VBus
HC-SR04 GND	GND
HC-SR04 ECHO	Pin 16
HC-SR04 TRIG	Pin 17
LCD SDA	GPIO 0
LCD SCL	GPIO 1

Flowchart:



Circuit Diagram:



Program:

```
from machine import Pin, I2C
from time import sleep, sleep_us, ticks_us
import sys
from pico_i2c_lcd import I2cLcd

TRIG = Pin(16, Pin.OUT)
ECHO = Pin(17, Pin.IN)
LED = Pin(18, Pin.OUT)

i2c = I2C(0, scl=Pin(1), sda=Pin(0), freq=400000)
devices = i2c.scan()

if len(devices) == 0:
    print("No I2C device found!")
    sys.exit()
else:
    I2C_ADDR = devices[0] # Auto-detect first device (commonly 0x27 or 0x3F)
    print("I2C device found at address:", hex(I2C_ADDR))

lcd = I2cLcd(i2c, I2C_ADDR, 2, 16)
```

```
def measure distance():
  TRIG.low()
  sleep us(2)
  TRIG.high()
  sleep us(10)
  TRIG.low()
  while ECHO.value() = 0:
    start = ticks us()
  while ECHO.value() = 1:
    end = ticks us()
  duration = end - start
  distance = (duration * 0.0343) / 2 \# cm
  return distance
threshold = 20 \# cm
lcd.putstr("Ultrasonic Demo\nStarting...")
sleep(2)
lcd.clear()
while True:
  try:
    dist = measure distance()
    lcd.clear()
    lcd.putstr("Distance: {:.1f}cm".format(dist))
    if dist < threshold:
       LED.high()
       lcd.move to(0, 1)
       lcd.putstr("ALERT! Too Close")
    else:
       LED.low()
       lcd.move to(0, 1)
       lcd.putstr("Safe Distance")
    sleep(1)
  except KeyboardInterrupt:
    lcd.clear()
    lcd.putstr("Program Stopped")
    sys.exit()
```

Result:

Thus using Raspberry Pi Pico W, the distance is measured and the object is detected.