# Design Report

# E-Library

By: Khadeeja Din, Xue Wei Fan, Kai Ying Chen

### 1. Introduction:

This report presents the design of an E-book sharing system, called E-library. E-library is an interface where people can share books with each other, and read books shared by others. A catalog of all the books are maintained, and new books can be added by users. A GUI for the application is designed, where users can easily carry out different actions. The GUI screens are described in section 5 of the report. The use cases for each scenario are provided in section 2. Section 3 provides E-R diagrams for the entire system, describing the attributes and key for each entity. Section 5 provides further detailed design of the main functionalities for every object. The pseudo-code for users, books, and library classes is given. The last 2 sections discuss the group meeting minutes and the updates made to the specification report.

### 2. Use Cases:

There are three users in this system: visitor, registered user and super user.

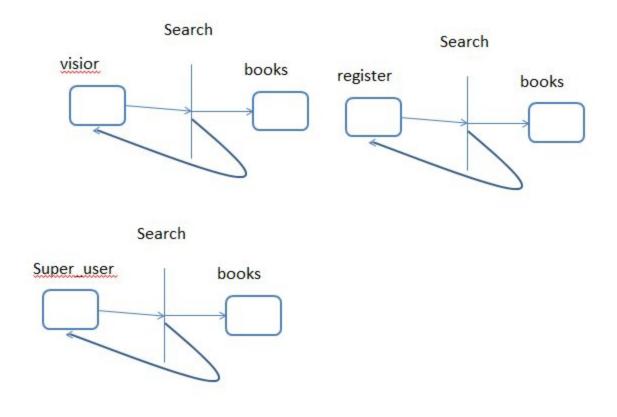
Visitor: browse available E-book catalog and the reviews/ratings, apply to be a new RU.

**Registered User:** all visitors' allowed operations, contribute books, read, rate and review a book, send complaints to Super Users.

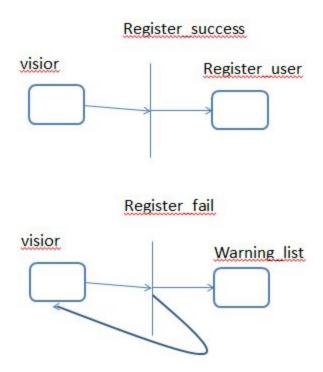
**Super User:** all RU's allowed operations, new user approval decisions, book approvals/updates and complaints processing, set up the points for different reading durations.

#### **Use Case Scenarios & Petri-nets**

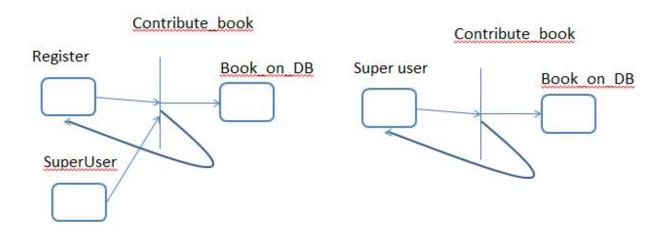
**use case 1:** visitors, registered users and super users can search books so that they know what books are available for reading in this system.



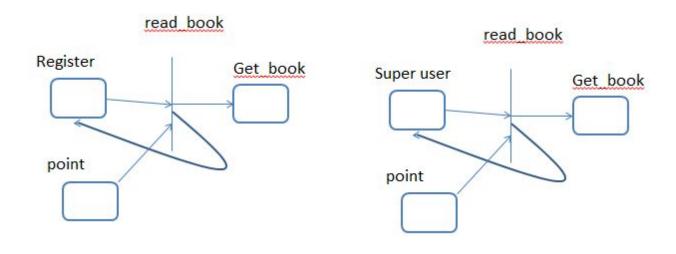
**use case 2:** visitors can apply as a new user of this system so that he/she can read books or do whatever he can as a registered user.



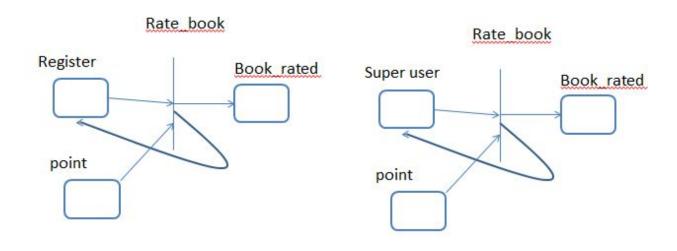
**use case 3:** registered users and super users can contribute books to the system so that they can get points that are used to read other books in this system.



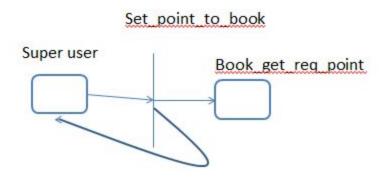
**use case 4:** registered users and super users can read books available in the system.



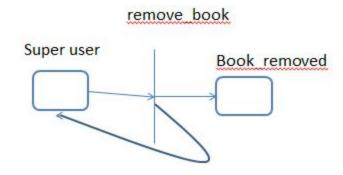
**use case 5:** registered users and super users can review and rate a book once they have read it.



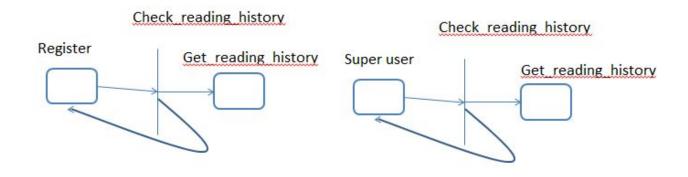
**use case 6:** super users can set points needed to read a specific book.



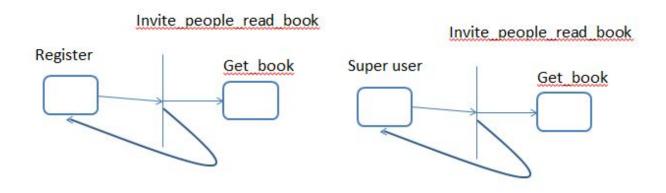
**use case 7:** super users can remove a book from this system if there are complaints for the book.



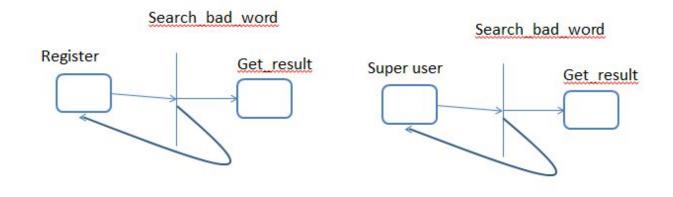
use case 8:registered users and super users can check their reading histories.



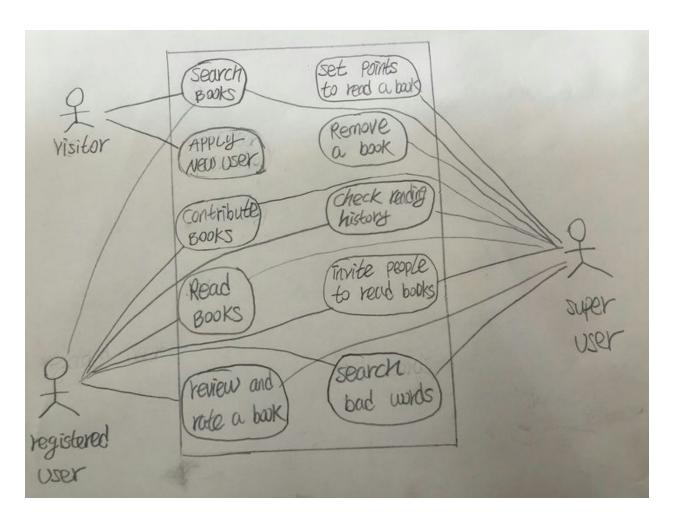
use case 9: registered users and super users can invite people to read a book.



**use case 10:**registered users and super users can aslo search bad words in the book.

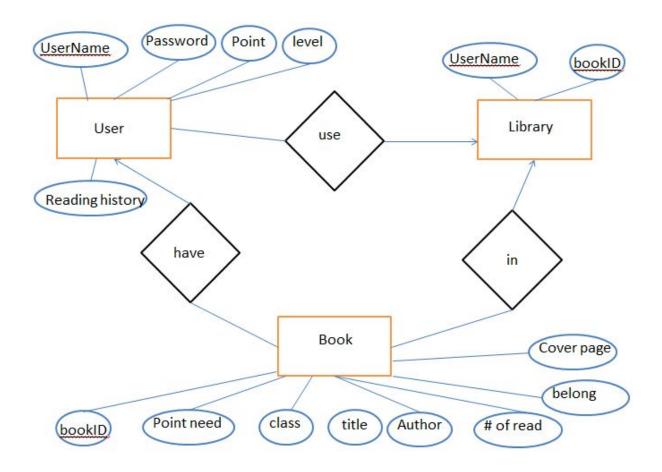


The combination of all these user cases are shown in the diagram below.



**Use Case Diagram** 

## 3. E-R Diagram:



The following is the description of the above E-R diagram for the E-library system. We have three main entities in our system:

- **1- User:** There are three **levels** of users: visitor, registered user, and super user. Visitors can sign up for an account with the E-library. However, the super users need to make approval decisions first. Once a user is approved registration they become a registered user. Each registered user gets a unique **username** and **password.** Users can earn **points** from reading books from the library.
- **2- Book:** Each book have a unique **call number/bookId** and a unique owner to whom the book **belongs**. Every book has a **title**, **author**, **cover page**, **summary**, **points needed**, **class**(category type/genre), and **number of reads**.

**3- Library:** Library is a catalog containing all books. It have the record of **usernames** and **bookld**.

**Relations:** Users use the library catalog to search the books, and each book in the library have a unique user who contributed that book.

# 4. Detailed Design:

Pseudo-code for main User Classes

```
class Visitor:
 def __init__(self):
 def search_book(self):
 def register(self):
class RegisteredUser(Visitor): #registered user inherits from visitor class
 registered_user_count = 0 #total number of users in system
 def __init__(self, name, username, password, points):
    self.name = name
    self.username = username
    self.password = password
    self.points = points
    RegisteredUser.registered_user_count += 1
 def read_book(self):
    #first check if user have enough points to read book
    self.book callnumber = ""
    self.book read = False #sets bool to true once user reads the book
 def contribute_book(self):
```

```
self.book_callnumber = "" #assign a unique callnumber to book
    self.ask_points = 0
    self.book = "" #read the book from input file
 def rate book(self):
    self.book callnumber = 1
    #first check if user has read the book
 def review_book(self):
    self.book_callnumber = 1
    #first check if user has read the book
 def read_reviews(self):
    self.book_callnumber = 1
 def send_complaints(self):
     #complain to superusers if see any bad words in any book in the catalog
 def invite_users(self):
     #invite users to read book with you
 def book_history(self):
    #record of books the user read. This will help suggest books to user in future
class SuperUser(RegisteredUser): #SuperUser inherits from RegisteredUser class
 super_user_count = 0 #total number of superuser in system
 def __init__(self):
    super().__init__()
    SuperUser.super_user_count += 1
 def approve_new_user(self):
   new_user requests = 0 #total number of new user requests
   #superusers either approve or disapprove their requests
```

```
def book_approval(self):
  #total number of superuser in system

def book_updates(self):
  #update books

def process_complaints(self):
  #super user will read complaints from registered users, and process them accordingly.

def setup_reading_points(self):
  #superuser decides the reading_points for each book
```

#### Pseudo Code for Library Catalog

```
class Library():
    def __init__(self):
        self.books = []

    def searchBook(self, title):
        ""
        :param title:
        :return: book
        ""

    def searchUser(self, name):
        ""
        :param name:
        :return: user
        ""
```

#### Pseudo Code for Books

```
class Book:
```

```
book_count = 0 #shared variable by all objects of type Book. Total number of books in catalog

def __init__(self, callnumber):
    self.callnumber = callnumber

Book.book_count += 1
```

```
def cover_page(self):
 #read cover page for each book from input file, and add it to the catalog
 #show cover page when user selects the book to read
def summary(self):
 #read summary for each book from input file
def clock(self):
  #timer for book reading durations
def points_needed(self):
  #points needed to read the book for different time durations
def book_reviews(self, count):
  self.count = 0 #initially the number of reviews are 0
def book_rating(self, rate):
  self.rate = 0 #initialize the rating to 0
```

#### **def** weight(self):

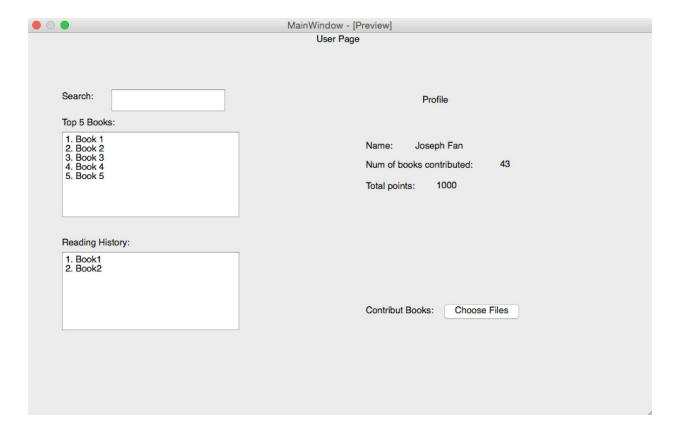
#define weights for each review and rating for this book

#### def remove\_book(self):

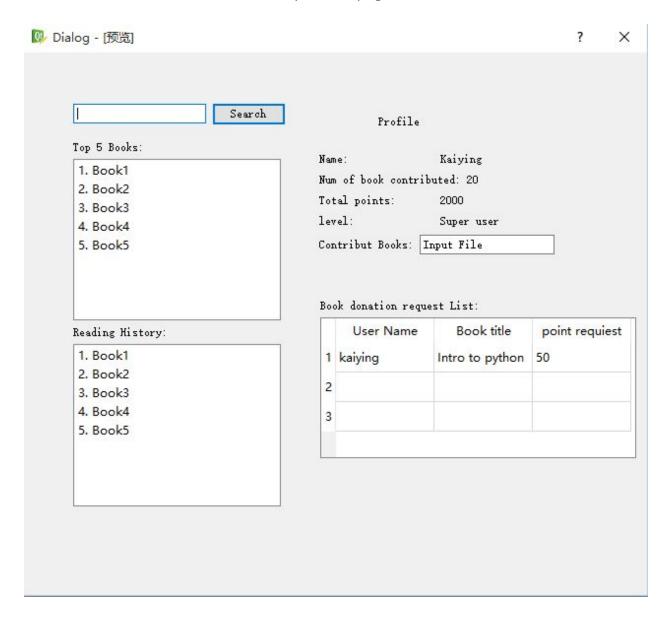
complaints = 0 #check the number of complaints, if number of complaints = 3, then remove book reading\_count= 0 #f no one read book for a certain period of time then remove the book

# 5. System GUI Screens:

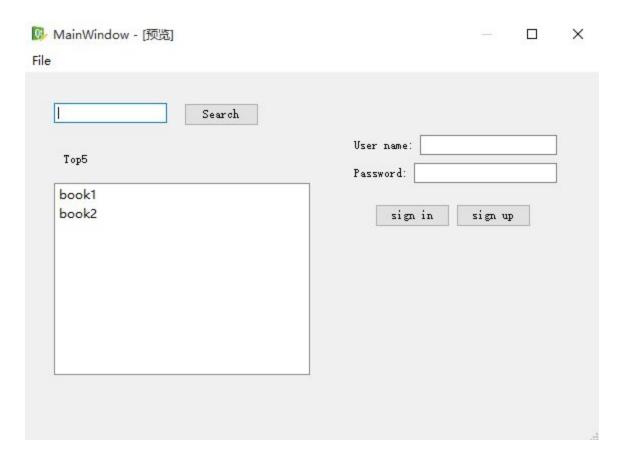
### Registered User Page



#### Super user page



## Visitor page



# Book page

♪ Form - [预览]			×
	Title		
	Author: kaiying Summary:		
covepage	afafafag		
	Point for reading this book: 50		
	read		
rate this book			
Olimerica			
submit			

## 6. Minutes of Group Meetings:

Meetings were held for 2 hours every week. Additionally we also had 2 hours of lab/week.

# 7. Updates to Project Specification Report:

In this report, we corrected the broken use case diagram that we made in the first specification report (please check the use case diagram in section 2 of this report). We also corrected contents in section 2 and section 3 of SRS report so that we only have the use case and a brief description in section 2 and a detailed description between users and use cases in section 3. The version 2 of Software requirement report is attached.