

Disc 9 - OpSem and Lambda Calculus

Thursday, November 4, 2021 11:09 AM

Operational Semantics

2. Using the rules given below, show: $1 + (2 + 3) \Rightarrow 6$

$$\frac{}{n \Rightarrow n} \quad \frac{e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad e_2 \Rightarrow n_2 \quad n_3 \text{ is } n_1 + n_2}{e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_3}$$

4. Using the rules given below, show: $A; \text{let } y = 1 \text{ in let } x = 2 \text{ in } x \Rightarrow 2$

$$\frac{\frac{}{A; n \Rightarrow n} \quad \frac{A(x) = v}{A; x \Rightarrow v} \quad \frac{A; e_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \quad A, x : v_1; e_2 \Rightarrow v_2}{A; \text{let } x = e_1 \text{ in } e_2 \Rightarrow v_2} \quad \frac{A; e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad A; e_2 \Rightarrow n_2 \quad n_3 \text{ is } n_1 + n_2}{A; e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_3}}$$

5) Recall last week we went over lexing and parsing:

```
type expr =  
  | Int of int  
  | Plus of expr * expr
```

Implement an expression evaluator, that takes an environment closure and an expression, and returns a value after evaluating it.

Key Notes (Taken from OpSem rules, which will be given on the project)

- Integers evaluate to themselves
- Plus works on integers (throw a TypeError otherwise)

```
let rec eval_expr env e =
```

Lambda Calculus

- 1) $(\lambda a. a) b$

Make the parentheses explicit in the following expressions

- 2) $a b c$
- 3) $\lambda a. \lambda b. a b$
- 4) $\lambda a. a b \lambda a. a b$

Identify the free variables in the following expressions

- 1) $\lambda a. a b a$
- 2) $a (\lambda a. a) a$
- 3) $\lambda a. (\lambda b. a b) a b$

Apply alpha-conversions to the following

- 1) $\lambda a. \lambda a. a$
- 2) $(\lambda a. a) a b$
- 3) $(\lambda a. (\lambda a. (\lambda a. a) a) a) a$

Apply beta-reductions to the following

- 1) $(\lambda a. a b) x b$
- 2) $(\lambda a. b) (\lambda a. \lambda b. \lambda c. a b c)$
- 3) $(\lambda a. a a) (\lambda a. a a)$