

COMS31700: Design Verification - Calculator Design; Testbench Design

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The testbench uses multiple modules that connect together in order to test the Design Under Verification (DUV). These contain several structures and units to create a proper testing environment to collect data against the design specification.

calc1_sn.env.e

This is the top level testbench file. This is used to import all other e language files into the testbench as well as setting up the the program for testing. This file will also execute the testbench to start testing on the DUV.

instruction.e

Describes the structures used for testing the DUV. Here the structures are also extended to be used as the checkers for the structure.

driver.e

File used to drive test data onto the DUV and as well as capture results. This is done by executing 4 different test stages - serial, 2 operations in parallel, 4 in parallel and then testing for priority. The driver will loop through each set of instructions and then drive and check the results of that test. This file also houses the ports to the DUV as well and setting the reset.

tests.e

Here the constraints of the structures are applied for testing. Data input is constrained to fit in the 32 bit number range with probability to certain ranges of values. This is in order to ensure that edge and corner case values are tested for when the test data is being randomly generated. The number of tests for each test type is also set here. Invalid commands are not to be tested for for parallel tests since these have already been tested for serially and would not produce results of interest.

coverage.e

Contains coverage group definitions detailed in the coverage report.

scoreboard.e

Here the scoreboard of the testbench is defined. It is used to test the priority of the DUV through use of a scoreboard. The scoreboard is implemented as being a queue which receives sets of ports that are to be expected to be returned. During the driving of the testbench, if data has been output from the DUV from a port that is not in the set of ports at the head of the queue then this means a priority error has occurred; the port has returned before the previous wave of operations have completed.

Testbench Execution Flow

Shown in Figure 1 is the execution flow of the various modules in the testbench. Firstly the next set of instructions to be driven are given to the driver. Here the driver will share or update the relevant structures of input data to the corresponding modules that are currently enabled. Once shared, the driver will drive this data onto the DUV. A response collector is listening to the output of the DUV which will again be used to update or share this data with the relevant enabled modules to capture the results of the tests. Once checkers and coverage has been collected from this test, the next test is ready to be executed from the stimulus generator.

