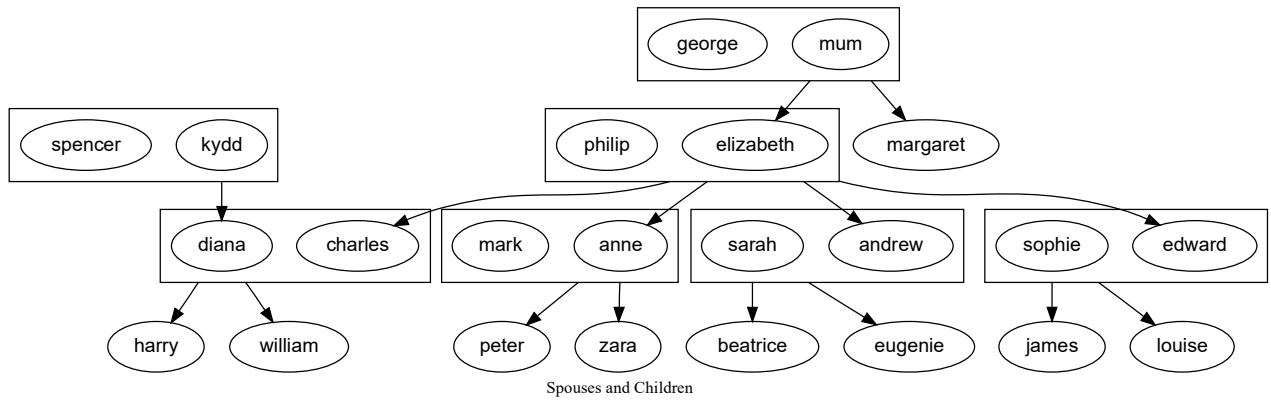


Prolog-P



1. (Reproduced from R&N) Finish implementing [this Prolog program](#), by defining the predicates corresponding to the following relationships.

- *Spouse*
- *Daughter*
- *Son*
- *Sister*
- *Brother*
- *Grandchild*
- *Ancestor*
- *Aunt*
- *Uncle*
- *FirstCousin*
- *BrotherInLaw*
- *SisterInLaw*

These must be general enough to be used in other family trees defined similarly to the file linked above. You may write extra predicates if needed. Use the definition of in-laws found [here](#). E.g. Diana's brothers-in-law are Andrew and Edward (her husband's biological brothers). You may also treat Mark as one of Diana's brothers-in-law (her husband's brother-in-law) but it is not necessary for this assignment.

Then answer the following questions:

1. Who are Elizabeth's grandchildren?
2. Who are Diana's brothers-in-law?
3. Who are Zara's cousins?
4. Who are Eugenie's ancestors?

In a text file, record the queries that you ran to ask the questions above along with the results from your Prolog program. Make sure that you have Prolog show you **all** of the answers to each question! You can use `setof` to do this quickly, for instance, `?- setof(X,brotherOf(X,anne),List)` will give you the set of all of Anne's brothers.

Zip up your code along with the text file containing your queries and results. Submit through Gradescope. Be sure that your file is named `hw2.prolog` and at the top of your submission (not nested in a folder).

If you are unfamiliar with Prolog check out this [tutorial](#) (there are issues loading this within the mycourses frame, open this in a new window). If you know how to write Horn clauses you should pick it up very quickly. If you don't want to install Prolog locally, SWI-Prolog is installed on the cs machines.