## **Implement Linear and Logistic Regression**

#### AIM:

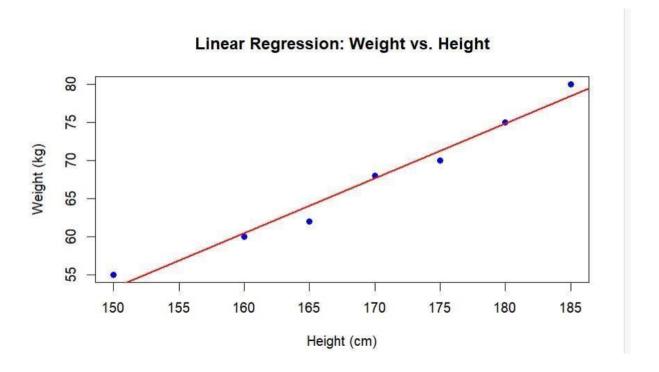
To implement Linear and Logistic Regression using R programming in R Studio. a)Linear

### regression

```
# Sample data
heights <- c(150, 160, 165, 170, 175, 180, 185) weights
<- c(55, 60, 62, 68, 70, 75, 80)
# Create a data frame data <-
data.frame(heights, weights)
# Fit a linear regression model linear_model
<- lm(weights ~ heights,
data = data
# Print the summary of the model
print(summary(linear_model))
# Plotting the data and regression line
plot(data$heights, data$weights,
main = "Linear Regression: Weight vs.
Height",
           xlab = "Height (cm)",
= "Weight (kg)",
                    pch
= 19, col = "blue")
# Add regression line
abline(linear_model, col = "red", lwd = 2)
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

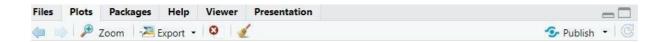
```
| linear regression - RStudio | lile Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help | linear | lilear | lil
```



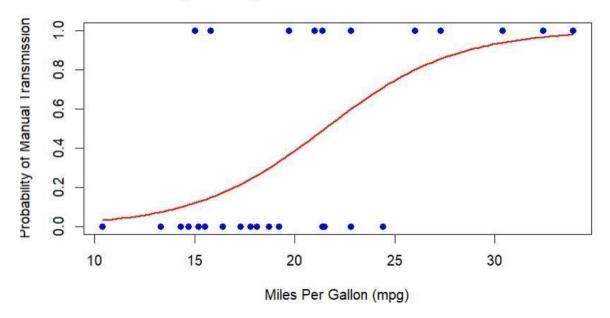
### b) Logistic regression

```
# Load the dataset
data(mtcars)
# Convert 'am' to a factor (categorical variable) mtcars$am <- factor(mtcars$am,
levels = c(0, 1), labels = c("Automatic", "Manual"))
# Fit a logistic regression model logistic_model <- glm(am
~ mpg, data = mtcars, family = binomial)
# Print the summary of the model
print(summary(logistic_model))
# Predict probabilities for the logistic model
predicted_probs <- predict(logistic_model, type =</pre>
"response")
# Display the predicted probabilities print(predicted_probs)
# Plotting the data and logistic regression curve
plot(mtcars$mpg, as.numeric(mtcars$am) - 1,
main = "Logistic Regression: Transmission vs. MPG",
xlab = "Miles Per Gallon (mpg)",
= "Probability of Manual Transmission",
                                            pch =
19, col = "blue")
# Add the logistic regression curve
curve(predict(logistic_model, data.frame(mpg = x), type =
                 add = TRUE, col = "red", lwd = 2)
"response"),
OUTPUT:
```

```
Delibear regression.R × Delogistic regression.R × Description of the dataset data (mtcars) as # Convert 'am' to a factor (categorical variable) and mtcarssam <- factor (mtcarssam, levels = c(0, 1), labels = c("Automatic", "Manual")) for the logistic regression model is print(summary (logistic_model)) for the summary of the model print(summary(logistic_model)) for the predicted probabilities for the logistic model predicted probabilities for the logistic model predicted probabilities for the logistic regression curve plot(mtcarssam) for the data and logistic regression curve plot(mtcarssam) for the logistic regression vs. MPG", since "Miles Per Gallon (mpg)", ylab = "Probability of Manual Transmission", pch = 19, col = "Dire") for the logistic regression curve curve(predict(logistic_model), data.frame(mpg = x), type = "response"), and = TRUE, col = "TRUE, col = "TRUE, col = "TRUE, logistic regression", logistic regression curve curve(predict(logistic_model), data.frame(mpg = x), type = "response"), and = TRUE, col = "TRUE, logistic_model, logistic_model = "TRUE, col = "TRUE, logistic_model, logistic_model = "TRUE, logistic_model, logistic_model, logistic_model, logistic_model = "TRUE, col = "TRUE, logistic_model, logistic_model, logistic_model, logistic_model = "TRUE, logistic_model, logist
```



# Logistic Regression: Transmission vs. MPG



#### **RESULT:**

Thus the implementation Linear and Logistic Regression using R programming in R Studio have been successfully executed.