

## 1 Overview

**xargs** is a standard UNIX utility (from the findutils utility package) for converting file contents into arguments for other programs. Typically **xargs** is employed when the user wishes to run a command over a set of input files. For example, if a user had a directory full of **\*.wav** files that they wanted to convert to **\*.mp3** files, they might use **xargs** like so:

```
find . -name "*.wav" -print0 | xargs -0 -n1 lame -V0
```

The **find** utility is used to build a list of **wav** files which is then passed to **xargs**. **xargs** converts this input to a list of arguments (in this case each file is an argument) and then passes those arguments to utility program, in this case a popular wav to mp3 conversion tool **lame**. Here we use **xargs**'s **-n** argument to ensure that only one file is passed to **lame** at a time. Without this option **xargs** will try to pass as many arguments to the utility program as it can.

From this command we can already see some peculiarities of the **xargs** command, for example **xargs**'s **-0** option. Under normal operation, input to **xargs** is *parsed* according to the conventions normally used by shells. Input lines are split into arguments on whitespace (so the line **abc def** would be parsed as two inputs **abc** and **def**), whitespace can be escaped with quotes ("**abc def**" becomes one argument) and quote characters can be escaped with backslashes ("**abc \" def**" is parsed as **abc " def**).

What this means, is that if you want run a command over a set of files, those files have to be properly escaped before they are given as input to **xargs**. This can be very confusing for users of **xargs** who might expect it to simply use each line as argument instead of parsing each line into arguments. This confusing behaviour should be considered before **xargs** is relied upon.

As can be seen above **xargs** has added a work around for this problem, the **-0** option. This option causes **xargs** to treat everything between two null-terminators (or a null-terminator and an EOF) as an argument, no parsing is done on the input.

## 2 Analysis

The lab currently has two versions of **xargs** installed 4.1, the oldest release still available from the findutils project. It was released in 1994. The lab *also* has version 4.4.2 installed the newest version of the **xargs** utility. However, the default version is version 4.1. Since this version is severely outdated, and a newer version has already been installed, version 4.4.2 should be configured as the default as soon as possible. I was not able to find any bugs that directly affected security, but this very outdated version does have a number of logic bugs in it.

*Note: version 4.1 was in-fact so old that I was unable to compile it on any relatively 'modern' system I control. The analysis presented below was done on version 4.2.25 the next release version.*

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