

## Ejercicio 16

$$e) A = ]0, \frac{\pi}{2}[ , f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x}\right)^{\operatorname{sen} x} \quad (x \in A), \quad \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \left(\frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x}\right)^{\operatorname{sen} x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \left(\frac{\cos x}{\operatorname{sen} x}\right)^{\operatorname{sen} x} = \left(\frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2}}{\operatorname{sen} \frac{\pi}{2}}\right)^{\operatorname{sen} \frac{\pi}{2}} = \left(\frac{0}{1}\right)^1 = 0$$

Cuando  $x$  va hacia  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  por la izquierda la función va a 0.

$$f) A = ]0, \frac{\pi}{2}[ , f(x) = (1 + \operatorname{sen} x)^{\operatorname{cotg} x} \quad (x \in A), \quad \alpha = 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1 + \operatorname{sen} x)^{\frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x}} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\frac{\ln(1 + \operatorname{sen} x)}{\operatorname{tg} x}} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln(1 + \operatorname{sen} x)}{\operatorname{tg} x}} = e^1 = e \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln(1 + \operatorname{sen} x)}{\operatorname{tg} x} = \left[\frac{0}{0}\right] \text{ "L'H"} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{\cos x}{1 + \operatorname{sen} x}}{\frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 x}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$