# CS 4391: Introduction to Computer Vision Homework 2

# Yapeng Tian The University of Texas at Dallas

Download the homework2\_programming.zip file from eLearning, Course Homepage, Assignments, Homework 2. Finish the following programming problems and submit your scripts to eLearning. You can zip all the data and files for submission. TA will run your scripts to verify them.

Install the Python packages needed by

• pip install -r requirement.txt

Here are some useful resources:

- Python basics https://pythonbasics.org/
- Numpy https://numpy.org/doc/stable/user/basics.html
- OpenCV https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/d6/d00/tutorial\_py\_root.html

#### Problem 1

(1 points) Linear filtering with a mean/box filter.

Implement the linear\_local\_filtering() function in p1\_linear\_filtering.py. The function takes an image and a  $7 \times 7$  box filter as input and outputs a filtered image.

After your implementation, run the p1\_linear\_filtering.py in Python to verify it. The filtered image will be saved in "results/im\_box.png". Figure 1c shows a generated image using the box filter.

### Problem 2

(1 points) Linear filtering with a Gaussian filter.

Implement the gauss\_kernel\_generator() function in p1\_linear\_filtering.py. The function takes a kernel size: 2n + 1 and a variance  $\sigma_s^2$  as input and outputs a  $(2n + 1) \times (2n + 1)$  Gaussian kernel, where n = 3 and  $\sigma_s^2 = 15$  in the script.

After your implementation, run the pl\_linear\_filtering.py in Python to verify it. The filtered image will be saved in "results/im\_gaussian.png". Figure 1d shows a generated image using the filter.

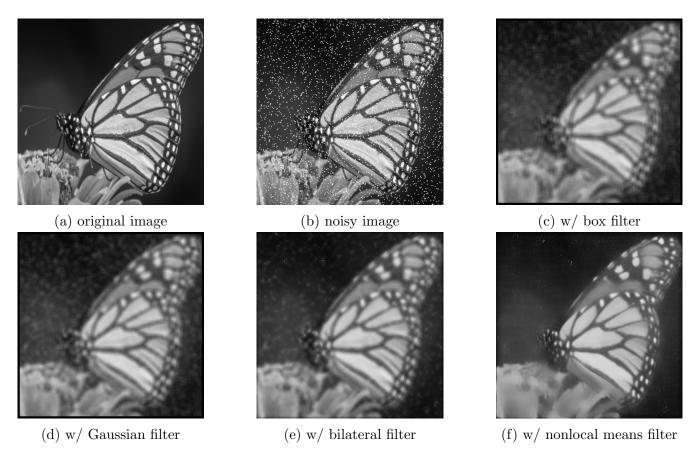


Figure 1: Clean, Noisy, and filtered images using different filters.

#### Problem 3

(2 points) Nonlinear filtering with a bilateral filter.

Implement the bilateral\_filtering() function in p2\_bilateral\_filtering.py. The function takes an image, a spatial variance  $\sigma_s^2$ , an intensity range variance  $\sigma_r^2$ , and a kernel size  $(2n+1) \times (2n+1)$  as input, and outputs a filtered image, where n=3,  $\sigma_s^2=30$ , and  $\sigma_r^2=0.5$  in the script.

After your implementation, run the p2\_bilateral\_filtering.py in Python to verify it. The filtered image will be saved in "results/im\_bilateral.png". Note that you need to use zero-padding to handle the black border issue in your code. Figure 1e shows a generated image using the filter.

## Problem 4

(2 points) Nonlinear filtering with a non-local means filter.

Implement the nlm\_filtering() function in p3\_nlm\_filtering.py. The function takes an image, an intensity range variance  $\sigma_r^2$ , a patch size  $(2n+1) \times (2n+1)$ , and a search window size  $(2N+1) \times (2N+1)$  as input, and outputs a filtered image, where n=2,  $\sigma_r^2=1$ , and N=7 in the script.

After your implementation, run the p3\_nlm\_filtering.py in Python to verify it. The filtered image will be saved in "results/im\_nlm.png". Note that you need to use zero-padding to handle the black border issue in your code. Figure 1f shows a generated image using the filter.