

The top half of the slide features a complex, abstract background in various shades of blue. It consists of intricate, self-similar fractal patterns that resemble organic structures like coral or snowflakes, set against a backdrop of concentric, wavy lines that create a sense of depth and movement.

VIDEO GAME COMPETITION 1

# INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS

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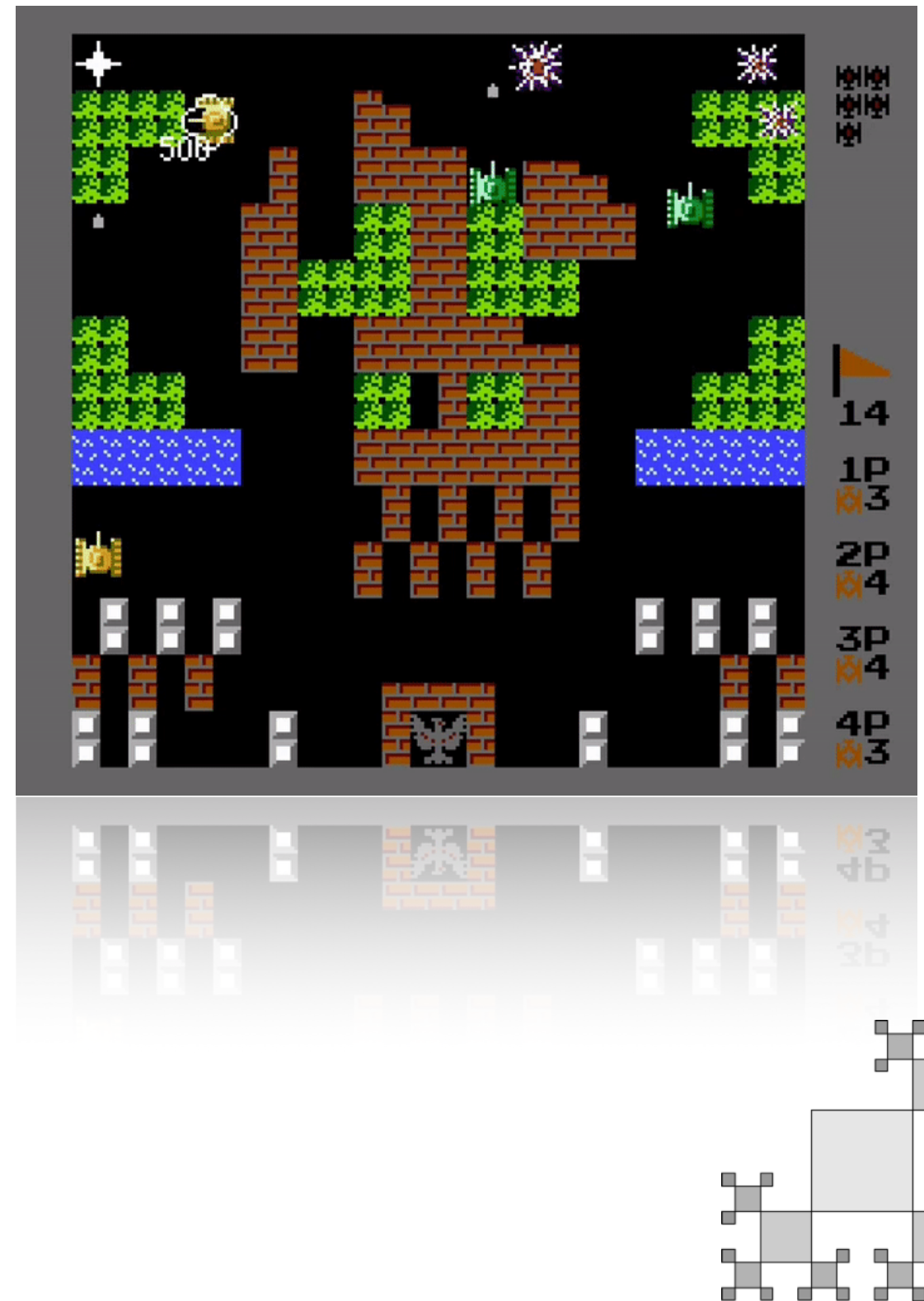
*National Taiwan University*



# WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO?

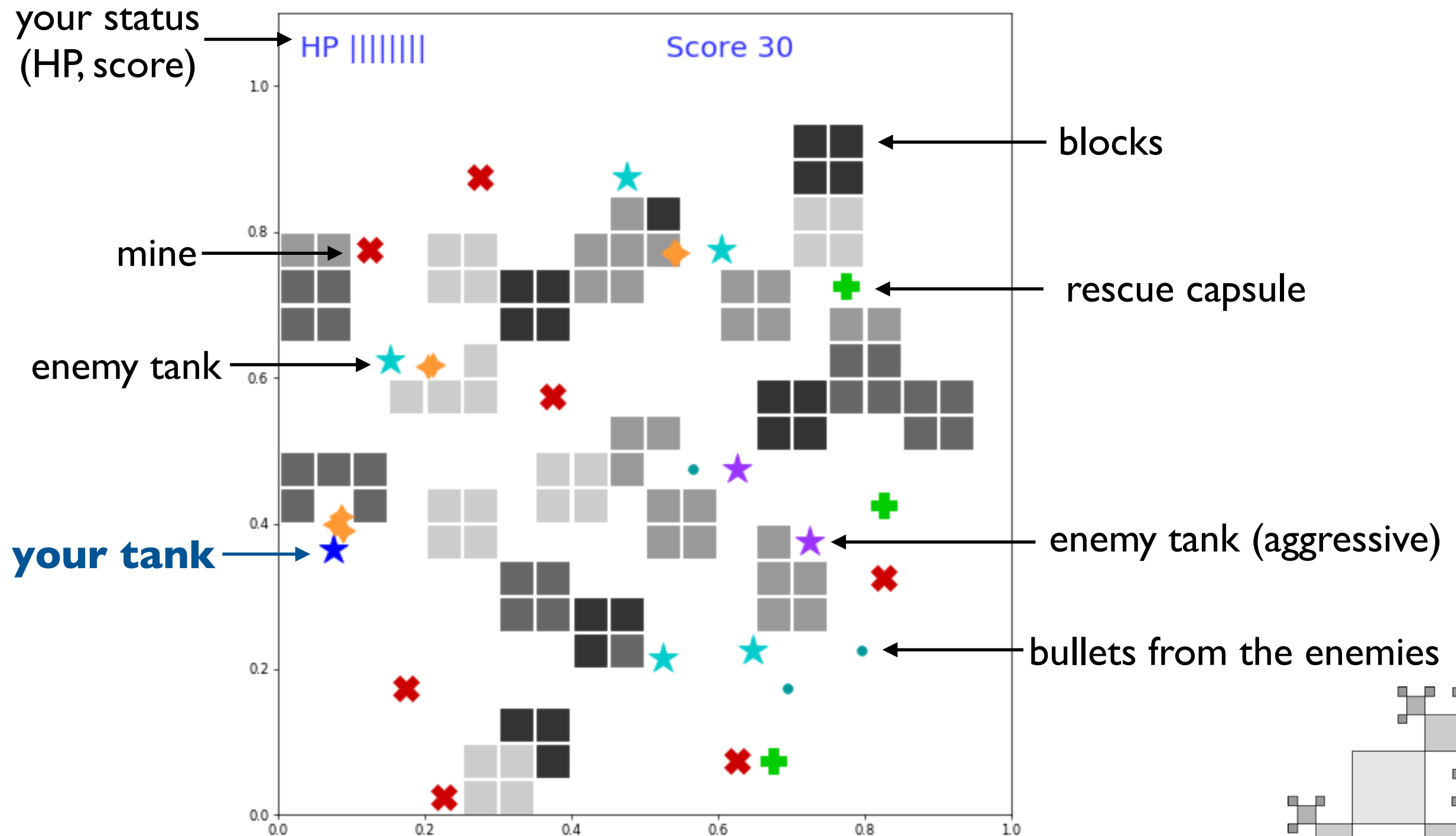
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- ❖ We will have a **Video Game Competition!**
- ❖ And we are going to play a not-so-classical “battle city”-like game.
- ❖ All you need to do is derive a good AI program to control your tank, hide from the attacks, and shoot your enemy down!
- ❖ We are going to run this competition, and who gets the **higher score** will win!



# WELL, WE DO NOT HAVE “REAL” GRAPHICS...

- ❖ Once you execute the `game01.py/game01.cc` code:



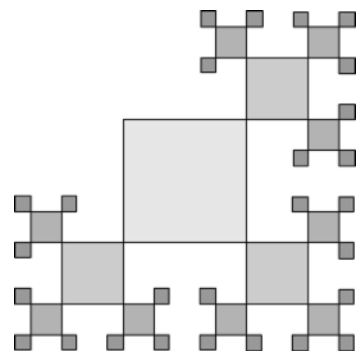
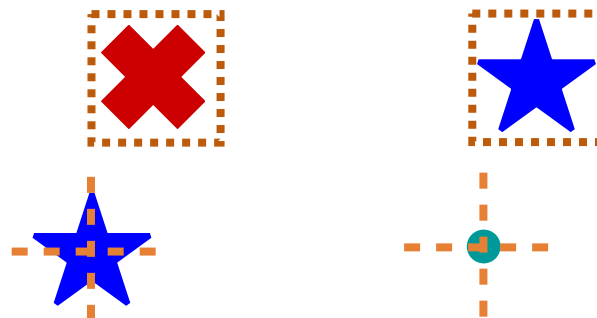
# COORDINATION SYSTEM

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- ❖ All of the tanks are limited in the area of (0,0) - (1,1).
- ❖ The basic grid size is 0.05 — ie. as your tank moves, it would move in the step of 0.05 (and it takes 10 frames!).
- ❖ All of the objects are in the dimension of 0.05×0.05, too (while the bullet has no size!)



- ❖ Collisions of bullets (or mines / rescue caps) with your tank or the enemy tanks are identified whenever the **center** of objects enter the **square region**.



# TYPES OF OBJECTS

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- Code 0/1 - your / enemy's cannon-shot, speed = 0.01 / frame

★ Code 2 - player tank, speed = 0.05 / 10 frames

★ Code 3 - enemy tank, speed = 0.05 / 20 frames, HP = 2;  
*score = 1000 points + 10 points / hit*

★ Code 4 - stronger enemy tank, speed = 0.05 / 10 frames, HP = 3;  
*score = 2000 points + 10 points / hit*



Code 5 - block, HP = 4, 3, 2, 1;  
*score = 10 points / hit*

✗ Code 6 - mine;  
*score = 50 points*

✚ Code 7 - rescue capsule;  
*score = 100 points*

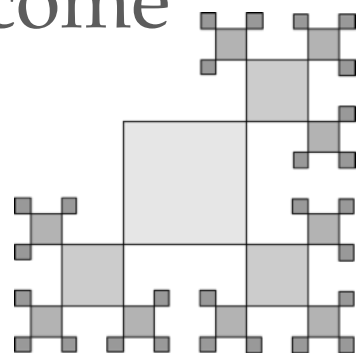
One hit (by a cannon-shot or a mine) = **HP - 1**  
Acquiring a rescue capsule = **HP + 2**  
Your initial HP is 8,  
maximum **16**.

# DEMO PLAYBACK

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- ❖ This is how the program *“play the game”* for you.
- ❖ Remarks:
  - Your tank starts from left-bottom corner.
  - Once you destroy all of the enemy tanks, the map will be reseted and level up.
  - Surely...when level up the enemies will become more *“aggressive”*!



# PLAYER TEMPLATE

The **decision function** will be called by the main program to **decide the action** and you need to return an integer **“action command”**.

partial player\_module.py

```
class player_module:
```

```
# Constructor, allocate any private data here
```

```
def __init__(self):  
    self.player_x, self.player_y = 0., 0. ← Constructor
```

```
# Please update the banner according to your information
```

```
def banner(self):  
    print('-----')  
    print('Author: your_name_here') ← Put your name and ID here  
    print('ID: bxxxxxxxxx')  
    print('-----')
```

```
# Decision making function for moving your tank ✓ the main decision function
```

```
def decision(self, score, player_hp, player_status, code, x, y, dx, dy):
```

Action  
Commands

0 - Idle

1 - move down (y-)

2 - move up (y+)

3 - move left (x-)

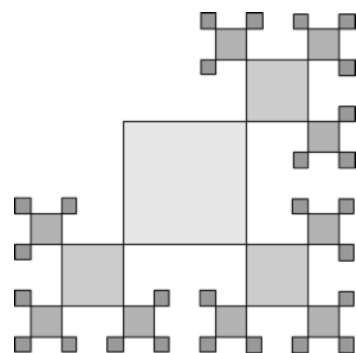
4 - move right (x+)

5 - fire down (y-)

6 - fire up (y+)

7 - fire left (x-)

8 - fire right (x+)





# PLAYER TEMPLATE (II)

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❖ Surely there is a C++ version of the player template, too!

partial player\_module.h

```
class player_module {
public:
    double player_x, player_y;

    // Constructor, allocate any private data here
    player_module() : player_x(0.), player_y(0.) {} ← Constructor

    // Please update the banner according to your information
    void banner() {
        printf("-----\n");
        printf("Author: your_name_here\n"); ← Put your name and ID here
        printf("ID: bxxxxxxxx\n");
        printf("-----\n");
    }

    /* Decision making function for moving your tank, toward next decision
    frame: */
    int decision(int score, int player_hp, int player_status,
                std::vector<int> &code,
                std::vector<double> &x, std::vector<double> &y,
                std::vector<double> &dx, std::vector<double> &dy) {
```



# INPUT ARGUMENTS

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- ❖ **score** (*integer*): current score
- ❖ **player\_hp** (*integer*): HP of your tank
- ❖ **player\_status** (*integer*)

- **1** - can only move

Hence you should only return 1-4 (moving toward 4 directions)

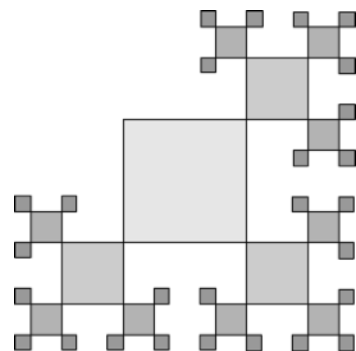
- **2** - can move / can fire cannon

Hence you can return 1-4 (moving) or 5-8 (cannon-fire)

- ❖ **code** (*list/vector of integer*): type of objects  
(see the definitions given in the earlier slide, e.g. 0/1 are cannon-shots, 2 is player tank, etc.)

- ❖ **x/y/dx/dy** (*list/vector of doubles*) =  
coordinate of the objects, and current displacement

The **player\_status** indicates whether your tank can move / fire, if you return an invalid action command, it will simply do nothing (idle = 0).



# HAVE FUN!

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- ❖ We will have two rounds of competitions:
  - **First Round:** we will run your code and calculate the average scores from multiple trials.
    - ➔ If your average scores beat half of the participants, you will win a trophy!
    - ➔ We will invite the **top 4 players** to enter the final round (*you can provide an updated code if you wish*).
  - **Final Round:** we will have a direct “play” in the class and see **who gets the highest score!**
- ❖ Please provide your code before **Dec/23** for the first round; the final round show will be held on **Dec/30** (*with your final code*).

