# **7BUIS030W REVISION -2**

# **Solutions**

# Question 1

A firm appoints an agency to vet a potential candidate for a job. The firm gives the employment history and other details to the agency and based on that the agency conduct a background verification of 2 people. Based on the data protection act, describe who are the data actors in this scenario [6 Marks]

In the example following are the data actors:
The job applicants are the data subjects as it is their personal data being used. —

The firm is the data controller as it determines the purpose for which the data is being processed.

The agency is the data processor which process the personal data as per the firm's instructions

# Question 2

A training centre provides the members of staff of a large organisation with training courses in a wide range of subjects and at different levels (e.g. beginner, intermediate, proficient, advanced). The training courses are organised over a number of full days(e.g. 2 days, 3 days, 5 days, etc.) The centre is seeking to design and develop a database-driven management system to be used internally to help organise the scheduling of the training courses. The Conceptual Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD) for part of the training centre's management system is shown below (figure 1). Carefully consider this conceptual ERD.

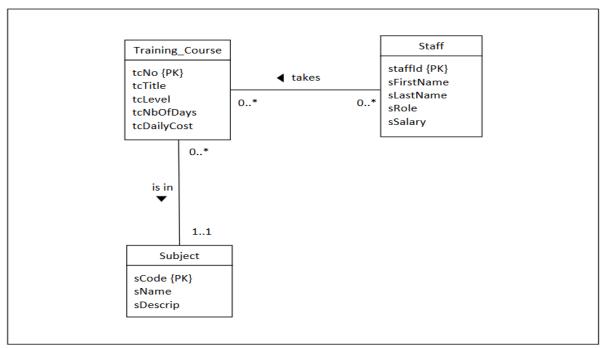


Figure 1: Conceptual ERD for part of the management system

(a)Discuss in detail the multiplicity of the relationship 'is in' (between the entities Training\_Course and Subject). Provide adequate justifications to support your answers. [4 Marks]

One training course is designed for a minimum of one subject and a maximum of one subject.

One subject may be taught in no training courses

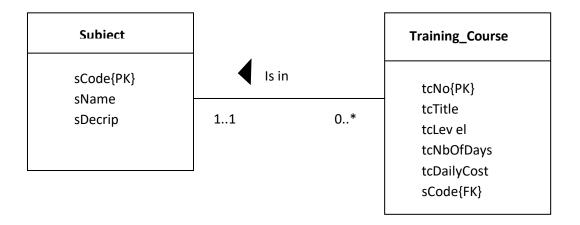
One subject can be taught in many training courses

(b)Briefly explain how you would map the relationship 'is in' (between the entities Training\_Course and Subject) to a logical ERD. Provide a diagram to support your answer. Make sure you include all the correct attributes and keys. [6 Marks]

This is a one to many relationship.

In order to map the conceptual model to logical ERD 2 tables to be created.

In this case subject is the parent and Training\_Course is the child.



(c) Discuss in detail the multiplicity of the relationship 'takes' (between the entities Staff and Training\_Course). Provide adequate justifications to support your answers. [4 Marks]

One staff may take no training course (because he/she is a new staff)

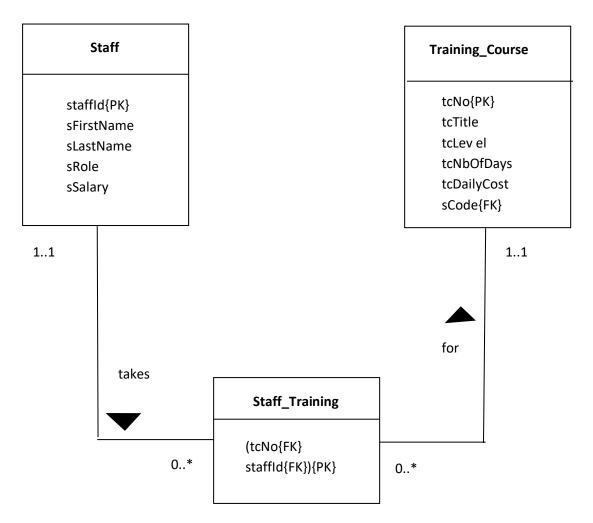
One staff can take many training courses

One training course may be taken by no staffs

One training course can be taken by many staffs

(d)Briefly explain how you would map the relationship 'takes' (between the entities Staff and Training\_Course) to a logical ERD. Provide a diagram to support your answer. Make sure you include all the correct attributes and keys. [6 Marks]

This is a many to many relationship. In order to map the conceptual model to logical ERD 3 tables need to be created. In this case Training\_Course and Staff are the parent tables and a link table has to be created which has a composite key with the primary keys of both parents.



# Question 3

(a)Write a SQL query to display the titles, durations and daily costs of courses at beginner level and courses at intermediate level, but only for those courses that cost more than £250.00 daily. [5 Marks]

```
SELECT tcTitle, tcNbOfDays, tcDailyCost
FROM Training_Course
WHERE (tc_level = 'Beginner' OR tc_level = 'Intermediate')
AND tcDailyCost >= 250.00;
```

(b)Write a SQL query to display all the tables in the rectified logical ERD of the above conceptual ERD. Make sure your correctly identify the data types of all the attributes in the tables.

[8 Marks]

```
CREATE TABLE Subject
```

(sCode VARCHAR(10),

sName VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,

sDecrip VARCHAR(255),

CONSTRAINT s\_sc\_pk PRIMARY KEY (sCode)

);

# **CREATE TABLE Training\_Course**

(tcNo INT (6),

tcTitle VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, tcLevel VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,

tcNbOfDays INT(5),

tcDailyCost DECIMAL(4,2) NOT NULL,
sCode VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT tc\_tcn\_pk PRIMARY KEY (tcNo),

CONSTRAINT tc\_tcsc\_fk FOREIGN KEY (sCode) REFERENCES Subject(sCode)

);

#### **CREATE TABLE Staff**

(staffId VARCHAR(10),

sFirstName VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
sLastName VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
sRole VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
sSalary DECIMAL (5,2) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT st\_stid\_pk PRIMARY KEY (staffld)

);

# \*\*\*\* Please note that the following code is to create a link table

# **CREATE TABLE Staff\_Training**

(staffId VARCHAR(10),

tcNo INT (6),

CONSTRAINT st\_stid\_pk PRIMARY KEY (staffId,tcNo),

CONSTRAINT st\_stsid\_fk FOREIGN KEY (staffId) REFERENCES Staff(staffId),

CONSTRAINT st\_sttcno\_fk FOREIGN KEY (tcNo) REFERENCES Training\_Course(tcNo)

);