

Kryptologie LAB - 4.2

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Rivest-Shamir-Adleman (RSA)

- Public-key cryptosystem
- Different keys for encryption and decryption
- Keys are interpreted as (unsigned) integers
- Texts are interpreted as sequences of (unsigned) integers

Key generation recap

- choose two **distinct** primes p and q
- set $n = pq$, note $\phi(n) = (p - 1)(q - 1)$
- public key: $e := 3$
- private key: $d := e^{-1} \pmod{\phi(n)}$ (compute with EEA)
- $\phi(n)$ should be expressible as a 64-bit unsigned integer, and larger than all 32-bit unsigned integers:

$$4,294,967,295 < \phi(n) \leq 18,446,744,073,709,551,615$$

Encryption and Decryption with RSA

- **main concept:** $(m^e)^d \equiv m \pmod{n}$
- given a plaintext m_1, \dots, m_r :
 - encryption: $c_1, \dots, c_r := m_1^e \pmod{n}, \dots, m_r^e \pmod{n}$
 - decryption: $m_1, \dots, m_r := c_1^d \pmod{n}, \dots, c_r^d \pmod{n}$
- to compute $m^e \pmod{n}$:

```
c := 1, e' := 0
while e' < e
  c := m · c (mod n)
  e' := e' + 1
return c
```

Task 4 - part 2

- Implement RSA encryption and decryption routines.
 - assume the plaintext is ASCII encoded text
 - break up the text into 32-bit blocks
 - if necessary, pad out the final block with whitespace
- Perform a runtime comparison between:
 - (a) encryption and decryption of plaintext with RSA
 - (b) encryption and decryption of **DES key** with RSA, together with encryption and decryption of plaintext with DES
- try to produce a plaintext for which (b) is fast (e.g. < 30 seconds) but (a) is slow (e.g. > 3 mins)

Examination format

- Demonstrate your tools:
 - Additive cypher
 - Vigenère
 - DES
 - RSA
- Demonstrate an RSA/DES runtime comparison

Guidelines

- Bring your laptop
- Try to polish your user interface (rather than your code)
- Be creative: if your tools have extra features - show them!
- Prepare your demonstration
- Demonstrate what you have – even if it is unfinished