Number Representation

NOTE: Use of internet is not permitted, calculators are permitted and your answers must include worked solutions. If you require extra sheet(s) please write your name and student number at the top of each additional sheet.

Part A

Objective

Convert decimal numbers to binary showing in detail the conversion process

1. Convert the number of days in a leap year 366 ₁₀ to Base ₂					
Xn	number count	remainder	total	Binary	total
2*8	256	110	256	1 0000 0000	1 0000 0000
2*7	128	110	256	0 1000 0000	1 0000 0000
2*6	64	46	320	0 0100 0000	1 0100 0000
2*5	32	14	352	0 0010 0000	1 0110 0000
2*4	16	14	352	0 0001 0000	1 0110 0000
2*3	8	6	360	0 0000 1000	10110 1000
2*2	4	2	364	0 0000 0100	1 0110 1100
2*1	2	0	366	0 0000 0010	1 0110 1110
2*0	0	0	366	0 0000 0001	1 0110 1110

2.	Convert the number of	i available seats	in the new	Páirc Uí C	haoimh 4	5,000₁₀ to
	Base ₂					

Number Representation

Part B

Objective

Convert numbers base_n to hexadecimal showing in detail the conversion process

1.	Convert the number 181336782 ₁₀ to Base ₁₆
2.	Convert the number C0FF.EE ₁₆ to Base ₁₀ directly

Number Representation

Part C

Objective

Convert numbers base_n to base_n showing in detail the conversion process

```
1. What is the Base<sub>16</sub> value of 8 bit 2's complement number 1001 0101<sub>2</sub>
2*7
       128
                1
2*6
        64
                0
2*5
       32
                0
2*4
       16
2*3
        8
               0
2*2
                1
2*1
       2
                0
2*0
       1
                 1
decimal = 149
(128*1) + (16*1)+(4*1)+(1*1) = 149*10
        number count remainder
16n
                                   (149\%16 == 9.3125 \text{ hence } 9, 9*16 = 144)
16*1
         16
                  9
                          144
                   5
16*0
          1
                            0
95*16
 2. Subtract 13<sub>10</sub> from 42<sub>10</sub> using 8 bit 2's complement and convert to Base<sub>8</sub>
   13*10 = 1101
   45*10 = 00101010
    0000 1101
   +0010 1010
```

Number Representation

Part D

Objective

Convert numbers base_n to hexadecimal showing in detail the conversion process

1. Add -32 ₁₀ to 61 ₁₀ using 8 bit 2's complement	
32*10 = 100000 -32*10 = 1100000	
61*10 = 111101	
2. Add -4 ₁₀ to 46 ₁₀ using 8 bit 2's complement	

Number Representation

Hand up this practical report at the end of session and ensure it has been checked

Student Name	Joshua Boyce Hyland	Student Number	C00270917
Date	11/10/2022	Checked	
Group	A/B		