

# PHILOSOPHICAL WRITING IN EARLY NEW ZEALAND NEWSPAPERS

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Joshua Black

February 5, 2021

UC  ARTS  
DIGITAL LAB



## 1. Problem:

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- to gain insight into philosophical writing in early New Zealand newspapers

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- a method applicable for many humanities research questions,
- but with shortcomings to be aware of.

## PROBLEM

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  - Promising: a venue both for the academics and the wider public?
- An example of the kind of thing we're after:

The following is a brief abstract of  
the Debate held at the Town Hall  
East Oxford, on Thursday, 9th.

*(Continued from last week.)*

6. A simple form of metaphysical argument may be briefly put as follows:—All existence are of two kinds necessary and contingent. By a necessary existence is meant one which never began to be, and can never cease to be. By a contingent existence is meant one which commenced ~~to be and will~~ cease to be. My exist-





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  - We will engage in 'distant reading' (Moretti 2013)

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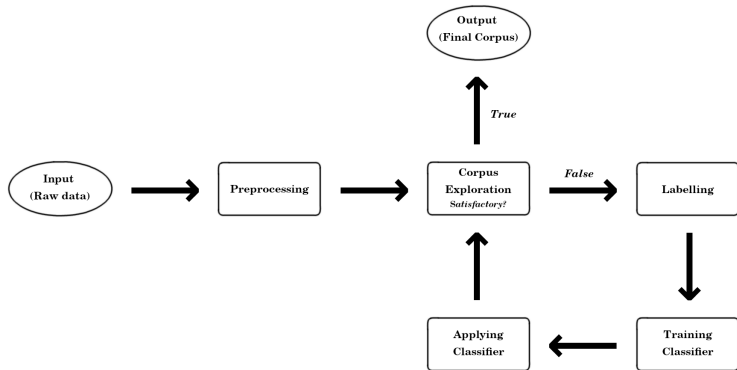
## 2. Corpus analysis

- Aim: use the corpus to learn something about philosophical writing in NZ newspapers.
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- This presentation will focus on co-occurrence networks.

## METHOD

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# CORPUS CONSTRUCTION FLOW DIAGRAM



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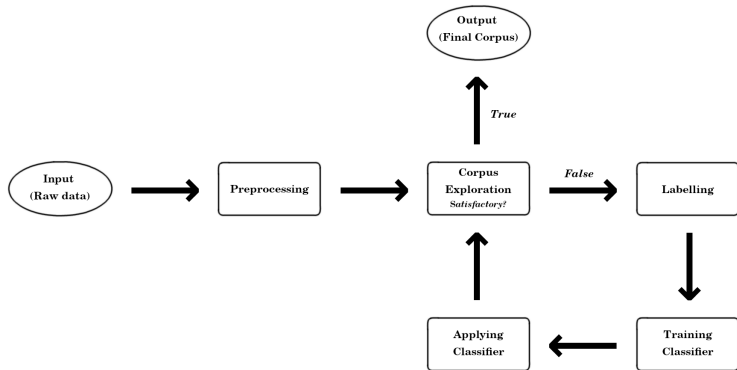
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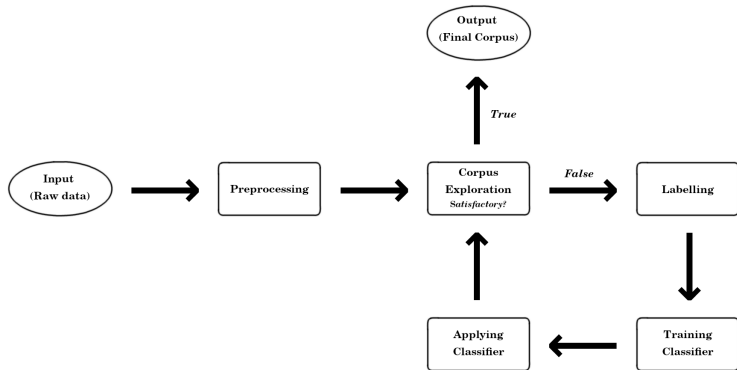


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- If the corpus contains lots of material that we are not interested in, it is not 'satisfactory'. If so, we move to the next stage.

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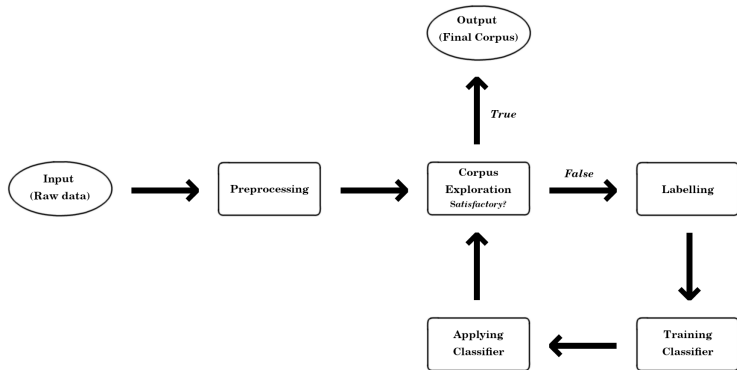
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- NB: it is important to ensure that we label a wide range of non-philosophy.



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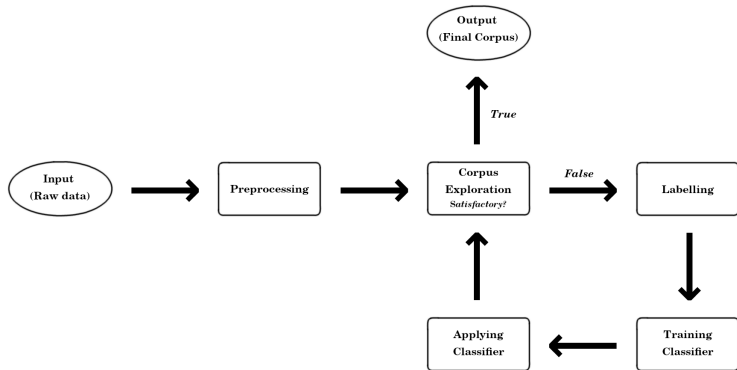
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# CORPUS CONSTRUCTION FLOW DIAGRAM



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  - Stop when satisfied that the corpus does not contain too much 'non-philosophy'

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- NB: term-term matrices can get very large. Various methods to control the size of the dictionary were employed.

## RESULTS

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# CORPUS CONSTRUCTION (SIZE REDUCTION)

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Classifiers become more selective:

Corpus	Article Count
Processed dataset	7592619
(Step 0) 'philoso*' Corpus	29647
(Step 1) Naive Bayes 1	239649
(Step 2) Naive Bayes 2	31131

**Table:** Article counts for processed dataset and general philosophy corpora.

# WORD CLOUD: SAMPLE OF PROCESSED DATASET

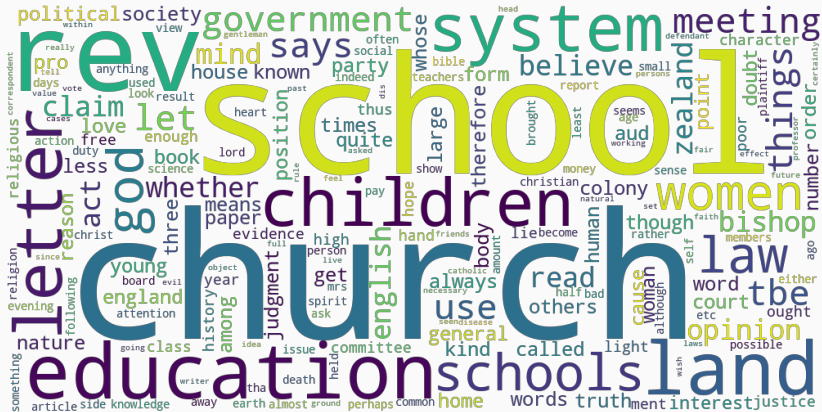




## WORD CLOUD: STEP 0



## WORD CLOUD: STEP 1





# LABELLING

Label	Step 1		Step 2	
	Value	Count	Value	Count
Readable	True	247	True	918
	False	26	False	41
Philosophy	True	101	True	299
	False	147	False	620
Philosophy Type	Religion-Science	58	Religion-Science	140
	Ethics-Politics	25	Ethics-Politics	94
	Epistemology-Metaphysics	3	Epistemology-Metaphysics	13
	Other	15	Other	52
Writing Type	Public Event	40	Public Event	97
	Letter to the Editor	23	Letter to the Editor	69
	First-order Writing	36	First-order Writing	111
	Review	2	Other	22
NZ	True	77	True	178
	False	12	False	41

**Table:** Label counts at Step 1 and Step 2.

## CLASSIFIER PERFORMANCE (STEP 2)

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		Predicted	
		False	True
Actual	False	181	14
	True	15	62

**Table:** Confusion Matrix for Second Naive Bayes Classifier

- Accuracy: 0.89
- Precision: 0.81
- Recall: 0.80



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  - prevalence of ‘edge cases’ and mistaken labelling in the false positives.
- Conclusion: the performance of the classifiers is being limited by the quality of the labels.



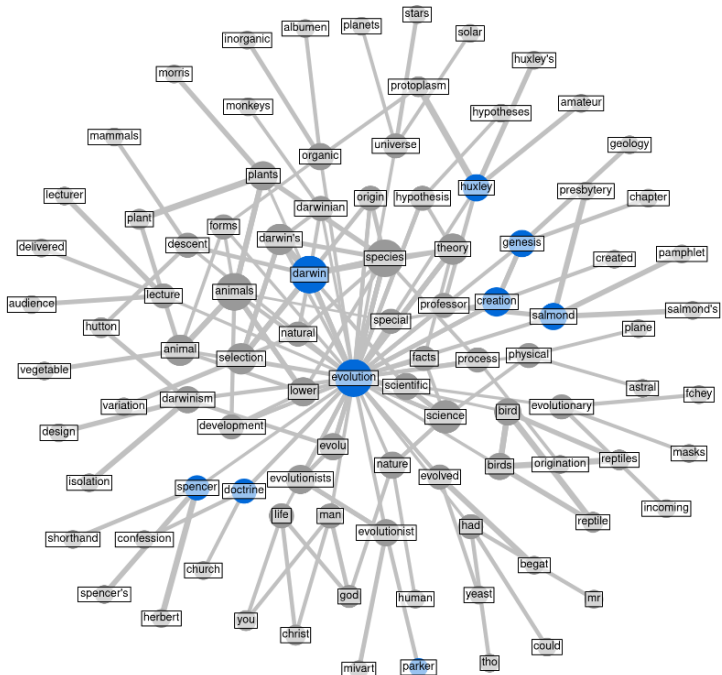
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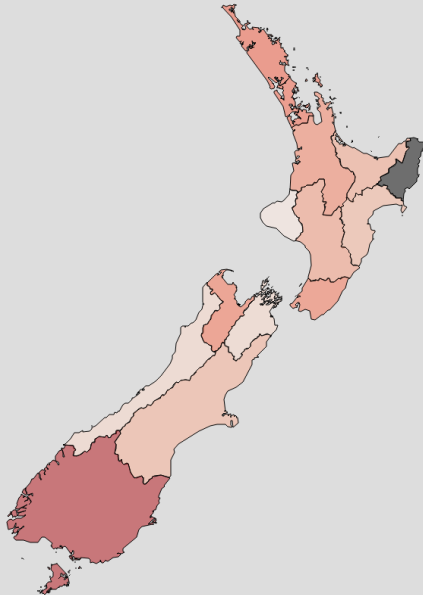


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  2. a choropleth revealing prominence of religion and science discourse in different regions.



0.0000 0.0004 0.0008 0.0011 0.0015 0.0019 0.0023 0.0026 0.0030

Proportion of Newspaper Articles Concerning Religion and Science



UPSHOT

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2. The corpus produced at the corpus construction stage shows potential for research into early New Zealand philosophy.



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- Possible alternative: start with easier distinctions (e.g. is the article a report of a public lecture?), then move to subject matter distinctions.



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- a method applicable for many humanities research questions,
- but with shortcomings to be aware of.

- Dashboard: `nz-newspaper-philosophy.herokuapp.com`
- GitHub (full project):  
`github.com/JoshuaDavidBlack/NPOD_Philosophy`
- GitHub (dashboard): `github.com/JoshuaDavidBlack/NPOD_Philosophy_Heroku`