

Xen Configuration Management and Xen Experiment

Future Internet Communication Technologies

Prof. Dr. Panagiotis Papadimitriou David Dietrich





Xen Overview

Xen Overview

Institut für Kommunikations-Technik



Dom0	DomU	DomU	DomU
Device Manager & Control	Applications	Applications	Applications
Guest OS	Guest OS	Guest OS	Guest OS



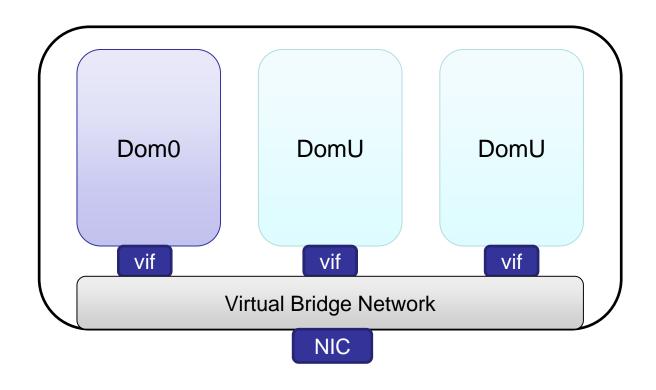
Hardware





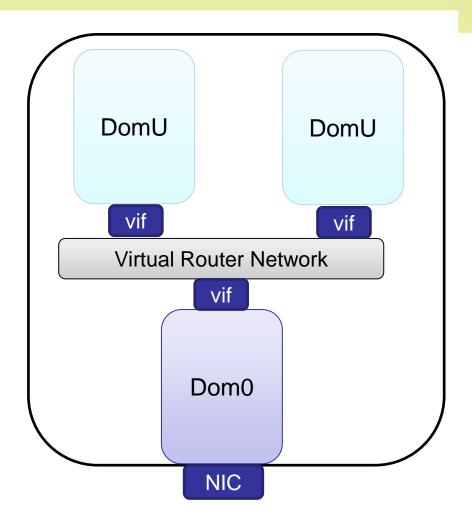
- •Xen Network Modes:
 - Bridging
 - Routing
 - Network Address Translation





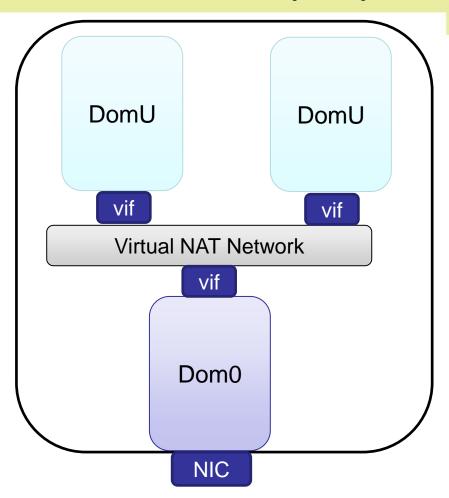
DomUs are transparently on the same network as Dom0





Packets are relayed from Dom0 to DomUs and vice-versa





- Packets are relayed from Dom0 to DomUs and vice-versa
- DomUs use Dom0's IP address to send/receive packets



Xen Guest Configuration



- •Xen Guest Configuration Categories:
 - General
 - Kernel
 - Networks
 - Storage



•name:

- name of the guest
- default: configuration filename

•memory:

- amount of memory (MB) allocated to guest
- default: 128 MB

•vcpus:

- number of virtual CPUs allocated to guest
- •default: 1



- •kernel:
 - •full path and name of the kernel for the guest
- •ramdisk:
 - •full path and name of the ramdisk for the guest (may not be required)
- •root:
 - partition to be used as root inside the guest
- extra:
 - additional parameters (e.g., console)



- Modify /etc/xen/xend-config.sxp
 - •Bridging setup:
 - (network-script network-bridge)
 - •E.g. network-script 'network-bridge netdev=eth24'
 - (vif-script vif-bridge)
 - •Routing setup:
 - (network-script network-route)
 - (vif-script vif-route)
 - •NAT setup:
 - (network-script network-nat)
 - (vif-script vif-nat)



- •vif[]:
 - •specifies an array with the following network configuration options:
- •MAC:
 - MAC address for the virtual interface
 - •MAC should typically be in the form: 00:16:3e:xx:xx:xx
- •bridge:
 - bridge for attaching the virtual to a physical interface
 - bridge should have been set up beforehand
- •IP/netmask/gateway:
 - •IP address, netmask and gateway for the virtual interface

Sample Xen Guest Configuration





```
kernel = '/users/student/xen/vmlinuz-2.6.31.6'
 name = '\underline{vm1}'
 memory = 256
 vcpus = 1
 vif = [ 'mac=00:16:3e:00:00:11, bridge=eth24']
 ip = '10.1.1.11'
 netmask = '255.255.255.0'
 broadcast = '10.1.1.255'
 disk =
['file:/users/student/group1/xen/vm1.img,xvda1,w']
 root = '/dev/xvda1'
```



Xen Management



•xend:

- Xen daemon enables communication with the hypervisor
- •Available parameters include:
 - *#xend start
 - *#xend restart
 - **xend stop



•xm:

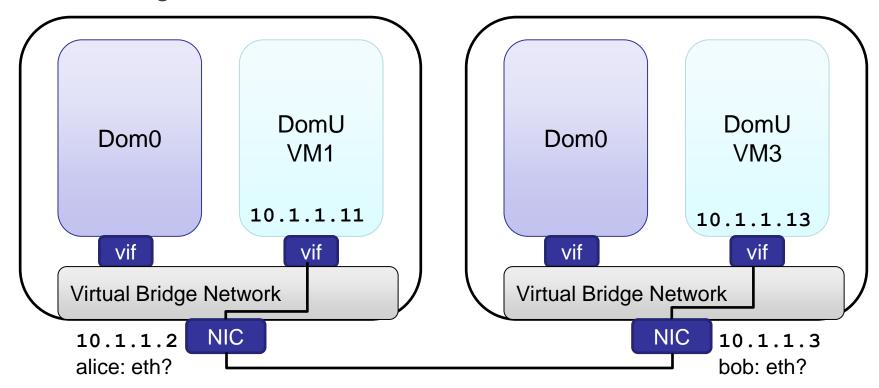
- Xen command-line tool for creating and managing guests
- •Basic parameters include:
 - #xm create configfile: creates a guest
 - #xm destroy domID: terminates a guest
 - #xm migrate domID host: migrates a guest to another host
 - •#xm list: prints information for existing guests
 - •#xm vcpu-list domID: prints vcpu information for a guest
 - •#xm vcpu-pin domID vcpu cpu: assigns vcpus to CPU cores
 - #xm sched-cred -d domID -w weight: adjusts the number of credits allocated to guests



- •Xen guests can be accessed via:
 - •xm console interface:
 - *#xm console guest name
 - •Exit with <Ctrl+5>
 - •ssh:
 - •\$ssh username@guest IP
 - Guest IP address from VM configuration file



- •Two hosts, each with one guest
- Virtual bridge network



ssh student@[alice|bob|carol|dave].xen4.nmlab.filab.uni-hannover.de

Group 1 – alice Group 2 – bob Group 3 – carol Group 4 – dave





- •Configure *xend* to use a bridge connected with the physical interface *eth*?
 - The configuration file is /etc/xen/xend-config.sxp
- Start xend
- Create your guest configuration file in your group directory
 - (See the sample configuration file on p.14)
- •Start the VM with xm create
- Login to your VM
 - User: root
 - Password: password