

# Model-Based Software Engineering

## Mini-Project II

Eric Roslin Wete Poaka  
Naira Audi

# Summary


1. Code generator
2. Interpreter
3. Henshin
4. Final remarks

# Code generator

- Transforms model in java code;
- Log information:
  - Current state of each state machine;
  - Channel buffer counter;
  - Last executed transition;
- Step strategy: Channel buffer as close to zero as possible.

# Code generator

Priority of transitions:

- 
- Asynchronous receive transitions
  - Asynchronous send and synchronous transitions

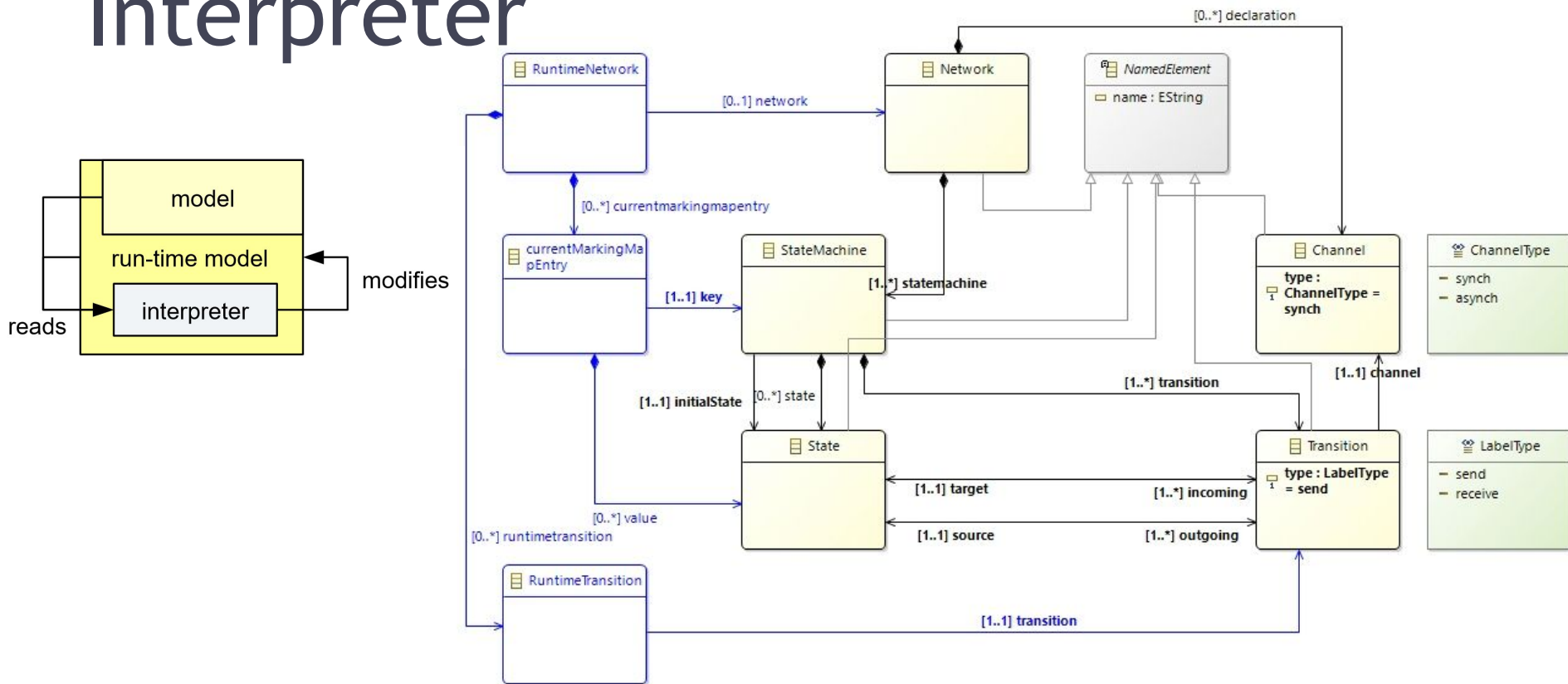
# Code generator

```

4      ...
5      package «packagename»;
6
7      import java.util.HashMap;
8      import java.util.Map;
9      import java.util.Random;
0      import java.util.ArrayList;
1      import java.util.List;
2
3      public class «networkClassName» {
4
5          // states machines current states
6          private Map<String, String> «currentStatesGlobal»;
7          // channels buffer (declaration)
8          private Map<String, Integer> «channelBuffersGlobal»;
9          // state machines
0          private List<String> «stateMachinesGlobal»;
1          // transitions
2          private Map<String, List<String>> «transitionsGlobal»;
3          // transitions sources
4          private Map<String, String> «sourcesGlobal»;
5          // transitions sources
6          private Map<String, String> «targetsGlobal»;
7          // states
8          private Map<String, List<String>> «statesGlobal» = new HashMap<String, List<String>>();
9          // for randomly choose
0          private Random «randomPairsSendVarGlobal»;
1          private Random «randomReceiveVarGlobal»;
2          private Random «randomPairsVarGlobal»;
3          private Random «randomSendVarGlobal»;
4

```

# Interpreter



# Interpreter

```
private def Network getNetwork(String fileName) {

    SmnetworkPackage.eINSTANCE.eClass

    // registering
    SMNLStandaloneSetup.doSetup();

    // load file
    //val URI uri = URI.createPlatformResourceURI(fileName, true);
    //val URI uri = URI::createURI(fileName);
    val URI uri = URI::createFileURI(fileName);
    System.out.println(uri);
    var resource = new ResourceSetImpl().getResource(uri, true);

    // get network package
    val networkPackage = resource.contents.get(0) as Network

    return networkPackage
}

def EList<RuntimeTransition> makeStep() {
    var EList<RuntimeTransition> enabledTransitions = getEnabledTransitions()
    if (enabledTransitions.size < 0) {
        throw new Exception("Deadlock")
    }

    // Our strategy to minimize the number of unreceived messages
    // Asynch Receive events have the priority
    var BasicEList<RuntimeTransition> receiveTransitions = new BasicEList<RuntimeTransition>();
    for (transition : enabledTransitions.filter[t|t.type == LabelType.RECEIVE && t.channel.type == ChannelType.ASYNCH]) {
        receiveTransitions.add(transition);
    }
}
```

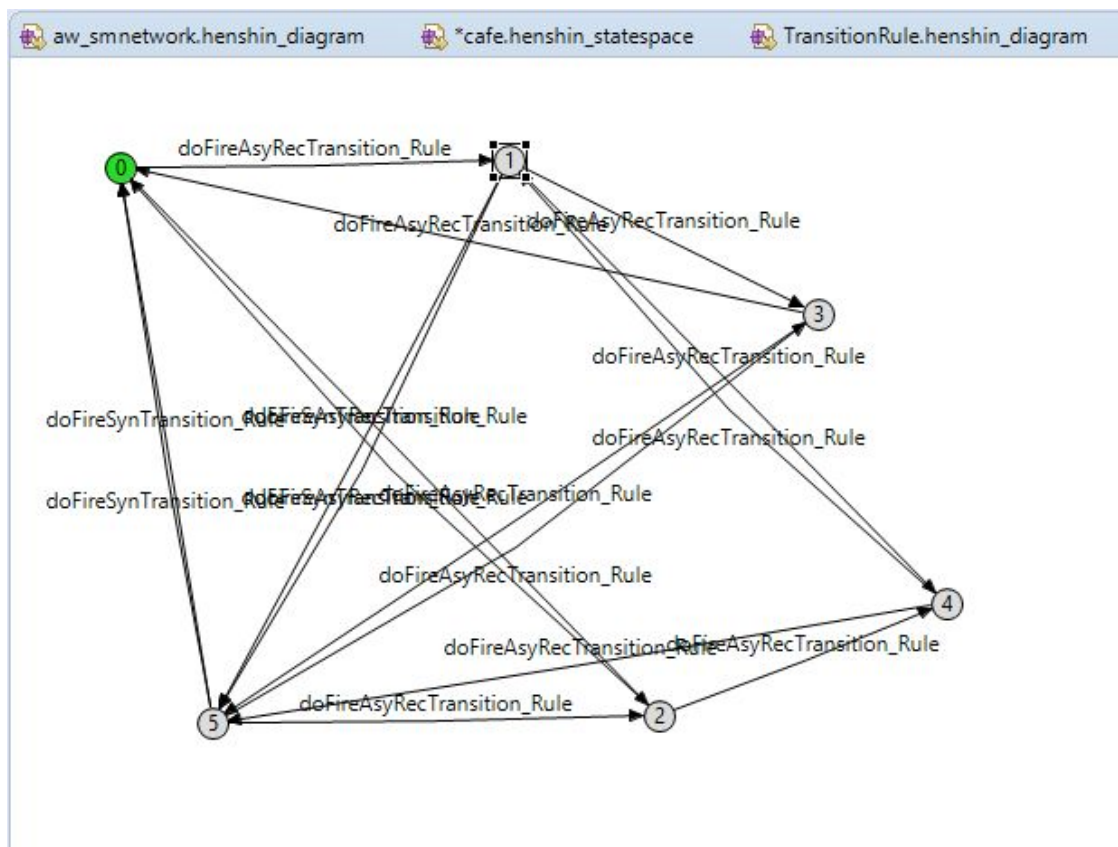
# Benchmark Analysis

- Code Generator: Cafe
  - Total Time: 171 ms
- Interpreter: Cafe
  - Total Time: 1567 ms



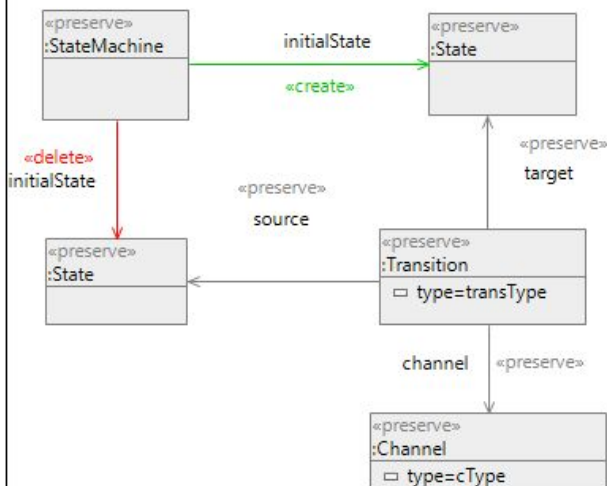
# Henshin

- Visual editor

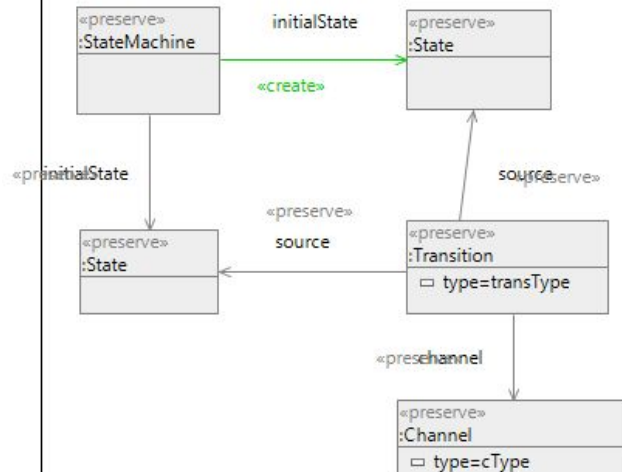


# Henshin

⇒ Rule *doFireAsyRecTransition\_Rule*(var transType:LabelType, var cType:ChannelType, var x)



⇒ Rule *doFireAsySendTransition\_Rule*(var transType:LabelType, var cType:ChannelType, var x)



# Final remarks

- Interpreter take more time than the code generator to run
- Difficult to find helpful information for Henshin.
- Difficult to make Rule conditions with Enum types

# Thank you for your attention!

Do you have any questions?