# Model-based Software Engineering

## Summer Term 2016

# Mini-Project 1 Assignment: State machine network language and editor

#### Note:

- The deadline for submitting the solutions for the mini-project 1 is Monday, May 23rd ( $\rightarrow$  no, May 30th), 23:59 CET.
- You can work on the mini-project in groups of three to four students. Use the lecture's Stud.IP forum for forming groups if necessary.
- Use the lecture's Stud.IP forum for discussion about the project, for asking questions and submitting your solutions. There is a dedicated category for mini-project 1 with an area for discussion and an area for submissions.
- Each submission must use its own topic. The first post of your topic must contain (1) the names of all group members, (2) a screenshot of your editor, (3) a download link to a ZIP file that contains the eclipse projects that comprise your solution, and (4) a download link to a PDF file that describes your solution. This description should be in the style of presentation slides and must include a brief description on how to use your editor and an explanation of your solutions to each of the tasks below.
- Presentation: The results of this mini-project can be presented in the tutorial session on <u>Tuesday</u>, <u>May 24th</u> (→ no, <u>May 31st</u>). A miniproject can be presented by one member of a mini-project group, who can obtain the presentation bonus by doing so (see bonus point rules explained in the first lecture). If you want to present, send me an email with your presentation slides in PDF format at least by 23:59 on the Monday before the tutorial. Presentations should take between 5 to 10 minutes.

### State machine networks

In this mini-project, you shall define a language and build an editor for networks of simple communicating state machines. (We choose this simple formalism in order to have relatively few language constructs, but at the same time create a language with which we can have some fun generating code and doing other things in the second mini project.)

In Figure 1 you see a simple network of two state machines that can communicate via channels. In this example, there is one state machine called Guest and another one called Waiter. They can communicate by sending messages via the asynchronous channels orderCoffee, deliverCoffee, and pay-Coffee. Initially, a guest and the waiter are waiting. When waiting, the guest can order coffee. The waiter, when waiting, can receive such an order and, after preparing the coffee, can deliver the coffee to the guest. Then the guest will drink coffee and then pay for the coffee. After receiving the payment, the waiter is again waiting for the next coffee order.

As you can see, a network of state machines has a name and consists of multiple state machines and a declaration of a set of channels that can be asynchronous or synchronous. Each state machine has a name and consists of multiple states that can each have a name and where one is the initial state. In the figures, the initial state is highlighted by a thick border. There can also be transitions between the states. States can have multiple incoming and outgoing transitions, and each transition has one source and one target state. Furthermore, each transition has a label send  $\langle \text{channel} \rangle$  or receive  $\langle \text{channel} \rangle$  that indicates either the sending or the receiving of a message via a channel.

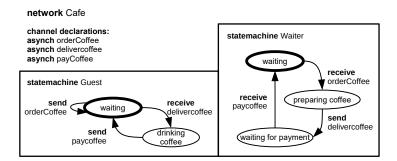


Figure 1: A simple network of two communicating state machines Guest and Waiter

A more complex network is shown in the Figure 2.

## 1 Model the metamodel with an Ecore class diagram

Create an Ecore metamodel that captures all the concepts of networks of state machines as shown and explained above. (Include a class diagram in your description.)

#### 2 Build a textual editor

Define a textual syntax for the networks of state machines and build a textual editor using Xtext.

### 3 Build a graphical editor

Define a graphical syntax and build a graphical editor using Sirius. You can either try building an editor that supports editing multiple state machines in one diagram or you can build an editor that supports editing the single state machines that comprise the network. (If you run into problems with this task, also partial solutions are acceptable, but then you have to explain the problems that you ran into in the solution presentation document.)

### 4 Model examples with the editors

Validate your syntax definitions and editors by showing that you can successfully model the two examples provided here. Also create at least one other example state machine network.

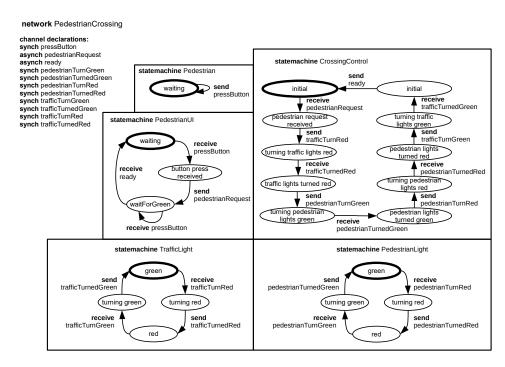


Figure 2: A network of a traffic light for a pedestrian crossing