CS55.11 JavaScript

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SANTA ROSA JUNIOR COLLEGE

Course Outline

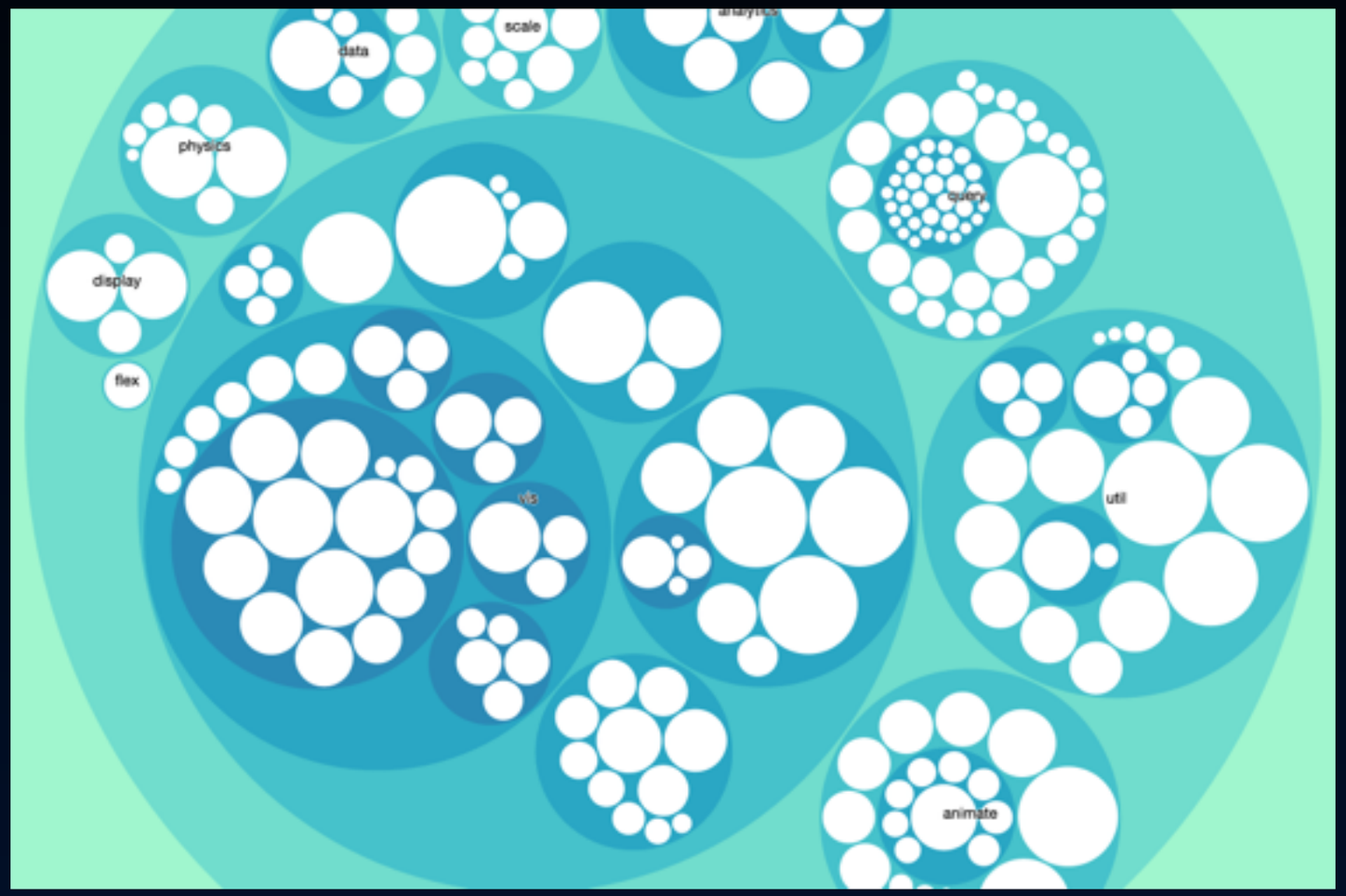
1 Intro to Javascript, Part 1	10 Data Visualization with D3
2 Intro to Javascript, Part 2	11 Further Explorations with D3
3 *no class meeting*	12 Browser Games: Phaser
4 Exploring the jQuery Library	13 Further with Phaser
5 Exploring the jQuery UI Library	14 Extending Phaser with JSON
6 Exploring jQuery Plug-ins	15 Single Page Apps: Angular.js
7 Exploring Google Maps API	16 Server-side JS + Final Review
8 AJAX: Working with JSON	17 Final Exam
9 Midterm Review + Midterm	

- Get all of the details in the complete syllabus on Canvas.

D3.js
Data Visualization Library

https://d3js.org/

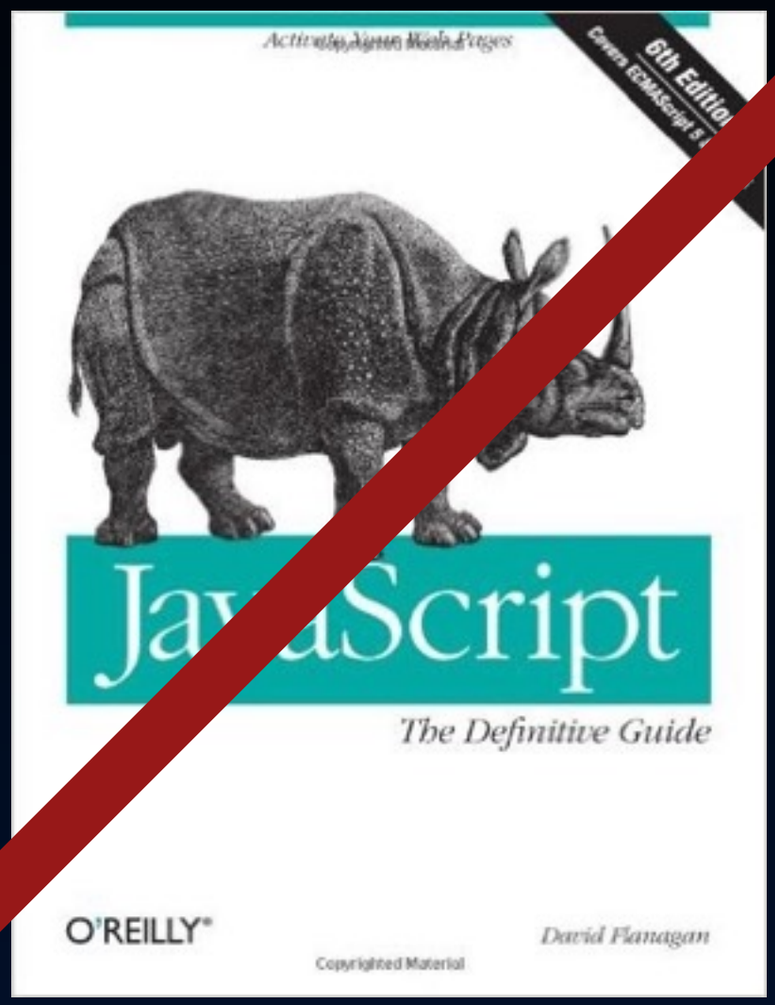
D3.js
Data Visualization Library



Created by Mike Bostock in 2011 – now in v4 release.

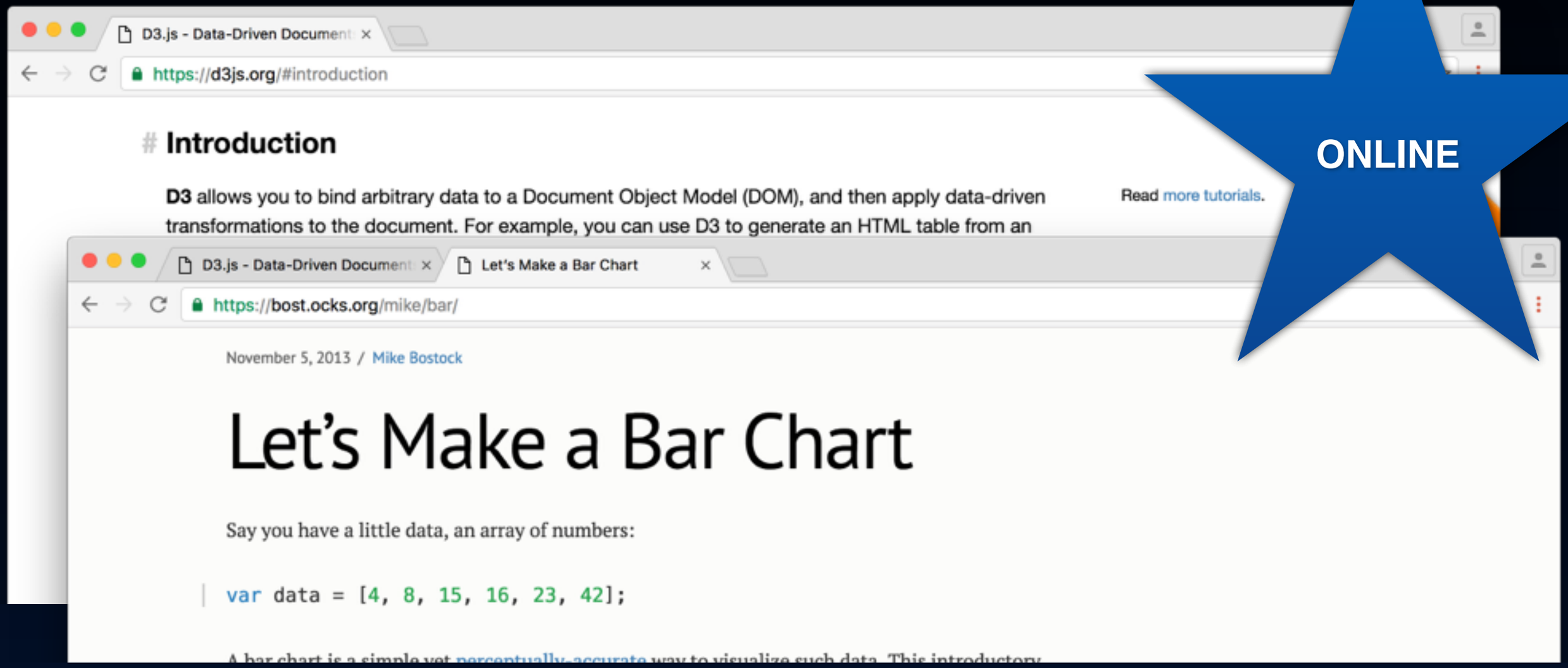
Many Examples: http://bl.ocks.org/mbostock/7607535

Reading This Week



JavaScript: The Definitive Guide (6th)
David Flanagan
ISBN 0596805527

Reading This Week



https://d3js.org/#introduction

https://github.com/d3/d3/wiki/Tutorials

Reading This Week

- **Reading for Week 10**
  D3 JavaScript Library

- **D3 Project Site: Introduction to D3**
  - ***https://d3js.org/#introduction***
- **D3 GitHub Repo: D3 Tutorials:**
  Bar Chart I, II, III
  - ***https://github.com/d3/d3/wiki/Tutorials***

Preparing for D3

1. **We have already seen data structured in external JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) files.** ***D3 supports JSON.***

2. **We already know much HTML5 and CSS.**
   D3 supports CSS-style selectors just like jQuery does.

3. **Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) might be a new technology for you today.**
   D3 supports vector-based graphics with SVG – directly inside your HTML page.

Scalable Vector Graphics
SVG

1. **The W3C originally proposed the SVG standard for encoding vector graphics in 2001.**

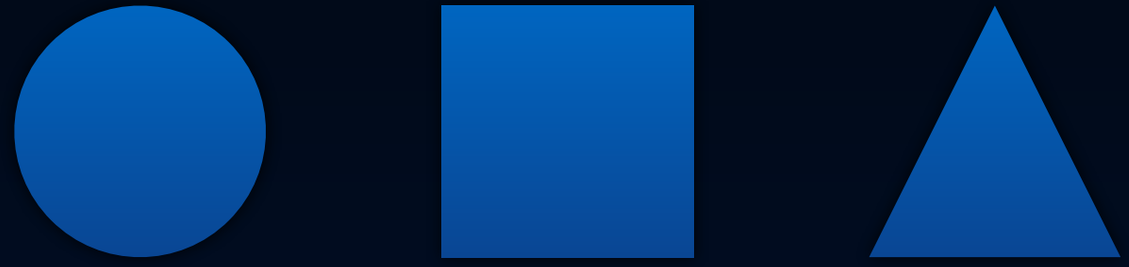
2. **SVG is an open standard supported by current web browsers, last updated in 2011.**

3. **HTML5 supports a native <svg> element tag.**

```
<svg width="50" height="50">
    <circle cx="25" cy="25" r="22"
      fill="blue" stroke="gray" stroke-width="2">
</svg>
```

Code Example

“Scalable Vector Graphics”



A quick experiment with some basic SVG shapes

Getting Ready to Use the D3 Library

1. **Download D3.**
2. **Create a folder structure for your project.**
3. **Reference the D3 library JavaScript file.**
4. **Create your JavaScript code to use the D3 library.**

Working with D3
Adding Elements

1. **Adding HTML elements to the DOM.**

```
d3.select("body").append("p").text("Hello!");
```

Working with D3
Chaining Methods

2. **D3 supports chaining methods with dot notation, much like jQuery.**

```
d3.select("body")
    .append("p")
    .text("Hello!");
```

← Select the body HTML element.

Most D3 methods return a reference to a selection.

Working with D3
Chaining Methods

2. **D3 supports chaining methods with dot notation, much like jQuery.**

```
d3.select("body")
    .append("p")
    .text("Hello!");
```

← Add a paragraph HTML element to the end of the selection.

Working with D3
Chaining Methods

2. **D3 supports chaining methods with dot notation, much like jQuery.**

```
d3.select("body")
    .append("p")
    .text("Hello!");
```

← Insert content into the paragraph element just created in method before.

Working with D3
Chaining Methods

2. **D3 supports chaining methods with dot notation, much like jQuery.**

```
var b = d3.select("body");
var p = b.append("p");
p.text("Hello!");
```

Chaining is not required

Working with D3
Binding Data

3. **Data visualization with D3 is the process of *mapping* data to visual elements in the page.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text("Hey");
```

← Define dataset.

Working with D3
Binding Data

3. **Data visualization with D3 is the process of *mapping* data to visual elements in the page.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text("Hey");
```

Select the body element.

Working with D3
Binding Data

3. **Data visualization with D3 is the process of *mapping* data to visual elements in the page.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text("Hey");
```

Select all paragraphs.
None exist *yet*…

Working with D3
Binding Data

3. **Data visualization with D3 is the process of *mapping* data to visual elements in the page.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text("Hey");
```

Bind the data in variable **d** to the empty selection above.

Working with D3
Binding Data

3. **Data visualization with D3 is the process of *mapping* data to visual elements in the page.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text("Hey");
```

The D3 **enter()** method creates new data-bound elements.

Working with D3
Binding Data

3. **Data visualization with D3 is the process of *mapping* data to visual elements in the page.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text("Hey");
```

Finally we add data-bound paragraphs.

Working with D3
Binding Data

3. **Data visualization with D3 is the process of *mapping* data to visual elements in the page.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text("Hey");
```

← Set each element's content.

Working with D3
Using Bound Data Values

4. **(One of) the most amazing abilities of D3 is the use of a function to set a method's value.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
    .selectAll("p")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("p")
    .text(
        function(d) { return d; }
    );
```

← Use a function to set value for **text()**

Working with D3
Using Bound Data Values

A JavaScript function can
receive values
and
return values

Pass data into function

```
function (x) {

    var calc = x * 100;

    return calc;

}
```

Return data from function

Working with D3

Working with CSS Styles

5. **The *style()* method lets us assign CSS styling.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
.selectAll("p")
.data(d)
.enter()
.append("p")
.text( function(d) { return d; } )
.style("color", "red");
```

← **style()** sets CSS properties

Working with D3

Working with HTML Attributes

6. **The *attr()* method lets us assign HTML attributes.**

```
var d = [ 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 ];
d3.select("body")
.selectAll("p")
.data(d)
.enter()
.append("p")
.text( function(d) { return d; } )
.style("color", "red")
.attr("class", "bar");
```

attr() sets HTML attributes

Working with D3
Basic D3 Methods

1. **select()** and **selectAll()**
2. **append()**
3. **text()**
4. **data()**
5. **enter()**
6. **style()**
7. **attr()**

Code Examples

“Simple D3 Example”

A tour through an example creating a bar chart with the D3 library.

BREAK

- 10 minute break

- **Please return by 7:00pm sharp**

Working with D3
D3 and SVG

7. **D3 can generate Scalable Vector Graphic (SVG) elements**

```
var s1 = d3.select("body")
    .append("svg")
    .attr("width", 500)
    .attr("height", 50);
```

Working with D3
D3 and SVG

7. **D3 can generate Scalable Vector Graphic (SVG) elements**

```
var s1 = d3.select("body")
    .append("svg")
    .attr("width", 500)
    .attr("height", 50);
var circles = s1.selectAll("circle")
    .data(d)
    .enter()
    .append("circle");
```

Code Examples

“SVG-Based D3 Example”

A tour through an example
creating a bar chart that uses SVG elements.

What to Do Next

- **Reading**
  - For Week 10:
    D3 JavaScript Library
    - **D3 Project Site: Introduction to D3**
      https://d3js.org/#introduction
    - **D3 GitHub Repo: D3 Tutorials:**
      Bar Chart I, II, III
      https://github.com/d3/d3/wiki/Tutorials
- **Homework**
  - For Weeks 10 and 11:
    Assignment 8: Data Visualization with JavaScript and the D3 Library
    » a progressive two-week project
    » create an interactive data visualization such as a graph or chart
    » create HTML, CSS and JavaScript code – using D3 – to:
    1. load visualization data in an external JSON file
    2. render a D3-driven chart or graph that responds to events (clicks)
  - Homework due **uploaded** to Canvas by **11:59pm Wed 11/8**
  - ***canvas.santarosa.edu/courses/18079***

BREAK TO LAB

- 10 minute break

- **Please meet in lab at 8:00pm sharp**