16.10 - Summary

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Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

$$\int_{a}^{b} F'(x)dx = F(b) - F(a)$$

Fundamental Theorem of Line Integrals

$$\int_{C} \nabla f \cdot d\mathbf{r} = f(\mathbf{r}(b)) - f(\mathbf{r}(a))$$

Green's Theorem

$$\iint_D \left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y}\right) dA = \int_C P dx + Q dy$$

Stoke's Theorem

$$\iint_{S} curl \ \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \int_{C} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$

Divergence Theorem

$$\iiint_E div \; \mathbf{F} \; dV = \iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$