

TL; DR

TODO:

0.1 Structure

- **EffectableComponents** are **ActorComponents** that allow for delegation (effects). They have predefined places that allow for code modification.
 - Let's use **StatsComponent** as an example. Say we want a Pokémon-style “Adamant” nature (+10% PhA/−10%SpA). One such place for modification is in the function **RecalculateStats**.

```
void UStatsComponent::RecalculateStats(const bool bResetCurrent)
{
    for(FStat* Stat : StatsArray)
    {
        ExecuteBeforeRecalculateStats(Stat, bResetCurrent);
        Stat->Update(GetLevel(), bResetCurrent);
        ExecuteAfterRecalculateStats(Stat, bResetCurrent);
    }
}
```

- **Delegate arrays** are variables inside of **EffectableComponents**. They hold functions that execute when needed.
 - Let's use **StatsComponent**'s **AfterRecalculateStatsArray** in our example. In this case, after stats are recalculated (say, on level-up), the base PhA would increase by 10% and the base SpA would decrease by 10% (additively):

```

// Define "adamant" delegate (+10% PhA/-10% SpA)
UStatsComponent::FRecalculateStatsDelegate AdamantRecalculateDelegate;
AdamantRecalculateDelegate.BindLambda(InFuncor: [StatsComponent])(FStat* Stat, bool bResetCurrent) -> void
{
    // +10% PhA
    if ( Stat->Name() == StatsComponent->PhysicalAttack.Name())
    {
        Stat->ModifyValue( Modifier: 10, EStatValueType::Permanent, EModificationMode::AddPercentage);
        if (bResetCurrent)
            Stat->ModifyValue( Modifier: 10, EStatValueType::Current, EModificationMode::AddPercentage);
    }

    // -10% SpA
    if ( Stat->Name() == StatsComponent->SpecialAttack.Name())
    {
        Stat->ModifyValue( Modifier: -10, EStatValueType::Permanent, EModificationMode::AddPercentage);
        if (bResetCurrent)
            Stat->ModifyValue( Modifier: -10, EStatValueType::Current, EModificationMode::AddPercentage);
    }
}

});
StatsComponent->AfterRecalculateStatsArray.Add(AdamantRecalculateDelegate);

```

Table 1: Type Trait Suggestions

A	B
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