PT Mayora Indah Tbk dan Entitas Anak/and Its Subsidiaries

Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian/ Consolidated Financial Statements

Untuk Tahun-tahun yang Berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016/ For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

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MIRAWATI SENSI IDRIS

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Independent Auditors' Report

MOORE STEPHENS

Laporan Auditor Independen

No. 02920818SA

Pemegang Saham, Dewan Komisaris, dan Direksi

PT Mayora Indah Tbk

Kami telah mengaudit laporan keuangan konsolidasian PT Mayora Indah Tbk dan entitas anaknya terlampir, yang terdiri dari laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian tanggal 31 Desember 2017, laporan laba dan penghasilan rugi komprehensif lain konsolidasian, laporan perubahan ekuitas konsolidasian, dan laporan arus kas konsolidasian untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal tersebut, dan suatu ikhtisar kebijakan akuntansi signifikan dan informasi penjelasan lainnya.

Tanggung jawab manajemen atas laporan keuangan

Manajemen bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan dan penyajian wajar laporan keuangan konsolidasian tersebut sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia, dan atas pengendalian internal yang dianggap perlu oleh manajemen untuk memungkinkan penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian yang bebas dari kesalahan penyajian material, baik yang disebabkan oleh kecurangan maupun kesalahan.

Tanggung jawab auditor

Tanggung jawab kami adalah untuk menyatakan suatu opini atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian tersebut berdasarkan audit kami. Kami melaksanakan audit kami berdasarkan Standar Audit yang ditetapkan oleh Institut Akuntan Publik Indonesia. Standar tersebut mengharuskan kami untuk mematuhi ketentuan etika serta merencanakan dan melaksanakan audit untuk memperoleh keyakinan memadai tentang apakah laporan keuangan konsolidasian tersebut bebas dari kesalahan penyajian material.

No. 02920818SA

The Stockholders, Board of Commissioners, and Directors
PT Mayora Indah Tbk

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of PT Mayora Indah Tbk and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of such consolidated financial statements in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on such consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing established by the Indonesian Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether such consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Suatu audit melibatkan pelaksanaan prosedur untuk memperoleh bukti tentang angka-angka dan pengungkapan dalam laporan keuangan. Prosedur yang dipilih bergantung pada pertimbangan auditor, termasuk penilaian atas risiko kesalahan penyajian material dalam laporan keuangan, baik yang disebabkan oleh kecurangan maupun kesalahan. Dalam melakukan penilaian risiko tersebut, auditor mempertimbangkan pengendalian internal yang relevan dengan penyusunan dan penyajian wajar laporan keuangan entitas untuk merancang prosedur audit yang tepat sesuai dengan kondisinya, tetapi bukan untuk tujuan menyatakan opini atas keefektivitasan pengendalian internal entitas. Suatu audit juga mencakup pengevaluasian atas ketepatan kebijakan akuntansi yang digunakan dan kewajaran estimasi akuntansi yang dibuat oleh manajemen, serta pengevaluasian atas penyajian laporan keuangan secara keseluruhan.

Kami yakin bahwa bukti audit yang telah kami peroleh adalah cukup dan tepat untuk menyediakan suatu basis bagi opini audit kami.

Opini

Menurut opini kami, laporan keuangan konsolidasian terlampir menyajikan secara wajar, dalam semua hal yang material, posisi keuangan konsolidasian PT Mayora Indah Tbk dan entitas anaknya tanggal 31 Desember 2017, serta kinerja keuangan dan arus kas konsolidasiannya untuk tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal tersebut, sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of PT Mayora Indah Tbk and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2017, and their consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards.

MIRAWATI SENSI IDRIS

Ahmad **Š**yakir Izin Akuntan Publik No. AP.0153/Certified Public Accountant License No. AP.0153

15 Maret 2018/ March 15, 2018

PT MAYORA INDAH Tok.

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SURAT PERNYATAAN DIREKSI TENTANG TANGGUNG JAWAB ATAS LAPORAN KEUANGAN KONSOLIDASIAN UNTUK TAHUN-TAHUN YANG BERAKHIR 31 DESEMBER 2017 DAN 2016

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT
ON THE RESPONSIBILITY
FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

PT MAYORA INDAH Tbk DAN ENTITAS ANAKIAND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Kami yang bertanda tangan di bawah ini:

Nama/Name
 Alamat Kantor/Office Address

Alamat Domisili/sesuai KTP atau Kartu Identitas lain/Residential Address /in accordance with Personal Identity Card Nomor Telepon/Telephone Number Jabatan/Title

Nama/Name
 Alamat Kantor/Office Address

Alamat Domisili/sesuai KTP atau Kartu Identitas lain/Residential Address In accordance with Personal Identity Card Nomor Telepon/Telephone Number Jabatan/Title

menyatakan bahwa:

- Bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan dan penyajian laporan keuangan konsolidasian Grup.
- 2. Laporan keuangan konsolidasian telah disusun dan disajikan sesuai dengan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia.
- a. Semua informasi dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian tersebut telah dimuat secara lengkap dan benar, dan
 - Laporan keuangan konsolidasian tersebut tidak mengandung informasi atau fakta material yang tidak benar, dan tidak menghilangkan informasi atau fakta material
- 4. Bertanggung jawab atas sistem pengendalian intern dalam Grup.

Demikian pernyataan ini dibuat dengan sebenarnya.

We, the undersigned:

: Andre Sukendra Atmadja

Jl. Daan Mogot Km. 18, Kalideres

Jakarta Barat

Permata Hijau Blok E/23

Jakarta

806 37705

: Direktur Utama/ President Director

Hendrik Polisar

Jl. Daan Mogot Km. 18, Kalideres

Jakarta Barat

Jl. Puyuh Timur EG 6/7 Pondok Aren Tangerang

806 37704 Direktur/ *Director*

declare that

- We are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements.
- The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance with Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards.
- a. All information have been fully and correctly disclosed in the consolidated financial statements; and
 - The consolidated financial statements do not contain materially misleading information or facts, and do not conceal any information or facts.
- 4. We are responsible for the Group's internal control system.

This statement has been made truthfully.

15 Maret 2018/March 15, 2018

Andre Sukendra Atmadja
Direktur Utama/ President Director

Hendrik Polisar
Direktur/ Director



	Catatan/ Notes	2017	2016	
ASET				ASSETS
ASET LANCAR				CURRENT ASSETS
Kas dan setara kas	4	2.201.859.470.155	1.543.129.244.709	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	5			Trade accounts receivable
Pihak berelasi	32	4.772.738.482.114	2.831.124.973,353	Related parties
Pihak ketiga - setelah dikurangi				
cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai				Third parties - net of allowance for
masing-masing sebesar Rp 504.401.076 dan				impairment of Rp 504,401,076 and
Rp 454.641.031 pada tanggal				Rp 454,641,031 as of
31 Desember 2017 dan 2016		971.383.336.411	1.533.159.578,900	December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively
Piutang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	30	358.607.515.980	24.114.826.295	Other accounts receivable - third parties
Persediaan	6	1.825.267.160.976	2.123.676.041.546	Inventories
Uang muka pembelian	7	76.606.386.251	184.988.730.786	Advances for purchases
Pajak dibayar dimuka	8	444.160.274.212	467.429.443.121	Prepaid taxes
Biaya dibayar dimuka		23.576.945.214	32.099.706.600	Prepaid expenses
Beban tangguhan - Sukuk Mudharabah	18	-	60.204.831	Deferred charges - Sukuk Mudharabah
JUMLAH ASET LANCAR		10.674.199.571.313	8.739.782.750.141	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS
ASET TIDAK LANCAR				NONCURRENT ASSETS
Aset pajak tangguhan	30	82.446.167.835	48.337.856.393	Deferred tax assets
Aset tetap - setelah dikurangi				Property, plant and equipment - net of
akumulasi penyusutan dan amortisasi				accumulated depreciation and amortization of
masing-masing sebesar Rp 3.758.609.581.243				Rp 3,758,609,581,243 and Rp 3,258,953,564,351
dan Rp 3.258.953.564.351 pada tanggal				as of December 31, 2017 and 2016,
31 Desember 2017 dan 2016	9	3.988.757.428.380	3.859.420.029.792	respectively
				Advances for purchases of
Uang muka pembelian aset tetap	10	148.075.298.065	258.130.314.242	property and equipment
Uang jaminan		22.371.334.658	15.510.908.574	Guarantee deposits
Beban tangguhan lainnya			1.240.000.000	Other deferred charges
JUMLAH ASET TIDAK LANCAR		4.241.650.228.938	4.182.639.109.001	TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS
JUMLAH ASET		14.915.849.800.251	12.922.421.859.142	TOTAL ASSETS

	Catatan/ Notes	2017	2016	
LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS				LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
LIABILITAS				LIABILITIES
LIABILITAS JANGKA PENDEK				CURRENT LIABILITIES
Utang bank jangka pendek	11	1.634.000.000.000	1.284.000.000.000	Short-term bank loans
Utang usaha	12			Trade accounts payable
Pihak berelasi	32	51.612.825.968	17.861.208.550	Related parties
Pihak ketiga		1.665.605.703.199	1.311.771.943.866	Third parties
Utang lain-lain - pihak ketiga	13	111.286.401.203	74.183.858.962	Other accounts payable - third parties
Utang pajak	14	131.496.395,798	139.293,768,623	Taxes payable
Beban akrual	15	285.202.871.409	339.087.208.742	Accrued expenses
Sukuk Mudharabah	18	-	250.000.000.000	Sukuk Mudharabah
Bagian pinjaman bank jangka panjang				
yang akan jatuh tempo dalam				
waktu satu tahun	16	594.424.125.379	467.853.330.262	Current portion of long-term bank loans
JUMLAH LIABILITAS JANGKA PENDEK		4.473.628.322.956	3.884.051.319.005	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES
LIABILITAG IANGKI BANILIANG				
LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG				NONCURRENT LIABILITIES
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan	30	21.183.700.562	25.951.556.462	Deferred tax liabilities
Liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang	29	841.134.323.348	673.294.099.237	Long-term employee benefits liability
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang - setelah				
dikurangi bagian yang jatuh				
tempo dalam waktu satu tahun	16	430.241.716.384	1.324.665.841.756	Long-term bank loans - net of current portion
Utang obligasi	17	1.795.315.370.929	749.203.055.617	Bonds payable
JUMLAH LIABILITAS JANGKA PANJANG		3.087.875.111.223	2.773.114.553.072	TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES
JUMLAH LIABILITAS		7.561.503.434.179	6.657.165.872.077	TOTAL LIABILITIES
EKUITAS				EQUITY
Ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk				Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company
Modal saham - nilai nominal Rp 20 per saham				Capital stock - Rp 20 par value per share
Modal dasar - 75.000.000.000 saham				Authorized - 75,000,000,000 shares
Modal ditempatkan dan disetor -				Issued and paid-up -
22.358.699.725 saham	20	447.173.994.500	447.173.994.500	22,358,699,725 shares
Tambahan modal disetor	20	330.005.500	330.005.500	Additional paid-in capital
Saldo laba		330.003.300	330.003.300	Retained earnings
Ditentukan penggunaannya	21	41.000.000.000	39.000.000.000	Appropriated
Belum ditentukan penggunaannya	2.1	6,702.645.888.746	5.636.490.423.386	Unappropriated
Selisih kurs penjabaran		6.702.645.666.746	5.636.490.425.366	
entitas anak luar negeri		(5.080.312.551)	(1.504.389.160)	Exchange differences on translation of a foreign subsidiary
JUMLAH		7.186.069,576.195	6.121.490.034.226	TOTAL
		7.100.008.370.183	0.121.490.034.226	IOIAL
KEPENTINGAN NONPENGENDALI	22	168.276.789.877	143.765.952.839	NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS
JUMLAH EKUITAS		7.354.346.366.072	6.265.255.987.065	TOTAL EQUITY
JUMLAH LIABILITAS DAN EKUITAS		14.915.849.800.251	12.922.421.859.142	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

	Catatan/ Notes	2047	2046	
	Notes	2017	2016	
PENJUALAN BERSIH	23	20.816.673.946.473	18.349.959.898.358	NET SALES
BEBAN POKOK PENJUALAN	24	15.841.619.191.077	13.449.537.442.446	COST OF GOODS SOLD
LABA BRUTO		4.975.054.755.396	4.900.422.455.912	GROSS PROFIT
BEBAN USAHA	25			OPERATING EXPENSES
Beban penjualan Beban umum dan administrasi		1.909.487.278.891 605.008.088.455	2.078.013.791.657 507.166.421.388	Selling General and administrative
Jumlah Beban Usaha		2.514.495.367.346	2.585.180.213.045	Total Operating Expenses
LABA USAHA		2.460.559.388.050	2.315.242.242.867	PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS
PENGHASILAN (BEBAN) LAIN-LAIN				OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)
Beban bunga	27	(386.922.167.017)	(356.714.077.463)	Interest expense
Pendapatan bagi hasil Sukuk Mudharabah	18	(7.393.536.955)	(20.805.610.860)	Sukuk Mudharabah income sharing
Laba (rugi) selisih kurs mata uang asing - bersih		91.363.499.350	(124.336.281.261)	Gain (loss) on foreign exchange - net
Penghasilan bunga	26	36.492.708.776	14.887.762.246	Interest income
Keuntungan penjualan aset tetap	9	3.064.131.489	2.401.999.998	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment
Lain-lain - bersih	28	(10.279.420.219)	15.007.233.711	Others - net
Beban Lain-lain - bersih		(273.674.784.576)	(469.558.973.629)	Other Expenses - net
LABA SEBELUM PAJAK		2.186.884.603.474	1.845.683.269.238	PROFIT BEFORE TAX
BEBAN (PENGHASILAN) PAJAK	30			TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)
Pajak kini		575.727.778.500	475.283.108.250	Current tax
Pajak tangguhan		(19.797.005.919)	(18.275.966.677)	Deferred tax
Beban pajak		555.930.772.581	457.007.141.573	Tax Expense
LABA TAHUN BERJALAN		1.630.953.830.893	1.388.676.127.665	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR
PENGHASILÁN (RUGI) KOMPREHENSIF LAIN				OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
Pos yang tidak akan direklasifikasi ke laba rugi				Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss
Pengukuran kembali liabilitas imbalan pasti	29	(76.316.645.693)	(60.689.364.294)	Remeasurement of long-term employee benefits liability
Pajak yang terkait pos yang tidak akan				Tax relating to item that will not be reclassified
direklasifikasi ke laba rugi	30	19.079.161.423	16.067.300.045	subsequently to profit or loss
Pos yang akan direklasifikasi ke laba rugi		(57.237.484.270)	(44.622.064.249)	Item that will be reclassified subsequently
Pos yang akan direklasifikasi ke laba rugi				to profit or loss
Caliaih luur naaiahassa antitaa anak luur naari		(2 E7E 000 004)	4 660 740 460	Exchange differences on translation of a
Selisih kurs penjabaran entitas anak luar negari		(3.575.923.391)	1.662.743.162	foreign subsidiary
RUGI KOMPREHENSIF LAIN SETELAH PAJAK		(60.813.407.661)	(42.959.321.087)	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - NET OF TAX
GETELAN PAOAN		(00.013.407.001)	(42.939.321.007)	NEI OF IAX
JUMLAH PENGHASILAN KOMPREHENSIF		1.570.140.423.232	1.345.716.806.578	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
JUMLAH LABA TAHUN BERJALAN YANG DAPAT				TOTAL PROFIT FOR THE YEAR
DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA:				ATTRIBUTABLE TO:
Pemilik entitas induk		1.594.441.049.254	1.354.950.312.035	Owners of the Company
Kepentingan nonpengendali		36.512.781.639	33.725.815.630	Non-controlling interests
		1.630.953.830.893	1.388.676.127.665	
JUMLAH PENGHASILAN KOMPREHENSIF YANG				TOTAL COMPREHENSIS MICCORE
DAPAT DIATRIBUSIKAN KEPADA:				TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:
Pemilik entitas induk		1.534.112.236.194	1.312.343.705.855	Owners of the Company
Kepentingan nonpengendali	22	36.028.187.038	33.373.100.723	Non-controlling interests
,		1.570.140.423.232	1.345.716.806.578	3 110, 300
		1.570.140.425.232	1,545,710,000,378	
LABA PER SAHAM	31	71	61	EARNINGS PER SHARE

		Ekuitas yang Dapat Diatribusikan kepada Pemilik Entitas Induk/Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company							
		Modal Ditempatkan	Tambahan Modal Disetor/	Selisih Kurs Penjabaran Entitas Anak Luar Negeri/	Saldo Laba/Rei	tained Earnings		Kepentingan	
	Catatan/ Notes	dan Disetor/ Issued and Paid-up Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital	Exchange Differences on Translation of a Foreign Subsidiary	Yang telah ditentukan penggunaannya/ Appropriated	Yang belum ditentukan penggunaannya/ Unappropriated	Total Ekuitas/ Total Equity	Non-Pengendali/ Non-Controlling Interests	Total Ekuitas/ Total Equity
Saldo pada tanggal 1 Januari 2016/ Balance as of January 1, 2016		447.173.994.500	330.005.500	(3.167.132.322)	37.000.000.000	4.596.113.857.393	5.077.450.725.071	117.009.202.116	5.194.459.927.187
Penghasilan (rugi) Komprehensif/Comprehensive income (loss)									
Laba tahun berjalan/Profit for the year		-	-	-	×	1.354.950.312.035	1.354.950.312.035	33.725.815.630	1.388.676.127.665
Penghasilan (rugi) komprehensif laln/ Other comprehensive income (loss)									
Pengukuran kembali liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang - bersih/ Remeasurement of long-term employee benefits liability - net		*	-	,	•	(44.269.349.342)	(44.269.349.342)	(352.714.907)	(44.622.064.249)
Selisih kurs penjabaran entitas anak luar negeri/ Exchange differences on translation of a foreign subsidiary			-	1.662.743.162	-		1.662.743.162		1.662.743.162
Jumlah penghasilan komprehensit/ Total comprehensive income			-	1.662.743.162		1.310.680.962.693	1.312.343.705.855	33.373.100.723	1.345.716.806.578
Dividen tunal yang dibayarkan oleh Perusahaan/ Cash dividends paid by the Company	21	*		-	-	(268.304.396.700)	(268.304.396.700)	ā	(268.304.396.700)
Dividen tunai yang dibayarkan oleh entitas anak/	22							(0.040.050.000)	(0.040.000.000)
Cash dividends paid by the subsidiary		•	-				052	(6.616.350.000)	(6.616.350.000)
Cadangan umum/ Appropriation for general reserve	21			-	2.000.000.000	(2.000.000.000)		<u> </u>	ž.
Saido pada tanggal 31 Desember 2016/ Balance as of December 31, 2016		447.173.994.500	330.005.500	(1.504.389.160)	39.000.000.000	5.636.490.423.386	6.121.490.034.226	143.765.952.839	6,265,255,987,065
Penghasilan (rugi) Komprehensif/Comprehensive income (loss)									
Laba tahun berjalan/Profit for the year		21	140	-	*	1.594.441.049.254	1.594.441.049.254	36.512.781.639	1.630.953.830.893
Rugi komprehensif lain/ Other comprehensive loss									
Pengukuran kembali liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang - bersih/ Remeasurement of long-term employee benefits liability - net		-		-		(56.752.889.669)	(56.752.889.669)	(484.594.601)	(57.237.484.270)
Selisih kurs penjabaran entitas anak luar negeri/ Exchange differences on translation of a foreign subsidiary				(3.575.923.391)			(3.575.923.391)	-	(3.575.923.391)
Jumlah penghasilan komprehensif/ Total comprehensive income			(4)	(3.575.923.391)	-	1.537.688.159.585	1.534.112.236.194	36.028.187.038	1.570.140.423.232
Dividen tunal yang dibayarkan oleh Perusahaan/ Cash dividends paid by the Company	21		-	*	±:	(469.532.694.225)	(469.532.694.225)	*	(469.532.694.225)
Dividen tunai yang dibayarkan oleh entitas anak/	22							(11.517.350,000)	(11.517.350.000)
Cash dividends paid by the subsidiary		-						(11.517.550,000)	(11.517.350.000)
Cadangan umum/ Appropriation for general reserve	21	7.81		-	2.000.000.000	(2.000.000.000)	88		•
Saldo pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017/ Balance as of December 31, 2017		447.173.994.500	330.005.500	(5.080.312.551)	41.000.000.000	6.702.645.888.746	7.186.069.576.195	168.276.789.877	7.354.346.366.072

Lihat catatan atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian yang merupakan bagian yang tidak terpisahkan dari laporan keuangan konsolidasian. See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements which are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

	Catatan/			
	Notes	2017	2016	
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS OPERASI				CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
Penerimaan dari pelanggan dan lain-lain		19.102.343.990.516	17.355.812.384.470	Cash received from customers and others
Pembayaran kepada pemasok, kontraktor,				Cash paid to suppliers, contractors, employees
karyawan dan lainnya		(17.021.009.320.999)	(15.915.877.801.013)	and others
Kas bersih dihasilkan dari operasi		2.081.334.669.517	1.439.934.583.457	Net cash generated from operations
Pembayaran pajak penghasilan		(588.474.260.121)	(535.275.278.217)	Income tax paid
Pembayaran bunga		(386.530.792.934)	(366.124.896.402)	Interest paid
Penerimaan restitusi pajak	8	204.119.721.115	157.265.018.826	Tax refund
Pembayaran imbalan kerja jangka panjang	29	(27.492.104.921)	(15.359.356.780)	Long-term employee benefits paid
Pembayaran pendapatan bagi hasil		(7.000.500.055)	(00.005.040.000)	Sukuk Mudharabah income paid to
Sukuk Mudharabah		(7.393.536.955)	(20.805.610.860)	sukuk holders
Pembayaran pajak final		(33.026.633)	(320.262.849)	Final tax paid
Kas Bersih Diperoleh dari Aktivitas Operasi		1.275.530.669.068	659.314.197.175	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS INVESTASI				CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Perolehan aset tetap		(412,476,764,133)	(507.071.638.264)	Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment
Penambahan uang muka pembelian			,	Increase in advances for purchases of
aset tetap		(148.075.298.065)	(258.130.314.242)	property and equipment
Penerimaan bunga	26	36.492.708.776	14.887.762.246	Interest received
Hasil penjualan aset tetap	9	4.603.148.433	2.710.524.218	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment
Penurunan (kenaikan) uang jaminan		(6.860.426.084)	1.052.000.000	Decrease (increase) in guarantee deposits
Kas Bersih Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Investasi		(526.316.631.073)	(746.551.666.042)	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities
ARUS KAS DARI AKTIVITAS PENDANAAN				CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Penerimaan:				Proceeds from:
Utang bank jangka pendek		4.775.000.000.000	4,250.000.000.000	Short-term bank loans
Utang obligasi		1.050.000.000.000	2	Bonds Payable
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang		-	200.000.000.000	Long-term bank loans
Pembayaran:				Payments of:
Utang bank jangka pendek		(4.425.000.000.000)	(3.750.000.000.000)	Short-term bank loans
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang		(769.720.000.000)	(434.867.058.820)	Long-term bank loans
Dividen dari: Perusuhaan		(460 532 604 335)	(268 204 206 700)	Dividends by:
Entitas anak		(469,532,694,225) (11,517,350,000)	(268.304.396.700) (6.616.350.000)	Company Subsidiary
Sukuk Mudharabah		(250.000.000.000)	(0.010.330.000)	Sukuk Mudharabah
Biaya emisi obligasi		(1.270.000.000)	(1.240.000.000)	Bond issuance costs
Kas Bersih Digunakan untuk Aktivitas Pendanaan		(102.040.044.225)	(11.027.805.520)	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities
KENAIKAN (PENURUNAN) BERSIH KAS DAN				NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND
SETARA KAS		647.173.993.770	(98.265.274.387)	CASH EQUIVALENTS
KAS DAN SETARA KAS AWAL TAHUN		1.543.129.244.709	1.682.075.365.772	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR
Pengaruh perubahan kurs mata uang asing		11.556.231.676	(40.680.846.676)	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes
Paramatrian mana mang andig		11.000.201.070	(10.000.010.010)	
				CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF
KAS DAN SETARA KAS AKHIR TAHUN	4	2.201.859.470.155	1.543.129.244.709	THE YEAR

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1. Umum

a. Pendirian dan Informasi Umum

PT Mayora Indah Tbk (Perusahaan) didirikan dengan Akta No. 204 tanggal 17 Februari 1977 dari Poppy Savitri Parmanto, S.H., pengganti dari Ridwan Suselo, S.H., notaris di Jakarta. Akta pendirian ini disahkan oleh Menteri Kehakiman Republik Indonesia dalam Surat Keputusan No. Y.A.5/5/14 tanggal 3 Januari 1978 serta diumumkan dalam Berita Negara Republik Indonesia No. 39 tanggal 15 Mei 1990, Tambahan No. 1716. Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, yang terakhir dengan Akta No. 9 tanggal 14 Juni 2017 dari Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., notaris di Tangerang, mengenai penyesuaian Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan rangka memenuhi ketentuan Peraturan Otoritas Jasa Keuangan dan Bursa Efek Indonesia. Akta perubahan ini telah dicatatkan ke Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia melalui Surat Penerimaan Pemberitahuan No. AHU-0013094.AH.01.02 tahun 2017 tanggal 16 Juni 2017.

Sesuai dengan pasal 3 Anggaran Dasar Perusahaan, ruang lingkup kegiatan Perusahaan adalah menjalankan usaha dalam bidang industri, perdagangan serta agen/perwakilan. Saat ini Perusahaan menjalankan bidang usaha industri makanan, kembang gula dan biskuit. Perusahaan menjual produknya di pasar lokal dan luar negeri.

Perusahaan memulai usahanya secara komersial pada bulan Mei 1978. Kantor pusat Perusahaan terletak di Gedung Mayora, Jl. Daan Mogot KM 18, Kalideres, Jakarta, sedangkan pabrik Perusahaan terletak di Tangerang dan Bekasi.

1. General

a. Establishment and General Information

PT Mayora Indah Tbk (the Company) was established based on Notarial Deed No. 204 dated February 17, 1977 of Poppy Savitri Parmanto, S.H., substitute of Ridwan Suselo, S.H., a public notary in Jakarta. The Deed of Establishment was approved by the Minister of Justice of the Republic of Indonesia in his Decision No. Y.A.5/5/14 dated January 3, 1978, and was published in State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No. 39 dated May 15, 1990, Supplement No. 1716. The Company's Articles of Association have been amended several times, most recently by Notarial Deed No. 9 dated June 14, 2017 of Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., a public notary in Tangerang, concerning the amendment in Company's Articles of Association to comply with the regulations of Financial Services Authority and Indonesia Stock Exchange. The amendments were approved by the Minister of Law and Human Rights of the Republic Indonesia in his Decision Letter No. AHU-0013094.AH.01.02 year 2017 dated June 16, 2017.

In accordance with article 3 of the Company's Articles of Association, the scope of its activities is to engage in manufacturing, trading and agency. At present, the Company is engaged in the manufacture of food, candies and biscuits. The Company sells its products both in domestic and foreign markets.

The Company started commercial operations in May 1978. Its head office is located at Mayora Headquarters, Jl. Daan Mogot KM 18, Kalideres, Jakarta, while its factories are located in Tangerang and Bekasi.

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b. Penawaran Umum Efek dan Obligasi Perusahaan

Penawaran Umum Saham

Pada tanggal 25 Mei 1990, Perusahaan memperoleh persetujuan dari Menteri Keuangan Republik Indonesia dengan Surat Keputusan No. SI-109/SHM/MK.10/1990 untuk melakukan penawaran umum atas 3.000.000 saham Perusahaan dengan nilai nominal Rp 1.000 per saham dan ditawarkan seharga Rp. 9.300 per saham kepada masyarakat dan telah dicatatkan pada Bursa Efek Indonesia pada tanggal 4 Juli 1990.

Pada tanggal 16 Oktober 1992, Perusahaan memperoleh pernyataan efektif dari Ketua Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal (Bapepam atau Badan Pengawas Pasar Modal dan Lembaga Keuangan/ Bapepam dan LK atau sekarang Otoritas Jasa Keuangan/ OJK) dengan surat No. S-1710/PM/1992 untuk melakukan penawaran umum terbatas atas 63.000.000 saham Perusahaan kepada pemegang saham dan telah dicatatkan pada Bursa Efek Indonesia pada tanggal 30 Desember 1992.

Pada tanggal 7 Februari 1994, Perusahaan memperoleh pernyataan efektif dari Ketua Bapepam dan LK dengan surat No. S-219/PM/1994 untuk melakukan penawaran umum terbatas atas 24.570.000 saham Perusahaan kepada pemegang saham dan telah dicatatkan pada Bursa Efek Indonesia pada tanggal 1 Maret 1994.

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa tanggal 6 Juni 2016, para pemegang saham menyetujui melakukan pemecahan nilai nominal atas saham Perusahaan dengan nilai nominal Rp 500 (dalam Rupiah penuh) per saham menjadi Rp 20 (dalam Rupiah penuh) per saham. Setelah pemecahan saham modal Perusahaan adalah dasar sebesar Rp 1.500.000.000.000 yang terdiri dari 75.000.000.000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp 20 per saham, dari sebelumnya 3.000.000.000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp 500 per saham. Perubahan ini diaktakan dengan Periasman Effendi, S.H. M.H., notaris di Tangerang, Akta No. 4 tanggal 19 Juli 2016 dan telah mendapat persetujuan dari Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dengan Surat Keputusannya No. AHU-AH.01.03-0065751 tanggal 21 Juli 2016.

b. Public Offering of Shares and Bonds

Shares Offering

On May 25, 1990, the Company obtained the Notice of Effectivity from the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia in his Letter No. SI-109/SHM/MK.10/1990 for its offering to the public of 3,000,000 shares at Rp 1,000 per share and offered for Rp 9,300 per share. On July 4, 1990, all of these shares were listed in the Indonesia Stock Exchange.

On October 16, 1992, the Company obtained the Notice of Effectivity of Share Registration No. S-1710/PM/1992 from the Chairman of the Capital Market Supervisory Agency (Bapepam or the Capital Market and Financial Institutions Supervisory Agency/Bapepam-LK or currently Financial Services Authority/OJK) for its rights issue of 63,000,000 shares to the stockholders, which were listed in the Indonesia Stock Exchange on December 30, 1992.

On February 7, 1994, the Company obtained the Notice of Effectivity of Share Registration No. S-219/PM/1994 from the Chairman of the Bapepam-LK for its limited public offering of 24,570,000 shares to the stockholders, which were listed in the Indonesia Stock Exchange on March 1, 1994.

Based on the Extraordinary General Stockholders Meeting held on June 6, 2016, the stockholders agreed to split the nominal value of Company's shares from par value of Rp 500 (in full Rupiah) per share to Rp 20 (in full Rupiah) per share. As a result of the stock split, the authorized capital amounting to Rp 1.500.000.000.000 now consists of 75,000,000,000 shares with a nominal value of Rp 20 per share, from previous 3,000,000,000 shares with a nominal value of Rp 500 per share. This change was documented in Notarial Deed No. 4 dated July 19, 2016 of Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., a public notary in Tangerang, and was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. AHU-AH.01.03-0065751 dated July 21, 2016.

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Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, seluruh saham Perusahaan telah tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia.

<u>Penawaran Umum Obligasi dan Sukuk</u> Mudharabah

Pada tanggal 9 Mei 2012, Perusahaan mendapatkan pernyataan efektif Ketua Bapepam dan LK dengan surat SS-03399/BEI.PPS/05-2012 atas Penawaran Umum Obligasi Mayora Indah IV Tahun 2012 dengan jumlah keseluruhan sebesar Rp 750.000.000.000 dengan tingkat suku bunga tetap sebesar 8,50% per tahun dan Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Tahun 2012 dengan jumlah keseluruhan 250.000.000.000 sebesar Rp dengan pendapatan bagi hasil sebesar Rp 20.625.000.000 per tahun. Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Tahun 2012 ini telah dilunasi seluruhnya pada saat jatuh tempo pada tanggal 8 Mei 2017.

Pada tanggal 17 Februari 2017, Perusahaan mendapatkan pernyataan efektif dari Otoritas Jasa Keuangan (OJK) dengan surat No. S-70/D.04/2017 atas Penawaran Umum Obligasi Berkelanjutan Mayora Indah Tahun 2017.

Pada tanggal yang sama, Perusahaan menerbitkan Obligasi Mayora Indah I Tahun 2017 sebesar Rp 500.000.000.000 dengan tingkat bunga tetap sebesar 9,25% dan pada tanggal 21 Desember 2017 Perusahaan menerbitkan Obligasi Mayora Indah II Tahun 2017 sebesar Rp 550.000.000.000 dengan tingkat bunga tetap pada pukul 8,25 %.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, seluruh obligasi dan Sukuk Mudharabah Perusahaan telah tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, all of the Company's shares are listed in the Indonesia Stock Exchange.

Bonds and Sukuk Mudharabah Offering

On May 9, 2012, the Company obtained the Notice of Effectivity of Bond Registration No. SS-03399/BEI.PPS/05-2012 from the Chairman of the Bapepam-LK for the Public Offering of Mayora Indah IV Year 2012 Bonds totaling to Rp 750,000,000,000 with fixed interest rate of 8.50% per annum and Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Year 2012 totaling to Rp 250,000,000,000 with income sharing to holders of Rp 20,625,000,000 per annum. These Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Year 2012 was fully repaid at maturity date on May 8, 2017.

On February 17, 2017, the Company obtained the Notice of Effectivity of Bond Registration No. S-70/D.04/2017 from the Chairman of the Bapepam-LK for the Public Offering of Mayora Indah Year 2017 Bonds.

On the same date, the Company issued Mayora Indah I Year 2017 Bonds amounting to Rp 500,000,000,000 with fixed interest rate at 9.25% and on December 21, 2017 the Company issued Mayora Indah II Year 2017 Bonds amounting to Rp 550,000,000,000 with fixed interest rate at 8.25%.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company's outstanding bonds and Sukuk Mudharabah are listed in the Indonesia Stock Exchange.

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c. Entitas Anak yang Dikonsolidasikan

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, entitas anak yang dikonsolidasikan termasuk persentase kepemilikan Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

c. Consolidated Subsidiaries

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the subsidiaries which were consolidated, including the respective percentages of ownership held by the Company, follows:

			Komersial/			
			Start of	Persentase Pemilikan/	Jumlah Aset (Sebi	elum Eliminasi)/
	Domisili/	Jenis Usaha/	Commercial	Percentage of Ownership	Total Assets (Befo	ore Elimination)
Entitas Anak/Subsidiaries	Domicile	Nature of Business	Operations	2017 dan/and 2016	2017	2016
Kepemilikan langsung/Direct ownership:						
PT Sinar Pangan Barat (SPB)	Medan	Industri makanan olahan/				
		Food processing industry	1991	100	22.515.293.837	22.391.847.253
PT Sinar Pangan Timur (SPT)	Surabaya	Industri makanan olahan/				
		Food processing industry	1992	100	26.879.604.152	26.246.640.431
Mayora Nederland B.V. *)	Belanda/	Jasa keuangan/				
majora riodonaria 2.11. y	Netherlands	Financial services	1996	100	_	_
	rvetrieriarius	i manciai services	1330	100		
PT Torabika Eka Semesta (TES)	Tangerang	Industri pengolahan kopi bubuk dan				
		instan/				
		Processing of coffee powder and				
		instant coffee	1990	96,23	5.963.084.838.249	5.719.270.992.642
Kepemilikan tidak langsung/Indirect owners	hip:					
Kepemililkan melalui/Ownership through:						
PT Torabika Eka Semesta (TES)						
PT Kakao Mas Gemilang (KMG)	Tangerang	Industri pengolahan biji kakao/				
		Processing of cacao beans	1985	92,38	289.817.300.948	295.276.601.555

Tahun Operasi

Informasi keuangan entitas anak yang dimiliki oleh kepentingan nonpengendali dalam jumlah material pada tanggal dan untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 adalah sebagai berikut:

Financial information of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 follows:

2017

Kepentinga	Kepentingan Nonpengendali yang material/Material Non-controlling Interests					
			Bagian Jumlah			
			Penghasilan			
			Komprehensif/			
	Bagian Kepentingan		Share in Total			
Entitas Anak/	Kepemilikan/	Saldo Akumulasi/	Comprehensive			
Subsidiaries	Equity Interest Held	Accumulated Balances	Income			
	%					
TES	3,77	158.521.047.868	35.346.572.828			
KMG	4,00	9.755.742.009	681.614.210			

^{*)} Tidak beroperasi/Non-operating company

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		2016			
Kepe	ntingan Nonpenger	ndali yang materi	al/Material Non-co	ontrolling Intere	ests
	Ragian I	Kepentingan			Bagian Jumlah Penghasilan Komprehensif/ Share in Total
Entitas Anak/	•	emilikan/	Saldo Akur	mulasi/	Comprehensive
Subsidiaries		nterest Held	Accumulated		Income
Cabolalanee		%	7 localitates	Balarioco	moonio
TES		3.77	134.691.825.040		32.424.814.526
KMG		4,00	9.0	74.127.799	948.286.197
dari entitas anak. Jumlah-jumlah tersebut sebelum dieliminasi dengan transaksi antar entitas dalam Grup. Ringkasan laporan posisi keuangan:		This information inter-compa	any elimination	provided below. d on amounts before ns. of financial position:	
	TES	KMG	TES	KMG	.
Aset lancar Aset tidak lancar	4.715.760.918.947 1.518.267.844.720	220.073.359.900 69.743.941.048	4.622.860.803.581 1.367.156.492.056	217.791.170.754 77.485.430.801	Current assets Noncurrent assets
Jumlah Aset	6.234.028.763.667	289.817.300.948	5.990.017.295.637	295.276.601.555	Total Assets
Liabilitas jangka pendek Liabilitas jangka panjang	1.648.001.694.470 371.468.996.160	16.858.212.334 29.065.538.409	1.738.140.185.550 670.075.527.341	43.382.116.057 25.041.290.537	Current liabilities
Jumlah Liabilitas	2.019.470.690.630	45.923.750.743	2.408.215.712.891	68.423.406.594	Noncurrent liabilities
Jumlah Ekuitas	4.214.558.073.037				_
	11211100010101001	243.893.550.205	3.581.801.582.746	226.853.194.961	Total Liabilities

Ringkasan laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain:

Summarized statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:

	2017		2016		
-	TES	KMG	TES	KMG	
Pendapatan	10.271.826.038.741	408.686.343.386	9.043.212.506.719	470.209.457.969	Revenues
Laba sebelum pajak	1.277.436.526.915	24.070.483.603	1.155.698.506.917	14.797.428.233	Profit before tax
Rugi komprehensif lain	(11.559.251.944)	(1.268.076.572)	(8.079.668.483)	(1.249.906.601)	Other comprehensive loss
Jumlah penghasilan komprehensif	938.256.490.292	17.040.355.244	861.022.942.089	8.640.804.933	Total comprehensive income
Teratribusikan kepada kepentingan non pengendali Dividen yang dibayarkan pada kepentingan	35.346.572.828	681.614.210	32.424.814.526	948.286.197	Attributable to non-controlling interests
non pengendali	11.517.350.000	•	6.616.350.000	-	Dividends paid to non-controlling interests

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Ringkasan informasi arus kas:

Summarized cash flows information:

	2017	7	2016		
	TES	KMG	TES	KMG	-
Operasi	797.770.231.208	52.408.649.485	326.898.215.082	(28.152.890.506)	Operating
Investasi	(326.064.073.626)	(297.017.516)	(76.563.590.762)	637.382.898	, ,
Pendanaan	(749.250.000.000)	(27.036.640.259)	(30.647.058.820)	(28.777.583.934)	Financing
Kenaikan (penurunan) bersih					Net increase (decrease)
kas dan setara kas	(277.543.842.418)	25.074.991.710	219.687.565.500	(56.293.091.542)	in cash and cash equivalents

d. Dewan Komisaris, Direktur dan Karyawan

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, susunan pengurus Perusahaan berdasarkan Rapat Umum Luar Biasa Pemegang Saham yang masing-masing diadakan tanggal 14 Juni 2017 dan 28 Juni 2016, yang didokumentasikan masing-masing dalam Akta No. 8 dan No. 25 dari Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., notaris di Tangerang, adalah sebagai berikut:

Dewan Komisaris

Komisaris Utama : Jogi Hendra Atmadja Komisaris : Hermawan Lesmana

Gunawan Atmadja

Komisaris Independen : Ramli Setiawan

Suryanto Gunawan

d. Board of Commissioners, Directors and Employees

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, based on a resolution during the Extraordinary Stockholders' Meeting held on June 14, 2017 and June 28, 2016, respectively, as documented in Notarial Deed No. 8 and No. 25, respectively, of Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., a public notary in Tangerang, the Company's management consists of the following:

Board of Commissioners

: President Commissioner

Commissioners

Independent Commissioners

Direktur Directors

Direktur Utama : Andre Sukendra Atmadja : President Director

Direktur : Hendarta Atmadja : Directors

Wardhana Atmadja Hendrik Polisar Mulyono Nurlimo

Sebagai perusahaan publik, Perusahaan telah memiliki Komisaris Independen dan Komite Audit yang diwajibkan oleh Bapepam dan LK. Komite Audit Perusahaan terdiri dari tiga (3) orang anggota.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 susunan Komite Audit Perusahaan adalah sebagai berikut:

Ketua : Suryanto Gunawan Anggota : Lenny Halim Yuyun Susanty

Personil manajemen kunci Perusahaan dan entitas anak terdiri dari Komisaris, Direksi, *General* Manajer dan Manajer Senior.

As a publicly listed company, the Company has Independent Commissioners and an Audit Committee as required by Bapepam-LK. The Company's Audit Committee consisting of three (3) members.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company's Audit Committee consisting of the following:

Key management personnel of the Company and its subsidiaries consist of Commissioners, Directors, General

Managers and Senior Managers.

Chairman

Members

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Jumlah rata-rata karyawan Perusahaan adalah 9.578 dan 8.584 karyawan untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016.

Jumlah rata-rata karyawan entitas anak ratarata (tidak diaudit) adalah sebagai berikut:

The Company had an average total number of employees of 9,578 and 8,584 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The average total number of employees (unaudited) of the subsidiaries follows:

year

and

	2017	2016
pemilikan langsung/ <i>Direct Ownership</i> :		
PT Torabika Eka Semesta (TES)	2.791	2.399
PT Sinar Pangan Timur (SPT)	1	1
PT Sinar Pangan Barat (SPB)	-	-
Mayora Nederland B.V	-	-
pemilikan tidak langsung/ <i>Indirect Ownership</i> :		
pemililkan melalui/ <i>Ownership through</i> : PT Torabika Eka Semesta (TES) PT Kakao Mas Gemilang (KMG)	229	215

The consolidated financial statements of PT Mayora Indah Tbk and its subsidiaries Group) for the December 31, 2017 were completed and authorized for issuance on March 15, 2018, by the Company's Directors who are responsible for the preparation presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Kep

Kep

Kep

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian PT Mayora Indah Tbk dan entitas anak (Grup) untuk tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 telah diselesaikan dan diotorisasi untuk terbit oleh Direksi pada tanggal 15 Maret 2018, dan Direksi bertanggung jawab atas penyusunan dan penyajian laporan keuangan konsolidasian tersebut.

Ikhtisar Kebijakan Akuntansi dan Pelaporan **Keuangan Penting**

Dasar Penyusunan dan Pengukuran Laporan Keuangan Konsolidasian

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian disusun dan disajikan dengan menggunakan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia, meliputi pernyataan dan interpretasi yang diterbitkan oleh Dewan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia (IAI) dan Dewan Standar Akuntansi Syariah IAI, Peraturan OJK No. VIII.G.7 tentang "Penyajian dan Pengungkapan Laporan Keuangan Emiten atau Perusahaan Publik".

Summary of Significant Accounting and **Financial Reporting Policies**

Basis of Consolidated **Financial** a. **Statements** Preparation and Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared and presented in accordance Financial Indonesian Accounting Standards "SAK", which comprise the statements and interpretations issued by the Board of Financial Accounting Standards of Institute of Indonesia Chartered Accountants (IAI) and the Board of Sharia Accounting Standards of IAI and OJK Regulation No. VIII.G.7 regarding "Presentation and Disclosures of Public Companies' Financial Statements". Such consolidated financial statements are an English translation of the Group's statutory report in Indonesia.

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Dasar pengukuran laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini adalah konsep biaya perolehan, kecuali beberapa akun tertentu disusun berdasarkan pengukuran lain, sebagaimana diuraikan dalam kebijakan akuntansi masing-masing akun tersebut. Laporan keuangan konsolidasian ini disusun dengan metode akrual, kecuali laporan arus kas.

Kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian untuk tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 adalah konsisten dengan kebijakan akuntansi yang diterapkan dalam penyusunan laporan keuangan konsolidasian untuk tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2016.

Laporan arus kas konsolidasian disusun dengan menggunakan metode langsung dengan mengelompokkan arus kas dalam aktivitas operasi, investasi dan pendanaan.

Mata uang yang digunakan dalam penyusunan dan penyajian laporan keuangan konsolidasian adalah mata uang Rupiah (Rupiah) yang juga merupakan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan.

b. Dasar Konsolidasi

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian meliputi laporan keuangan Perusahaan dan entitas anak (Grup). Pengendalian diperoleh apabila Grup memiliki seluruh hal berikut ini:

- kekuasaan atas investee;
- eksposur atau hak atas imbal hasil variabel dari keterlibatannya dengan investee; dan
- kemampuan untuk menggunakan kekuasaannya atas investee untuk mempengaruhi jumlah imbal hasil Grup.

Pengkonsolidasian entitas anak dimulai pada saat Grup memperoleh pengendalian atas entitas anak dan berakhir pada saat Grup kehilangan pengendalian atas entitas anak. Secara khusus, penghasilan dan beban entitas anak yang diakuisisi atau dilepaskan selama tahun berjalan termasuk dalam laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian sejak tanggal Grup memperoleh pengendalian sampai dengan tanggal Grup kehilangan pengendalian atas entitas anak.

The measurement basis used is the historical cost, except for certain accounts which are measured on the bases described in the related accounting policies. The consolidated financial statements, except for the consolidated statements of cash flows, are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 are consistent with those adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The consolidated statements of cash flows are prepared using the direct method with classifications of cash flows into operating, investing and financing activities.

The currency used in the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements is the Indonesian Rupiah (Rupiah) which is also the functional currency of the Company.

b. Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group). Control is achieved when the Group has all the following:

- power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group losses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

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Seluruh aset dan liabilitas, ekuitas, penghasilan, beban dan arus kas dalam intra kelompok usaha terkait dengan transaksi antar entitas dalam Grup dieliminasi secara penuh dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

Laba rugi dan setiap komponen penghasilan komprehensif lain diatribusikan kepada pemilik Perusahaan dan kepentingan nonpengendali (KNP) meskipun hal tersebut mengakibatkan KNP memiliki saldo defisit.

KNP disajikan dalam laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian dan dalam ekuitas pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, terpisah dari bagian yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik Perusahaan.

Transaksi dengan KNP yang tidak mengakibatkan hilangnya pengendalian dicatat sebagai transaksi ekuitas. Selisih antara nilai wajar imbalan yang dialihkan dengan bagian relatif atas nilai tercatat aset bersih entitas anak yang diakuisisi dicatat di ekuitas. Keuntungan atau kerugian dari pelepasan KNP juga dicatat di ekuitas.

c. Penjabaran Mata Uang Asing

Mata Uang Fungsional dan Pelaporan

Akun-akun yang tercakup dalam laporan keuangan setiap entitas dalam Grup diukur menggunakan mata uang dari lingkungan ekonomi utama dimana entitas beroperasi (mata uang fungsional).

Laporan keuangan konsolidasian disajikan dalam Rupiah, yang merupakan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan mata uang penyajian Grup.

Transaksi dan Saldo

Transaksi dalam mata uang asing dijabarkan kedalam mata uang fungsional menggunakan kurs pada tanggal transaksi. Keuntungan atau kerugian selisih kurs yang timbul dari penyelesaian transaksi dan dari penjabaran pada kurs akhir tahun atas aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang asing diakui dalam laba rugi.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controling interest (NCI) even if this results in the NCI having a deficit balance.

NCI is presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and under the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position, respectively, separately from the corresponding portion attributable to owners of the Company.

Transactions with NCI that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. The difference between the fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to NCI are also recorded in equity.

c. Foreign Currency Translation

Functional and Reporting Currencies

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's companies are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Rupiah which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

Transactions and Balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in profit or loss.

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Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, kurs konversi yakni kurs tengah Bank Indonesia, yang digunakan oleh Grup adalah sebagai berikut: As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the conversion rates used by the Group were the middle rates of Bank Indonesia as follows:

	2017	2016	
1 Euro (EUR)	16.174	14.162	1 Euro (EUR)
1 Dolar Amerika Serikat (USD)	13.548	13.436	1 United States Dollar (USD)
1 Dolar Singapura (SGD)	10.134	9.299	1 Singapore Dollar (SGD)
1 Yuan China (CNY)	2.073	1.937	1 China Yuan (CNY)
1 Yen Jepang (JPY)	120	115	1 Japan Yen (JPY)

Kelompok usaha Grup

Hasil usaha dan posisi keuangan dari kelompok usaha Grup yang memiliki mata uang fungsional yang berbeda dengan mata uang pelaporan, dijabarkan pada mata uang pelaporan sebagai berikut:

- aset dan liabilitas dari setiap laporan posisi keuangan yang disajikan, dijabarkan pada kurs penutup pada tanggal laporan posisi keuangan;
- b. penghasilan dan beban untuk setiap laporan laba rugi dijabarkan menggunakan kurs rata-rata; dan
- seluruh selisih kurs yang timbul diakui dalam komponen ekuitas yang terpisah.

d. Transaksi Pihak Berelasi

Orang atau entitas dikategorikan sebagai pihak berelasi Grup apabila memenuhi definisi pihak berelasi berdasarkan PSAK No. 7, "Pengungkapan Pihak-pihak Berelasi".

Semua transaksi signifikan dengan pihak berelasi telah diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

e. Kas dan Setara Kas

Kas terdiri dari kas dan bank. Setara kas adalah semua investasi yang bersifat jangka pendek dan sangat likuid yang dapat segera dikonversikan menjadi kas dengan jatuh tempo dalam waktu tiga (3) bulan atau kurang sejak tanggal penempatannya, dan yang tidak dijaminkan serta tidak dibatasi pencairannya.

Group's Companies

The results and financial position of all the Group's companies that have a functional currency different from the reporting currency are translated into the reporting currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statement of profit and loss are translated at average exchange rates; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component of equity.

d. Transactions with Related Parties

A person or entity is considered a related party of the Group if it meets the definition of a related party in PSAK No. 7, "Related Party Disclosures".

All significant transactions with related parties are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and in banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three (3) months or less from the date of placements, and which are not used as collateral and are not restricted.

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f. Sukuk Mudharabah

Sukuk Mudharabah diakui sebesar nilai nominal dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian. Biaya transaksi sehubungan dengan penerbitan sukuk diakui sebagai aset secara terpisah pada akun beban tangguhan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian dan diamortisasi selama jangka waktu Sukuk Mudharabah. Amortisasi biaya transaksi Sukuk Mudharabah diakui pada laba rugi.

g. Instrumen Keuangan

Pembelian atau penjualan yang reguler atas instrumen keuangan diakui pada tanggal transaksi.

Instrumen keuangan pada pengakuan awal diukur pada nilai wajarnya, yang merupakan nilai wajar kas yang diserahkan (dalam hal aset keuangan) atau yang diterima (dalam hal liabilitas keuangan). Nilai wajar ditentukan dengan mengacu pada harga transaksi atau harga pasar yang berlaku. Jika harga pasar tidak dapat ditentukan dengan andal, maka nilai wajar dihitung estimasi jumlah berdasarkan seluruh pembayaran atau penerimaan kas masa depan, yang didiskontokan menggunakan suku bunga pasar yang berlaku untuk instrumen sejenis dengan jatuh tempo yang sama atau hampir sama. Pengukuran awal keuangan termasuk biaya instrumen transaksi, kecuali untuk instrumen keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba

Biaya transaksi diamortisasi sepanjang umur instrumen menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif.

Pengklasifikasian instrumen keuangan dilakukan berdasarkan tujuan perolehan instrumen tersebut dan mempertimbangkan apakah instrumen tersebut memiliki kuotasi harga di pasar aktif.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, Grup memiliki instrumen keuangan pada kategori pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang dan liabilitas keuangan lain-lain. Dengan demikian, kebijakan akuntansi yang berkaitan dengan aset keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi, investasi dimiliki hingga jatuh tempo, aset keuangan tersedia untuk dijual dan liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi tidak diungkapkan.

f. Sukuk Mudharabah

Sukuk Mudharabah is recognized at nominal value in the consolidated statement of financial position. Transaction costs pertaining to the issuance of Sukuk are presented separately as deferred charges in the assets section and are being amortized over the term of the Sukuk Mudharabah. Amortization of transaction costs of the Sukuk Mudharabah is recognized in profit or loss.

g. Financial Instruments

All regular way purchases and sales of financial instruments are recognized on the transaction date.

Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The fair value is determined by reference to the transaction price or other market prices. If such market prices are not reliably determinable, the fair value is estimated as the sum of all future cash payments or receipts, discounted using the prevailing market rates of interest for similar instruments with similar maturities. The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss (FVPL), includes transaction costs.

Transaction costs are amortized over the terms of the instruments based on the effective interest rate method.

The classification of the financial instruments depends on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired and whether they are quoted in an active market.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Group has financial instruments under loans and receivables and other financial liabilities categories. Thus, accounting policies related to financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL, held-to-maturity (HTM) investments and available for sale (AFS) financial assets were not disclosed.

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Laba/Rugi Hari ke-1

Apabila harga transaksi dalam suatu pasar yang tidak aktif berbeda dengan nilai wajar instrumen sejenis pada transaksi pasar terkini yang dapat diobservasi atau berbeda nilai dengan wajar yang dihitung menggunakan teknik penilaian dimana variabelnya merupakan data yang diperoleh dari pasar yang dapat diobservasi, maka Grup mengakui selisih antara harga transaksi dengan nilai wajar tersebut (yakni Laba/Rugi hari ke-1) dalam laba rugi, kecuali jika selisih tersebut memenuhi kriteria pengakuan sebagai aset yang lain. Dalam hal tidak terdapat data yang dapat diobservasi, maka selisih antara harga transaksi dan nilai yang ditentukan berdasarkan teknik penilaian hanya diakui dalam laba rugi apabila data tersebut menjadi dapat diobservasi atau pada saat instrumen tersebut dihentikan Untuk pengakuannya. masing-masing transaksi, Grup menerapkan metode pengakuan Laba/Rugi Hari ke-1 yang sesuai.

Aset Keuangan

Pinjaman yang Diberikan dan Piutang

Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang adalah aset keuangan non-derivatif dengan pembayaran tetap atau telah ditentukan dan tidak mempunyai kuotasi di pasar aktif, yang selanjutnya diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif, dikurangi cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, kategori ini meliputi kas dan setara kas, piutang usaha, piutang lain-lain dan uang jaminan yang dimiliki oleh Grup.

Liabilitas Keuangan

Liabilitas Keuangan Lain-lain

Kategori ini merupakan liabilitas keuangan yang tidak dimiliki untuk diperdagangkan atau pada saat pengakuan awal tidak ditetapkan untuk diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi.

Day 1 Profit/Loss

Where the transaction price in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit/loss) in the profit or loss unless it qualifies for recognition as some other type of asset. In cases where the data is not observable, the difference between the transaction price and model value is only recognized in the profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" profit/loss amount.

Financial Assets

Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any allowance for any impairment.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, other accounts receivable and guarantee deposits are included in this category.

Financial Liabilities

Other Financial Liabilities

This category pertains to financial liabilities that are not held for trading or not designated at FVPL upon the inception of the liability.

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Instrumen keuangan yang diterbitkan atau komponen dari instrumen keuangan tersebut, yang tidak diklasifikasikan sebagai liabilitas keuangan yang diukur pada nilai wajar melalui laba rugi, diklasifikasikan liabilitas sebagai keuangan lain-lain, substansi perjanjian kontraktual jika mengharuskan Grup untuk menyerahkan kas atau aset keuangan lain kepada pemegang instrumen keuangan, atau jika liabilitas tersebut diselesaikan tidak melalui penukaran kas atau aset keuangan lain atau saham sendiri yang jumlahnya tetap atau telah ditetapkan.

Liabilitas keuangan lain-lain selanjutnya diukur pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi berdasarkan suku bunga efektif.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, kategori ini meliputi utang bank jangka pendek, utang usaha, utang lain-lain, beban akrual, pinjaman bank jangka panjang dan utang obligasi yang dimiliki oleh Grup.

Saling Hapus Instrumen Keuangan

Aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan saling hapus dan nilai bersihnya disajikan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian jika, dan hanya jika, Grup saat ini memiliki hak yang berkekuatan hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus atas jumlah yang telah diakui tersebut; dan berniat untuk menyelesaikan secara neto atau untuk merealisasikan aset dan menyelesaikan liabilitasnya secara simultan.

Penurunan Nilai Aset Keuangan pada Biaya Perolehan Diamortisasi

Pada setiap tanggal laporan posisi keuangan, manajemen Grup menelaah apakah suatu aset keuangan atau kelompok aset keuangan telah mengalami penurunan nilai.

Issued financial instruments or their components, which are not classified as financial liabilities at FVPL are classified as other financial liabilities, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Group having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Group's short-term bank loans, trade accounts payable, other accounts payable, accrued expenses, long-term bank loans and bonds payable are included in this category.

Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Impairment of Assets Carried at Amortized Cost

The Group's management assesses at each consolidated statement of financial position date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

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pertama-tama menentukan Manajemen apakah terdapat bukti obyektif mengenai penurunan nilai secara individual atas aset keuangan yang signifikan secara individual, dan secara individual atau kolektif untuk aset keuangan yang jumlahnya tidak signifikan secara individual. Jika manajemen menentukan tidak terdapat bukti obyektif mengenai penurunan nilai atas aset keuangan yang dinilai secara individual, baik aset keuangan tersebut signifikan atau tidak signifikan, maka aset tersebut dimasukkan ke dalam kelompok aset keuangan yang memiliki karakteristik risiko kredit yang menilai penurunan nilai sejenis dan kelompok tersebut secara kolektif. Aset yang penurunan nilainya dinilai secara individual, dan untuk itu kerugian penurunan nilai diakui atau tetap diakui, tidak termasuk dalam penilaian penurunan nilai secara kolektif.

Jika terdapat bukti obyektif bahwa rugi penurunan nilai telah terjadi, maka jumlah kerugian tersebut diukur sebagai selisih antara nilai tercatat aset dengan nilai kini estimasi arus kas masa depan yang didiskonto menggunakan suku bunga efektif awal dari aset tersebut. Nilai tercatat aset tersebut langsung dikurangi dengan penurunan nilai yang terjadi atau menggunakan akun cadangan dan jumlah kerugian yang terjadi diakui dalam laba rugi.

Jika, pada tahun berikutnya, jumlah kerugian penurunan nilai berkurang karena suatu peristiwa yang terjadi setelah penurunan nilai tersebut diakui, maka dilakukan penyesuaian atas cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai yang sebelumnya diakui. Pemulihan penurunan nilai selanjutnya diakui dalam laba rugi, dengan ketentuan nilai tercatat aset setelah pemulihan penurunan nilai tidak melampaui biaya perolehan diamortisasi pada tanggal pemulihan tersebut.

Penghentian Pengakuan Aset dan Liabilitas Keuangan

(1) Aset Keuangan

Aset keuangan (atau bagian dari aset keuangan atau kelompok aset keuangan serupa) dihentikan pengakuannya jika:

 Hak kontraktual atas arus kas yang berasal dari aset keuangan tersebut berakhir;

The management first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the management determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, the asset is included in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and that group of financial assets is collectively assessed for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss, is or continues to be recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is an objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced either directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of loss is charged to profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the impairment loss decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

(1) Financial Assets

Financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

 a. the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;

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- Grup tetap memiliki hak untuk menerima arus kas dari aset keuangan tersebut, namun juga menanggung liabilitas kontraktual untuk membayar kepada pihak ketiga atas arus kas yang diterima tersebut secara penuh tanpa adanya penundaan yang signifikan berdasarkan suatu kesepakatan; atau
- c. Grup telah mentransfer haknya untuk menerima arus kas dari aset keuangan dan (i) telah mentransfer secara substansial seluruh risiko dan manfaat atas aset keuangan, atau (ii) secara substansial tidak mentransfer atau tidak memiliki seluruh risiko dan manfaat atas aset keuangan, namun telah mentransfer pengendalian atas aset keuangan tersebut.

(2) Liabilitas Keuangan

Liabilitas keuangan dihentikan pengakuannya jika liabilitas keuangan tersebut berakhir, dibatalkan, atau telah kadaluarsa.

h. Pengukuran Nilai Wajar

Pengukuran nilai wajar didasarkan pada asumsi bahwa transaksi untuk menjual aset atau mengalihkan liabilitas akan terjadi:

- di pasar utama untuk aset atau liabilitas tersebut atau;
- jika tidak terdapat pasar utama, di pasar yang paling menguntungkan untuk aset atau liabilitas tersebut.

Grup harus memiliki akses ke pasar utama atau pasar yang paling menguntungkan pada tanggal pengukuran.

Nilai wajar aset atau liabilitas diukur menggunakan asumsi yang akan digunakan pelaku pasar ketika menentukan harga aset atau liabilitas tersebut, dengan asumsi bahwa pelaku pasar bertindak dalam kepentingan ekonomi terbaiknya.

- b. the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed a contractual obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- c. the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (i) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (ii) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

(2) Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the contract is discharged, cancelled or has expired.

h. Fair Value Measurement

The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability or;
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The Group must have access to the principal or the most advantageous market at the measurement date.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

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Pengukuran nilai wajar aset non-keuangan memperhitungkan kemampuan pelaku pasar untuk menghasilkan manfaat ekonomik dengan menggunakan aset dalam penggunaan tertinggi dan terbaiknya, atau dengan menjualnya kepada pelaku pasar lain yang akan menggunakan aset tersebut dalam penggunaan tertinggi dan terbaiknya.

Ketika Grup menggunakan teknik penilaian, maka Grup memaksimalkan penggunaan input yang dapat diobservasi yang relevan dan meminimalkan penggunaan input yang tidak dapat diobservasi.

Seluruh aset dan liabilitas yang mana nilai wajarnya diukur atau diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, dikategorikan dalam hirarki nilai wajar sebagai berikut:

- Level 1 Harga kuotasian (tanpa penyesuaian) di pasar aktif untuk aset atau liabilitas yang identik;
- Level 2 Teknik penilaian dimana level input terendah yang signifikan terhadap pengukuran nilai wajar dapat diobservasi, baik secara langsung maupun tidak langsung;
- Level 3 Teknik penilaian dimana level input terendah yang signifikan terhadap pengukuran nilai wajar tidak dapat diobservasi.

Untuk aset dan liabilitas yang diukur pada nilai wajar secara berulang dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian, maka Grup menentukan apakah telah terjadi transfer di antara level hirarki dengan menilai kembali pengkategorian level nilai wajar pada setiap akhir tahun pelaporan.

i. Persediaan

Persediaan dinyatakan berdasarkan biaya atau nilai realisasi bersih, mana yang lebih rendah (*the lower of cost and net realizable value*). Biaya persediaan ditentukan berdasarkan metode rata-rata tertimbang.

j. Biaya Dibayar Dimuka

Biaya dibayar dimuka diamortisasi selama masa manfaatnya atau periode kontrak dengan menggunakan metode garis lurus. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When the Group uses valuation techniques, it maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable;
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether there are transfers between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting year.

i. Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Cost is determined using the weighted average method.

j. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are amortized over their beneficial or contract periods using the straight-line method.

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k. Aset Tetap

Pemilikan Langsung

Aset tetap, kecuali tanah, dinyatakan berdasarkan biaya perolehan, tetapi tidak termasuk biaya perawatan sehari-hari, dikurangi akumulasi penyusutan dan amortisasi dan akumulasi rugi penurunan nilai, jika ada. Tanah tidak disusutkan dan dinyatakan berdasarkan biaya perolehan dikurangi akumulasi rugi penurunan nilai, jika ada.

Biaya perolehan awal aset tetap meliputi harga perolehan, termasuk bea impor dan pajak pembelian yang tidak boleh dikreditkan dan biaya-biaya yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung untuk membawa aset ke lokasi dan kondisi yang diinginkan sesuai dengan tujuan penggunaan yang ditetapkan.

Beban-beban yang timbul setelah aset tetap digunakan, seperti beban perbaikan dan pemeliharaan, dibebankan ke laba rugi pada saat terjadinya. Apabila beban-beban tersebut menimbulkan peningkatan manfaat ekonomis di masa datang dari penggunaan aset tetap tersebut yang dapat melebihi kinerja normalnya, maka beban-beban tersebut dikapitalisasi sebagai tambahan biaya perolehan aset tetap.

Penyusutan dan amortisasi dihitung berdasarkan metode garis lurus (*straight-line method*) selama masa manfaat aset tetap sebagai berikut:

Bangunan dan prasarana/Buildings and improvements Mesin dan peralatan/Machineries and equipment Peralatan kantor/Office equipment Kendaraan/Vehicles

Nilai tercatat aset tetap ditelaah kembali dan dilakukan penurunan nilai apabila terdapat peristiwa atau perubahan kondisi tertentu yang mengindikasikan nilai tercatat tersebut tidak dapat dipulihkan sepenuhnya.

Dalam setiap inspeksi yang signifikan, biaya inspeksi diakui dalam jumlah tercatat aset tetap sebagai suatu penggantian apabila memenuhi kriteria pengakuan. Biaya inspeksi signifikan yang dikapitalisasi tersebut diamortisasi selama periode sampai dengan saat inspeksi signifikan berikutnya.

k. Property, Plant and Equipment

Direct Acquisition

Property, plant and equipment, except land, are carried at cost, excluding day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any impairment in value. Land is not depreciated and is carried at cost less any impairment in value.

The initial cost of property, plant and equipment consists of its purchase price, including import duties and taxes and any directly attributable costs in bringing the property, plant and equipment to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditures incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operations, such as repairs and maintenance costs, are normally charged to operations in the year such costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of the property, plant and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional costs of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the property, plant and equipment's useful lives as follows:

Tahun/Years

20

5 - 10

5 5

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable.

When each major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. Such major inspection is capitalized and amortized over the next major inspection activity.

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Jumlah tercatat aset tetap dihentikan pengakuannya pada saat dilepaskan atau tidak ada manfaat ekonomis masa depan yang diharapkan dari penggunaan atau pelepasannya. Keuntungan atau kerugian yang timbul dari penghentian pengakuan aset tetap diakui dalam laba rugi pada tahun terjadinya penghentian pengakuan.

Nilai residu, umur manfaat, serta metode penyusutan dan amortisasi ditelaah setiap akhir tahun dan dilakukan penyesuaian apabila hasil telaah berbeda dengan estimasi sebelumnya.

Aset Dalam Penyelesaian

Aset dalam penyelesaian merupakan aset tetap dalam tahap konstruksi, yang dinyatakan pada biaya perolehan dan tidak disusutkan. Akumulasi biaya akan direklasifikasi ke akun aset tetap yang bersangkutan dan akan disusutkan pada saat konstruksi selesai secara substansial dan aset tersebut telah siap digunakan sesuai tujuannya.

I. Transaksi Sewa

Penentuan apakah suatu kontrak merupakan atau mengandung unsur sewa adalah berdasarkan substansi kontrak pada tanggal awal sewa, yakni apakah pemenuhan syarat kontrak tergantung pada penggunaan aset tertentu dan kontrak tersebut berisi hak untuk menggunakan aset tersebut.

1. Perlakuan Akuntansi untuk Lessee

Sewa pembiayaan, yang mengalihkan secara substansial seluruh risiko dan yang manfaat terkait dengan kepemilikan suatu aset kepada Grup, dikapitalisasi pada awal sewa sebesar nilai waiar aset sewaan atau sebesar nilai kini dari pembayaran sewa minimum, jika nilai kini lebih rendah dari Pembayaran nilai wajar. sewa dipisahkan antara bagian yang merupakan beban keuangan dan bagian yang merupakan pelunasan liabilitas sehingga menghasilkan suatu suku bunga periodik yang konstan atas saldo liabilitas. Beban keuangan dibebankan ke laba rugi.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gains or loss arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment is included in profit or loss in the year the item is derecognized.

The asset's residual values, if any, useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end.

Construction in Progress

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction which is stated at cost and is not depreciated. The accumulated costs will be reclassified to the respective property, plant and equipment account and will be depreciated when the construction is substantially complete and the asset is ready for its intended use.

I. Lease Transactions

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

1. Accounting Treatment as a Lessee

Leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest in the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognized in profit or loss.

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Aset sewaan disusutkan sepanjang estimasi umur manfaatnya. Apabila tidak terdapat keyakinan memadai bahwa Grup akan memperoleh hak kepemilikan atas aset tersebut pada akhir masa sewa, maka aset sewaan disusutkan sepanjang estimasi umur manfaat aset atau masa sewa, mana yang lebih pendek. Pembayaran sewa dalam sewa operasi diakui sebagai beban dalam laba rugi dengan dasar garis lurus (straight-line basis) selama masa sewa.

2. Perlakuan Akuntansi sebagai lessor

Sewa dimana Grup tetap mempertahankan secara substansial seluruh risiko dan manfaat yang terkait dengan kepemilikan suatu aset diklasifikasikan sebagai sewa operasi. Biaya langsung awal yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung dengan negosiasi dan pengaturan sewa operasi ditambahkan ke nilai tercatat aset sewaan dan diakui ke laba rugi selama masa sewa sesuai dengan dasar pengakuan pendapatan sewa.

m. Distribusi Dividen

Distribusi dividen kepada pemegang saham Grup diakui sebagai liabilitas dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian dalam tahun saat dividen tersebut disetujui oleh pemegang saham Grup.

n. Penurunan Nilai Aset Non-Keuangan

Pada setiap akhir periode pelaporan tahunan, Grup menelaah apakah terdapat indikasi suatu aset mengalami penurunan nilai. Jika terdapat indikasi tersebut atau pada saat uji penurunan nilai aset perlu dilakukan, maka Grup membuat estimasi jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut.

Jika nilai tercatat aset lebih besar daripada nilai terpulihkannya, maka aset tersebut dinyatakan mengalami penurunan nilai dan rugi penurunan nilai diakui dalam laba rugi. Dalam menghitung nilai pakai, estimasi arus kas masa depan bersih didiskontokan ke nilai kini dengan menggunakan tingkat diskonto sebelum pajak yang mencerminkan penilaian pasar kini dari nilai waktu uang dan risiko spesifik atas aset.

Capitalized leased assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the assets except if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, in which case the lease assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the assets and the lease term. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2. Accounting Treatment as a Lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

m. Dividend Distribution

Dividend distribution to the Group's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Group's shareholders.

n. Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Group assesses at each annual reporting period whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. In assessing the value in use, the estimated net future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

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Penelaahan dilakukan pada akhir setiap pelaporan tahunan untuk mengetahui apakah terdapat indikasi bahwa penurunan nilai aset yang telah diakui dalam periode sebelumnya mungkin tidak ada lagi atau mungkin telah menurun. Jika indikasi ditemukan, dimaksud maka mengestimasi jumlah terpulihkan aset tersebut. Kerugian penurunan nilai yang diakui dalam periode sebelumnya akan dipulihkan apabila nilai tercatat aset tidak melebihi jumlah terpulihkannya maupun nilai tercatat, neto setelah penyusutan dan amortisasi, seandainya tidak ada rugi penurunan nilai yang telah diakui untuk aset tersebut pada tahun-tahun sebelumnya. Setelah pemulihan tersebut, penyusutan aset tersebut disesuaikan di tahun mendatang untuk mengalokasikan nilai tercatat aset yang direvisi, dikurangi nilai sisanya, dengan dasar yang sistematis selama sisa umur manfaatnya.

o. Pengakuan Pendapatan dan Beban

Pendapatan diakui bila besar kemungkinan manfaat ekonomi akan diperoleh Grup dan jumlahnya dapat diukur secara andal.

Pendapatan atas penjualan dalam negeri diakui pada saat barang diserahkan kepada pelanggan. Pendapatan atas penjualan ekspor diakui sesuai dengan syarat penjualan (f.o.b. shipping point).

Pendapatan diukur dengan nilai wajar imbalan yang diterima atau dapat diterima dari penjualan barang dan jasa dalam kegiatan usaha normal Grup. Pendapatan disajikan bersih setelah dikurangkan dengan Pajak Pertambahan Nilai, pengembalian, rabat dan diskon dan setelah eliminasi penjualan intra Grup.

Pendapatan bunga dan beban bunga dari instrumen keuangan diakui dalam laba rugi secara akrual menggunakan metode suku bunga efektif.

Beban diakui pada saat terjadinya (accrual basis).

An assessment is made at each reporting year as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses recognized for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is previously estimated Α recognized impairment loss for an asset is reversed in profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the assets does not exceed its recoverable amount nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior periods. After such a reversal, the depreciation and amortization charge on the said asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

o. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Revenue from local sales is recognized when the goods are delivered to the customers. Revenue from export sales is recognized when the goods are shipped (f.o.b. shipping point).

Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Interest income and interest expense for all financial instruments are recognized in profit or loss on accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.

Expenses are recognized when incurred (accrual basis).

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p. Biaya Pinjaman

Biaya pinjaman yang dapat diatribusikan secara langsung dengan perolehan, konstruksi, atau pembuatan aset kualifikasian dikapitalisasi sebagai bagian dari biaya perolehan aset tersebut. Biaya pinjaman lainnya diakui sebagai beban pada saat terjadinya.

Jika Grup meminjam dana secara khusus untuk tujuan memperoleh aset kualifikasian, maka Grup menentukan jumlah biaya pinjaman yang layak dikapitalisasikan sebesar biaya pinjaman aktual yang terjadi selama tahun berjalan dikurangi penghasilan investasi atas investasi sementara dari pinjaman tersebut.

Jika pengembangan aktif atas aset kualifikasian dihentikan, Grup menghentikan kapitalisasi biaya pinjaman selama periode yang diperpanjang tersebut.

Kapitalisasi biaya pinjaman dihentikan saat selesainya secara subtansi seluruh aktivitas yang diperlukan untuk mempersiapkan aset kualifikasian agar dapat digunakan atau dijual sesuai dengan maksudnya.

q. Imbalan Kerja

Liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka pendek

Imbalan kerja jangka pendek merupakan upah, gaji, dan tunjangan lainnya. Imbalan kerja jangka pendek diakui sebesar jumlah yang tak-terdiskonto sebagai liabilitas pada laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian setelah dikurangi dengan jumlah yang telah dibayar dan sebagai beban pada laba rugi tahun berjalan.

Liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang

Liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang merupakan imbalan pasca-kerja manfaat pasti yang dibentuk tanpa pendanaan khusus dan didasarkan pada masa kerja dan jumlah penghasilan karyawan pada saat pensiun yang dihitung menggunakan metode *Projected Unit Credit.* Pengukuran kembali liabilitas imbalan pasti langsung diakui dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian dan penghasilan komprehensif lain pada tahun terjadinya dan tidak akan direklasifikasi ke laba rugi, namun menjadi bagian dari saldo laba. Biaya liabilitas imbalan pasti lainnya terkait dengan program imbalan pasti diakui dalam laba rugi.

p. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs which are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the acquisition cost of the qualifying assets. Other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the year in which they are incurred.

To the extent that the Group borrows funds specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the Group determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization as the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the year less any investment income on the temporary investment of those borrowings.

The Group suspends capitalization of borrowing costs during extended periods in which it suspends active development of a qualifying asset.

The Group ceases capitalizing borrowing costs when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

q. Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits liability

Short-term employee benefits are recognized at its undiscounted amount as a liability after deducting any amount already paid in the consolidated statement of financial position and as an expense in profit or loss during the year.

Long-term employee benefits liability

Long-term employee benefits liability post-employment benefits. represents unfunded defined-benefit plans which amounts are determined based on years of service and salaries of the employees at the time of pension and calculated using the Projected Unit Credit. Remeasurement is reflected immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a charge or credit recognized in other comprehensive income in the year in which they occur and not to be reclassified to profit or loss but reflected immediately in retained earnings. All other costs related to the defined-benefits plan are recognized in profit or loss.

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r. Pajak Penghasilan

Pajak Kini

Pajak kini ditentukan berdasarkan laba kena pajak dalam tahun yang bersangkutan yang dihitung berdasarkan tarif pajak yang berlaku.

Pajak Tangguhan

Pajak tangguhan diakui sebagai liabilitas jika terdapat perbedaan temporer kena pajak yang timbul dari perbedaan antara dasar pengenaan pajak aset dan liabilitas dengan jumlah tercatatnya pada tanggal pelaporan.

Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk seluruh perbedaan temporer yang dapat dikurangkan dan rugi fiskal yang dapat dikompensasikan. Aset pajak tangguhan diakui dan direviu pada setiap tanggal pelaporan atau diturunkan jumlah tercatatnya, sepanjang kemungkinan besar laba kena pajak tersedia untuk pemanfaatan perbedaan temporer yang dapat dikurangkan dan rugi fiskal yang dapat dikompensasikan.

Aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan diukur dengan menggunakan tarif pajak yang diharapkan berlaku ketika aset dipulihkan atau liabilitas diselesaikan, berdasarkan tarif pajak (atau peraturan pajak) yang telah berlaku atau secara substantif telah berlaku pada tanggal pelaporan.

Aset pajak tangguhan dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan saling hapus jika dan hanya jika, terdapat hak yang dipaksakan secara hukum untuk melakukan saling hapus aset pajak kini terhadap liabilitas pajak kini dan pajak tangguhan tersebut terkait dengan entitas kena pajak yang sama dan dikenakan oleh otoritas perpajakan yang sama.

s. Laba per Saham

Laba per saham dihitung dengan membagi laba yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk dengan jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham yang beredar pada tahun yang bersangkutan, setelah memperhitungkan dampak retroaktif pemecahan saham.

r. Income Tax

Current Tax

Current tax expense is determined based on the taxable income for the year computed using prevailing tax rates.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and the carry forward benefit of any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized and reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward benefit of unused tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (or tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if, a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

s. Earnings per Share

Earnings per share are computed by dividing profit attribute to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year, after considering the retroactive effect of stock split.

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t. Segmen Operasi

Informasi segmen operasi disusun sesuai dengan kebijakan akuntansi yang dianut dalam penyusunan dan penyajian laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

Segmen operasi diidentifikasi berdasarkan laporan internal komponen-komponen Grup yang secara berkala dilaporkan kepada pengambil keputusan operasional dalam rangka alokasi sumber daya ke dalam segmen dan penilaian kinerja Grup.

u. Provisi

Provisi diakui jika Grup mempunyai kewajiban kini (hukum maupun konstruktif) sebagai akibat peristiwa masa lalu, yang memungkinkan Grup harus menyelesaikan kewajiban tersebut dan estimasi yang andal mengenai jumlah kewajiban tersebut dapat dibuat.

v. Peristiwa Setelah Tanggal Pelaporan

Peristiwa-peristiwa yang terjadi setelah periode pelaporan yang menyediakan tambahan informasi mengenai posisi keuangan konsolidasian Grup pada tanggal laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian (peristiwa penyesuai), jika ada, telah keuangan tercermin dalam laporan Peristiwa-peristiwa konsolidasian. yang terjadi setelah tahun pelaporan yang tidak memerlukan penyesuaian (peristiwa nonpenyesuai), apabila jumlahnya material, telah diungkapkan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

3. Penggunaan Pertimbangan, Estimasi dan Asumsi Manajemen

Dalam penerapan kebijakan akuntansi Grup, seperti yang diungkapkan dalam Catatan 2 pada laporan keuangan konsolidasian, manajemen harus membuat pertimbangan, estimasi dan asumsi atas nilai tercatat aset dan liabilitas yang tidak tersedia oleh sumber-sumber lain. Estimasi dan asumsi tersebut, berdasarkan pengalaman historis dan faktor lain yang dipertimbangkan relevan.

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa pengungkapan berikut telah mencakup ikhtisar pertimbangan, estimasi dan asumsi signifikan yang dibuat oleh manajemen, yang berdampak terhadap jumlahjumlah yang dilaporkan serta pengungkapan dalam laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

t. Operating Segment

Operating segment information is prepared using the accounting policies adopted for preparing and presenting the consolidated financial statements.

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess their performances.

u. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

v. Events After the Reporting Date

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the consolidated statement of financial position at the reporting date (adjusting events), if any, are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when material.

3. Management Use of Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant.

Management believes that the following disclosures include a summary of the significant judgments, estimates and assumptions made, which affected the total reported amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

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Pertimbangan

Pertimbangan-pertimbangan berikut dibuat oleh manajemen dalam proses implementasi kebijakan akuntansi Grup yang memiliki dampak yang paling signifikan terhadap jumlah-jumlah yang diakui dalam laporan keuangan:

a. Mata Uang Fungsional

Dalam proses penerapan kebijakan akuntansi Grup, manajemen telah membuat pertimbangan untuk menentukan mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan entitas anak.

Mata uang fungsional Perusahaan dan entitas anak adalah mata uang lingkungan ekonomi utama dimana masing-masing entitas beroperasi. Mata uang tersebut adalah yang paling mempengaruhi harga jual barang dan jasa, dan mata uang dari negara yang kekuatan persaingan dan peraturannya sebagian besar menentukan harga jual barang dan jasa entitas, dan merupakan mata uang yang mana dana dari aktivitas pendanaan dihasilkan.

 Klasifikasi Aset Keuangan dan Liabilitas Keuangan

Grup menentukan klasifikasi aset dan liabilitas tertentu sebagai aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan dengan menilai apakah aset dan liabilitas tersebut memenuhi definisi yang ditetapkan dalam PSAK No. 55. Aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan dicatat sesuai dengan kebijakan akuntansi Grup sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam Catatan 2.

c. Cadangan Kerugian Penurunan Nilai Pinjaman yang Diberikan dan Piutang

penurunan Cadangan kerugian pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang dipelihara pada jumlah yang menurut manajemen adalah memadai untuk menutup tidak tertagihnya kemungkinan keuangan. Pada setiap tanggal laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian, Grup secara spesifik menelaah apakah telah terdapat bukti obyektif bahwa suatu aset keuangan telah mengalami penurunan nilai (tidak tertagih).

Cadangan yang dibentuk adalah berdasarkan pengalaman penagihan masa lalu dan faktor-faktor lainnya yang mungkin mempengaruhi kolektibilitas, antara lain kemungkinan kesulitan likuiditas atau kesulitan keuangan yang signifikan yang dialami oleh debitur atau penundaan pembayaran yang signifikan.

Judgments

The following judgments are made by management in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

a. Functional Currency

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made judgment on the determination of functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is the currency of the primary economic environment in which each of them operates. It is the currency, among others, that mainly influences sales prices for goods and services, and of the country whose competitive forces and regulations mainly determine the sales prices of its goods and services, and the currency in which funds from financing activities are generated.

b. Classification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The Group determines the classifications of certain assets and liabilities as financial assets and liabilities by judging if they meet the definition set forth in PSAK No. 55. Accordingly, the financial assets and liabilities are accounted for in accordance with the Group's accounting policies disclosed in Note 2.

c. Allowance for Impairment of Loans and Receivables

Allowance for impairment losses is maintained at a level considered adequate to provide for potentially uncollectible receivables. The Group assesses specifically at each consolidated statement of financial position date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired (uncollectible).

The level of allowance is based on past collection experience and other factors that may affect collectability such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtors or significant delay in payments.

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Jika terdapat bukti obyektif penurunan nilai, maka saat dan besaran jumlah yang dapat ditagih diestimasi berdasarkan pengalaman kerugian masa lalu. Cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai dibentuk atas akun-akun yang diidentifikasi secara spesifik telah mengalami penurunan nilai. Akun pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang dihapusbukukan berdasarkan keputusan manajemen bahwa aset keuangan tersebut tidak dapat ditagih atau direalisasi meskipun segala cara dan tindakan telah dilaksanakan. Suatu evaluasi atas pinjaman dan piutang, yang bertujuan untuk mengidentifikasi jumlah cadangan yang harus dibentuk, dilakukan secara berkala sepanjang tahun. Oleh karena itu, saat dan besaran jumlah cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai yang tercatat pada setiap tahun dapat berbeda tergantung pada pertimbangan dan estimasi yang digunakan.

If there is an objective evidence of impairment, timing and collectible amounts are estimated based on historical loss data. Allowance is provided on accounts specifically identified as impaired. Written off loans and receivables are based on management's decisions that the financial assets are uncollectible or cannot be realized in whatsoever actions have been taken. Evaluation of loan and receivables to determine the total allowance to be provided is performed periodically during the year. Therefore, the timing and amount of allowance recorded at each period might differ based on the judgments and estimates that have been used.

Nilai tercatat pinjaman diberikan dan piutang Perusahaan tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 sebagai berikut:

The carrying values of the Group's loans and receivables as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 follows:

	2017	2016	
Kas dan setara kas Piutang usaha	2.201.859.470.155	1.543.129.244.709	Cash and cash equivalents Trade accounts receivable
Pihak berelasi	4.772.738.482.114	2.831.124.973.353	Related parties
Pihak ketiga	971.383.336.411	1.533.159.578.900	Third parties
Piutang lain-lain			Other accounts receivable
Pihak ketiga	3.682.172.512	24.114.826.295	Third parties
Uang jaminan	22.371.334.658	15.510.908.574	Guarantee deposits
Jumlah	7.972.034.795.850	5.947.039.531.831	Total

d. Komitmen Sewa

Komitmen sewa operasi – Grup sebagai lessee

Grup telah menandatangani sejumlah perjanjian sewa ruangan. Grup menentukan bahwa sewa tersebut adalah sewa operasi karena Grup tidak menanggung secara signifikan seluruh risiko dan manfaat dari kepemilikan aset-aset tersebut.

Komitmen sewa operasi – Grup sebagai lessor

Grup telah menandatangani sejumlah perjanjian sewa ruangan. Grup menentukan bahwa sewa tersebut adalah sewa operasi karena Grup menanggung secara signifikan seluruh risiko dan manfaat dari kepemilikan aset-aset tersebut.

d. Lease Commitments

Operating lease commitments - Group as lessee

The Group has entered into various lease agreements for commercial spaces. The Group has determined that those are operating leases since the Group does not bear substantially all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the related assets.

Operating lease commitments – Group as lessor

The Group has entered into various commercial lease agreements. The Group has determined that those are operating leases since the Group bears substantially all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the related assets.

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e. Pajak Penghasilan

Pertimbangan yang signifikan dibutuhkan untuk menentukan jumlah pajak penghasilan. Terdapat sejumlah transaksi dan perhitungan yang menimbulkan ketidakpastian penentuan jumlah pajak penghasilan karena interpretasi atas peraturan pajak yang berbeda. Jika hasil pemeriksaan pajak berbeda dengan jumlah yang sebelumnya telah dibukukan, maka selisih tersebut akan berdampak terhadap aset dan liabilitas pajak kini dan tangguhan dalam periode dimana hasil pemeriksaan tersebut terjadi.

Estimasi dan Asumsi

Asumsi utama mengenai masa depan dan sumber utama lain dalam mengestimasi ketidakpastian pada tanggal pelaporan yang mempunyai risiko signifikan yang dapat menyebabkan penyesuaian material terhadap nilai tercatat aset dan liabilitas dalam tahun berikutnya diungkapkan di bawah ini. Grup mendasarkan asumsi dan estimasi pada parameter yang tersedia saat laporan keuangan konsolidasian disusun. Kondisi yang ada dan asumsi mengenai perkembangan masa depan dapat berubah karena perubahan situasi pasar yang berada di luar kendali Grup. Perubahan tersebut tercermin dalam asumsi ketika keadaan tersebut terjadi:

 Nilai Wajar Aset Keuangan dan Liabilitas Keuangan

> Standar Akuntansi Keuangan di Indonesia mensyaratkan pengukuran aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan tertentu pada wajarnya, penyajian ini dan mengharuskan penggunaan estimasi. Komponen pengukuran nilai wajar yang signifikan ditentukan berdasarkan bukti-bukti obyektif yang dapat diverifikasi (seperti nilai tukar, suku bunga), sedangkan saat dan besaran perubahan nilai wajar dapat menjadi berbeda karena penggunaan metode penilaian yang berbeda.

Nilai wajar aset keuangan dan liabilitas keuangan diungkapkan pada Catatan 19.

e. Income Taxes

is required Significant judgment determining the provision for income taxes. transactions are manv calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain due to different interpretation of tax regulations. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will have an impact on the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Estimates and Assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are disclosed below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes on circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur:

 Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Indonesian Financial Accounting Standards require measurement of certain financial assets and liabilities at fair values, and the disclosure requires the use of estimates. Significant component of fair value measurement is determined based on verifiable objective evidence (i.e. foreign exchange rate, interest rate), while timing and amount of changes in fair value might differ due to different valuation method used.

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are set out in Note 19.

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b. Estimasi Masa Manfaat Aset Tetap

Masa manfaat masing-masing aset tetap Grup diestimasi sepanjang masa aset tersebut diharapkan tersedia untuk digunakan. Estimasi tersebut berdasarkan penelaahan kolektif atas usaha yang sama, evaluasi teknis internal dan pengalaman dengan aset sejenis. Estimasi masa manfaat masing-masing aset ditinjau secara berkala dan diperbarui jika diperkirakan berbeda dari estimasi sebelumnya karena batas pakai, usang baik secara teknis atau komersial, dan pembatasan hukum atau lainnya atas penggunaan aset. Hasil operasi di masa depan dapat secara material terpengaruhi oleh perubahan dalam jumlah dan waktu pencatatan beban yang disebabkan oleh perubahan faktor-faktor tersebut. Penurunan estimasi masa manfaat aset tetap akan meningkatkan beban penyusutan menurunkan nilai tercatat aset tetap.

Nilai tercatat aset tetap pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 diungkapkan pada Catatan 9.

c. Penurunan Nilai Aset Non-Keuangan

Penelaahan atas penurunan nilai dilakukan apabila terdapat indikasi penurunan nilai aset tertentu. Penentuan nilai wajar aset membutuhkan estimasi arus kas yang diharapkan akan dihasilkan dari pemakaian berkelanjutan dan pelepasan akhir atas aset tersebut. Perubahan signifikan dalam asumsi-asumsi yang digunakan untuk menentukan nilai wajar dapat berdampak signifikan pada nilai terpulihkan dan jumlah kerugian penurunan nilai yang terjadi mungkin berdampak material pada hasil operasi Grup.

Nilai tercatat aset non-keuangan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 diungkapkan pada Catatan 9.

b. Estimated Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

The useful life of each of the item of the Group's property, plant and equipment is estimated based on the period over which the asset is expected to be available for use. Such estimation is based on a collective assessment of similar business, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. The estimated useful life of each asset is reviewed periodically and updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence, and legal or other limits on the use of the asset. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the amounts and timing of recorded expenses brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. A reduction in the estimated useful life of any item of property, plant and equipment would increase the recorded depreciation and amortization and decrease the carrying value of the asset.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 are set out in Note 9.

c. Impairment of Non-financial Assets

Impairment review is performed when certain impairment indicators are present. Determining the fair value of assets requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets. Any significant changes in the assumptions used in determining the fair value may materially affect the assessment recoverable values and any resulting impairment loss could have a material impact on results of operations.

The carrying values of non-financial assets as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 are set out in Note 9.

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d. Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Panjang

Penentuan liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang dipengaruhi oleh asumsi tertentu digunakan oleh aktuaris dalam menghitung jumlah tersebut. Asumsi-asumsi tersebut dijelaskan dalam Catatan 29 dan mencakup, antara lain, tingkat kenaikan gaji, dan tingkat diskonto yang ditentukan dengan mengacu pada imbal hasil pasar atas bunga Obligasi Pemerintah dalam mata uang yang sama dengan mata uang pembayaran imbalan dan memiliki jangka waktu yang mendekati estimasi jangka waktu liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang tersebut. Hasil aktual yang berbeda dengan asumsi Grup dibukukan pada penghasilan komprehensif lain dan dengan demikian, berdampak pada jumlah penghasilan komprehensif lain yang diakui dan liabilitas yang tercatat pada tahuntahun mendatang. Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa asumsi-asumsi yang digunakan adalah tepat dan wajar, namun demikian, perbedaan signifikan pada hasil aktual, atau perubahan signifikan dalam asumsi-asumsi tersebut dapat berdampak signifikan pada jumlah liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang.

Jumlah liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 diungkapkan pada Catatan 29.

e. Aset Pajak Tangguhan

Aset pajak tangguhan diakui untuk semua perbedaan temporer antara nilai tercatat aset dan liabilitas pada laporan keuangan konsolidasian dengan dasar pengenaan pajak jika kemungkinan besar jumlah laba kena pajak akan memadai untuk pemanfaatan perbedaan temporer yang diakui. Estimasi manajemen yang signifikan diperlukan untuk menentukan jumlah aset pajak tangguhan yang diakui berdasarkan kemungkinan waktu terealisasinya dan jumlah laba kena pajak pada masa mendatang serta strategi perencanaan pajak masa depan.

Nilai tercatat aset pajak tangguhan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 diungkapkan pada Catatan 30.

d. Long-term Employee Benefits

The determination of the long-term employee benefits is dependent on the selection of certain assumptions used by actuary in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions are described in Note 29 and include, among others, rate of salary increase, and discount rate which is determined after giving consideration to interest rates of Government Bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits are to be paid and have terms of maturity approximating the terms of the related employee benefits liability. Actual results that differ from the Group's assumptions are charged to comprehensive income and therefore, generally affect the recognized comprehensive income and recorded obligation in such future periods. While it is believed that the Group's assumptions are reasonable appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes assumptions may materially affect the amount of long-term employee benefits liability.

Long-term employee benefits liability as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 is disclosed in Note 29.

e. Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all temporary differences between the consolidated financial statements' carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective taxes bases to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. Significant management estimates are required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are set out in Note 30.

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4. Kas dan Setara Kas

4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2017	2016	
Kas	810.405.281	437.102.066	Cash on hand
Bank			Cash in banks
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 32)			Related party (Note 32)
PT Bank Mayora - Rupiah	47.758.325.890	7.726.042.118	PT Bank Mayora - Rupiah
- USD (Catatan 33)	232.966.060.333	65.065.431.839	- USD (Note 33)
Jumlah	280.724.386.223	72.791.473.957	Subtotal
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Rupiah			Rupiah
PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk	307.122.345.140	1.499.081.788	PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	223.693.108.306	3.788.494.100	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Standard Chartered Bank	17.373.646.513	7.099.682.574	PT Standard Chartered Bank
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	12.319.372.246	5.516.219.469	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank ANZ Indonesia	1.328.699.618	540.576.958	PT Bank ANZ Indonesia
PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk	546.951.165	1.018.711.095	PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	436.540.039	812.234.518	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia	421.213.665	636.271.557	PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia
PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ	418.984.242	1.466.806.313	PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ
PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	311.330.226	223.160.651	PT Bank Rakyat Indonesia (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank HSBC Indonesia	140.505.112	-	PT Bank HSBC Indonesia
PT Bank UOB	96.733.977	9.040.670	PT Bank UOB
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk	11.988.151		PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk
Jumlah	564.221.418.400	22.610.279.693	Subtotal
Mata Uang Asing (Catatan 33)			Foreign Currencies (Note 33)
Dolar Amerika Serikat			U.S. Dollar
PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ	123.867.397.508	6.880.660.515	PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ
PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk	47.424.053.925	29.808.269.041	PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk
PT Bank ANZ Indonesia	31.753.075.007	8.483.737.757	PT Bank ANZ Indonesia
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	31.499.004.623	15.231.906.816	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Standard Chartered Bank	5.058.233.456	4.330.319.343	PT Standard Chartered Bank
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	1.833.301.541	2.975.250.911	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	882.711.811	-	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
Jumlah	242.317.777.871	67.710.144.383	Subtotal
Yuan China			China Yuan
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	22.717.850.476	69.587.479.855	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
Euro			Euro
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	5.643.239.973	1.629.142.869	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk	3.693.559.412	2.103.252.165	PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	28.708.499	25.816.789	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
Jumlah	9.365.507.884	3.758.211.823	Subtotal
Dolar Singapura	4 040 504 600	E40.4E0.000	Singapore Dollar
PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk	1.010.524.020	518.152.932	PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk
Jumlah	275.411.660.251	141.573.988.993	Subtotal Total Cook in banks
Jumlah Kas di bank	1.120.357.464.874	236.975.742.643	Total - Cash in banks

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	2017	2016	
Deposito berjangka			Time deposits
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 32)			Related party (Note 32)
PT Bank Mayora - Rupiah	59.000.000.000	29.000.000.000	PT Bank Mayora - Rupiah
- USD (Catatan 33)	155.802.000.000	335.900.000.000	- USD (Note 33)
	214.802.000.000	364.900.000.000	
Pihak ketiga			Third parties
Rupiah			Rupiah
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk	135.000.000.000	-	PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk
PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk	130.000.000.000	50.000.000.000	PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	74.000.000.000	86.000.000.000	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk	50.000.000.000		PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk
Jumlah	389.000.000.000	136.000.000.000	Subtotal
Mata Uang Asing (Catatan 33)			Foreign Currencies (Note 33)
Dolar Amerika Serikat			U.S. Dollar
PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk	338.700.000.000	396.362.000.000	PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk
PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ	70.449.600.000	119.580.400.000	PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	67.740.000.000	-	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	-	181.386.000.000	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk		107.488.000.000	PT Bank Maybank Indonesia Tbk
Jumlah	476.889.600.000	804.816.400.000	Subtotal
Jumlah deposito berjangka	1.080.691.600.000	1.305.716.400.000	Total - Time deposits
Jumlah	2.201.859.470.155	1.543.129.244.709	Total
Suku bunga deposito berjangka per tahun	0,75% - 6,50%	0,50% - 7,25%	Interest rates per annum on time deposits

Rekening koran dan deposito berjangka pada PT Bank Mayora, pihak berelasi, memiliki suku bunga dan syarat-syarat seperti halnya penempatan pada bank pihak ketiga (Catatan 32).

The current accounts and time deposits placed in PT Bank Mayora, a related party, bear interest rate and have terms similar to those placed with third party banks (Note 32).

5. Piutang Usaha

5. Trade Accounts Receivable

	2017	2016	
a. Berdasarkan Pelanggan			a. By Debtor
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 32) Pihak ketiga	4.772.738.482.114	2.831.124.973.353	Related parties (Note 32) Third parties
Pelanggan dalam negeri Pelanggan luar negeri	26.897.072.181 944.990.665.306	19.632.262.422 1.513.981.957.509	Local debtors Foreign debtors
Subjumlah	971.887.737.487	1.533.614.219.931	Subtotal
Cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai	(504.401.076)	(454.641.031)	Allowance for impairment
Jumlah Pihak ketiga - Bersih	971.383.336.411	1.533.159.578.900	Total Third parties - Net
Jumlah - Bersih	5.744.121.818.525	4.364.284.552.253	Total - Net
b. Berdasarkan Umur			b. By Age
Belum jatuh tempo dan tidak mengalami penurunan			
nilai	5.467.643.178.742	4.008.514.030.362	Not past due and unimpaired
Jatuh tempo dan tidak mengalami penurunan nilai 1 s/d 30 hari	174.490.493.106	115.734.653.501	Past due but not impaired 1 - 30 days
31 s/d 60 hari	55.853.191.043	139.689.710.714	31 - 60 days
61 s/d 90 hari	46.094.204.895	94.171.782.098	61 - 90 days
91 s/d 120 hari	40.750.739	6.174.375.578	91 - 120 ďays
Jatuh tempo dan mengalami penurunan nilai	504.401.076	454.641.031	Past due and impaired
	5.744.626.219.601	4.364.739.193.284	
Cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai	(504.401.076)	(454.641.031)	Allowance for impairment
Jumlah - Bersih	5.744.121.818.525	4.364.284.552.253	Total - Net

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	2017	2016	
c. Berdasarkan Mata Uang			c. By Currency
Rupiah Mata Uang Asing (Catatan 33)	3.095.594.981.548	2.844.394.069.686	Rupiah Foreign currencies (Note 33)
Dolar Amerika Serikat	1.447.444.768.437	704.866.621.401	U.S. Dollar
Yuan China	1.200.869.827.865	813.231.660.457	Chinese Yuan
Euro	212.240.675	1.792.200.709	Euro
Jumlah	5.744.121.818.525	4.364.284.552.253	Total
Perubahan dalam cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang adalah sebagai berikut:			The changes in allowance for impairment follows:
	2017	2016	
Saldo awal tahun	454.641.031	2.425.472.374	Balance at beginning of the year
Penambahan (Catatan 25b)	74.196.702	232.841.688	Provisions (Note 25b)
Pemulihan (Catatan 28)	(24.436.657)	(2.203.673.031)	Recoveries (Note 28)
Saldo akhir tahun	504.401.076	454.641.031	Balance at end of the year

Berdasarkan evaluasi manajemen terhadap kolektibilitas saldo masing-masing piutang pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai memadai untuk menutup kemungkinan kerugian dari tidak tertagihnya piutang usaha tersebut.

Manajemen juga berpendapat bahwa tidak terdapat risiko yang terkonsentrasi secara signifikan atas piutang kepada pihak ketiga.

Tidak terdapat piutang usaha yang dijaminkan.

Based on management's evaluation of the collectibility of the individual receivable account as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, allowance for impairment is adequate to cover possible losses from uncollectible accounts.

Management also believes that there are no significant concentrations of credit risk on trade accounts receivable from third parties.

No trade accounts receivable are used as collateral for bank loans.

6. Persediaan

Inventories

	2017	2016	
Bahan baku	795.396.030.612	743.419.956.081	Raw materials
Barang dalam proses (Catatan 24)	359.551.277.420	746.341.540.285	Work-in-process (Note 24)
Bahan pembungkus	320.955.850.110	270.775.089.414	Packaging materials
Barang jadi (Catatan 24)	280.642.763.288	303.397.727.041	Finished goods (Note 24)
Bahan pembantu	47.781.426.554	42.998.623.683	Indirect materials
Suku cadang	20.939.812.992	16.743.105.042	Spare parts
Jumlah	1.825.267.160.976	2.123.676.041.546	Total

Manajemen berpendapat bahwa tidak terdapat cadangan penurunan nilai dan persediaan usang pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016.

Tidak terdapat persediaan yang dijadikan jaminan.

Management believes that there is no decline in value and inventory obsolescence as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

No inventories are used as collateral for bank loans.

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Persediaan telah diasuransikan terhadap risiko kebakaran dan risiko lainnya kepada PT Asuransi FPG Indonesia dan PT Chubb General Insurance Indonesia, pihak ketiga, dengan jumlah pertanggungan masing-masing sebesar US\$ 140.977.600 dan US\$ 176.206.000 pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016.

Manajemen berpendapat bahwa jumlah pertanggungan asuransi adalah cukup untuk menutupi risiko kerugian yang mungkin dialami.

7. Uang Muka Pembelian

Akun ini terutama merupakan uang muka pembelian bahan baku dan bahan pembungkus.

Inventories are insured against fire and other possible risks with PT Asuransi FPG Indonesia and PT Chubb General Insurance Indonesia, third parties, for US\$ 140,977,600 and US\$ 176,206,000 as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Management believes that the insurance coverage is adequate to cover possible losses on the assets insured.

7. Advances for Purchases

Prepaid Taxes

This account mainly represents advanced payments for purchases of raw materials and packaging materials.

8. Pajak Dibayar Dimuka

2017 2016 Pajak penghasilan pasal 21 981.886.407 Income tax article 21 Pajak penghasilan pasal 28a Income tax article 28a 2016 (Catatan 30) 340.863.936 340.863.936 2016 (Note 30) 2011 27.170.071.859 27.170.071.859 2011 Pajak Pertambahan Nilai 416.649.338.417 438.936.620.919 Value Added Tax 444.160.274.212 467.429.443.121 Jumlah Total

Pada tahun 2016, Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta dan PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, entitas anak, menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) dari Direktorat Jenderal Pajak atas pajak penghasilan badan tahun 2014 masing-masing sebesar Rp 102.627.395.929, Rp 46.959.144.600 dan Rp 7.678.478.297. Akibat dari hal tersebut, Grup membebankan sisa pajak penghasilan pasal 28A tahun 2014 sebesar Rp 11.486.715.858 ke laba rugi.

Pada tahun 2017, Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, menerima Surat Ketetapan Pajak Lebih Bayar (SKPLB) dari Direktorat Jenderal Pajak atas pajak pertambahan nilai (PPN) masa Desember 2015 masingmasing sebesar Rp 123.698.337.183 dan Rp 80.421.383.932.

In 2016, the Company, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, and PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, the subsidiaries, received tax refund based on Overpayment Tax Assessment Letter (SKPLB) issued by the Directorate General of Taxes pertaining to 2014 corporate income tax amounting to Rp 102,627,395,929, Rp 46,959,144,600 and Rp 7,678,478,297, respectively. Consequently, the Group charged the remaining 2014 income tax article 28A amounting to Rp 11,486,715,858 to profit and loss.

In 2017, the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta, the subsidiary, received tax refund based on Overpayment Tax Assessment Letter (SKPLB) issued by the Directorate General of Taxes pertaining to December 2015 Value Added Tax (VAT) amounting to Rp 123,698,337,183 and Rp 80,421,383,932, respectively.

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9. Aset Tetap

9. Property, Plant and Equipment

		Poruh	oahan selama tahun be	vrialan/		
			Changes during the yea	,		
	1 Januari 2017/	Penambahan/	Pengurangan/	Reklasifikasi/	31 Desember 2017/	
	January 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Reclassifications	December 31, 2017	
Biaya perolehan:						Cost:
Tanah	244.471.088.158	2.110.596.400	-	85.425.100.500	332.006.785.058	Land
Bangunan dan prasarana	1.314.819.578.962	2.458.362.500	-	47.572.020.746	1.364.849.962.208	Buildings and improvements
Mesin dan peralatan	4.835.952.243.343	73.606.661.992	(32.675.280.709)	517.754.114.134	5.394.637.738.760	Machineries and equipment
Peralatan kantor	128.599.816.440	45.330.428.359	(223.320.410)	3.409.699.853	177.116.624.242	Office equipment
Kendaraan	125.176.164.958	7.027.130.684	(8.715.061.776)	2.365.000.000	125.853.233.866	Vehicles
Jumlah	6.649.018.891.861	130.533.179.935	(41.613.662.895)	656.525.935.233	7.394.464.344.134	Subtotal
Aset dalam penyelesaian	469.354.702.282	540.073.898.440		(656.525.935.233)	352.902.665.489	Construction in progress
Jumlah	7.118.373.594.143	670.607.078.375	(41.613.662.895)		7.747.367.009.623	Total
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-
Akumulasi penyusutan						Accumulated depreciation
dan amortisasi:						and amortization:
Bangunan dan prasarana	299.507.340.134	65.620.498.936	.	-	365.127.839.070	Buildings and improvements
Mesin dan peralatan	2.782.645.610.183	443.444.918.437	(30.812.732.299)	-	3.195.277.796.321	Machineries and equipment
Peralatan kantor	82.863.246.096	19.296.709.845	(209.853.743)	-	101.950.102.198	Office equipment
Kendaraan	93.937.367.938	11.082.251.156	(8.765.775.440)		96.253.843.654	Vehicles
Jumlah	3.258.953.564.351	539.444.378.374	(39.788.361.482)		3.758.609.581.243	Total
Nilai Tercatat	3.859.420.029.792				3.988.757.428.380	Net Book Value
		Peruba	han selama tahun berja	ilan/		
			hanges during the year			
	1 Januari 2016/	Penambahan/	Pengurangan/	Reklasifikasi/	31 Desember 2016/	
	January 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Reclassifications	December 31, 2016	
						_
Biaya perolehan:						Cost:
Tanah	225.512.038.158	18.959.050.000	•		244.471.088.158	Land
Bangunan dan prasarana	1.148.883.172.044	7.246.420.379	-	158.689.986.539	1.314.819.578.962	Buildings and improvements
Mesin dan peralatan	4.494.733.095.447	74.511.645.744	(829.226.761)	267.536.728.913	4.835.952.243.343	Machineries and equipment
Peralatan kantor	104.550.953.453	20.990.641.956		3.058.221.031	128.599.816.440	Office equipment
Kendaraan	113.386.512.082	13.391.216.259	(7.805.713.383)	6.204.150.000	125.176.164.958	Vehicles
Jumlah	6.087.065.771.184	135.098.974.338	(8.634.940.144)	435.489.086.483	6.649.018.891.861	Subtotal
Aset dalam penyelesaian	436.230.580.353	468.613.208.412	<u> </u>	(435.489.086.483)	469.354.702.282	Construction in progress
Jumlah	6.523.296.351.537	603.712.182.750	(8.634.940.144)	<u> </u>	7.118.373.594.143	Total
Akumulasi penyusutan					,	Accumulated depreciation
dan amortisasi:	000 440 404 004	04 000 050 070			000 507 040 404	and amortization:
Bangunan dan prasarana	238.118.481.064	61.388.859.070	(700,400,015)	-	299.507.340.134	Buildings and improvements
Mesin dan peralatan	2.357.620.317.834	425.818.722.164	(793.429.815)	-	2.782.645.610.183	Machineries and equipment
Peralatan kantor	69.560.109.442	13.303.136.654	(7 500 000 455)	-	82.863.246.096	Office equipment
Kendaraan	87.301.601.504	14.168.752.543	(7.532.986.109)	-	93.937.367.938	Vehicles
Jumlah	2.752.600.509.844	514.679.470.431	(8.326.415.924)	-	3.258.953.564.351	Total

Beban penyusutan dan amortisasi dialokasikan sebagai berikut:

Depreciation and amortization expense is allocated as follows:

	2017	2016	
Beban pokok penjualan (Catatan 24) Beban umum dan administrasi (Catatan 25b)	502.534.387.406 36.909.990.968	487.399.838.679 27.279.631.752	Cost of goods sold (Note 24) General and administrative (Note 25b)
Jumlah	539.444.378.374	514.679.470.431	Total

Aset dalam penyelesaian merupakan akumulasi biaya konstruksi bangunan dan mesin oleh Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak.

Construction in progress represents accumulated construction costs of buildings and machineries of the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary.

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Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 tingkat penyelesaian aset ini masing-masing sudah mencapai 78,70% dan 88,20%, yang diharapkan selesai pada bulan Januari 2018 sampai Mei 2018.

Pengurangan yang merupakan penjualan aset tetap dengan rincian sebagai berikut:

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the percentage of completion of these assets is approximately 78.70% and 88.20%, respectively, which is expected to be completed in January 2018 up to May 2018.

Details of sale of certain property, plant and equipment follows:

	2017	2016	
Harga jual Nilai tercatat	4.603.148.433 1.539.016.944	2.710.524.218 308.524.220	Sales price Net book value
Keuntungan atas penjualan	3.064.131.489	2.401.999.998	Gain on sale

Pengurangan pada tahun 2017 termasuk penghapusan aset tetap dengan nilai tercatat sebesar Rp 286.284.469

Grup memiliki beberapa bidang tanah yang terletak di Bekasi, Tangerang, Deli Serdang (Sumatera Utara) dan Sidoarjo (Jawa Timur) dengan hak legal berupa Hak Milik dan Hak Guna Bangunan (HGB) yang berjangka waktu 20 tahun dan 30 tahun yang akan jatuh tempo antara tahun 2018 dan 2036. Manajemen berkeyakinan dapat memperpanjang hak milik tanah pada saat jatuh tempo karena seluruh tanah diperoleh secara legal dan didukung oleh bukti kepemilikan yang memadai.

Pada tahun 2016, biaya pinjaman yang dikapitalisasi ke aset dalam penyelesaian sebesar Rp 8.927.468.877.

Aset tetap, kecuali tanah, telah diasuransikan terhadap risiko kebakaran, pencurian dan risiko lainnya kepada PT Asuransi FPG Indonesia dan PT Chubb General Insurance Indonesia, pihak ketiga, dengan jumlah pertanggungan masing-masing sebesar US\$ 521.495.000 dan Rp 48.147.000.000 pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan kepada PT Chubb General Insurance Indonesia, pihak ketiga sebesar US\$ 494.260.000 dan Rp 49.120.200.000 pada tanggal 31 Desember 2016.

Manajemen berpendapat bahwa nilai pertanggungan tersebut cukup untuk menutupi kemungkinan kerugian atas aset yang dipertanggungkan.

Tidak terdapat aset tetap yang dijadikan jaminan untuk utang bank.

Manajemen berpendapat bahwa tidak terdapat penurunan nilai tercatat aset tetap pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016.

Deductions in 2017 include write-off of property and equipment with net book value of Rp 286,284,469

The Group owns several parcels of land located in Bekasi, Tangerang, Deli Serdang (North Sumatera) and Sidoarjo (East Java), with Building Use Rights (Hak Guna Bangunan or HGB) and Ownership Rights (Hak Milik) for periods of 20 and 30 years, respectively, until 2018 and 2036, respectively. Management believes that it is probable to extend the term of the land rights on its expiration since all the land were acquired legally and supported by sufficient evidence of ownership.

In 2016, borrowing costs capitalized to construction in progress amounted to Rp 8,927,468,877.

Property, plant and equipment, except for land, are insured against fire, theft and other possible risks with PT Asuransi FPG Indonesia and PT Chubb General Insurance Indonesia, third parties, for US\$ 521,495,000 and Rp 48,147,000,000, respectively, as of December 31, 2017 and with PT Chubb General Insurance Indonesia, third party, amounting to US\$ 494,260,000 and Rp 49,120,200,000 as of December 31, 2016.

Management believes that the insurance coverage is adequate to cover possible losses on the assets insured.

No property, plant and equipment are used as collateral for bank loans.

Management believes that there is no impairment in values of the aforementioned property, plant and equipment as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

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Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, biaya perolehan Grup atas aset tetap yang telah disusutkan sepenuhnya tetapi masih digunakan masing-masing sebesar Rp 1.621.891.021.060 dan Rp 1.295.883.360.802.

Nilai wajar tanah, bangunan dan prasarana bangunan disajikan pada Catatan 19.

10. Uang Muka Pembelian Aset Tetap

Akun ini terutama merupakan uang muka pembelian properti, mesin dan peralatan.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, acquisition costs of the Group's property, plant and equipment that are fully-depreciated but are still in use amounted to Rp 1,621,891,021,060 and Rp 1,295,883,360,802, respectively.

The fair values of the land, buildings and improvements are set out in Note 19.

10. Advances for Purchases of Property and Equipment

This account mainly represents advanced payments for the purchase of property, machineries and equipment.

11. Utang Bank Jangka Pendek

	2017	2016	
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk	574.000.000.000	174.000.000.000	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia	360.000.000.000	360.000.000.000	PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia
PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia	200.000.000.000	-	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk	200.000.000.000	100.000.000.000	PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk
PT Bank Central Asia Tbk	150.000.000.000	300.000.000.000	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ	100.000.000.000	350.000.000.000	PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ
PT Bank HSBC Indonesia	50.000.000.000		PT Bank HSBC Indonesia
Jumlah	1.634.000.000.000	1.284.000.000.000	Total
Suku bunga per tahun			Interest rates per annum
Rupiah	6,25% - 9,25%	7,25% - 9,25%	Rupiah

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Diperoleh Perusahaan

Pada tanggal 21 November 2008, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (KMK) dengan jumlah maksimum kredit sebesar Rp 200.000.000.000. Pinjaman ini dapat diperpanjang setiap tahun. Pinjaman ini dijamin dengan negative pledge.

Pada tanggal 27 November 2013, jumlah maksimum pinjaman dari fasilitas modal kerja diturunkan meniadi sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000.

Fasilitas kredit telah beberapa kali mengalami terakhir pada perubahan, tanggal 14 November 2017, dimana jumlah kredit meningkat menjadi sebesar Rp 170.000.000.000 dan fasilitas tersebut tersedia sampai tanggal 20 November 2020.

11. Short-term Bank Loans

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Obtained by the Company

On November 21, 2008, the Company obtained a working capital credit facility amounting to Rp 200,000,000,000, the credit limit. The term of the loan can be extended every year. The loan agreement contains a negative pledge clause.

On November 27, 2013, the maximum loanable amount of the working capital credit facility decreased to Rp 100,000,000,000.

The credit facility has been amended several times, most recently on November 14, 2017, wherein the credit limit increased to Rp 170,000,000,000 and the credit facility will be available until November 20, 2020.

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Pada tanggal 22 Desember 2015, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman modal kerja lainnya dengan jumlah maksimum pinjaman sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000 yang berlaku sampai 20 November 2016.

Fasilitas kredit telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 14 November 2017, dimana limit tersebut telah berubah menjadi Rp 400.000.000.000 dan fasilitas tersebut tersedia sampai tanggal 20 November 2018.

Diperoleh PT Torabika Eka Semesta

Pada tanggal 10 Desember 2010, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (KMK) *revolving* dengan jumlah maksimum kredit sebesar Rp 30.000.000.000 dan fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (KMK) *non-revolving* dengan jumlah maksimum kredit sebesar Rp 70.000.000.000. Pinjaman ini dijamin dengan *negative pledge*.

Pada tanggal 5 Desember 2016, kredit limit berubah menjadi Rp 250.000.000.000.

Fasilitas kredit telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 28 November 2017, dimana fasilitas kredit telah diperpanjang sampai 9 Desember 2018.

Pada tanggal 22 Desember 2015, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas (Kredit Modal Kerja) KMK lainnya dengan maksimum kredit sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000 yang akan berlaku sampai 9 Desember 2016.

Pada tanggal 5 Desember 2016, jumlah kredit meningkat menjadi sebesar Rp 200.000.000.000.

Fasilitas kredit telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 28 November 2017, dimana fasilitas kredit telah diperpanjang sampai 9 Desember 2018.

Sehubungan dengan pinjaman-pinjaman tersebut di atas, Grup diwajibkan memenuhi batasan-batasan tertentu antara lain yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya utang, penjualan dan penjaminan aset, likuidasi, konsolidasi atau merger, melakukan perubahan anggaran dasar dan bidang usaha utama, dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

Grup telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

On December 22, 2015, the Company obtained another working capital credit facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 100,000,000,000 which is available up to November 20, 2016.

The credit facility has been amended several times, most recently on November 14, 2017, wherein the credit limit increased to Rp 400,000,000,000 and the credit facility will be available until November 20, 2018.

Obtained by PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On December 10, 2010, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a revolving working capital credit facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 30,000,000,000 and non-revolving working capital credit facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 70,000,000,000. The loan agreement contains a negative pledge clause.

On December 5, 2016, the credit limit increased to Rp 250,000,000,000.

The credit facilities have been amended several times, most recently on November 28, 2017, wherein the credit facilities have been extended up to December 9, 2018.

On December 22, 2015, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained another working capital credit facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 100,000,000,000 which is available up to December 9, 2016.

On December 5, 2016, the credit limit increased to Rp 200,000,000,000.

The credit facility has been amended several times, most recently on November 28, 2017, wherein the credit facilities have been extended until December 9, 2018.

In relation to the above credit facilities, the Group is required to fulfill certain covenants, among others, concerning incurrence of indebtedness, sale and collateral of assets, liquidation, consolidation or merger, make significant changes in the Articles of Association and main business and other matters as stated in the agreements.

The Group complied with all of the loan covenants above.

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PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia

Diperoleh Perusahaan

Pada tanggal 31 Agustus 2017, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas *revolving loan* dengan jumlah kredit Rp 250.000.000.000, untuk modal kerja. Fasilitas pinjaman mempunyai jangka waktu selama tiga (3) tahun dan setiap penarikan akan jatuh tempo maksimal dalam tiga (3) bulan setelah tanggal penarikan terakhir dari fasilitas pinjaman dimana fasilitas pinjaman tersedia sampai 31 Agustus 2020.

Diperoleh PT Torabika Eka Semesta

Pada tanggal 28 Agustus 2013, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas *revolving loan* dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 200.000.000.000, atas modal kerja. Fasilitas pinjaman mempunyai jangka waktu selama setahun dan setiap penarikan akan jatuh tempo maksimal dalam tiga (3) bulan setelah tanggal penarikan terakhir dari fasilitas pinjaman.

Fasilitas pinjaman telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 31 Agustus 2017 dimana fasilitas pinjaman telah diperpanjang sampai 31 Agustus 2018.

tanggal September 2015, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas revolving loan lainnya dengan jumlah kredit sebesar 260.000.000.000. Fasilitas pinjaman mempunyai jangka waktu selama satu (1) tahun dan setiap penarikan akan jatuh tempo maksimal dalam tiga (3) bulan setelah tanggal penarikan terakhir dari fasilitas pinjaman.

Fasilitas pinjaman telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan terakhir pada tanggal 31 Agustus 2017, dimana fasilitas pinjaman telah diperpanjang sampai 31 Agustus 2020.

Sehubungan dengan pinjaman-pinjaman tersebut di atas, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, diwajibkan memenuhi batasan-batasan tertentu antara lain yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya utang, penjaminan aset, reorganisasi dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia

Obtained by the Company

On August 31, 2017, the Company obtained a revolving loan facility of Rp 250,000,000,000, the credit limit, for working capital. The loan facility has a term of three (3) year and each drawdown has maximum term of three (3) months after the last drawdown date of the loan facility wherein the loan facility is available up to August 31, 2020.

Obtained by PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On August 28, 2013, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a revolving loan facility of Rp 200,000,000,000, the credit limit, for working capital. The loan facility has a term of one year and each drawdown has maximum term of three (3) months after the last drawdown date of the loan facility.

The loan facility has been amended several times, most recently on August 31, 2017, wherein the loan facility has been extended up to August 31, 2018.

On September 21, 2015, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained another revolving loan facility of Rp 260,000,000,000, the credit limit, for additional working capital. The loan facility has a term of one (1) year and each drawdown has maximum term of three (3) months after the last drawdown date of the loan facility.

The loan facility has been amended several times, most recently on August 31, 2017, wherein the loan facility has been extended up to August 31, 2020.

In relation to the above credit facilities, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, is required to fulfill certain covenants, among others, concerning incurrence of indebtedness, collateral of assets, reorganization and other matters as stated in the agreements.

PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, complied with all of the loan covenants above.

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PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Diperoleh Perusahaan

Pada tanggal 8 Mei 2008, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas *revolving loan* dengan jumlah maksimum pinjaman sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000. Pinjaman mempunyai jangka waktu satu (1) tahun dan dapat diperpanjang setiap tahun.

Fasilitas pinjaman telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 20 April 2017 dimana fasilitas pinjaman telah diperpanjang sampai dengan 20 April 2018 dan jumlah maksimum kredit dari fasilitas *revolving loan* meningkat menjadi Rp 200.000.000.000.

Diperoleh PT Torabika Eka Semesta

Pada tanggal 30 Oktober 2013, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas *revolving loan* dengan jumlah maksimum sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000. Jangka waktu pinjaman adalah satu (1) tahun dan dapat diperpanjang setiap tahun.

Pada tanggal 24 Oktober 2014, jumlah maksimum kredit meningkat menjadi sebesar Rp 250.000.000.000.

Fasilitas kredit telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 25 Oktober 2017 dimana fasilitas pinjaman telah diperpanjang sampai dengan 25 Oktober 2018.

PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, diwajibkan untuk memenuhi beberapa syarat perjanjian pinjaman, diantaranya pembatasan untuk mengubah struktur atau status hukum dan sifat usaha; likuidasi dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk

<u>Diperoleh Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka</u> <u>Semesta</u>

Pada tanggal 27 Juli 2015, Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman tidak mengikat untuk modal kerja dengan jumlah kredit masing-masing sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000 dan Rp 150.000.000.000.

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Obtained by the Company

On May 8, 2008, the Company obtained a revolving loan facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 100,000,000,000. The loan facility has a term of one (1) year and can be extended every year.

The loan facility has been amended several times, most recently on April 20, 2017 wherein the term of the loan facility has been extended until April 20, 2018 and the credit limit increased to Rp 200,000,000,000.

Obtained by PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On October 30, 2013, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a revolving loan facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 100,000,000,000. The loan facility has a term of one (1) year and can be extended every year.

On October 24, 2014, the maximum loanable amount increased to Rp 250,000,000,000.

The loan facility has been amended several times, most recently on October 25, 2017, wherein the term of the loan facility has been extended until October 25, 2018.

PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, is required to fulfill certain loan covenants, among others, restrict them to make significant changes in the Company's structure and nature of the business; to conduct liquidation and other matters as stated in the agreements.

PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, complied with all of the loan covenants above.

PT Bank CIMB Niaga Tbk

Obtained by the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On July 27, 2015, the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained uncommitted loan facility of Rp 100,000,000,000 and Rp 150,000,000,000, respectively, the credit limits, for working capital.

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Fasilitas kredit telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 18 September 2017 dimana fasilitas pinjaman ini telah diperpanjang sampai dengan 27 Juli 2018.

Sehubungan dengan pinjaman-pinjaman tersebut di atas, Grup diwajibkan antara lain mempertahankan rasio keuangan tertentu dan memenuhi batasan-batasan tertentu yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya utang, penjualan dan penjaminan aset, reorganisasi dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

Grup telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman di atas.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 23 Agustus 2010, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas Kredit Modal Kerja (KMK) dengan jumlah maksimum kredit sebesar Rp 150.000.000.000.

Pada tanggal 18 November 2015, maksimum kredit KMK meningkat menjadi sebesar Rp 450.000.000.000.

Fasilitas kredit telah mengalami kali beberapa perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 22 Agustus 2017 dimana fasilitas pinjaman telah diperpanjang sampai 23 Agustus 2018.

Grup diwajibkan untuk memenuhi beberapa syarat perjanjian pinjaman, diantaranya pembatasan untuk melakukan likuidasi, penggabungan usaha atau akuisisi, menjual atau menyewakan aset dalam kondisi operasi tidak normal, melakukan perubahan signifikan dalam susunan kepengurusan Grup dan diharuskan untuk memenuhi beberapa rasio-rasio keuangan.

Selain itu Grup diwajibkan untuk mempertahankan rasio keuangan sebagai berikut:

- Rasio lancar sama atau lebih besar dari 1x
- Rasio Interest bearing debt terhadap ekuitas tidak lebih dari 2x
- EBITDA ditambah pendapatan bunga terhadap jumlah pokok dan bunga utang tidak kurang dari 1,25x
- EBITDA terhadap jumlah bunga utang tidak kurang dari 1,5x

Grup telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman dan rasio-rasio keuangan tersebut di atas.

The loan facility has been amended several times, most recently on September 18, 2017, wherein the loan facility has been extended until July 27, 2018.

In relation to the above credit facilities, the Group is required, among others, to maintain certain financial ratios and fulfill certain covenants concerning incurrence of indebtedness, sale and collateral of assets, reorganization and other matters as stated in the agreements.

The Group complied with all of the loan covenants ratios above.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

On August 23, 2010, the Company obtained a revolving working capital loan facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 150,000,000,000.

On November 18, 2015, the maximum loanable amount increased to Rp 450,000,000,000.

The credit facility has been amended several times, most recently on August 22, 2017, wherein the facility has been extended up to August 23, 2018.

The Group is required to fulfill certain loan covenants, among others, restrict them to conduct liquidation, merger or acquisition, sell or lease assets in the abnormal operations, make significant changes in the Group's management structure and grant loan and are required to fulfill certain financial ratios.

The Group is required to maintain the following financial ratios:

- Current ratio equal or greater than 1x
- Interest bearing debt to equity ratio not more than 2x
- EBITDA plus interest income to the amount of principal and interest on the debt ratio not less than 1.25x
- EBITDA to the amount of interest on the debt ratio not less than 1.5x

The Group complied with all of the loan covenants and required financial ratios above.

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PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ

<u>Diperoleh Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka</u> <u>Semesta</u>

Pada tanggal 7 Mei 2012, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman mengikat dan tidak mengikat dengan jumlah kredit masing-masing sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000. Fasilitas pinjaman mempunyai jangka waktu selama satu (1) tahun dan dapat diperpanjang setiap tahun.

Pada tanggal 22 September 2014, jumlah kredit dari fasilitas kredit modal kerja tidak mengikat meningkat menjadi Rp 300.000.000.000.

Pada tanggal 9 Juli 2015, fasilitas pinjaman tidak mengikat ini telah di ubah dimana fasilitas tersebut dapat digunakan oleh Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak.

Fasilitas pinjaman telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 7 Mei 2017, dimana jangka waktu fasilitas pinjaman telah diperpanjang sampai 7 Mei 2018.

Diperoleh PT Torabika Eka Semesta

Pada tanggal 19 September 2016, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh pinjaman kredit modal kerja lainnya dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 300.000.000.000, untuk modal kerja. Fasilitas pinjaman tersedia untuk tiga (3) tahun sampai 19 September 2019.

Sehubungan dengan pinjaman-pinjaman tersebut di atas, Grup diwajibkan memenuhi batasan-batasan tertentu antara lain yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya utang, penjualan aset, reorganisasi dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

Grup telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

PT Bank HSBC Indonesia

Pada tanggal 14 September 2015, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas *revolving loan* sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000. Fasilitas pinjaman ini mempunyai jangka waktu satu tahun dan dapat diperpanjang setiap tahun.

Fasilitas kredit telah mengalami beberapa kali perubahan, terakhir pada tanggal 5 Oktober 2017 dengan jumlah kredit meningkat menjadi Rp 200.000.000.000 dan fasilitas pinjaman tersedia sampai 30 Juni 2018.

PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ

Obtained by the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On May 7, 2012, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained committed and uncommitted working capital loan facilities each amounting to Rp 100,000,000,000, the credit limit. These loan facilities have a term of one (1) year and can be extended every year.

On September 22, 2014, the credit limit of the uncommitted working capital loan facility increased to Rp 300,000,000,000.

On July 9, 2015, the uncommitted working capital loan facility has been amended wherein the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, can use the loan facility.

The loan facilities have been amended several times, most recently on May 7, 2017, wherein the term of the loan facilities has been extended up to May 7, 2018.

Obtained by PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On September 19, 2016, PT Torabilka Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained another committed revolving loan facility with credit limit of Rp 300,000,000,000, for working capital. The loan facility is available for three (3) years up to September 19, 2019.

In relation to the above credit facilities, the Group is required to fulfill certain covenants, among others, concerning incurrence of indebtedness, sale of assets, reorganization and other matters as stated in the agreements.

The Group complied with all of the loan covenants above

PT Bank HSBC Indonesia

On September 14, 2015, the Company obtained a revolving loan facility with maximum loanable amount of Rp 100,000,000,000. The loan facility has a term of one year and can be extended every year.

The loan facility has been amended several times, most recently on October 5, 2017, wherein the credit facility increased to Rp 200,000,000,000 and the loan facility is available up to June 30, 2018.

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Beban bunga atas pinjaman utang bank jangka pendek diatas yaitu masing-masing sebesar Rp 149.127.719.164 dan Rp 108.737.604.121, masing-masing untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 (Catatan 27).

Interest expense on abovementioned short-term bank loans amounted to Rp 149,127,719,164 and Rp 108,737,604,121, for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively (Note 27).

12. Utang Usaha

Merupakan utang Grup untuk pembelian bahan baku dan bahan pembantu dari pemasok pihak ketiga.

Rincian utang usaha adalah sebagai berikut:

12. Trade Accounts Payable

These represent the Group's payable to suppliers in relation to the purchases of materials needed for production.

Details of trade accounts payable follows:

	2017	2016	
a. Berdasarkan Pemasok	54 040 005 000	47,004,000,550	a. By Supplier
Pihak berelasi (Catatan 32) Pihak ketiga	51.612.825.968	17.861.208.550	Related parties (Note 32) Third parties
Pemasok dalam negeri	1.541.256.858.473	1.238.993.026.078	Local suppliers
Pemasok luar negeri	124.348.844.726	72.778.917.788	Foreign suppliers
Jumlah Pihak ketiga	1.665.605.703.199	1.311.771.943.866	Total Third parties
Jumlah	1.717.218.529.167	1.329.633.152.416	Total
b. Berdasarkan Mata Uang			b. By Currency
Rupiah	1.664.621.929.206	1.320.717.102.199	Rupiah
Mata uang asing (Catatan 33)			Foreign Currencies (Note 33)
Yuan China	33.386.217.010	1.212.410.560	China Yuan
Dolar Amerika Serikat	9.300.833.354	2.312.147.496	U.S. Dollar
Euro	8.868.744.947	4.943.274.993	Euro
Yen Jepang	1.040.804.650	351.508.400	Japan Yen
Dolar Singapura		96.708.768	Singapore Dollar
Jumlah	1.717.218.529.167	1.329.633.152.416	Total

Analisa umur utang usaha dihitung dari tanggal faktur adalah sebagai berikut:

The aging analysis of trade accounts payable from the date of invoice follows:

	2017	2016	
Kurang dari atau sama dengan			
1 bulan	1.508.053.689.254	1.323.920.796.670	Less than or equal to 1 month
Lebih dari 1 bulan tapi kurang			More than 1 month but less
dari 3 bulan	209.066.196.797	5.603.457.652	than 3 months
Lebih dari 3 bulan tapi kurang			More than 3 months but less
dari 6 bulan	70.539.684	97.658.349	than 6 months
Lebih dari 6 bulan tapi kurang			More than 6 months but less
dari 12 bulan	20.005.072	10.579.745	than 12 months
Lebih dari 12 bulan	8.098.360	660.000	More than 12 months
Jumlah	1.717.218.529.167	1.329.633.152.416	Total

13. Utang Lain-Lain - Pihak Ketiga

Akun ini merupakan uang muka penjualan dari pelanggan dan utang atas pembelian barangbarang teknik.

13. Other Accounts Payable - Third Parties

This account represents advances received from customers and payables for purchase of technical devices.

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14. Utang Pajak

14. Taxes Payable

	2017	2016	
Pajak final	573.884.417	304.666.250	Final tax
Pajak penghasilan			Income taxes
Pasal 15	38.618.184	49.688.335	Article 15
Pasal 21	3.429.546.446	1.245.522	Article 21
Pasal 22	66.673.653	78.205.073	Article 22
Pasal 23	1.928.631.014	1.259.613.834	Article 23
Pasal 25	21.363.191.971	-	Article 25
Pasal 26	765.517.410	260.896.587	Article 26
Pasal 29 (Catatan 30)	103.221.291.712	137.319.433.884	Article 29 (Note 30)
Pajak Pertambahan Nilai	109.040.991	20.019.138	Value Added Tax
Jumlah	131.496.395.798	139.293.768.623	Total

Besarnya pajak yang terutang ditetapkan berdasarkan perhitungan pajak yang dilakukan sendiri oleh wajib pajak (*self-assessment*). Berdasarkan Undang-undang No. 28 Tahun 2007 mengenai Perubahan Ketiga atas Ketentuan Umum dan Tata Cara Perpajakan, Kantor Pajak dapat melakukan pemeriksaan atas perhitungan pajak dalam jangka waktu 5 tahun setelah terutangnya pajak, dengan beberapa pengecualian, sebagaimana diatur dalam Undangundang tersebut.

The filed tax returns are based on the Group's own calculation of tax liabilities (self-assessment). Based on the Law No. 28 Year 2007, regarding the third amendment of the General Taxation Provisions and Procedures' the time limit for the tax authorities to assess or amend taxes was reduced to five (5) years, subject to certain exceptions, in accordance with provisions of the Law.

15. Beban Akrual

15. Accrued Expenses

	2017	2016	
Iklan dan promosi	198.204.306.313	257.869.242.701	Advertising and promotion
Prasarana	53.728.560.459	50.536.925.206	Utilities
Bunga obligasi	14.448.958.333	9.208.333.333	Interest on bonds payable
Bunga utang bank	9.248.151.440	10.500.880.487	Interest on bank loans
Bagi hasil Sukuk Mudharabah	-	2.979.166.667	Sukuk Mudharabah income sharing
Lain-lain	9.572.894.864	7.992.660.348	Others
•			
Jumlah	285.202.871.409	339.087.208.742	Total

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16. Pinjaman Bank Jangka Panjang

16. Long-term Bank Loans

2017	2016	
318.000.000.000	434.000.000.000	PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ
200.000.000.000	500.000.000.000	PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk
185.625.000.000	309.375.000.000	PT Bank ANZ Indonesia
141.000.000.000	194.250.000.000	PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia
100.000.000.000	200.000.000.000	PT Bank Central Asia Tbk
82.040.000.000	158.760.000.000	PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia
1.026.665.000.000	1.796.385.000.000	Total
		Less current portion of long-term
595.665.000.000	469.720.000.000	bank loans
(1.240.874.621)	(1.866.669.738)	Unamortized transaction costs
594.424.125.379	467.853.330.262	Net
431.000.000.000	1.326.665.000.000	Long-term portion
(758.283.616)	(1.999.158.244)	Unamortized transaction costs
430.241.716.384	1.324.665.841.756	Net
		Interest rates per annum
6,78% - 9,88%	8,04% - 9,88%	Rupiah
	318.000.000.000 200.000.000 185.625.000.000 141.000.000.000 100.000.000 82.040.000.000 1.026.665.000.000 (1.240.874.621) 594.424.125.379 431.000.000.000 (758.283.616) 430.241.716.384	318.000.000.000 200.000.000.000 185.625.000.000 141.000.000.000 100.000.000 100.000.000 100.000.0

PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ

Pada tanggal 31 Januari 2013, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman terikat jangka panjang dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 300.000.000.000. Pinjaman dibayarkan setiap semester dan akan jatuh tempo pada 31 Mei 2018.

Pada tanggal 9 Juli 2015, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman kredit mengikat dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 400.000.000.000. Pinjaman akan jatuh tempo pada 28 Juli 2020.

Sehubungan dengan pinjaman-pinjaman tersebut di atas, Perusahaan diwajibkan memenuhi batasan-batasan tertentu antara lain yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya utang, penjualan aset, reorganisasi dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

Perusahaan telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Diperoleh Perusahaan

Pada tanggal 27 November 2013, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas kredit transaksi khusus sebesar Rp 300.000.000.000 untuk membiayai peningkatan kapasitas produksi. Pinjaman ini akan jatuh tempo pada 26 November 2018.

PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ

On January 31, 2013, the Company obtained a long-term committed loan facility amounting to Rp 300,000,000,000, the credit limit. The loan is payable semi-annually up to May 31, 2018.

On July 9, 2015, the Company obtained a committed credit loan facility amounting to Rp 400,000,000,000, the credit limit. The loan is payable in full on July 28, 2020.

In relation to the above credit facilities, the Company is required to fulfill certain covenants, among others, concerning incurrence of indebtedness, sale of assets, reorganization and other matters as stated in the agreements.

The Company complied with all of the loan covenants above.

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk

Obtained by the Company

On November 27, 2013, the Company availed special transaction credit facility amounting to Rp 300,000,000,000,000, the credit limit, to finance the production capacity improvements. The loan is payable in full on November 26, 2018.

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Diperoleh PT Torabika Eka Semesta

Pada tanggal 22 Desember 2015, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas kredit transaksi khusus dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 200.000.000.000. Pinjaman ini akan jatuh tempo pada 9 Desember 2020.

Sehubungan dengan pinjaman-pinjaman tersebut di atas, Grup diwajibkan memenuhi batasan-batasan tertentu antara lain yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya utang, penjualan dan penjaminan aset, likuidasi, konsolidasi atau merger, melakukan perubahan anggaran dasar dan bidang usaha utama, dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

Grup telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

PT Bank ANZ Indonesia

Pada tanggal 12 Mei 2011, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman modal kerja dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 300.000.000.000, untuk tambahan modal kerja. Pinjaman ini dibayarkan setiap triwulan dengan masa tenggang 2 tahun. Perjanjian pinjaman ini dijamin dengan *negative pledge*.

Pada tanggal 12 Juli 2016, fasilitas pinjaman modal kerja telah diubah dimana pinjaman dibayar dengan cicilan setiap triwulan sampai dengan tanggal 12 Juli 2018.

Pada tanggal 29 Juli 2013, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman berjangka dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 300.000.000.000. Pinjaman ini dibayarkan setiap triwulan dan akan jatuh tempo pada 29 Juli 2018.

Grup diwajibkan untuk memenuhi kondisi persyaratan pinjaman, termasuk pembatasan Grup untuk melakukan konsolidasi, merger, atau akuisisi entitas anak, menjual aset selain dalam kondisi normal, dan membuat pinjaman, sementara Grup juga berkewajiban untuk mempertahankan rasio keuangan sebagai berikut:

- Rasio EBITDA terhadap biaya bunga agar sama dengan atau lebih besar dari 1,75x
- Rasio utang terhadap ekuitas agar tidak lebih dari 2x

Obtained by PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On December 22, 2015, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a special transaction credit facility amounting to Rp 200,000,000,000, the credit limit. The loan is payable in full on December 9, 2020.

In relation to the above credit facilities, the Group is required to fulfill certain covenants, among others, concerning incurrence of indebtedness, sale and collateral of assets, liquidation, consolidation or merger, make significant changes in the Articles of Association and main business and other matters as stated in the agreements.

The Group complied with all of the loan covenants above.

PT Bank ANZ Indonesia

On May 12, 2011, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a working capital loan facility amounting to Rp 300,000,000,000, the credit limit, for additional working capital. The loan is payable quarterly with 2-year grace period. The loan agreement contains a negative pledge clause.

On July 12, 2016, the working capital loan facility has been amended wherein the outstanding loan is payable in equal quarterly installments up to July 12, 2018.

On July 29, 2013, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a term-loan facility with a credit limit of Rp 300,000,000,000. The loan is payable quarterly up to July 29, 2018.

The Group is required to fulfill the conditions of the loan covenants, including limitations on the Group to conduct consolidation, merger, or acquisition of subsidiaries, sell assets other than in the normal condition, and make loans, while the Group is also obliged to maintain the following financial ratios:

- EBITDA to interest coverage equal or greater than 1.75x
- Debt to equity ratio not more than 2x

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Grup telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman dan rasio-rasio keuangan tersebut di atas

The Group has complied with all of the required loan covenants and financial ratios above.

PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia

Diperoleh Perusahaan

Pada tanggal 17 Juli 2012, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman terikat non- revolving dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 75.000.000.000. Pinjaman dibayarkan dalam 20 kali cicilan setiap triwulan dan telah dilunasi pada tanggal 26 Juli 2017.

Diperoleh PT Torabika Eka Semesta

Pada tanggal 30 Juni 2014, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman terikat *non revolving* dengan kredit sebesar Rp 225.000.000.000. Pinjaman ini dibayarkan dalam 14 kali cicilan setiap triwulan dengan 18 bulan masa tenggang dan akan jatuh tempo pada 28 Juni 2019.

Sehubungan dengan pinjaman-pinjaman tersebut di atas, Grup diwajibkan antara lain memenuhi batasan-batasan tertentu yang berhubungan dengan terjadinya utang, penjaminan aset, reorganisasi dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

Grup telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

Pada tanggal 13 Juni 2011, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman pendanaan dengan jumlah sebesar Rp 500.000.000.000. Pinjaman ini dibayarkan setiap 6 bulan dan akan jatuh tempo pada 8 Juli 2018. Pinjaman ini dijamin dengan negative pledge.

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Diperoleh Perusahaan

Pada tanggal 29 April 2011, Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas *term loan* dengan jumlah maksimum kredit sebesar Rp 350.000.000.000 untuk membiayai perluasan kapasitas pabrik. Pinjaman ini dibayar setiap triwulan dan akan jatuh tempo pada 27 April 2018. Pinjaman ini dijamin dengan *negative pledge*.

PT Bank Sumitomo Mitsui Indonesia

Obtained by the Company

On July 17, 2012, the Company obtained a non-revolving committed loan facility amounting to Rp 75,000,000,000, the credit limit. This loan is payable in 20 equal quarterly installments and the loan was fully paid on July 26, 2017.

Obtained by PT Torabika Eka Semesta

On June 30, 2014, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a non-revolving committed loan facility amounting to Rp 225,000,000,000, the credit limit. The loan has 18 months grace period and payable in 14 equal quarterly installments up to June 28, 2019.

In relation to the above credit facilities, the Group is required to fulfill certain covenants, among others, concerning incurrence of indebtedness, collateral of assets, reorganization and other matters as stated in the agreements.

The Group complied with all of the loan covenants above.

PT Bank Central Asia Tbk

On June 13, 2011, the Company obtained investing loan facility amounting to Rp 500,000,000,000, the credit limit. The loan is payable semi-annually up to July 8, 2018. The loan agreement contains a negative pledge clause.

PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia

Obtained by the Company

On April 29, 2011, the Company obtained a term loan facility amounting to Rp 350,000,000,000, the maximum credit limit, to finance the extension of the factory capacities. The loan is payable on a quarterly basis up to April 27, 2018. The loan agreement contains a negative pledge clause.

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Perusahaan diwajibkan untuk memenuhi beberapa syarat perjanjian pinjaman, diantaranya pembatasan untuk melakukan konsolidasi atau merger; mengubah struktur atau status hukum dan sifat usaha: menjual aset Perusahaan dan hal-hal lainnya yang tercantum dalam perjanjian.

Perusahaan telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

Diperoleh PT Kakao Mas Gemilang

Pada tanggal 19 Oktober 2012, PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas term loan dengan jumlah maksimum kredit sebesar Rp 140.000.000.000 untuk modal kerja. Pokok pinjaman dibayar setiap semester.

PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, entitas anak, diwajibkan untuk memenuhi beberapa syarat perjanjian pembatasan pinjaman, diantaranya melakukan konsolidasi atau merger; mengubah struktur atau status hukum; dan menjual asetasetnva.

PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, entitas anak, telah memenuhi semua persyaratan pinjaman tersebut di atas.

Pinjaman tersebut telah dibayar penuh pada 19 Oktober 2017.

Beban bunga, termasuk beban bunga tahun 2016 yang dikapitalisasi ke aset dalam penyelesaian, pinjaman bank jangka panjang di atas sebesar Rp 133.282.809.163 dan Rp 192.812.394.627, masing-masing untuk tahuntahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 (Catatan 27).

The Company is required to fulfill certain loan covenants, among others, restrict them to conduct consolidation or merger; make significant changes in the Company's structure and nature of the business; sale of assets and other matters as stated in the agreements.

The Company complied with all of the loan covenants above.

Obtained by PT Kakao Mas Gemilang

On October 19, 2012, PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, a subsidiary, obtained a loan facility amounting to Rp 140,000,000,000, the maximum credit limit, for additional working capital.

PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, a subsidiary, is required to fulfill certain loan covenants, among others, restrict them to conduct merger or consolidation; make significant changes in the company's structure and legal status; and sale of their assets.

PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, a subsidiary, complied with all of the loan covenants above.

The loan was fully paid on October 19, 2017.

Interest expense, including the interest in 2016 capitalized to construction in progress, on abovementioned long-term bank loans amounted to Rp 133,282,809,163 and Rp 192,812,394,627, for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 (Note 27).

17. Utang Obligasi

17. Bonds Payable

	2017	2016	
Obligasi Mayora Indah IV Tahun 2012 Obligasi Berkelanjutan I Mayora Indah I	750.000.000.000	750.000.000.000	Mayora Indah IV Year 2012 Bonds
Tahun 2017 Obligasi Berkelanjutan I Mayora Indah II	500.000.000.000	-	Mayora Indah I Year 2017 Bonds
Tahun 2017	550.000.000.000		Mayora Indah II Year 2017 Bonds
Jumlah Biaya emisi yang belum diamortisasi	1.800.000.000.000 (4.684.629.071)	750.000.000.000 (796.944.383)	Total Unamortized bonds issuance costs
Bersih	1.795.315.370.929	749.203.055.617	Net

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Obligasi Mayora Indah IV Tahun 2012

tanggal 9 Mei 2012, Perusahaan obligasi menerbitkan Rupiah senilai Rp 750.000.000.000 dengan suku bunga tetap sebesar 8,50% per tahun atau sama dengan Rp 63.750.000.000 per tahun yang dibayarkan secara triwulanan. Obligasi ini tidak dijamin dengan agunan khusus dan akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 9 Mei 2019. Seluruh obligasi dijual sebesar harga nominal dan tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia dengan PT Bank CIMB Niaga (Persero) Tbk sebagai wali amanat.

Obligasi Berkelanjutan I Mayora Indah Tahap I Tahun 2017

Pada tanggal 21 Februari 2017, Perusahaan menerbitkan obligasi Rupiah senilai Rp 500.000.000.000 dengan suku bunga tetap sebesar 9,25% per tahun atau sama dengan Rp 46.250.000.000 per tahun yang dibayarkan secara triwulanan. Obligasi ini tidak dijamin dengan agunan khusus dan akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 24 Februari 2022. Seluruh obligasi dijual sebesar harga nominal dan tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia dengan PT Bank Permata Tbk sebagai wali amanat.

Obligasi Berkelanjutan I Mayora Indah Tahap II Tahun 2017

Pada tanggal 21 Desember 2017, Perusahaan menerbitkan obligasi Rupiah senilai Rp 550.000.000.000 dengan suku bunga tetap sebesar 8,25% per tahun atau sama dengan Rp 45.375.000.000 per tahun yang dibayarkan secara triwulanan. Obligasi ini tidak dijamin dengan agunan khusus dan akan jatuh tempo pada tanggal 21 Desember 2022. Seluruh obligasi dijual sebesar harga nominal dan tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia dengan PT Bank Permata Tbk sebagai wali amanat.

Beban bunga, termasuk atas obligasi tersebut di atas sebesar Rp 104.511.638.690 dan Rp 64.091.547.592 untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 (Catatan 27).

Berdasarkan pemeringkatan yang diterbitkan oleh PT Pefindo tanggal 7 November 2017 peringkat Obligasi ini adalah idAA.

Mayora Indah IV Year 2012 Bonds

On May 9, 2012, the Company issued Rupiah bonds amounting to Rp 750,000,000,000 with fixed interest rate at 8.50% per annum or equivalent to Rp 63,750,000,000 and payable quarterly. These bonds are unsecured and will mature on May 9, 2019. All of the bonds were sold at nominal value and were listed at Indonesia Stock Exchange with PT Bank CIMB Niaga (Persero) Tbk as the trustee.

Mayora Indah I Year 2017 Bonds

On February 21, 2017, the Company issued Rupiah bonds amounting to Rp 500,000,000,000 with fixed interest rate at 9.25% per annum or equivalent to Rp 46,250,000,000 and payable quarterly. These bonds are unsecured and will mature on February 24, 2022. All of the bonds were sold at nominal value and were listed at Indonesia Stock Exchange with PT Bank Permata Tbk as the trustee.

Mayora Indah II Year 2017 Bonds

On December 21, 2017, the Company issued Rupiah bonds amounting to Rp 550,000,000,000 with fixed interest rate at 8.25% per annum or equivalent to Rp 45,375,000,000 and payable quarterly. These bonds are unsecured and will mature on December 21, 2022. All of the bonds were sold at nominal value and were listed at Indonesia Stock Exchange with PT Bank Permata Tbk as the trustee.

Interest expense, on abovementioned bonds payable amounted to Rp 104,511,638,690 and Rp 64,091,547,592 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 (Note 27).

The bonds are rated _{id}AA based on the rating issued by PT Pefindo on November 7, 2017.

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18. Sukuk Mudharabah

Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Tahun 2012

tanggal 9 Mei 2012, Perusahaan menerbitkan Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Tahun 2012 senilai Rp 250.000.000.000. Sukuk ini diterbitkan tanpa warkat dan dijamin dengan kesanggupan penuh (full commitment) yang mewajibkan Perusahaan untuk membayar kepada Pemegang Sukuk Mudharabah Bagi Hasil sebesar sejumlah Pendapatan Rp 20.625.000.000 per tahun yang dibayar secara triwulanan. Seluruh Sukuk dijual dengan harga sebesar nilai nominal dan tercatat di Bursa Efek Indonesia dengan PT Bank CIMB Niaga (Persero) Tbk sebagai wali amanat.

Pendapatan bagi hasil kepada pemegang Sukuk Mudharabah sebesar Rp 7.393.536.955 dan Rp 20.805.610.860 untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016

Beban tangguhan sebesar Rp 60.204.831 pada tanggal 31 Desember 2016 merupakan beban penerbitan Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Tahun 2012 yang belum diamortisasi.

Sukuk ini telah dilunasi seluruhnya pada saat jatuh tempo pada tanggal 8 Mei 2017.

19. Pengukuran Nilai Wajar

Tabel berikut menyajikan pengukuran nilai wajar aset dan liabilitas tertentu Grup:

18. Sukuk Mudharabah

Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Year 2012

On May 9, 2012, the Company issued Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Year 2012 amounting to Rp 250,000,000,000. These Sukuk were issued scripless and the Company has committed to pay to Sukuk Mudharabah's holders an amount of Income Sharing of Rp 20,625,000,000 per annum payable quarterly. All of the Sukuk were sold at nominal value and were listed at Indonesia Stock Exchange with PT Bank CIMB Niaga (Persero) Tbk as the trustee.

Income sharing to sukuk-holders amounted to Rp 7,393,536,955 and Rp 20,805,610,860 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Deferred charges as of December 31, 2016 amounting to Rp 60,204,831 pertains to the unamortized issuance cost of Sukuk Mudharabah II Mayora Indah Year 2012.

These Sukuk was fully paid on May 8, 2017.

19. Fair Value Measurement

The following table provides the fair value measurement of the Group's certain assets and liabilities:

	2017				
	Pengukuran nilai wajar menggunakan:/				
		Fa	air value measurement usin	g:	
	Nilai Tercatat/ Carrying Values	Harga kuotasian dalam pasar aktif (Level 1)/ Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Input signifikan yang dapat di observasi (Level 2)/ Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Input signifikan yang tidak dapat diobservasi (Level 3)/ Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Aset yang nilai wajarnya disajikan: Aset tetap yang dicatat pada biaya perolehan: Tanah, bangunan dan prasarana					Assets for which fair values are disclosed: Property,plant and equipment carried at cost:
(Catatan 9) Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang:	1.331.728.908.196	-	-	1.922.613.314.000	Land, buildings and improvements (Note 9) Loans and receivables:
Uang jaminan	22.371.334.658	-	-	22.371.334.658	Guarantee deposits
Liabilitas yang nilai wajarnya disajikan: Pinjaman dan utang dengan bunga: Pinjaman bank jangka panjang					Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed: Interest-bearing loans and borrowings:
(bagian jangka pendek dan bagian jangka panjang) (Catatan 16) Utang obligasi (Catatan 17)	1.024.665.841.763 1.795.315.370.929	1.835.422.084.500	1.024.665.841.763	-	Bank loans (include current and noncurrent portion) (Note 16) Bonds payable (Note 17)

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	2016				
			ıkuran nilai wajar menggun		
		Fa	air value measurement usin		
		Harga kuotasian dalam pasar aktif (Level 1)/ Quoted prices	Input signifikan yang dapat di observasi (Level 2)/ Significant	Input signifikan yang tidak dapat diobservasi (Level 3)/ Significant unobservable	
	Nilai Tercatat/ Carrying Values	in active markets (Level 1)	observable inputs (Level 2)	inputs (Level 3)	
Aset yang nilai wajarnya disajikan: Aset tetap yang dicatat pada biaya perolehan: Tanah, bangunan dan prasarana					Assets for which fair values are disclosed: Property,plant and equipment carried at cost:
(Catatan 9) Pinjaman yang diberikan dan piutang:	1.259.783.326.986	-	-	1.673.189.786.000	Land, buildings and improvements (Note 9) Loans and receivables:
Uang jaminan	15.510.908.574	-	-	15.510.908.574	Guarantee deposits
Liabilitas yang nilai wajarnya disajikan: Pinjaman dan utang dengan bunga: Pinjaman bank jangka panjang					Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed: Interest-bearing loans and borrowings:
(bagian jangka pendek dan bagian jangka panjang) (Catatan 16) Utang obligasi (Catatan 17)	1.792.519.172.018 749.203.055.617	- 749.662.740.000	1.792.519.172.018	-	Bank loans (include current and noncurrent portion) (Note 16) Bonds payable (Note 17)

Nilai wajar instrumen keuangan yang diperdagangkan di pasar aktif adalah berdasarkan kuotasi harga pasar pada tanggal pelaporan. Pasar dianggap aktif apabila kuotasi harga tersedia sewaktu-waktu dan dapat diperoleh secara rutin dari bursa, pedagang efek atau perantara efek, badan penyedia jasa penentuan harga kelompok industri atau badan pengatur, dan harga tersebut mencerminkan transaksi pasar yang aktual dan rutin dalam suatu transaksi yang wajar. Instrumen keuangan ini termasuk dalam hirarki Level 1.

Nilai wajar instrumen keuangan yang tidak diperdagangkan di pasar aktif ditentukan menggunakan teknik penilaian. Teknik penilaian ini memaksimalkan penggunaan data pasar yang dapat diobservasi yang tersedia dan sesedikit mungkin mengandalkan estimasi spesifik yang dibuat oleh entitas. Jika seluruh input signifikan yang dibutuhkan untuk menentukan nilai wajar dapat diobservasi, maka instrumen tersebut termasuk dalam hirarki Level 2. Nilai wajar utang bank diestimasi berdasarkan arus kas yang didiskontokan dengan suku bunga pasar yang dapat diobservasi.

Analisa arus kas diskonto digunakan untuk menentukan nilai wajar instrumen keuangan Level 3.

Pengukuran nilai wajar berulang aset non keuangan termasuk dalam hirarki Level 3. Nilai wajar dari tanah, bangunan dan prasarana bangunan didasarkan pada nilai jual objek pajak yang digunakan untuk menghitung pajak tanah dan bangunan (PBB).

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer or broker, industry group pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transaction on an arm's length basis. The financial statements included in the hierarchy Level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity's specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. The fair value of bank loans is estimated based on discounted cash flows using observable market interest rate.

Discounted cash flow analysis are used to determine fair value of the financial instruments in Level 3.

The fair value measurement for recurring nonfinancial assets falls within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The fair value of land, buildings and improvements are based on the sale value of the tax object used to calculate its land and building tax (PBB).

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20. Modal Saham

Susunan pemegang saham Perusahaan sesuai dengan Registrasi Biro Administrasi Efek Perusahaan dan PT Kustodian Sentral Efek Indonesia tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 adalah sebagai berikut:

20. Capital Stock

The composition of stockholders which is in accordance with the Share Registration Bureau (Registrasi Biro Administrasi Efek Perusahaan) and PT Kustodian Sentral Efek Indonesia as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 follows:

		2017 dan/and 201	6	
	Jumlah	Persentase	Jumlah Modal	
	Saham/	Kepemilikan/	Disetor/	
	Number of	Percentage of	Total Paid-up	
Nama Pemegang Saham	Shares	Ownership	Capital	Name of Stockholders
PT Unita Branindo	7.363.121.900	32,93	147.262.438.000	PT Unita Branindo
PT Mayora Dhana Utama	5.844.349.525	26,14	116.886.990.500	PT Mayora Dhana Utama
Jogi Hendra Atmadja	5.638.834.400	25,22	112.776.688.000	Jogi Hendra Atmadja
Masyarakat lainnya (masing-masing				
dibawah 5%)	3.512.393.900	15,71	70.247.878.000	Public (below 5% each)
Jumlah	22.358.699.725	100,00	447.173.994.500	Total

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Luar Biasa tanggal 6 Juni 2016, para pemegang saham menyetujui untuk melakukan pemecahan nilai nominal atas saham Perusahaan dengan nilai nominal Rp 500 (dalam Rupiah penuh) per saham menjadi Rp 20 (dalam Rupiah penuh) per saham. Setelah pemecahan saham modal dasar Perusahaan adalah sebesar Rp 1.500.000.000.000 yang terdiri dari 75.000.000.000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp 20 per saham, dari sebelumnya 3.000.000.000 saham dengan nilai nominal Rp 500 per saham. Perubahan ini diaktakan dengan Akta No. 4 tanggal 19 Juli 2016 dari Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., notaris di Tangerang dan telah mendapat persetujuan dari Menteri Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Republik Indonesia dengan Surat AHU-AH.01.03-0065751 No. Keputusannya tanggal 21 Juli 2016.

Based on the Extraordinary General Stockholders Meeting held on June 6, 2016, the stockholders agreed to split the nominal value of Company's shares from par value of Rp 500 (in full Rupiah) per share to Rp 20 (in full Rupiah) per share. As a result of the stock split, the authorized capital amounting to Rp 1,500,000,000,000 now consists of 75,000,000,000 shares with a nominal value of Rp 20 per share, from previous 3,000,000,000 shares with a nominal value of Rp 500 per share. This change was documented in Notarial Deed No. 4 dated July 19, 2016 of Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., a public notary in Tangerang, and was approved by the Ministry of Law and Human Rights of the Republic of Indonesia in its Decision Letter No. AHU-AH.01.03-0065751 July 21, 2016.

Manajemen Permodalan

Tujuan utama dari manajemen permodalan Perusahaan adalah untuk mengelola rasio permodalan Grup tetap sehat dalam rangka mendukung usaha bisnis dan memaksimalkan nilai pemegang saham. Grup tidak diharuskan memenuhi persyaratan modal apapun.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that they maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize stockholders value. The Group is not required to meet any capital requirements.

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Grup mengelola struktur modal dan membuat penyesuaian terhadap struktur modal sehubungan dengan perubahan kondisi ekonomi. Grup memantau modalnya dengan menggunakan analisa *gearing ratio* (rasio utang terhadap modal), yakni membagi utang bersih terhadap jumlah modal. Kebijakan Grup adalah untuk meniaga *gearing ratio* dalam kisaran yang setara dengan perusahaan lain dengan industri serupa di Indonesia. Utang bersih dihitung sebagai jumlah pinjaman (termasuk pinjaman "jangka pendek dan jangka panjang" seperti yang tercantum dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian) dikurangi dengan kas dan setara kas. Jumlah modal merupakan "jumlah ekuitas" sebagaimana diungkapkan dalam laporan posisi keuangan konsolidasian.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. The Group monitors its capital using gearing ratios, by dividing net debt with the total equity. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio within the range of gearing ratios of the other companies with similar industry in Indonesia. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including "current and noncurrent borrowings" as shown in the consolidated statements of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital represents the "total equity" as shown in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Rasio utang bersih terhadap ekuitas pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 adalah sebagai berikut:

Ratio of net debt to equity as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 follows:

	2017	2016	
Jumlah utang	4.453.981.212.692	4.075.722.227.635	Total borrowings
Dikurangi: kas dan setara kas	2.201.859.470.155	1.543.129.244.709	Less: cash and cash equivalents
Utang bersih	2.252.121.742.537	2.532.592.982.926	Net debt
Jumlah ekuitas	7.354.346.366.072	6.265.255.987.065	Total equity
Rasio pinjaman dan utang bersih terhadap ekuitas	30,62%	40,42%	Net debt to equity ratio

21. Dividen Tunai dan Pencadangan Saldo Laba

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan yang tercantum dalam Akta No. 8 tanggal 14 Juni 2017, dari Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., notaris di Tangerang, para pemegang saham telah menyetujui untuk membagikan dividen tunai sebesar Rp 469.532.694.225 atau Rp 21 per saham serta membentuk dana cadangan sebesar Rp 2.000.000.000 dari keuntungan bersih tahun buku 2016.

Berdasarkan Rapat Umum Pemegang Saham Tahunan yang tercantum dalam Akta No. 25 tanggal 28 Juni 2016, dari Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., notaris di Tangerang, para pemegang saham telah menyetujui untuk membagikan dividen tunai sebesar Rp 268.304.396.700 atau Rp 300 per saham serta membentuk dana cadangan sebesar Rp 2.000.000.000 dari keuntungan bersih tahun buku 2015.

21. Cash Dividends and Appropriation For General Reserve

Based on the Annual General Stockholders' Meeting as stated in Notarial Deed No. 8 dated June 14, 2017 of Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., a public notary in Tangerang, the stockholders approved the distribution of cash dividends amounting to Rp 469,532,694,225 or Rp 21 per share and appropriation of Rp 2,000,000,000 of its profit in 2016 for general reserve.

Based on the Annual General Stockholders' Meeting as stated in Notarial Deed No. 25 dated June 28, 2016 of Periasman Effendi, S.H., M.H., a public notary in Tangerang, the stockholders approved the distribution of cash dividends amounting to Rp 268,304,396,700 or Rp 300 per share and appropriation of Rp 2,000,000,000 of its profit in 2015 for general reserve.

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22. Kepentingan Nonpengendali

22. Non-Controlling Interests

	2017	2016	
Ekuitas yang dapat diatribusikan kepada kepentingan nonpengendali TES KMG	158.521.047.868 9.755.742.009	134.691.825.040 9.074.127.799	Non-controlling interests in net assets of subsidiaries TES KMG
Jumlah	168.276.789.877	143.765.952.839	Total
	2017	2016	
Penghasilan komprehensif yang dapat diatribusikan kepada kepentingan nonpengendali TES	35.346.572.828	32.424.814.526	Non-controlling interests in comprehensive income of subsidiaries TES
KMG	681.614.210	948.286.197	KMG
Jumlah	36.028.187.038	33.373.100.723	Total

Pada tahun 2017 dan 2016, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, telah membagikan dividen tunai yang menjadi bagian kepentingan non-pengendali masing-masing sebesar Rp 11.517.350.000 dan Rp 6.616.350.000.

In 2017 and 2016, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, declared and paid cash dividends to non-controlling interests amounting to Rp 11,517,350,000 and Rp 6,616,350,000, respectively.

23. Penjualan Bersih

23. Net Sales

	2017	2016	
Lokal	11.320.832.268.110	10.134.412.531.950	Local
Ekspor	9.501.470.803.880	8.235.702.219.300	Export
Retur	(5.629.125.517)	(20.154.852.892)	Sales returns
Jumlah	20.816.673.946.473	18.349.959.898.358	Net

Penjualan bersih dilakukan dengan pihak berelasi 79,92% dan 53,89% dari penjualan bersih masing-masing untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 (Catatan 32).

Sales to related parties represent 79.92% and 53.89% of net sales for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively (Note 32).

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24. Beban Pokok Penjualan

24. Cost of Goods Sold

	2017	2016	
Bahan baku dan pembungkus			
yang digunakan	12.214.560.325.662	10.935.414.476.503	Raw and packing materials used
Tenaga kerja langsung	1.042.060.864.342	950.891.663.508	Direct labor
Biaya produksi tidak langsung	2.175.452.774.455	2.078.198.543.483	Factory overhead
Jumlah Biaya Produksi Persediaan barang dalam proses	15.432.073.964.459	13.964.504.683.494	Total Manufacturing Costs Work in process
Awal tahun	746.341.540.285	293.010.131.373	At beginning of year
Akhir tahun (Catatan 6)	(359.551.277.420)	(746.341.540.285)	At end of year (Note 6)
Beban Pokok Produksi Persediaan barang jadi	15.818.864.227.324	13.511.173.274.582	Cost of Goods Manufactured Finished goods
Awal tahun	303.397.727.041	241.761.894.905	At beginning of year
Akhir tahun (Catatan 6)	(280.642.763.288)	(303.397.727.041)	At end of year (Note 6)
Beban Pokok Penjualan	15.841.619.191.077	13.449.537.442.446	Cost of Goods Sold

Tidak terdapat pembelian kepada satu pihak yang melebihi 10% dari jumlah penjualan bersih untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016.

There were no purchases from any party which exceeded 10% of total net sales for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

25. Beban Usaha

25. Operating Expenses

Rincian dari beban usaha adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of operating expenses are as follows:

a. Beban penjualan

a. Selling Expenses

	2017	2016	
Iklan dan promosi	1.419.754.875.248	1.680.155.238.077	Advertising and promotions
Pengiriman	289.416.200.846	222.207.470.325	Freight out
Gaji	106.927.561.661	85.134.535.147	Salaries
Survei dan penelitian	25.931.380.754	34.691.724.599	Survey and research
Barang cetakan dan alat tulis	21.970.779.335	17.091.129.385	Printing and stationery
Perjalanan dinas	17.942.638.516	17.693.201.826	Travel
Sewa	11.618.498.611	7.270.188.214	Rental
Pajak dan perijinan	4.498.263.820	1.992.076.088	Taxes and licenses
Sumbangan dan hiburan	4.195.518.768	2.511.633.287	Donation and entertainment
Asuransi	3.786.846.700	2.771.168.207	Insurance
Jasa professional	2.479.756.146	2.044.824.327	Professional fee
Perbaikan dan pemeliharaan	488.903.726	479.520.097	Repairs and maintenance
Lain-lain	476.054.760	3.971.082.078	Others
Jumlah	1.909.487.278.891	2.078.013.791.657	Total

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b. Beban umum dan administrasi

b. General and Administrative Expenses

	2017	2016	
Gaji	212.992.655.849	181.706.399.356	Salaries
Imbalan kerja jangka panjang (Catatan 29)	119.015.683.339	116.866.240.385	Long-term employee benefits (Note29)
Sewa	93.212.897.396	79.151.266.293	Rental
Pajak dan perijinan	56.268.215.882	27.971.377.307	Taxes and licenses
Penyusutan dan amortisasi (Catatan 9)	36.909.990.968	27.279.631.752	Depreciation and amortization (Note 9)
Perjalanan dinas	19.565.576.697	17.650.184.379	Travel
Asuransi	15.661.612.261	12.773.438.921	Insurance
Sumbangan dan representasi	12.581.347.415	8.710.096.568	Donation and representation
Jasa profesional	8.577.181.253	9.631.170.654	Professional fees
Pemeliharaan	8.457.987.932	6.763.380.899	Maintenance
Barang cetakan dan alat tulis	4.889.927.353	2.649.328.355	Printing and stationery
Laboratorium	4.736.919.114	6.020.088.805	Laboratory
Rekrutmen	4.675.884.759	3.346.493.950	Recruitment
Rapat dan publikasi	1.266.363.896	1.362.271.515	Meetings and publication
Telepon dan faksimili	923.373.257	987.591.458	Telephone and facsimile
Listrik, air dan gas	518.528.846	962.988.684	Electricity, water and gas
Pajak final	346.244.800	463.657.600	Final taxes
Penambahan cadangan kerugian			
penurunan nilai (Catatan 5)	74.196.702	232.841.688	Provisions for impairment (Note 5)
Lain-lain	4.333.500.736	2.637.972.819	Others
Jumlah	605.008.088.455	507.166.421.388	Total

26. Penghasilan Bunga

26. Interest Income

	2017	2016	
Deposito berjangka Jasa giro	27.313.458.243 9.179.250.533	9.374.970.545 5.512.791.701	Time deposits Current accounts
Jumlah	36.492.708.776	14.887.762.246	Total

Pendapatan bunga dari PT Bank Mayora, pihak berelasi, untuk tahun-tahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 masing-masing sebesar 35,95% dan 45,87% dari jumlah pendapatan bunga deposito berjangka dan jasa giro (Catatan 32).

Interest income on current accounts and time deposits placed in PT Bank Mayora, a related party, represents 35.95% and 45.87% of the total interest income for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively (Note 32).

27. Beban Bunga

27. Interest Expense

	2017	2016	
Beban bunga dari: Utang bank jangka pendek (Catatan 11) Pinjaman bank jangka panjang (Catatan 16) Utang obligasi (Catatan 17)	149.127.719.164 133.282.809.163 104.511.638.690	108.737.604.121 183.884.925.750 64.091.547.592	Interest expense on: Short-term bank loans (Note 11) Long-term bank loans (Note 16) Bonds payable (Note 17)
Jumlah	386.922.167.017	356.714.077.463	Total

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28. Penghasilan (Beban) Lain-lain

28. Other Income (Expenses)

	2017	2016	
Pendapatan sewa	3.462.448.000	4.636.576.000	Rental income
Klaim asuransi	-	3.282.505.490	Insurance claims
Pemulihan dari cadangan kerugian			
penerunan nilai (Catatan 5)	24.436.657	2.203.673.031	Recoveries from impairment (Note 5)
Biaya administrasi bank	(2.904.028.685)	(4.601.819.017)	Bank administrative charges
Lain-lain	(10.862.276.191)	9.486.298.207	Others
	·		
Jumlah	(10.279.420.219)	15.007.233.711	Total

29. Liabilitas Imbalan Kerja Jangka Panjang

Besarnya imbalan pasca-kerja dihitung berdasarkan peraturan yang berlaku, yakni Undang-undang No. 13 Tahun 2003 tanggal 25 Maret 2003. Tidak terdapat pendanaan khusus yang dibentuk atas imbalan kerja jangka panjang tersebut.

Perhitungan aktuaria terakhir atas liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang tersebut dilakukan oleh PT Padma Radya Aktuaria, aktuaris independen, tertanggal 23 Februari 2018.

Jumlah karyawan yang berhak masing-masing sebanyak 6.350 dan 5.929 karyawan untuk tahuntahun yang berakhir 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016.

Jumlah-jumlah yang diakui dalam laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian sehubungan dengan imbalan pasti adalah sebagai berikut:

29. Long-term Employee Benefits Liability

The amount of post-employment benefits is determined based on Law No. 13 Year 2003, dated March 25, 2003. No funding benefits made to date

The latest actuarial valuation upon the long-term employees benefits liability was from PT Padma Radya Aktuaria, an independent actuary, dated February 23, 2018.

Number of eligible employees is 6,350 and 5,929 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in respect of this benefits plan are as follows:

	2017	2016	
Biaya jasa kini Biaya bunga neto	72.036.608.869 46.979.074.470	76.791.317.705 40.074.922.680	Current service cost Net interest expense
Komponen biaya imbalan pasti yang diakui di laba rugi (Catatan 25b)	119.015.683.339	116.866.240.385	Components of defined-benefits cost recognized in profit or loss (Note 25b)
Pengukuran kembali liabilitas imbalan pasti: Kerugian aktuarial			Remeasurement on the defined-benefits liability:
yang timbul dari:	74 000 500 005	05 044 450 004	Actuarial losses arising from:
Perubahan asumsi aktuarial Penyesuaian	74.290.533.235 2.026.112.458	35.014.150.964 25.675.213.330	Changes in actuarial assumptions Adjustments
Komponen biaya imbalan pasti yang diakui di rugi komprehensif lain	76.316.645.693	60.689.364.294	Components of defined-benefits cost recognized in other comprehensive loss
Jumlah	195.332.329.032	177.555.604.679	Total

Pengukuran kembali atas liabilitas imbalan pasti diakui dalam rugi komprehensif lain.

The remeasurement of the net defined-benefits liability is included in other comprehensive loss.

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Mutasi nilai kini kewajiban imbalan pasti adalah sebagai berikut:

Movements of present value of defined-benefits obligation are as follows:

	2017	2016	
Saldo awal tahun	673.294.099.237	511.097.851.338	Balance at the beginning of the year
Biava iasa kini	72.036.608.869	76.791.317.705	Current service cost
Biaya bunga neto	46.979.074.470	40.074.922.680	Net interest expense
Kerugian pengukuran kembali			Remeasurement losses
Kerugian aktuarial			
yang timbul dari:			Actuarial losses arising from:
Perubahan asumsi aktuarial	74.290.533.235	35.014.150.964	Changes in actuarial assumptions
Penyesuaian	2.026.112.458	25.675.213.330	Adjustments
Pembayaran imbalan	(27.492.104.921)	(15.359.356.780)	Benefits paid
Saldo akhir tahun	841.134.323.348	673.294.099.237	Balance at the end of the year

Asumsi-asumsi aktuarial utama yang digunakan dalam perhitungan liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang:

The principal actuarial assumptions used in valuation of the long-term employee benefits liability are as follows:

	2017	2016	
Tingkat diskonto	7.00%	8.25%	Discount rate
Kenaikan gaji	9,00%	9,00%	Salary increase
Tingkat kematian	TMI 3 2011	TMI 3 2011	Mortality rate
Tingkat pengunduran diri per tahun	5.00% per tahun/year	5.00% per tahun/year	Resignation rate per annum

Analisa sensitivitas dari perubahan asumsi-asumsi utama terhadap liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang adalah sebagai berikut:

The sensitivities of the overall long-term employee benefits liability to changes in the weighted principal assumptions are as follows:

. , ,		•			
		2017			
	Dampak terha <i>Impact o</i> Kenaik				
	Perubahan asumsi/	Kenaikan asumsi/	Penurunan asumsi/		
	Change in Assumptions	Increase in Assumptions	Decrease in Assumptions		
Tingkat diskonto	1%	(60.270.983.949)	69.270.945.951	Discount rate	
Tingkat pertumbuhan gaji	1%	74.257.111.121	(65.383.717.789)	Salary growth rate	
	2016 Dampak terhadap liabilitas imbalan kerja jangka panjang/ Impact on Long-term employee benefits liability Kenaikan (penurunan)/ Increase (decrease)				
	Perubahan asumsi/	Kenaikan asumsi/	Penurunan asumsi/		
	Change in Assumptions	Increase in Assumptions	Decrease in Assumptions		
Tingkat diskonto	1%	(45.638.456.776)	52.078.245.341	Discount rate	
Tingkat pertumbuhan gaji	1%	56.708.404.173	(50.135.798.091)	Salary growth rate	

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30. Pajak Penghasilan

30. Income Tax

Beban pajak bersih Grup terdiri dari:

The net tax expense of the Group consists of the following:

	2017	2016	
Pajak kini			Current tax
Perusahaan	245.692.278.250	190.572.406.500	The Company
Entitas anak	330.035.500.250	284.710.701.750	The Subsidiaries
Jumlah	575.727.778.500	475.283.108.250	Subtotal
Pajak tangguhan	(19.797.005.919)	(18.275.966.677)	Deferred tax
Jumlah	555.930.772.581	457.007.141.573	Total

Pajak Kini Current Tax

Rekonsiliasi antara laba sebelum pajak menurut laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian dengan laba kena pajak adalah sebagai berikut:

A reconciliation between profit before tax per consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and taxable income follows:

	2017	2016	
Laba sebelum pajak menurut laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian Laba sebelum pajak entitas anak	2.186.884.603.474 1.281.337.013.770	1.845.683.269.238 1.156.141.065.192	Profit before tax per consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income Profit before tax of the subsidiaries
Laba sebelum pajak Perusahaan	905.547.589.704	689.542.204.046	Profit before tax of the Company
Perbedaan temporer: Imbalan kerja jangka panjang Diskon yang belum diamortisasi Perbedaan amortisasi biaya emisi komersial dan fiskal Cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai piutang Biaya transaksi Perbedaan penyusutan komersial dan fiskal	73.542.370.733 12.677.938.316 843.596.995 74.196.701 (667.495.159) (16.941.446.196)	82.497.484.688 2.895.003.044 522.158.448 - 411.022.408 (11.344.646.741)	Temporary differences: Long-term employee benefits Unamortized discount Difference between tax and commercial issuance cost amortization Allowance for impairment Transaction costs Difference between tax and commercial depreciation
Jumlah	69.529.161.390	74.981.021.847	Total
Perbedaan tetap Penghasilan bunga yang sudah dikenakan pajak final Sumbangan Kenikmatan karyawan Lain-lain	(20.297.656.277) 18.833.532.999 4.881.499.997 4.274.985.720	(6.118.228.323) 8.840.536.664 2.521.899.415 (7.477.807.141)	Permanent differences: Interest income already subjected to final tax Donations Employee benefits Others
Jumlah	7.692.362.439	(2.233.599.385)	Total
Laba kena pajak Perusahaan	982.769.113.533	762.289.626.508	Taxable income

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Perhitungan beban pajak kini dan utang pajak kini adalah sebagai berikut:

The current tax expense and payable are computed as follows:

	2017	2016	
Beban pajak kini Perusahaan Entitas anak	245.692.278.250	190.572.406.500	Current tax expense Company Subsidiaries
PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang	323.196.197.000 6.839.303.250	278.574.018.250 6.136.683.500	PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang
Jumlah beban pajak kini	575.727.778.500	475.283.108.250	Total current tax expense
Dikurangi pembayaran pajak di muka Perusahaan Entitas anak	187.307.923.304	145.847.485.424	Less prepaid taxes Company Subsidiaries
PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang	278.524.392.872 6.674.170.612	185.979.505.442 6.477.547.436	PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang
Jumlah	472.506.486.788	338.304.538.302	Total
Utang pajak kini - bersih	103.221.291.712	136.978.569.948	Current tax payable - net
Rincian utang pajak kini (pajak lebih bayar) (Catatan 8 dan 14)			Details of current tax payable (prepayment) (Notes 8 and 14)
Perusahaan Entitas anak	58.384.354.946	44.724.921.076	Company Subsidiaries
PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang	44.671.804.128 165.132.638	92.594.512.808 (340.863.936)	PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang
Jumlah	103.221.291.712	136.978.569.948	Total

Pajak Tangguhan

Deferred Tax

Perhitungan aset dan liabilitas pajak tangguhan Grup adalah sebagai berikut:

The details of the Group's deferred tax assets and liabilities follows:

		Dikreditkan (Dibebankan ke)/	Credited (Charged to) Penghasilan		
2017	1 Januari 2017/ January 1, 2017	Laba rugi/ Profit or loss	komprehensif lain/ Other comprehensive income	31 Desember 2017/ December 31, 2017	
Aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan: Imbalan kerja jangka panjang Diskon yang belum diamortisasi Cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai Penyusutan aset tetap Biaya transaksi Biaya emisi obligasi Aset pajak tangguhan Perusahaan	138.774.584.854 4.799.407.837 4.711.518 (97.256.127.483) (643.093.536) (509.236.096) 45.170.247.094	18.385.592.683 3.169.484.579 18.549.176 (4.235.361.549) (166.873.790) 210.899.249 17.382.290.348	15.226.077.442 - - - - - 15.226.077.442	172.386.254.979 7.968.892.416 23.260.694 (101.491.489.032) (809.967.326) (298.336.847) 77.778.614.884	Deferred tax assets (liabilities): Long-term employee benefits Unamortized discount Allowance for impairment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Transaction costs Bonds issuance cost Deferred tax assets of the Company
Aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan entitas anak: PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang Jumlah Aset pajak tangguhan Liabilitas pajak tangguhan	(25.951.556.462) 3.167.609.299 22.386.299.931 48.337.856.393 (25.951.556.462)	1.337.464.109 1.077.251.462 19.797.005.919	3.430.391.791 422.692.190 19.079.161.423	(21.183.700.562) 4.667.552.951 61.262.467.273 82.446.167.835 (21.183.700.562)	Deferred tax assets (liabilities) of the subsidiaries: PT Torabika Eka Semesta PT Kakao Mas Gemilang Total Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities

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	-	Dikreditkan (Dibebankan ke)/	Credited (Charged to) Penghasilan		
			komprehensif lain/		
	1 Januari 2016/	Laba rugi/	Other comprehensive	31 Desember 2016/	
2016	January 1, 2016	Profit or loss	income	December 31, 2016	
Aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan:					Deferred tax assets (liabilities):
Imbalan kerja jangka panjang	84.536.876.348	40.863.631.289	13.374.077.217	138.774.584.854	Long-term employee benefits
Diskon yang belum diamortisasi	3.261.978.779	1.537.429.058	-	4.799.407.837	Unamortized discount
Cadangan kerugian penurunan nilai	444.503.820	(439.792.302)	-	4.711.518	Allowance for impairment
					Depreciation of property,
Penyusutan aset tetap	(75.535.972.638)	(21.720.154.845)	-	(97.256.127.483)	plant and equipment
Biaya transaksi	(844.679.309)	201.585.773	-	(643.093.536)	Transaction costs
Biaya emisi obligasi	(227.698.395)	(281.537.701)		(509.236.096)	Bonds issuance cost
					Deferred tax assets
Aset pajak tangguhan Perusahaan	11.635.008.605	20.161.161.272	13.374.077.217	45.170.247.094	of the Company
Aset (liabilitas) pajak tangguhan entitas anak:					Deferred tax assets (liabilities) of the subsidiaries:
PT Torabika Eka Semesta	(25.112.982.360)	(3.115.161.396)	2.276.587.294	(25.951.556.462)	PT Torabika Eka Semesta
PT Kakao Mas Gemilang	1.521.006.964	1.229.966.801	416.635.534	3.167.609.299	PT Kakao Mas Gemilang
Jumlah	(11.956.966.791)	18.275.966.677	16.067.300.045	22.386.299.931	Total
Aset pajak tangguhan	13.156.015.569			48.337.856.393	Deferred tax assets
Liabilitas pajak tangguhan	(25.112.982.360)			(25.951.556.462)	Deferred tax liabilities

Rekonsiliasi antara jumlah beban pajak dan jumlah yang dihitung dengan menggunakan tarif pajak maksimum terhadap laba sebelum pajak menurut laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian adalah sebagai berikut:

A reconciliation between the total tax expense and the amounts computed by applying the effective tax rates to profit before tax per consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income follows:

	2017	2016	
Laba sebelum pajak menurut laporan laba rugi dan penghasilan komprehensif lain konsolidasian (laba akuntansi)	2.186.884.603.474	1.845.683.269.238	Profit before tax per consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
Laba sebelum pajak entitas anak	1.281.337.013.770	1.156.141.065.192	Profit before tax of the subsidiaries
Laba sebelum pajak Perusahaan	905.547.589.704	689.542.204.046	Profit before tax of the Company
Pajak dengan tarif yang berlaku Pengaruh pajak atas perbedaan yang tidak	226.386.897.426	172.385.551.000	Tax expense at effective tax rate
dapat diperhitungkan menurut fiskal Penyesuaian pajak tangguhan	1.923.090.476	(558.399.846) (1.415.905.926)	Tax effect of permanent difference Adjustment to deferred taxes
Beban pajak Perusahaan Beban pajak entitas anak	228.309.987.902 327.620.784.679	170.411.245.228 286.595.896.345	Tax expense of the Company Tax expense of the subsidiaries
Beban pajak	555.930.772.581	457.007.141.573	Tax expense

Pemeriksaan Pajak

Perusahaan memiliki beberapa surat ketetapan pajak dan surat tagihan pajak berkaitan dengan pajak penghasilan untuk tahun fiskal 2011, pajak pertambahan nilai (PPN) untuk bulan Desember 2011 dan Juli 2014. Perusahaan telah melakukan pembayaran sebesar Rp 334.900.538.578 dan Rp 20.024.804.890 berdasarkan surat keputusan yang diterima dari pengadilan pajak untuk kurang bayar atas pajak penghasilan tahun fiskal tahun 2011 dan PPN Desember 2011, dimana Perusahaan mencatat sebagai piutang lain-lain. Atas hal tersebut, Perusahaan telah mengajukan surat peninjauan kembali ke Mahkamah Agung dan mengajukan surat tanggapannya atas peninjauan kembali dari Direktorat Jenderal Pajak, yang sampai dengan tanggal penyelesaian laporan keuangan konsolidasian masih dalam proses.

Tax Assessments

The Company has outstanding tax assessments and tax collection letters pertaining to corporate income tax (CIT) for fiscal year 2011, value added tax (VAT) for December 2011 and July 2014. The Company paid Rp 334,900,538,578 Rp 20,024,804,890 for the underpayment of CIT for fiscal year 2011 and VAT for December 2011, respectively, based on the decision letters received from the Tax Court which the Company receivable. in recorded other accounts Accordingly, the Company has already submitted letters for judicial review to the Supreme Court and filed its response letters to the request for judicial review filed by the Directorate General of Tax, which as of date of completion of the consolidated financial statements are still on going.

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31. Laba Per Saham

Perhitungan laba per saham berdasarkan pada informasi berikut:

31. Earnings Per Share

The earnings per share is based on the following data:

	2017	2016	
Laba yang dapat diatribusikan kepada pemilik entitas induk	1.594.441.049.254	1.354.950.312.035	Profit attributtable to owners of the Company
Rata-rata tertimbang saham biasa untuk perhitungan laba per saham dasar (Catatan 20)	22.358.699.725	22.358.699.725	Weighted average number of ordinary shares for computation of basic earnings per share (Note 20)
Laba per saham	71	61	Earnings per share

Jumlah rata-rata tertimbang saham yang beredar telah memperhitungkan efek retroaktif pemecahan saham.

The weighted average number of shares is after considering the retroactive effect of stock split.

32. Sifat Dan Transaksi dengan Pihak Berelasi

Sifat Pihak Berelasi

Perusahaan yang sebagian pemegang saham dan pengurus atau manajemennya sama dengan Grup sebagai berikut:

- PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta
- PT Bank Mayora
- PT Unita Branindo
- PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya
- PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo
- PT Nutrindo Bogarasa
- PT Semesta Indah Permata
- PT Cipta Selera Semesta
- You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd.
- You Yi Jia (Hong Kong) Food Trading Co. Ltd.
- Sun Resources Food Com. Ltd.
- Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd
- · Vouno Trade and Marketing Services
- Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd.
- Inbisco India Pvt. Ltd.

32. Nature of Relationship and Transactions with Related Parties

Nature of Relationship

Related parties whose stockholders and/or management are partly the same as that of the Group's majority shareholder are as follow:

- PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta
- PT Bank Mayora
- PT Unita Branindo
- PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya
- PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo
- PT Nutrindo Bogarasa
- PT Semesta Indah Permata
- PT Cipta Selera Semesta
- You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd.
- You Yi Jia (Hong Kong) Food Trading Co. Ltd.
- Sun Resources Food Com. Ltd.
- Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd
- Vouno Trade and Marketing Services
- Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd.
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Transaksi-transaksi Pihak Berelasi

- a. Grup melakukan transaksi penjualan dengan PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta, Vouno Trade and Marketing Services, You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd., Sun Resources Food Com. Ltd, Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd, Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd, PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya, PT Cipta Selera Semesta, Inbisco India Pvt. Ltd., PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo, You Yi Jia (Hong Kong) Food Trading Co. Ltd., dan Nutrindo Bogarasa yang menurut manajemen dilakukan dengan tingkat harga dan syarat-syarat normal sebagaimana halnya dengan pihak ketiga. Untuk tahun-tahun 2017 dan 2016, volume penjualan sejumlah 563.690 ton dan 372.212 ton merupakan penjualan kepada pihak berelasi, sedangkan volume penjualan sejumlah 111.197 ton dan 215.705 ton, merupakan penjualan kepada pihak ketiga.
- b. Penempatan rekening koran dan deposito Grup pada PT Bank Mayora dicatat dalam akun "Kas dan Setara Kas". Menurut pendapat manajemen penempatan rekening koran dan deposito tersebut memperoleh suku bunga dan mempunyai syarat-syarat yang sama sebagaimana halnya penempatan pada bankbank lain.
- c. Grup membeli bahan baku dari PT Cipta Selera Semesta, PT Nutrindo Bogarasa, PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya dan PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo.
- d. Grup memperoleh pendapatan sewa dari PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta, PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo dan PT Bank Mayora dicatat sebagai "Penghasilan lain-lain" dalam laba rugi.
- e. Grup menyewa ruangan kantor dari PT Unita Branindo dan PT Semesta Indah Permata. Beban penyewaan atas transaksi ini dicatat sebagai beban umum dan administrasi dalam laba rugi.

Transactions with Related Parties

- a. The Group enters into sale transactions with PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta, Vouno Trade and Marketing Services, You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd., Sun Resources Food Com. Ltd, Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd, Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd, PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya, PT Cipta Selera Semesta, Inbisco India Pvt. Ltd., PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo, You Yi Jia (Hong Kong) Food Trading Co. Ltd., and PT Nutrindo Bogarasa which according to management, were made at normal terms and conditions as those done with third parties. In 2017 and 2016, sales volume of 563,690 tons and 372,212 tons, respectively, are sales to related parties while sales volume of 111,197 tons and 215,705 tons, respectively, are sales made to third parties.
- b. The Group's certain current accounts and time deposits recorded in "Cash and cash equivalents" are placed in PT Bank Mayora. According to management, the current accounts and time deposits have the same interest rates and terms as those placements in other banks.
- c. The Group made purchases of raw materials from PT Cipta Selera Semesta, PT Nutrindo Bogarasa, PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya and PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo.
- d. The Group earns rental income from PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta, PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo and PT Bank Mayora which is presented under "Other income" in the profit or loss.
- e. The Group is leasing office spaces from PT Unita Branindo and PT Semesta Indah Permata. Rental expense on these transactions is recorded under general and administrative expenses in the profit or loss.

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- f. Rincian transaksi dengan pihak berelasi adalah sebagai berikut:
- f. The accounts involving transactions with the related parties are as follows:

			Aset /	erhadap Jumlah Liabilitas/	
	2017	2016	Percentage to 10	otal Assets/Liabilities 2016	
	2011	2010	2017	2010	
Aset Kas dan Setara Kas (Catatan 4) PT Bank Mayora	495.526.386.223	432.808.473.957	3,32%	3,35%	Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4) PT Bank Mayora
Piutang Usaha (Catatan 5) PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd. Sun Resources Food Com. Ltd	3.051.369.141.619 1.200.596.952.209 200.816.394.811	2.817.682.869.033 - -	20,46% 8,05% 1,35%	21,80% - -	Trade accounts receivable (Note 5) PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd. Sun Resources Food Com. Ltd
Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd. Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd	175.713.309.826 94.700.113.826	-	1,18% 0,62%	-	Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd. Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd
Vouno Trade and Marketing Services PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya You Yi Jia (Hong Kong) Food Trading Co. Ltd. Inbisco India Pvt. Ltd.	27.756.791.702 16.135.462.234 2.972.271.318 1.447.849.832	12.551.019.890	0,19% 0,11% 0,02% 0,01%	0,10%	Vouno Trade and Marketing Services PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya You Yi Jia (Hong Kong) Food Trading Co. Ltd. Inbisco India Pvt. Ltd.
PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo PT Cipta Selera Semesta	934.202.743 295.991.994	891.084.430	0,01% 0,01% 0,00%	0,01%	PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo PT Cipta Selera Semesta
Jumlah	4.772.738.482.114	2.831.124.973.353	32,00%	21,91%	Subtotal
Jumlah	5.268.264.868.337	3.263.933.447.310	35,32%	25,26%	Total
Liabilitas Utang usaha (Catatan 12) PT Nutrindo Bogarasa	35.483.566.472	17.826.019.250	0,47%	0,27%	Liabilities Trade accounts payable (Note 12) PT Nutrindo Bogarasa
PT Cipta Selera Semesta PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo	16.098.803.140 27.801.711	30.825.500	0,21% 0,00%	0,00%	PT Cipta Selera Semesta PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo
PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya Jumlah	2.654.645 51.612.825.968	4.363.800 17.861.208.550	0,00%	0,00%	PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya Total
Julian			Persentase to Pendapatan/Bebar Percentage to Total	erhadap Jumlah n yang bersangkutan/ Revenues/Expenses	1000
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Penjualan bersih (Catatan 23) PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta	10.862.424.279.083	9.688.685.325.189	52,18%	52,80%	Net Sales (Note 23) PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta
Vouno Trade and Marketing Services	2.632.910.358.903	-	12,65% 7,04%	-	Vouno Trade and Marketing Services
You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd Sun Resources Food Com Ltd	1.466.503.388.004 659.720.646.523	-	7,04% 3,17%	-	You Yi Jia (Shanghai) Food Trading Co. Ltd Sun Resources Food Com Ltd
Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd	371.735.600.038	-	1,78%	-	Inbisco (Thailand) Ltd
Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd	293.173.884.979	-	1,41%	-	Premium United Food Sdn. Bhd
PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya	207.234.150.842	191.695.431.409	1,00%	1,04%	PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya
PT Cipta Selera Semesta Inbisco India Pvt. Ltd.	110.769.027.442	-	0,53%	-	PT Cipta Selera Semesta Inbisco India Pvt. Ltd.
PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo	20.051.185.940 6.254.411.048	9.284.224.232	0,10% 0,03%	0,05%	PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo
You Yi Jia (Hongkong) Food Trading Co. Ltd	5.986.714.626	-	0,03%	-	You Yi Jia (Hongkong) Food Trading Co. Ltd
PT Nutrindo Bogarasa	7.954.150	15.563.300	0,00%	0,00%	PT Nutrindo Bogarasa
Jumlah	16.636.771.601.578	9.889.680.544.130	79,92%	53,89%	Total
Pembelian (Catatan 24) PT Cipta Selera Semesta	521.816.651.099	536.230.736.764	4,27%	4,90%	Purchases (Note 24) PT Cipta Selera Semesta
PT Nutrindo Bogarasa	496.919.919.000	350.798.284.130	4,07%	3,21%	PT Nutrindo Bogarasa
PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya	3.868.177.372	2.643.514.161	0,03%	0,02%	PT Tirta Fresindo Jaya
PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo Jumlah	2.136.610.336 1.024.741.357.807	3.700.465.642 893.373.000.697	0,02% 8,39%	0,03% 8,16%	PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo Total
Beban umum dan administrasi (Catatan 25)		55515151505050	0,0070	5,1070	General and Administrative Expenses (Note 25)
Beban sewa					Rental expense
PT Semesta Indah Permata	57.608.460.000	34.985.713.742	2,29%	1,35%	PT Semesta Indah Permata
PT Unita Branindo	1.132.560.000 58.741.020.000	10.012.235.235 44.997.948.977	0,05% 2,34%	0,39% 1,74%	PT Unita Branindo
Lain-lain bersih Penghasilan bunga (Catatan 26) PT Bank Mayora Pendapatan sewa (Catatan 28)	13.117.457.731	6.829.401.234	35,95%	45,87%	Other income Interest income (Note 26) PT Bank Mayora Rental income (Note 28)
Perloapatan sewa (Catalan 25) PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo PT Bank Mayora	2.006.454.000 1.202.400.000 100.000.000	1.513.458.000 1.442.880.000 90.000.000	57,95% 34,72% 2,89%	32,64% 31,12% 1,94%	PT Inbisco Niagatama Semesta PT Dellifood Sentosa Corpindo PT Bank Mayora
	3.308.854.000	3.046.338.000	92,67%	65,70%	

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- g. Grup memberikan kompensasi kepada karyawan kunci. Imbalan yang diberikan kepada direksi, komisaris dan anggota manajemen kunci lainnya adalah sebagai berikut:
- g. The Group provides compensation to key management personnel. The remuneration of directors, commissioners and other key members of management are as follows:

	2017	2016	
Imbalan jangka pendek Imbalan jangka panjang	107.435.140.762 177.761.110.400	104.514.130.062 150.227.764.833	Short-term benefits Long-term benefits
Jumlah	285.196.251.162	254.741.894.895	Total

33. Tujuan dan Kebijakan Manajemen Risiko Keuangan

Aktivitas Grup terpengaruh berbagai risiko keuangan: risiko pasar (termasuk risiko mata uang dan risiko suku bunga), risiko kredit dan risiko likuiditas. Program manajemen risiko Grup secara keseluruhan difokuskan pada pasar keuangan yang tidak dapat diprediksi dan Grup berusaha untuk meminimalkan dampak yang berpotensi merugikan kinerja keuangan Grup.

Manajemen risiko merupakan tanggung jawab Direksi. Direksi bertugas menentukan prinsip dasar kebijakan manajemen risiko Grup secara keseluruhan serta kebijakan pada area tertentu seperti risiko mata uang asing, risiko suku bunga, risiko likuiditas dan risiko kredit.

Risiko Pasar

Risiko Mata Uang Asing

Grup terpengaruh risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing yang timbul dari berbagai eksposur mata uang, terutama terhadap Dolar Amerika Serikat.

Risiko nilai tukar mata uang asing timbul ketika transaksi komersial masa depan atau aset dan liabilitas yang diakui didenominasikan dalam mata uang yang bukan mata uang fungsional. Risiko diukur dengan menggunakan proyeksi arus kas.

33. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Risk management is the responsibility of the Directors (BOD). The Directors have the responsibility to determine the basic principles of the Group's risk management as well as principles covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

Market Risk

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the U.S. Dollar.

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The risk is measured using cash flow forecasts.

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Berikut adalah posisi aset dan liabilitas moneter dalam mata uang asing konsolidasian pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016: The following table shows the Group's monetary assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017 and 2016:

			2017		2016	
		Mata Uang Asing/ Foreign Currency	Ekuivalen Rupiah/ Equivalent in Rupiah	Mata Uang Asing/ Foreign Currency	Ekuivalen Rupiah/ Equivalent in Rupiah	
Aset						<u>Assets</u>
Kas dan setara kas	USD CNY EUR SGD	81.781.476 10.956.810 579.061 99.721	1.107.975.438.204 22.717.850.476 9.365.507.884 1.010.524.020	94.782.076 35.927.986 265.381 55.722	1.273.491.976.222 69.587.479.855 3.758.211.823 518.152.932	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	USD CNY EUR	106.838.262 579.179.043 13.123	1.447.444.768.437 1.200.869.827.865 212.240.675	52.461.047 419.871.163 126.554	704.866.621.401 813.231.660.457 1.792.200.709	Trade accounts receivable
Jumlah Aset			3.789.596.157.561		2.867.246.303.399	Total Assets
Liabilitas						<u>Liabilities</u>
Utang usaha	CNY USD EUR JPY SGD	16.102.159 686.510 548.346 8.657.500	33.386.217.010 9.300.833.354 8.868.744.947 1.040.804.650	625.967 172.086 349.063 3.046.000 10.400	1.212.410.560 2.312.147.496 4.943.274.993 351.508.400 96.708.768	Trade accounts payable
Jumlah Liabilitas			52.596.599.961		8.916.050.217	Total Liabilties
Nilai Bersih Aset			3.736.999.557.600		2.858.330.253.182	Net Assets

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, kurs konversi yang digunakan Perusahaan diungkapkan pada Catatan 2c atas laporan keuangan konsolidasian.

Sensitivitas terhadap perubahan yang mungkin terjadi pada nilai tukar, dengan semua variabel lainnya konstan, terhadap laba Grup sebelum pajak penghasilan akibat perubahan nilai aset dan liabilitas pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016 sebagai berikut:

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the conversion rates used by the Group were disclosed in Note 2c to the consolidated financial statements.

The sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax due to changes in value of monetary assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 follows:

Sancitivitae laba (rugi) cabalum

Tahun/ <i>Year</i>	Perubahan nilai tukar/ Change in exchange rates	pajak penghasilan/ Sensitivity of increase (decrease) in profit before tax
2017	Meningkat/Appreciates by: 1 % Menurun/Depreciates by: 1 %	(37.369.995.576) 37.369.995.576
2016	Meningkat/Appreciates by: 3 % Menurun/Depreciates by: 3 %	(85.749.907.595) 85.749.907.595

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Risiko Suku Bunga

Risiko suku bunga Grup timbul dari pinjaman jangka panjang. Pinjaman yang diterima dengan suku bunga mengambang mengakibatkan timbulnya risiko suku bunga arus kas terhadap Grup. Pinjaman yang diterima dengan suku bunga tetap mengakibatkan timbulnya risiko suku bunga nilai wajar terhadap Grup. Kebijakan Grup adalah memelihara 30 - 40% pinjaman dalam instrumen dengan suku bunga tetap. Selama tahun-tahun 2017 dan 2016, pinjaman Grup pada suku bunga mengambang didenominasikan dalam Rupiah.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, saldo pinjaman dengan suku bunga mengambang adalah sebagai berikut:

Interest Rate Risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group's policy is to maintain approximately 30 - 40% of its borrowings in fixed-rate instruments. In 2017 and 2016, the Group's borrowings at floating rate were denominated in Rupiah.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Group has the following outstanding floating rate borrowings:

	201	17	201		
	Rata-rata Tertimbang Suku Bunga/		Rata-rata Tertimbang Suku Bunga/		
	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Saldo/ <i>Balance</i>	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Saldo/ Balance	
	%		%		
Eksposur bersih terhadap risiko suku bunga arus kas	8,12	1.024.665.841.763	9,28	1.792.519.172.018	Exposure to cash flow interest rate risk

Pinjaman dengan suku bunga tetap yang dimiliki Grup dicatat pada biaya perolehan diamortisasi. Untuk itu, pinjaman tersebut tidak termasuk dalam risiko suku bunga sebagaimana didefinisikan dalam PSAK No. 60.

Grup menganalisa eksposur suku bunga secara dinamis. Berbagai skenario disimulasikan dengan mempertimbangkan pembaruan posisi yang ada dan alternatif pembiayaan. Untuk setiap simulasi, pergerakan suku bunga yang sama digunakan untuk seluruh mata uang. Berdasarkan skenario ini, Grup menghitung dampak laba atau rugi dari pergerakan suku bunga. Skenario-skenario tersebut dilakukan hanya untuk liabilitas yang mewakili posisi utama yang dikenakan bunga. setiap Simulasi dilakukan kuartal untuk membuktikan bahwa potensi kerugian maksimum masih dalam batasan yang diberikan manajemen.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, jika suku bunga pinjaman dalam mata uang Rupiah telah lebih tinggi/rendah sebesar 10%, dengan semua variabel lainnya dianggap tetap, laba setelah pajak untuk tahun dan tahun-tahun tersebut akan lebih rendah/tinggi masing-masing 76.849.938.132 sebesar Rp Rp 134.438.937.901, terutama sebagai akibat dari beban bunga yang lebih tinggi/lebih rendah pada pinjaman dengan suku bunga mengambang.

The Group's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortized cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in PSAK No. 60.

The Group analyzes its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Various scenarios are simulated taking into consideration renewal of existing positions and alternative financing. Based on these scenarios, the Group calculates the impact on profit or loss of a defined interest rate shift. For each simulation, the same interest rate shift is used for all currencies. The scenarios are run only for liabilities that represent the major interest-bearing positions. The simulation is done on a quarterly basis to verify that the maximum loss potential is within the limit given by the management.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, if interest rates on Rupiah-denominated borrowings had been higher/lower by 10%, with all other variables held constant, profit after tax for the year would have been lower/higher by Rp 76,849,938,132 and Rp 134,438,937,901, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

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Risiko Kredit

Risiko kredit adalah risiko bahwa Grup akan mengalami kerugian yang timbul dari pelanggan atau pihak lawan yang gagal memenuhi kewajiban kontraktual mereka. Grup terkena risiko kredit dari kegiatan operasi (terutama untuk piutang usaha) dan dari kegiatan pendanaan, termasuk deposito pada bank dan lembaga keuangan, transaksi valuta asing dan instrumen keuangan lainnya.

Manajemen berkeyakinan bahwa tidak terdapat konsentrasi risiko kredit yang signifikan. Grup mengelola dan mengendalikan risiko kredit melalui transaksi yang dilakukan hanya dengan pihak yang telah dikenal dan layak kredit menetapkan kebijakan internal untuk proses verifikasi dan otorisasi kredit, dan secara teratur memantau kolektibilitas pinjaman dan piutang untuk mengurangi eksposur kredit macet.

Tabel di bawah ini menunjukkan eksposur Grup terkait dengan risiko kredit pada 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016:

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Group will incur a loss arising from the customers or counterparties which fail to fulfill their contractual obligations. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily for trade accounts receivable) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

Management believes that there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group manages and controls the credit risk by dealing only with recognized and credit worthy parties, setting internal policies on verifications and authorizations of credit, and regularly monitoring the collectibility of loans and receivables to reduce the exposure to bad debts.

The table below shows the Group's exposures related to credit risk as of December 31, 2017 and 2016:

	201	17	201		
	Jumlah Bruto/	Jumlah Neto/	Jumlah Bruto/	Jumlah Neto/	
	Gross Amounts	Net Amounts	Gross Amounts	Net Amounts	
Pinjaman yang diberikan					
dan piutang					Loans and receivables
Kas dan setara kas	2.201.049.064.874	2.201.049.064.874	1.542.692.142.643	1.542.692.142.643	Cash and cash equivalents
Piutang usaha	5.744.626.219.601	5.744.121.818.525	4.364.739.193.284	4.364.284.552.253	Trade accounts receivable
Piutang lain-lain	3.682.172.512	3.682.172.512	24.114.826.295	24.114.826.295	Other accounts receivable
Uang jaminan	22.371.334.658	22.371.334.658	15.510.908.574	15.510.908.574	Guarantee deposits
Jumlah	7.971.728.791.645	7.971.224.390.569	5.947.057.070.796	5.946.602.429.765	Total

Grup menggunakan konsep rating kredit didasarkan pada kelayakan kredit keseluruhan peminjam dan pihak lawan, sebagai berikut:

1. Tingkat standar

Peringkat yang diberikan kepada debitur serta yang memiliki kapasitas yang sangat kuat untuk mampu memenuhi kewajiban mereka.

2. Tingkat substandar

Penilaian yang diberikan kepada debitur serta yang memiliki kapasitas di atas rata-rata untuk mampu memenuhi kewajiban mereka.

Pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016, manajemen menilai aset keuangan yang belum jatuh tempo dan tidak mengalami penurunan nilai pada tingkat standar.

The Group uses a credit rating concept based on the borrowers and counterparties' overall credit worthiness, as follows:

1. Standard grade

Rating given to borrowers and counterparties who possess strong to very strong capacity to meet their obligations.

2. Substandard grade

Rating given to borrowers and counterparties who possess above average capacities to meet their obligations.

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the management grades its financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired as standard grade.

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Risiko Likuiditas

Risiko likuiditas adalah risiko kerugian yang timbul karena Grup tidak memiliki arus kas yang cukup untuk memenuhi liabilitasnya.

Dalam pengelolaan risiko likuiditas, manajemen memantau dan menjaga jumlah kas dan setara kas yang dianggap memadai untuk membiayai operasional Grup dan untuk mengatasi dampak fluktuasi arus kas. Manajemen juga melakukan evaluasi berkala atas proyeksi arus kas dan arus kas aktual, termasuk jadwal jatuh tempo utang, dan terus-menerus melakukan penelaahan pasar keuangan untuk mendapatkan sumber pendanaan yang optimal.

Berikut adalah jadwal jatuh tempo liabilitas keuangan berdasarkan pembayaran kontraktual yang tidak didiskontokan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017 dan 2016.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is a risk arising when the cash flow position of the Group is not enough to cover the liabilities which become due.

In managing the liquidity risk, management monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. Management also regularly evaluates the projected and actual cash flows, including maturity profiles, and continuously assesses conditions in the financial markets for opportunities to obtain optimal funding sources.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

				2017				
	<= 1 tahun/	1-2 tahun/	3-5 tahun/	> 5 tahun/	Total/	Biaya transaksi/	Nilai Tercatat/	
	<= 1 year	1-2 years	3-5 years	> 5 years	Total	Transaction costs	As Reported	
	Rp '000.000	Rp '000.000						
Utang bank jangka pendek	1.634.000	-	-	-	1.634.000	-	1.634.000	Short-term bank loans
Utang usaha	1.717.219	-	-	-	1.717.219	-	1.717.219	Trade accounts payable
Utang lain-lain	111.286	-	-	-	111.286	-	111.286	Other accounts payable
Beban akrual	285.203	-	-	-	285.203	-	285.203	Accrued expenses
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	595.665	155.000	276.000	-	1.026.665	(1.999)	1.024.666	Long-term bank loans
Utang obligasi		750.000	1.050.000		1.800.000	(4.685)	1.795.315	Bonds payable
Jumlah	4.343.373	905.000	1.326.000	-	6.574.373	(6.684)	6.567.689	Total
				2016				
	<= 1 tahun/	1-2 tahun/	3-5 tahun/	> 5 tahun/	Total/	Biaya transaksi/	Nilai Tercatat/	
	<= 1 year	1-2 years	3-5 years	> 5 years	Total	Transaction costs	As Reported	
	Rp '000.000	Rp '000.000						
	4 00 4 000				4 004 000		4 004 000	01 1
Utang bank jangka pendek	1.284.000	-	-	-	1.284.000	-	1.284.000	Short-term bank loans
Utang usaha	1.329.633	-	-	-	1.329.633	-	1.329.633	Trade accounts payable
Utang lain-lain	74.184	-	-	-	74.184	-	74.184	Other accounts payable
Beban akrual	336.108			-	336.108		336.108	Accrued expenses
Pinjaman bank jangka panjang	469.720	495.665	831.000	-	1.796.385	(3.866)	1.792.519	Long-term bank loans
Utang obligasi			750.000		750.000	(797)	749.203	Bonds payable

2017

34. Ikatan

a. Grup memperoleh fasilitas combine trade berupa Sight Letter of Credit (LC), Usance LC, Usance Payable At Sight (UPAS) dan Bill Purchase Letter of Credit dari PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk, Jakarta, dengan kredit keseluruhan sebesar US\$ 5.000.000 dan fasilitas Foreign Exchange (FX) Dealing sebesar US\$ 2.000.000. Fasilitas ini digunakan untuk impor bahan baku, sparepart dan mesin yang mana berlaku sampai dengan 28 Februari 2018.

34. Commitments

a. The Group obtained combined trade Sight Letter of Credit (LC), Usance LC, Usance Payable At Sight (UPAS) and Bill Purchase Letter of Credit from PT Bank OCBC NISP Tbk with a credit limit of US\$ 5,000,000 and Foreign Exchange (FX) Dealing facility of US\$ 2,000,000. These facilities contain a negative pledge clause. These facilities are used for importation raw materials, spareparts and machineries which are available until February 28, 2018.

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- b. Perusahaan memperoleh surat kredit berdokumen berulang dalam bentuk LC (Sight, Usance dan UPAS) dari PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia dan LC lokal (SKBDN) dengan jumlah maksimum sebesar US\$ 4.000.000. Fasilitas ini digunakan untuk transaksi impor yang mana berlaku sampai dengan 22 Oktober 2018.
- c. PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas LC revolving dari PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia berupa impor dan lokal LC (Sight dan Usance) dengan kredit sebesar US\$ 1.000.000. Fasilitas ini digunakan untuk mendanai kegiatan impor yang mana berlaku sampai dengan 21 Maret 2019.
- d. Grup juga memperoleh fasilitas *Treasury Line/ FX Dealing* sebesar US\$ 5.000.000 dan *noncash loan* dalam bentuk LC / SKBDN (*Sight, Usance*, *UPAS, SBLC,* dan bank garansi) dari PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk dengan jumlah maksimum masing-masing sebesar US\$ 25.000.000. Fasilitas ini digunakan untuk pembelian bahan baku, pembantu, belanja modal, menjamin pembayaran ke Bea Cukai, asuransi, dan pembelian gas. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 20 November 2018.
- e. Grup memperoleh fasilitas letter of credit (Sight, Usance, UPAS, Trust Receipt, Trade Finance Loan) dari PT Bank ANZ Indonesia dengan kredit keseluruhan sebesar US\$ 42.000.000. Fasilitas ini digunakan untuk membiayai impor bahan baku, mesin dan sparepart yang mana berlaku sampai dengan 30 April 2018.

Gabungan fasilitas pinjaman pembiayaan perdagangan multi opsi dan fasilitas kredit bergulir tidak boleh melebihi US\$ 40.000.000.

f. Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas LC Sight dan Usance dengan jumlah maksimum sebesar US\$ 50.000.000 dari PT Bank Central Asia Tbk. Sejumlah US\$ 40.000.000 digunakan untuk jaminan pembayaran impor mesin produksi dan sparepart dan sejumlah US\$ 10.000.000 digunakan untuk jaminan pembayaran bahan baku. Perusahaan juga memperoleh fasilitas forex line dengan jumlah maksimum US\$ 5.000.000 yang digunakan untuk impor bahan baku. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 23 Agustus 2018.

- b. The Company obtained a revolving LC from PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia in the form of import LC (Sight, Usance and UPAS) and local LC (SKBDN) with a maximum principal amount of US\$ 4,000,000. These facilities are used for import transactions which are available until October 22, 2018.
- c. PT Kakao Mas Gemilang, a subsidiary, obtained a revolving LC from PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia in the form of import and local LC (Sight and Usance) with a credit limit of US\$ 1,000,000. These facilities are used to finance import activities which are available until March 21, 2019.
- d. The Group obtained Treasury Line/ FX Dealing facility amounting to US\$ 5,000,000 and noncash loan facilities from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk in the form of LC / SKBDN (Sight, Usance , UPAS, SBLC, and bank guarantee) with a maximum principal amount of US\$ 25,000,000. These facilities are used for purchases of raw materials, capital expenditure, guarantee for payment to Customs Office, Insurance, purchase of gas. These facilities are available until November 20, 2018.
- e. The Group obtained Sight LC, Usance LC, UPAS, Trust Receipt and Trade Finance Loan facilities with a credit limit of US\$ 42,000,000 from PT Bank ANZ Indonesia. These facilities are used for the importation of raw materials, machineries and spareparts which are available until April 30, 2018.

The total combined limit of Multi-Option Trading Financing (MOTF) facility and Revolving Credit (RC) facility shall not exceed US\$ 40,000,000.

f. The Company obtained Sight LC and Usance facility with maximum amount of US\$ 50,000,000 from PT Bank Central Asia Tbk. The US\$ 40,000,000 of which will be used as guarantee for importing machineries and spareparts and US\$ 10,000,000 of which are used as guarantee for purchases of raw materials. The Company also obtained Forex Line facility with maximum amount of US\$ 5,000,000 which is used for importing raw materials. The facilities are available until August 23, 2018.

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- g. Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, memperoleh Forex Facility dari PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ dengan jumlah maksimum sebesar US\$ 4.200.000. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 7 Mei 2018.
- h. Grup memperoleh Fasilitas Bond and Guarantee, Fasilitas Short term Loan, fasilitas import letter of credit, Fasilitas Import Loan, Fasilitas Credit Bills Negotiated-Discrepant, Fasilitas Shipping Guarantee, Fasilitas Import Invoice Financing dan Fasilitas Commercial Stand-By Letter of Credit dari PT Standard Chartered Bank dengan jumlah maksimum sebesar US\$ 5.000.000. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 30 November 2018.
- Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas jaminan kepabeanan dari Indonesia Eximbank masing-masing sebesar Rp 40.000.000.000 dan Rp 90.000.000.000. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 7 April 2018 dan belum digunakan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017.
- j. Perusahaan memperoleh fasilitas revolving loan dari PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000 atas modal kerja. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 22 Oktober 2018 dan belum digunakan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017.
- k. Pada tanggal 9 Juli 2015 Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas pinjaman mengikat dari PT Bank Of Tokyo dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 100.000.000.000 atas modal kerja. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 7 Mei 2018 dan belum digunakan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017.
- I. Perusahaan dan PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas revolving credit dari PT. Bank ANZ Indonesia dengan jumlah kredit sebesar Rp 350.000.000.000 atas modal kerja. Perjanjian ini berlaku sampai dengan 30 April 2018 dan belum digunakan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017.

- g. The Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta obtained Forex Facility from PT Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ with maximum loanable amount of US\$ 4,200,000. The facility is available until May 7, 2018.
- h. The Group obtained Bond and Guarantee Facility, Short term Loan Facility, Import Letter of Credit Facility, Import Loan Facility, Credit Bills Negotiated-Discrepant Facility, Shipping Guarantee Facility, Import Invoice Financing Facility and Commercial Stand-By letter of Credit Facility from PT Standard Chartered Bank with maximum loanable amount of US\$ 5,000,000. This facility is available until November 30, 2018.
- . The Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained Customs Warranty facilities from Indonesia Eximbank with maximum loanable amount of Rp 40,000,000,000 and Rp 90,000,000,000, respectively. These facilities are available until April 7, 2018 and have not yet been utilized as of December 31, 2017.
- j. The Company obtained a revolving loan facility from PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia with loanable amount of Rp 100,000,000,000 for working capital. This facility is available until October 22, 2018 and has not yet been utilized as of December 31, 2017.
- k. On July 9. 2015, the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained committed from PT Bank Of Tokyo with loanable amount of Rp 100,000,000,000 for working capital. This facility is available until May 7, 2018 and has not yet been utilized as of December 31, 2017.
- On May 12, 2011, the Company and PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a revolving credit facility amounting to Rp 350,000,000,000, the credit limit, for working capital. This facility is available until April 30, 2018 and has not yet been utilized as of December 31, 2017.

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- m. Pada tanggal 21 Juli 2017, PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak, memperoleh fasilitas term loan dari PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia dengan jumlah kredit Rp 350.000.000.000 untuk membiayai keperluan umum PT Torabika Eka Semesta, entitas anak. Pinjaman ini dibayarkan setiap triwulan dan akan jatuh tempo pada 21 Juli 2022. Fasilitas ini belum digunakan pada tanggal 31 Desember 2017.
- m. On July 21, 2017, the PT Torabika Eka Semesta, a subsidiary, obtained a term loan facility from PT Bank Mizuho Indonesia amounting to Rp 350,000,000,000, the credit limit, for general operation. The loan is payable on a quarterly basis up to July 21, 2022. This facility has not yet been utilized as of December 31, 2017.

35. Segmen Operasi

Segmen operasi dilaporkan sesuai dengan pelaporan internal kepada pembuat keputusan operasional, yang bertanggung jawab atas alokasi sumber daya ke masing-masing segmen yang dilaporkan serta menilai kinerja masing-masing segmen tersebut. Grup memiliki tiga (3) segmen yang dilaporkan meliputi makanan olahan dalam kemasan, minuman olahan dalam kemasan dan usaha jasa keuangan.

Makanan olahan

35. Operating Segment

Operating segments are reported in accordance with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, which is responsible for allocating resources to the reportable segments and assesses its performance. The Group has three (3) reportable segments including packaged food processing, packaged beverages processing and financial services.

2017	Makanan olahan dalam kemasan/ Packaged food processing	Minuman olahan dalam kemasan/ Packaged beverages processing	Lainnya/ Others	Eliminasi/ Elimination	Konsolidasi/ Consolidated
Laporan Laba Rugi dan Penghasilan Kompre Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and					
PENDAPATAN/REVENUES					
Penjualan ektern/External sales Penjualan intern/Internal sales	11.024.495.227.792 22.901.353.504	9.792.178.718.681 617.963.771.496	-	- (640.865.125.000)	20.816.673.946.473 -
Jumlah pendapatan/Net sales	11.047.396.581.296	10.410.142.490.177	-	(640.865.125.000)	20.816.673.946.473
HASIL/RESULT					
Hasil segmen/Segment results Beban usaha/Operating expenses	2.619.871.145.811 	2.354.906.835.054 991.288.163.048	- 3.391.699.422	276.774.531 256.500	4.975.054.755.396 2.514.495.367.346
Laba (rugi) operasi/profit (loss) from	1.100.055.897.435	1.363.618.672.006	(3.391.699.422)	276.518.031	2.460.559.388.050
operations Beban bunga/Interest expense Pendapatan bagi hasil Sukuk Mudharabah/	(271.693.359.224)	(115.228.807.793)			(386.922.167.017)
Sukuk Mudharabah income sharing Penghasilan bunga/Interest income Beban lain-lain bersih/Other expenses - net	(7.393.536.955) 20.297.656.277 439.614.952.172	- 14.582.737.997 15.183.565.069	1.612.314.502 5.015.037.318	(375.665.343.939)	(7.393.536.955) 36.492.708.776 84.148.210.620
Laba sebelum pajak/Profit before tax	1.280.881.609.705	1.278.156.167.279	3.235.652.398	(375.388.825.908)	2.186.884.603.474
Pajak penghasilan/Tax expense					555.930.772.581
Laba tahun berjalan/Profit for the year					1.630.953.830.893
Laporan Posisi Keuangan Konsolidasian/ Consolidated Statement of Financial Positio	<u>n</u>				
ASET/ASSETS Aset segmen/Segment assets*	8.382.187.020.480	5.847.223.283.450	49.394.147.989	(244.486.437.183)	14.034.318.014.736
LIABILITAS/LIABILITIES Liabilitas segmen/Segment liabilities**	5.524.608.777.258	1.939.717.700.044	28.445.032.979	(83.948.172.462)	7.408.823.337.819
Informasi Lainnya/Other Information Pengeluaran modal/Capital expenditures Penyusutan/Depreciation Beban non kas selain penyusutan dan amortisasi/Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	463.537.381.028 347.175.761.089	318.081.924.620 191.296.928.539	1.248.206.777	(111.012.227.273) (276.518.031)	670.607.078.375 539.444.378.374

Minuman olahan

^{*)} Tidak termasuk aset pajak tangguhan, pajak dibayar dimuka dan piutang pajak berdasarkan piutang lain - lain/Excludes deferred tax assets, prepaid taxes and taxes receivable under other accounts receivable

^{**)} Tidak termasuk liabilitas pajak tangguhan dan utang pajak/Excludes deferred tax liabilities and taxes payable

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2016	Makanan olahan dalam kemasan/ Packaged food processing	Minuman olahan dalam kemasan/ Packaged beverages processing	Lainnya/ Others	Eliminasi/ Elimination	Konsolidasi/ Consolidated
Laporan Laba Rugi dan Penghasilan Kompre Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and					
PENDAPATAN/REVENUES Penjualan ektern/External sales Penjualan intern/Internal sales	9.759.233.809.397 27.674.661.363	8.590.726.088.961 589.386.453.875	<u>-</u>	- (617.061.115.238)	18.349.959.898.358
Jumlah pendapatan/Net sales	9.786.908.470.760	9.180.112.542.836	<u> </u>	(617.061.115.238)	18.349.959.898.358
HASIL/RESULT Hasil segmen/Segment results Beban usaha/Operating expenses Laba (rugi) operasi/Profit (loss) from operations Beban bunga/Interest expense Pendapatan bagi hasil Sukuk Mudharabah/ Sukuk Mudharabah income sharing Penghasilan bunga/Interest income Beban lain-lain bersih/Other expenses - net Laba sebelum pajak/Profit before tax Pajak penghasilan/Tax expense Laba tahun berjalan/Profit for the year Laporan Posisi Keuangan Konsolidasian/ Consolidated Statement of Financial Positio	2.406.724.879.669 1.396.630.765.166 1.010.094.114.503 (219.272.453.293) (20.805.610.860) 6.118.228.323 82.291.575.373 858.425.854.046	2.493.206.051.611 1.186.227.582.924 1.306.978.468.687 (137.441.624.170) - 7.366.778.683 (36.309.887.195) 1.140.593.736.005	2.321.822.205 (2.321.822.205) - 1.402.755.240 918.048.016 (1.018.949)	491.524.632 42.750 491.481.882 - - (153.826.783.746) (153.335.301.864)	4.900.422.455.912 2.585.180.213.045 2.315.242.242.867 (356.714.077.463) (20.805.610.860) 14.887.762.246 (106.927.047.552) 1.845.683.269.238 457.007.141.573 1.388.676.127.665
ASET/ASSETS Aset segmen/Segment assets*	6.783.002.039.522	5.738.087.884.314	48.226.846.767	(162.662.210.975)	12.406.654.559.628
LIABILITAS/LIABILITIES Liabilitas segmen/Segment liabilities**	4.243.354.198.546	2.304.735.136.211	27.361.734.408	(83.530.522.173)	6.491.920.546.992
Informasi Lainnya/Other Information Pengeluaran modal/Capital expenditures Penyusutan/Depreciation Beban non kas selain penyusutan dan amortisasi/Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization	529.830.337.082 318.016.592.307	73.974.845.668 195.893.714.521	1.260.645.485	(93.000.000) (491.481.882)	603.712.182.750 514.679.470.431

^{*)} Tidak termasuk aset pajak tangguhan dan pajak dibayar dimuka/Excludes deferred tax assets and prepaid taxes
**) Tidak termasuk liabilitas pajak tangguhan dan utang pajak/Excludes deferred tax liabilities and taxes payable

Segmen Geografis

Grup beroperasi di empat wilayah geografis utama, yaitu usaha pengolahan makanan dan pengolahan kopi bubuk dan kopi instan serta biji coklat di Jabodetabek, usaha pengolahan makanan di Surabaya dan sewa di Medan, serta jasa keuangan di Belanda.

Pendistribusian pendapatan dan aset berdasarkan geografis adalah sebagai berikut:

Geographical Segments

The Group's operations are located in four principal geographical areas: food processing and processing of coffee powder, instant coffee and coffee beans are located in Jabodetabek; food processing is located in Surabaya; and rental in Medan; and financial services is in Netherlands.

The distribution of revenues and assets by geographical market follows:

Penjualan berdasarkan geografis/

	Revenues by geo	graphic market	
Pasar geografis	2017	2016	Geographical market
Indonesia	11.266.130.443.460	10.083.153.525.228	Indonesia
Asia	9.216.859.208.044	8.043.406.796.755	Asia
Lain-lain	333.684.294.969	223.399.576.375	Others
Jumlah	20.816.673.946.473	18.349.959.898.358	Total

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	Nilai tercatat aset segmen/		
	Carrying amount of segment assets		
Lokasi	2017	2016	Location
Jabodetabek	13.984.923.866.747	12.358.427.712.861	Jabodetabek
Surabaya	26.879.604.152	26,246,640,431	Surabaya
Medan	22.514.543.837	21.980.206.336	Medan
Belanda		-	Netherlands
Jumlah	14.034.318.014.736	12.406.654.559.628	Total :
	Pengeluaran Capital expe		
Lokasi	2017	2016	Location
Jabodetabek	670.607.078.375	603.712.182.750	Jabodetabek
Surabaya	-	-	Surabaya
Medan	-	-	Medan
Belanda	<u> </u>		Netherlands
Jumlah	670.607.078.375	603.712.182.750	Total
Pengungkapan Tambah	an Laporan Arus Kas 36	S. Supplemental Di	isclosures on Consolidated

36. Pengungkapan Tambahan Laporan Arus Kas Konsolidasian

Aktivitas investasi dan pendanaan yang tidak mempengaruhi kas dan setara kas:

Statements of Cash Flows

The following are the noncash investing and financing activities of the Group:

	2017	2016	
Realisasi uang muka pembelian aset tetap menjadi aset tetap Bunga pinjaman yang dikapitalisasi pada aset dalam penyelesaian	258.130.314.242 -	87.713.075.609 8.927.468.877	Realization of advances for purchases of property and equipment to property, plant and equipment Borrowing costs capitalized to construction in progress

37. Standar Akuntansi Keuangan Baru

a. Diterapkan pada Tahun 2017

Grup telah menerapkan standar akuntansi keuangan baru dan amandemen standar-standar akuntansi berikut, namun tidak mengakibatkan perubahan substansial terhadap kebijakan akuntansi Grup dan tidak memiliki dampak signifikan terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian:

PSAK

1. PSAK No. 1, Penyajian Laporan Keuangan: Prakarsa Pengungkapan

37. New Financial Accounting Standards

a. Adopted During 2017

The Group has adopted the following new financial accounting standard and amended accounting standards, which did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements:

PSAK

1. PSAK No. 1, Presentation of Financial Statements: Disclosure Initiative

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- 2. PSAK No. 3, Laporan Keuangan Interim
- 3. PSAK No. 24, Imbalan Kerja
- 4. PSAK No. 60, Instrumen Keuangan: Pengungkapan

ISAK

ISAK No. 32, Definisi dan Hierarki Standar Akuntansi Keuangan

b. <u>Telah Diterbitkan namun Belum Berlaku</u> Efektif

> Ikatan Akuntan Indonesia telah menerbitkan Pernyataan Standar Akuntansi Keuangan (PSAK) baru dan amandemen PSAK yang berlaku efektif pada periode yang dimulai:

1 Januari 2018

PSAK

- 1. PSAK No. 2, Laporan Arus Kas: Prakarsa Pengungkapan
- PSAK No. 46, Pajak Penghasilan tentang Pengakuan Aset Pajak Tangguhan untuk Rugi yang Belum Direalisasi

1 Januari 2020

PSAK

- 1. PSAK No. 71, Instrumen Keuangan
- PSAK No. 72, Pendapatan dari Kontrak dengan Pelanggan
- 3. PSAK No. 73, Sewa

Grup masih mengevaluasi dampak penerapan PSAK di atas dan dampak terhadap laporan keuangan konsolidasian dari penerapan PSAK tersebut belum dapat ditentukan.

- 2. PSAK No. 3, Interim Financial Statements
- 3. PSAK No. 24, Employee Benefits
- 4. PSAK No. 60, Financial Instruments: Disclosures

ISAK

ISAK No. 32, Definition and Hierarchy of Financial Accounting Standards

b. <u>Issued but Not Yet Effective</u>

The Institute of Indonesia Chartered Accountants has issued the following new Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) and amendments of PSAKs which will be effective for annual period beginning:

January 1, 2018

PSAK

- PSAK No. 2, Statements of Cash Flows: Disclosure Initiative
- PSAK No. 46, Incomes Taxes: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses

January 1, 2020

PSAK

- 1. PSAK No. 71, Financial Instruments
- 2. PSAK No. 72, Revenues from Contracts with Customers
- 3. PSAK No. 73, Leases

The Group is still evaluating the effects of these PSAKs and has not yet determined the related effects on the consolidated financial statements.
