

1. Overview

γ = smooth oriented

Lifted: vector field

$$x: \gamma \rightarrow T\gamma$$

$$p \mapsto x(p) \in T_p \gamma$$

$x \neq 0$

$$L := \bigcup_{p \in \gamma} \langle x(p) \rangle$$

2. Plane Fields:

Two 1m 1m vector fields

$$x_1, x_2: \gamma \rightarrow T\gamma$$

$$\xi := \bigcup_{p \in \gamma} \langle x_1(p), x_2(p) \rangle$$

$$\mathbb{R}^3: \gamma = \mathbb{R}^3 (x, y, z)$$

$$(1) \quad x_1 = \partial_x \quad x_2 = \partial_y$$

ProLation: surfaces ξ_p s.t. $T\xi_p = \xi_p$

$$(2) \quad x_1 = \partial_x \quad x_2 = \partial_y - x \partial_z$$

see handout for picture

Constant structure
= no structure field tangent to ξ

No local invariants:

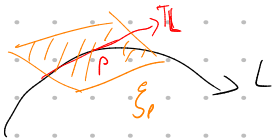
$$\forall p \in (\mathbb{R}^3, \xi) \text{ contact } \exists \text{ neighborhood } U \text{ of } p \text{ s.t. } (U, \xi) \cong (\mathbb{R}^3, \xi_{\text{standard}})$$

"bridge between topology and geometry"

Legendre knots

$$L: S^1 \hookrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^3, \xi)$$

$$\text{Legendre knot} := (L, TL \subset \xi)$$



ξ can approximate any smooth knot by a Legendre knot

Fluxion - Bennequin - invariant

$$f_5(L) \approx \# \text{Twists of } \xi_p \text{ along } L$$

MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS

Phase space \longleftrightarrow symplectic manifold



Energy hypersurface \longleftrightarrow contact structure

Symplectic filling



Does there exist a symplectic filling for a 3-manifold?

Not all 3-manifolds!

For all tight ones??

PHYSICS (Geometry)

For: Quantum mechanics (not understood)

NOT detected by Alg. Top.

\rightarrow more interesting

Topology

Overseas Ex: Smooth manifolds

\exists a Legendre knot s.t. $tb(L) = 0$

TS (CASH) STRATA:

$\{ \text{CONVEX SURFACES} \} / \text{isotopy}$



$\{ \text{2-PLANE FIELDS} \} / \text{homotopy}$

ALG TOP

3- & 4-manifolds TOP

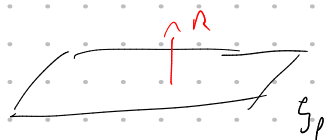
$n \neq 4$: \mathbb{R}^n has a unique smooth structure

$n=4$: \exists uncountably many top. manifolds R
 s.t. $R \cong \mathbb{R}^4$ but $R \not\cong_{\infty} \mathbb{R}^4$

* (manifolds of 3- & 4-manifolds Ex: Heegaard-Floer
 hole

* $H(M, \mathbb{Z})$ invariant can be obtained from
 $(S^3, \mathbb{Z}, t.)$ by surgery on Leg. Link

Dynamical Systems



R.E.B.B. Vector field

vector cohomology:

closed \mathbb{S}^1 R charts or
 periodic orbit

newly Lagrangian Lagrangian

unit cotangent
 bundle

$$M^n \cong N^n \Rightarrow (S^*M, \xi_{\text{con}}) \stackrel{\text{cont}}{=} (S^*N, \xi_{\text{con}})$$

(\Leftarrow)
 coadjoint

Remark: If

$$M^n \stackrel{\text{co}}{=} N^n \Rightarrow S^*M \stackrel{\text{co}}{=} S^*N$$