Arbise 2 2 3

Punter 16 8 14 a) Es gilt lant ketterregel off (Wess) = duces . E. (Wess) (=) \f(\(\text{L(x23)}\) = \left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{\text{CS49}}{\text{CS49}}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{\text{CS49}}{\text{CS49}}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{4} \frac{\text{CS49}}{\text{CS49}}\right)^{-1} $= \frac{\left(\alpha(cz+d) - (\alpha z+s)c\right)^{-1}}{(cz+d)^{2}} - \left[(z+d)^{k} f'(z) + ck(cz+d)^{k-1} f(z)\right]$ = ((21d))2) - [(21d) + (1(21d) + -7 f(2) = ((2+d)) +2 f'(2) + ch (c2+d) +1 f(2) 5) Eg gilt [f,9], = (-1)°(() () () + 9,(-1)"() (1) f'y = k5-149 = (cz+d) -k-1-2 [k. (cz+d) kf(z). (cz+d) +2 g'(z) + (c(z+d))+2 g(z) - (. (czid) g(z). (ccid) hiz f(z) + kc (czid) +12(z) = K((2)g'(2) + K(c((2+d)) f(2)g(2) - K(c((2+d)) g(2)f(2) - (g(2)f'(2)) = [kfg'-lfg]=[f,y],(t) war =(i) wester gilt (in [fig], (2) = lin ([fig], (m))(2) = lin (2-i)hills · [in] - otte 115 tolonosphe Frankton 15+ [F19], Stely dil. 15 [f19], [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] = [fig]; (i) = (< 0, di [fig]; holonoiph out Hit This This with the least the life of the begen un a-ijhttin =0 folgt also 11m [fig],(2) = lin 1 (11) (日) (日) = 0·C=0. =) [fig], ist in du spitze on nully du St2(2) nur use spitzentlusx sontze, ist done 1919], one Spillenform von herkht h+1+2.

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75 (11)
            [[f,9], h], + [[9,h], +], + [[h,6], 19],
       = [rfy-lfg,h],+ [lgh-ngh, f], + [nht-hk+19],
       = (k+1+2)(Kfg-1fg)h'-n(kfg+kfg-1fg-1fg-1fg-).h
+ (lm+2)(lgh'-ngh)f'- K (lgh+lgh"-ngm-ngh).f
        + (n+k+2)(nhe-KKF)9'- (nKF+nh+"-KKF-KKF)-9
      = fg'h[(K+(+2)K-K(++m-k(+++2))]
        + fgh [-((n+1+2)+((+++2)+ki) -(m)
        + + p, p[-wx+(w-w(1+w+s)+w(w+v+s)]
        + fg"h [-Km +Km]
        + f g h [ im - [n]
         + fgh"[-1k+1k]
       = fgh [kx + k1+3K-k1+m-m-m-kc-2k]
         +fgh [-1x-12-21+12+12+11-12]
         + fgh [-ph + h - ph - ph + h, + hu + h]
   20 Es gilt 200
                                        much Ana 1 for
         Insterentine gilt also unit n2.e-c-n2 more o > JN: 4-2N: n'e-cn2 < 1 (x)
                     k ein beliebiges kompaktung KEIH. Dann gilt für en beleebiges
         Sa nun
       z = x + iy \in K : \quad y \ge k \quad \text{for enh} \quad k > 0.
|e^{\pi i n^2 t}| = |e^{\pi i n^2 (x + iy)}| = |e^{\pi i n^2 x}| \cdot |e^{-\pi n^2 y}| = e^{-\pi i n^2 y} \le e^{-\pi i n^2 k}
       Es gilt c== (ik > 0, ulso foly) for n > N mit (*): |enin'z| < 1/2
       Insylvant establish wir für ZEK: " [ E | Min22 | 5 1+ 2 ( E | ettin22 ) + E | 12 )
                                                            < 1 + 2. (C' + T12) < 00
     Insteamere 1st I kompared absolut konversort and dan't holomorph much silve 1.
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$$|J(z)| \leq \sum_{n=\infty}^{\infty} |e^{\pi i n^2 z}| - \sum_{n=\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\pi n^2 \ln(z)} \leq \sum_{n=\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\pi n^2 \cdot 1} - J(i)$$

$$J(2+2) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\pi i n^2(2+2)} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\pi i n^2 2} \cdot e^{2\pi i n^2} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\pi i n^2 2} = J(2)$$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{2\pi i n^2 = 1} e^{\pi i n^2 2} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{\pi i n^2 2} = J(2)$$

$$\frac{2J}{(J^{8}|_{4})^{2}} \left(\frac{J^{8}|_{4}}{J^{2}} \right)^{(2)} = \frac{1}{2} J^{8}(2) = \frac{J^{8}(2)}{J^{8}(2)} = \frac{J^{8}(2)}{J^{8}(2)}$$

3) 1.
$$\forall (m \in \mathbb{Z}) = \ln (m \in \mathbb{Z})^{h/2} \cdot f(m \in \mathbb{Z}) = \frac{\ln 2}{\ln (2 + d)^2}$$
 $(e^{2 + d)^2}$

2. $|f| \leq \frac{14!}{\ln (2)^{h/2}} = (e^{-2 \pi i n^2} d^2) = \int_0^1 f(h) e^{-2 \pi i n} (f(h)) df$

$$\leq \int_0^1 |f(f(h))| \cdot |e^{2 \pi i n y}| df \leq \int_0^1 e^{-2 \pi i n} (f(h)) df$$

$$= (m^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{2 \pi i}) = d^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{2 \pi i n y}$$