

Credit Card Fraud Detection with Random Forest

dataset -> <https://www.kaggle.com/mlg-ulb/creditcardfraud>

En este proyecto analizamos un conjunto de datos de transacciones con tarjetas de crédito realizadas durante un período de dos días.

Cada transacción tiene 30 características, todas ellas numéricas. Las características V_1, V_2, \dots, V_{28} son el resultado de una transformación PCA. Para proteger la confidencialidad, la información básica sobre estas funciones no está disponible. La función Tiempo contiene el tiempo transcurrido desde la primera transacción y la función Monto contiene el monto de la transacción. La variable de respuesta, Clase, es 1 en el caso de fraude y 0 en caso contrario.

El objetivo en este proyecto es construir un modelo que nos ayude a predecir si una transacción con tarjeta de crédito es fraudulenta o no.

Las variables del dataset son:

Tiempo: Número de segundos transcurridos entre una transacción y la primera transacción en el conjunto de datos.

V1-V28: Puede ser el resultado de una reducción de la dimensionalidad de PCA para proteger las identidades de los usuarios y las funciones sensibles (v1-v28).

Amount: Cantidad de transacción.

Class: 1 para transacciones fraudulentas, 0 en caso contrario.

```
[1]: #import libraries

import numpy as np
import scipy as sp
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
```

```
[2]: # Load data
data = pd.read_csv('creditcard.csv', header=0)
```

```
[3]: # Data preparation

data.shape
```

```
[3]: (284807, 31)
```

```
[4]: data.columns
```

```
[4]: Index(['Time', 'V1', 'V2', 'V3', 'V4', 'V5', 'V6', 'V7', 'V8', 'V9', 'V10',  
        'V11', 'V12', 'V13', 'V14', 'V15', 'V16', 'V17', 'V18', 'V19', 'V20',  
        'V21', 'V22', 'V23', 'V24', 'V25', 'V26', 'V27', 'V28', 'Amount',  
        'Class'],  
        dtype='object')
```

```
[5]: data.head()
```

```
[5]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	\
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	

	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23	V24	V25	\
0	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474	0.066928	0.128539	
1	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775	-0.638672	0.101288	-0.339846	0.167170	
2	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998	0.771679	0.909412	-0.689281	-0.327642	
3	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300	0.005274	-0.190321	-1.175575	0.647376	
4	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431	0.798278	-0.137458	0.141267	-0.206010	

	V26	V27	V28	Amount	Class
0	-0.189115	0.133558	-0.021053	149.62	0
1	0.125895	-0.008983	0.014724	2.69	0
2	-0.139097	-0.055353	-0.059752	378.66	0
3	-0.221929	0.062723	0.061458	123.50	0
4	0.502292	0.219422	0.215153	69.99	0

[5 rows x 31 columns]

```
[6]: data.sample(5)
```

```
[6]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	\
55687	47067.0	-1.500544	1.475549	0.503194	-1.632386	-0.413720	-0.495604	
129083	78944.0	-0.997035	0.512693	2.201569	3.090123	-0.233869	2.109021	
188270	127898.0	1.994690	-0.364561	-0.935029	-0.005480	0.144659	0.483885	
193519	130170.0	2.295212	-1.274653	-0.901225	-1.469508	-1.299759	-1.054565	
184971	126473.0	1.930527	-0.647935	-0.305714	0.283875	-1.011310	-0.703618	

	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23	\
55687	0.003230	0.642250	0.532465	...	-0.216303	-0.368483	-0.051223	
129083	-0.878401	1.101786	-0.619495	...	0.100403	0.422904	-0.071087	
188270	-0.521046	0.135746	1.053976	...	0.165735	0.666933	0.039633	

```
193519 -0.933855 -0.346781 -1.322026 ... -0.162860 0.081728 0.210588
184971 -0.657569 -0.027765 1.666606 ... 0.187815 0.679975 0.121565
```

```

      V24      V25      V26      V27      V28 Amount Class
55687 -0.350526 -0.069347 0.712115 -0.096524 -0.341537    0.77      0
129083 -0.751963 -0.342607 0.283967 0.105583 0.024435   48.51      0
188270 -0.093336 0.089501 -0.586620 0.050204 -0.044413   15.00      0
193519 -0.024364 -0.141579 -0.161604 0.011824 -0.049779   20.00      0
184971 0.064469 -0.216707 0.122576 0.003712 -0.038358   39.95      0

```

[5 rows x 31 columns]

```
[7]: data.tail()
```

```

[7]:
      Time      V1      V2      V3      V4      V5 \
284802 172786.0 -11.881118 10.071785 -9.834783 -2.066656 -5.364473
284803 172787.0 -0.732789 -0.055080 2.035030 -0.738589 0.868229
284804 172788.0 1.919565 -0.301254 -3.249640 -0.557828 2.630515
284805 172788.0 -0.240440 0.530483 0.702510 0.689799 -0.377961
284806 172792.0 -0.533413 -0.189733 0.703337 -0.506271 -0.012546

      V6      V7      V8      V9 ...      V21      V22 \
284802 -2.606837 -4.918215 7.305334 1.914428 ... 0.213454 0.111864
284803 1.058415 0.024330 0.294869 0.584800 ... 0.214205 0.924384
284804 3.031260 -0.296827 0.708417 0.432454 ... 0.232045 0.578229
284805 0.623708 -0.686180 0.679145 0.392087 ... 0.265245 0.800049
284806 -0.649617 1.577006 -0.414650 0.486180 ... 0.261057 0.643078

      V23      V24      V25      V26      V27      V28 Amount \
284802 1.014480 -0.509348 1.436807 0.250034 0.943651 0.823731    0.77
284803 0.012463 -1.016226 -0.606624 -0.395255 0.068472 -0.053527   24.79
284804 -0.037501 0.640134 0.265745 -0.087371 0.004455 -0.026561   67.88
284805 -0.163298 0.123205 -0.569159 0.546668 0.108821 0.104533   10.00
284806 0.376777 0.008797 -0.473649 -0.818267 -0.002415 0.013649  217.00

      Class
284802    0
284803    0
284804    0
284805    0
284806    0

```

[5 rows x 31 columns]

```
[8]: data.describe()
```

```

[8]:
      Time          V1          V2          V3          V4 \
count 284807.000000 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05
mean  94813.859575 3.918649e-15 5.682686e-16 -8.761736e-15 2.811118e-15
std   47488.145955 1.958696e+00 1.651309e+00 1.516255e+00 1.415869e+00
min    0.000000 -5.640751e+01 -7.271573e+01 -4.832559e+01 -5.683171e+00
25%   54201.500000 -9.203734e-01 -5.985499e-01 -8.903648e-01 -8.486401e-01
50%   84692.000000 1.810880e-02 6.548556e-02 1.798463e-01 -1.984653e-02
75%   139320.500000 1.315642e+00 8.037239e-01 1.027196e+00 7.433413e-01
max   172792.000000 2.454930e+00 2.205773e+01 9.382558e+00 1.687534e+01

      V5          V6          V7          V8          V9 \
count 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05
mean -1.552103e-15 2.040130e-15 -1.698953e-15 -1.893285e-16 -3.147640e-15
std   1.380247e+00 1.332271e+00 1.237094e+00 1.194353e+00 1.098632e+00
min -1.137433e+02 -2.616051e+01 -4.355724e+01 -7.321672e+01 -1.343407e+01
25% -6.915971e-01 -7.682956e-01 -5.540759e-01 -2.086297e-01 -6.430976e-01
50% -5.433583e-02 -2.741871e-01 4.010308e-02 2.235804e-02 -5.142873e-02
75% 6.119264e-01 3.985649e-01 5.704361e-01 3.273459e-01 5.971390e-01
max 3.480167e+01 7.330163e+01 1.205895e+02 2.000721e+01 1.559499e+01

      ...          V21          V22          V23          V24 \
count ... 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05
mean  ... 1.473120e-16 8.042109e-16 5.282512e-16 4.456271e-15
std   ... 7.345240e-01 7.257016e-01 6.244603e-01 6.056471e-01
min   ... -3.483038e+01 -1.093314e+01 -4.480774e+01 -2.836627e+00
25%   ... -2.283949e-01 -5.423504e-01 -1.618463e-01 -3.545861e-01
50%   ... -2.945017e-02 6.781943e-03 -1.119293e-02 4.097606e-02
75%   ... 1.863772e-01 5.285536e-01 1.476421e-01 4.395266e-01
max   ... 2.720284e+01 1.050309e+01 2.252841e+01 4.584549e+00

      V25          V26          V27          V28          Amount \
count 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 2.848070e+05 284807.000000
mean  1.426896e-15 1.701640e-15 -3.662252e-16 -1.217809e-16 88.349619
std   5.212781e-01 4.822270e-01 4.036325e-01 3.300833e-01 250.120109
min -1.029540e+01 -2.604551e+00 -2.256568e+01 -1.543008e+01 0.000000
25% -3.171451e-01 -3.269839e-01 -7.083953e-02 -5.295979e-02 5.600000
50% 1.659350e-02 -5.213911e-02 1.342146e-03 1.124383e-02 22.000000
75% 3.507156e-01 2.409522e-01 9.104512e-02 7.827995e-02 77.165000
max 7.519589e+00 3.517346e+00 3.161220e+01 3.384781e+01 25691.160000

      Class
count 284807.000000
mean  0.001727
std   0.041527
min   0.000000
25%   0.000000
50%   0.000000

```

```
75%          0.000000
max          1.000000
```

```
[8 rows x 31 columns]
```

```
[9]: data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
Data columns (total 31 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Time    284807 non-null  float64
1   V1       284807 non-null  float64
2   V2       284807 non-null  float64
3   V3       284807 non-null  float64
4   V4       284807 non-null  float64
5   V5       284807 non-null  float64
6   V6       284807 non-null  float64
7   V7       284807 non-null  float64
8   V8       284807 non-null  float64
9   V9       284807 non-null  float64
10  V10      284807 non-null  float64
11  V11      284807 non-null  float64
12  V12      284807 non-null  float64
13  V13      284807 non-null  float64
14  V14      284807 non-null  float64
15  V15      284807 non-null  float64
16  V16      284807 non-null  float64
17  V17      284807 non-null  float64
18  V18      284807 non-null  float64
19  V19      284807 non-null  float64
20  V20      284807 non-null  float64
21  V21      284807 non-null  float64
22  V22      284807 non-null  float64
23  V23      284807 non-null  float64
24  V24      284807 non-null  float64
25  V25      284807 non-null  float64
26  V26      284807 non-null  float64
27  V27      284807 non-null  float64
28  V28      284807 non-null  float64
29  Amount   284807 non-null  float64
30  Class    284807 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 67.4 MB
```

Podemos ver que todas las variables son numéricas, por lo que no haremos transformación de variables falsas. Al parecer no hay valores nulos, pero procedemos a rectificar esto a continuación

```
[10]: data.isnull().any()
```

```
[10]: Time      False
      V1        False
      V2        False
      V3        False
      V4        False
      V5        False
      V6        False
      V7        False
      V8        False
      V9        False
      V10       False
      V11       False
      V12       False
      V13       False
      V14       False
      V15       False
      V16       False
      V17       False
      V18       False
      V19       False
      V20       False
      V21       False
      V22       False
      V23       False
      V24       False
      V25       False
      V26       False
      V27       False
      V28       False
      Amount    False
      Class     False
      dtype: bool
```

```
[11]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```
[11]: Time      0
      V1        0
      V2        0
      V3        0
      V4        0
      V5        0
      V6        0
      V7        0
      V8        0
      V9        0
```

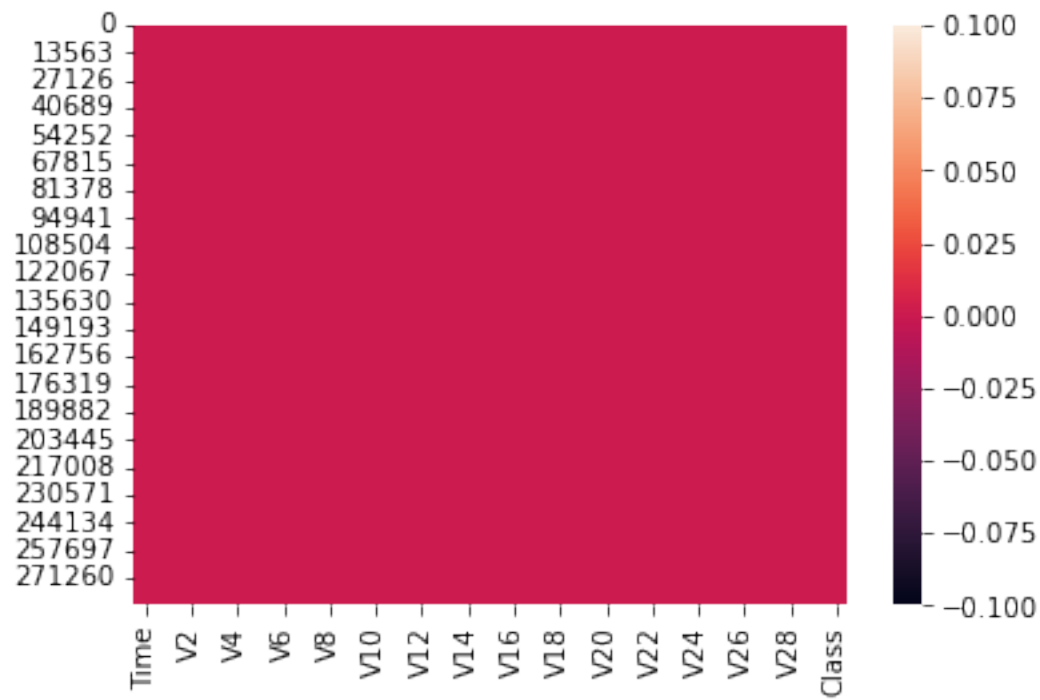
```
V10      0
V11      0
V12      0
V13      0
V14      0
V15      0
V16      0
V17      0
V18      0
V19      0
V20      0
V21      0
V22      0
V23      0
V24      0
V25      0
V26      0
V27      0
V28      0
Amount   0
Class    0
dtype: int64
```

```
[12]: data.isnull().any().any()
```

```
[12]: False
```

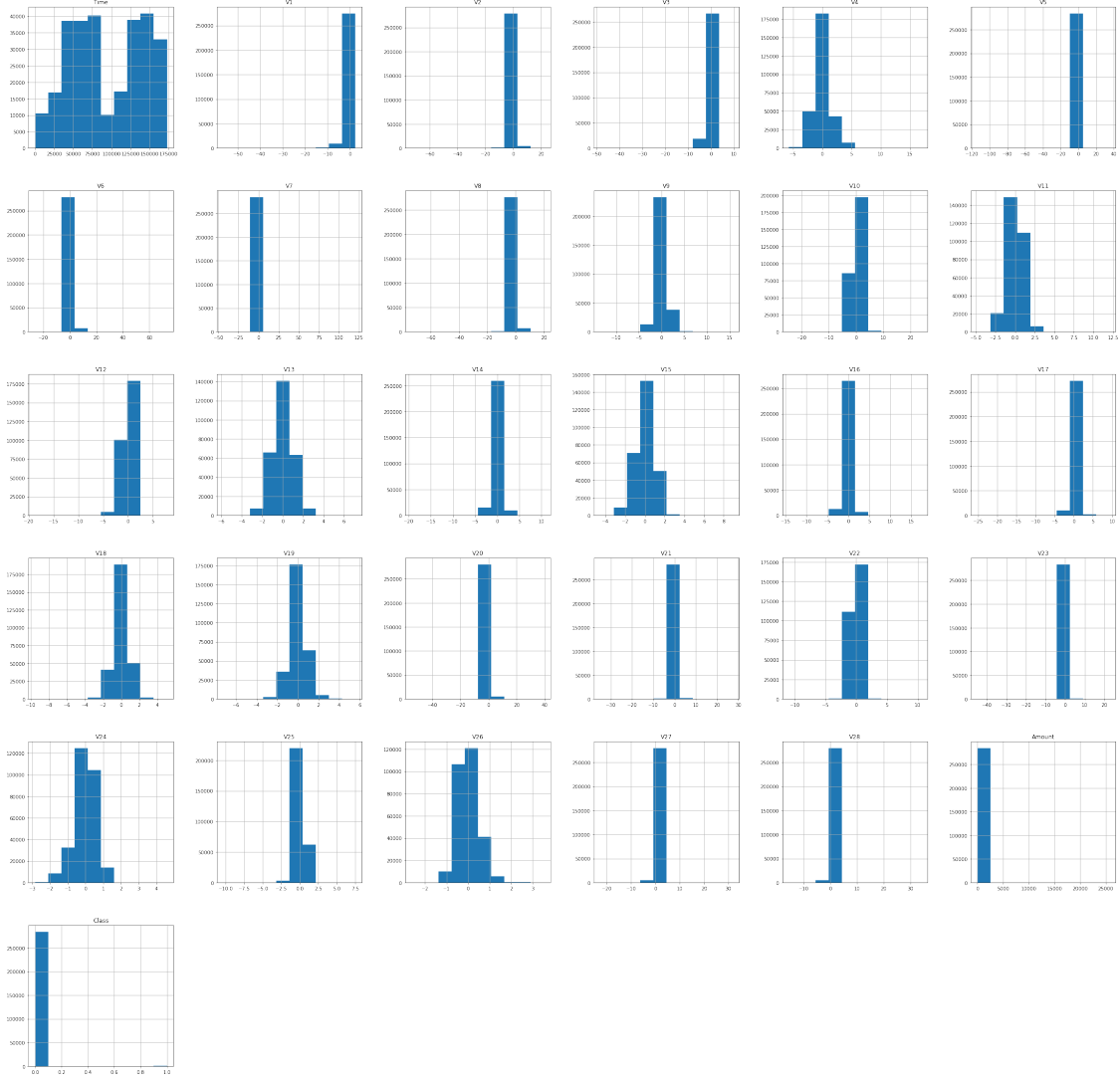
```
[13]: sns.heatmap(data.isnull())
```

```
[13]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



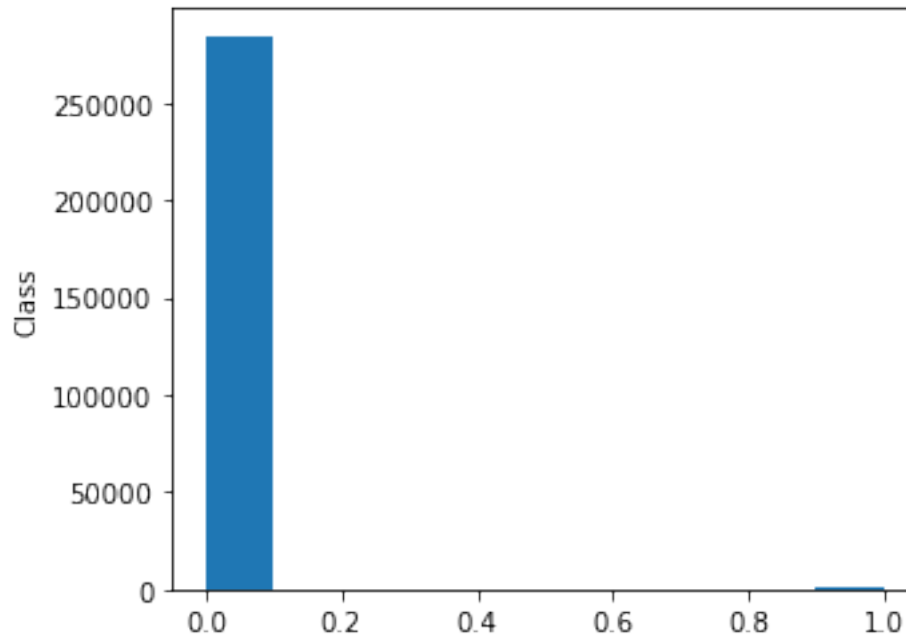
1 Exploratory analysis

```
[14]: data.hist(figsize=(40,40))
      plt.show()
```

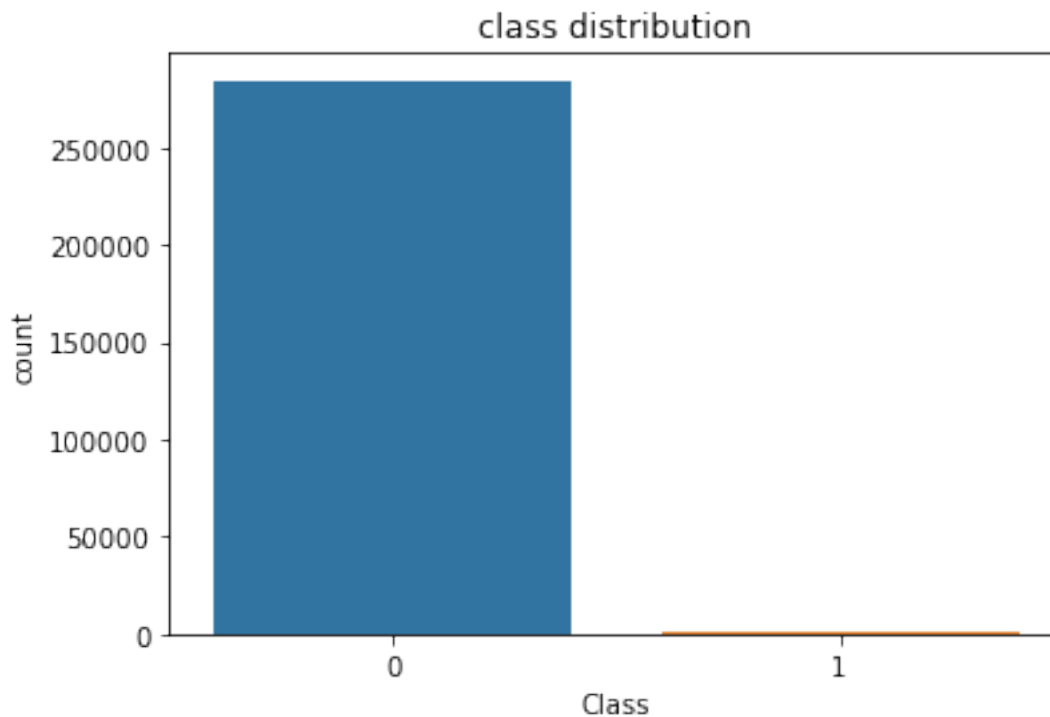
```
[15]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
plt.hist(data['Class'])
plt.ylabel('Class')
```

```
[15]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Class')
```



```
[16]: sns.countplot('Class', data=data)
plt.title("class distribution")
plt.show()
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36:
FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.
warnings.warn(



```
[17]: # Podemos ver el porcentaje de fraudes y transacciones reales
data.Class.value_counts()
```

```
[17]: 0    284315
      1      492
      Name: Class, dtype: int64
```

```
[18]: data.Class.value_counts(normalize=True)
```

```
[18]: 0    0.998273
      1    0.001727
      Name: Class, dtype: float64
```

Podemos ver que el porcentaje total de transacciones fraudulentas es de tan solo el 0.1727% lo que representa una cantidad muy pequeña de todas las transacciones.

2 Time

```
[19]: data['Time'].describe()
```

```
[19]: count    284807.000000
      mean     94813.859575
      std      47488.145955
```

```
min          0.000000
25%         54201.500000
50%         84692.000000
75%        139320.500000
max        172792.000000
Name: Time, dtype: float64
```

Como la variable “Time” esta en segundos, nos es mas facil hacer un analisis ya sea por minuto o por hora, en este caso, la variable “Time” le aplicaremos una transformación de segundos a horas para una lectura mas sencilla.

```
[20]: # Convertimos segundos en horas
data.loc[:, 'Time'] = data.Time /3600
```

```
[21]: data['Time'].describe()
```

```
[21]: count      284807.000000
mean         26.337183
std          13.191152
min           0.000000
25%          15.055972
50%          23.525556
75%          38.700139
max           47.997778
Name: Time, dtype: float64
```

```
[22]: data['Time'].max()
```

```
[22]: 47.99777777777778
```

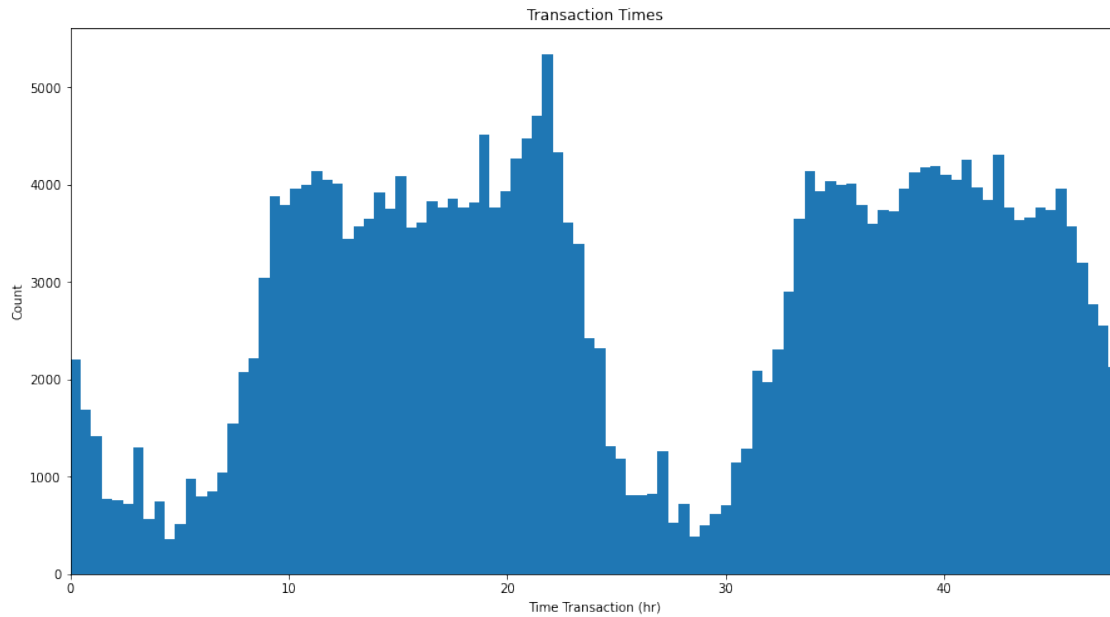
```
[23]: data['Time'].max() /24
```

```
[23]: 1.9999074074074075
```

Rectificamos que en efecto todas las transacciones se hicieron en un lapso de 2 dias.

```
[24]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
plt.hist(data['Time'], bins=100)
plt.xlim([0,48])
plt.xlabel('Time Transaction (hr)')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Transaction Times')
```

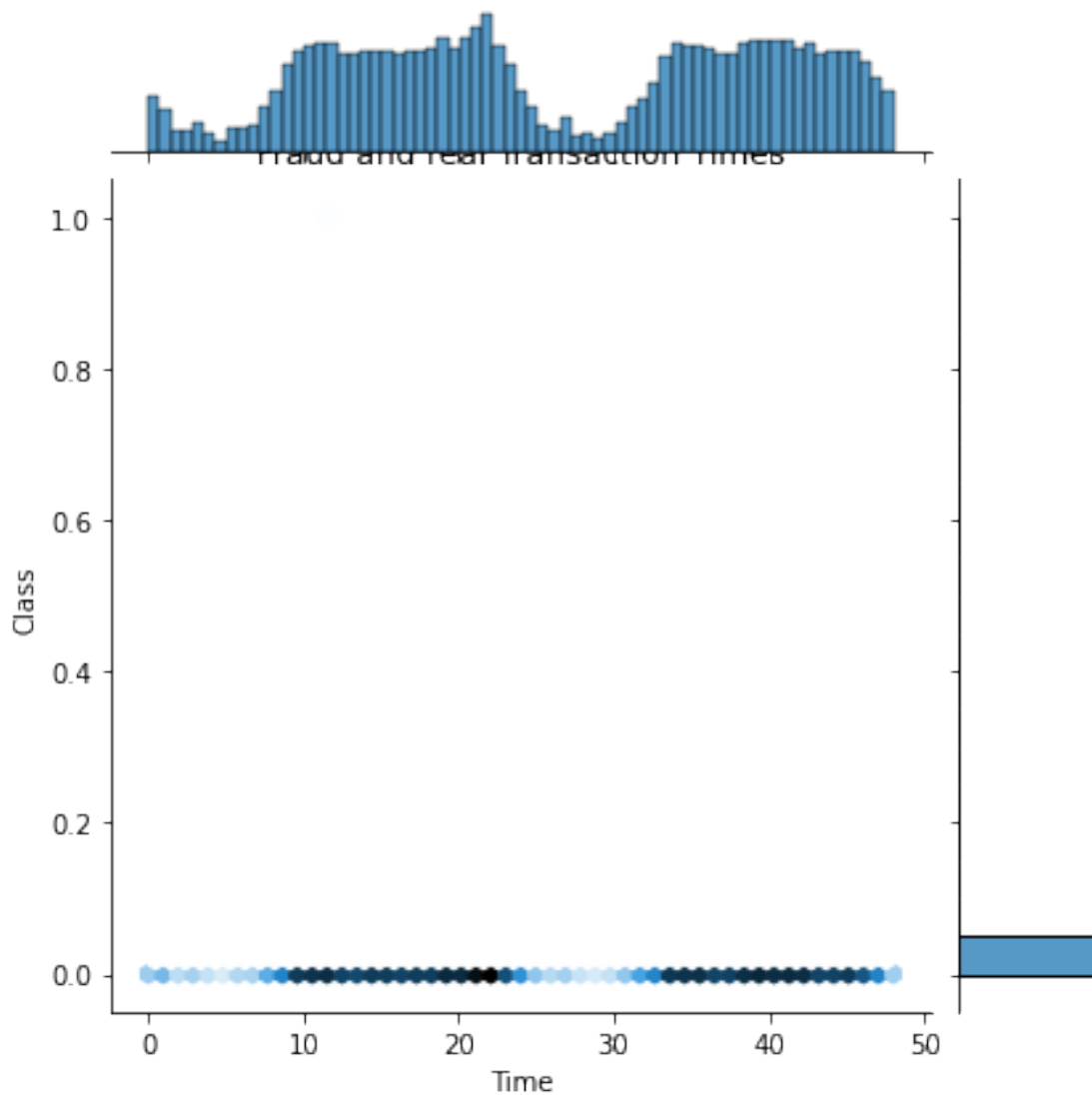
```
[24]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Transaction Times')
```



```
[25]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.jointplot(x='Time', y = 'Class', data= data, kind='hex')
plt.title('Fraud and real Transaction Times')
```

```
[25]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Fraud and real Transaction Times')
```

<Figure size 1080x576 with 0 Axes>



Nuevamente podemos notar que la cantidad de transacciones fraudulentas son muy pocas, mas sin en cambio, las transacciones reales son la gran mayoria superiores al 99.8%.

3 Amount

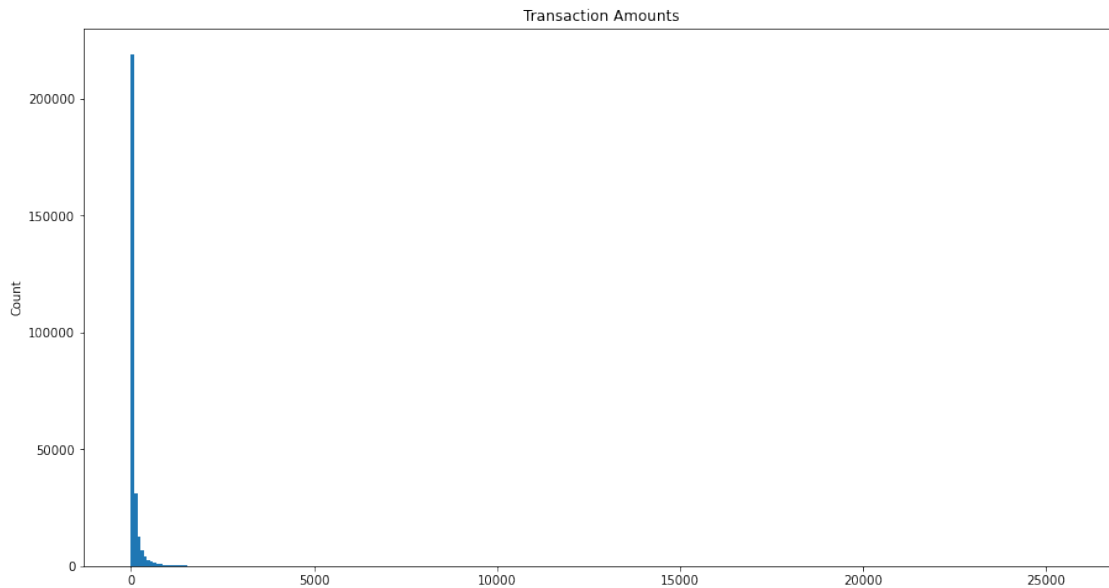
```
[26]: data['Amount'].describe()
```

```
[26]: count    284807.000000
      mean      88.349619
      std       250.120109
      min       0.000000
      25%       5.600000
```

```
50%          22.000000
75%          77.165000
max         25691.160000
Name: Amount, dtype: float64
```

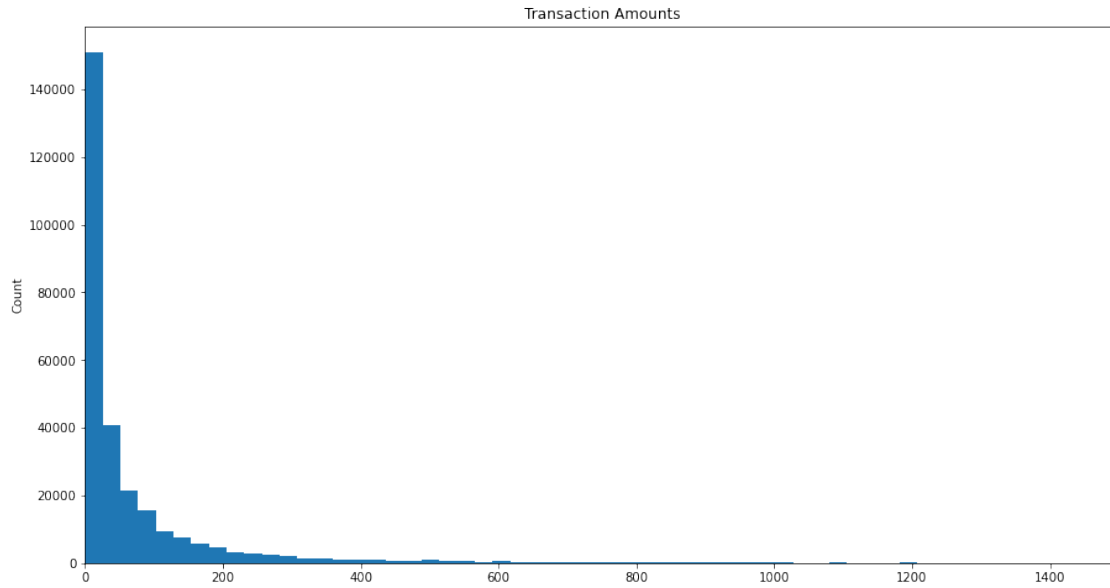
```
[27]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
plt.hist(data['Amount'], bins=300)
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Transaction Amounts')
```

```
[27]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Transaction Amounts')
```



```
[28]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
plt.hist(data['Amount'], bins=1000)
plt.xlim([0,1500])
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Transaction Amounts')
```

```
[28]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Transaction Amounts')
```

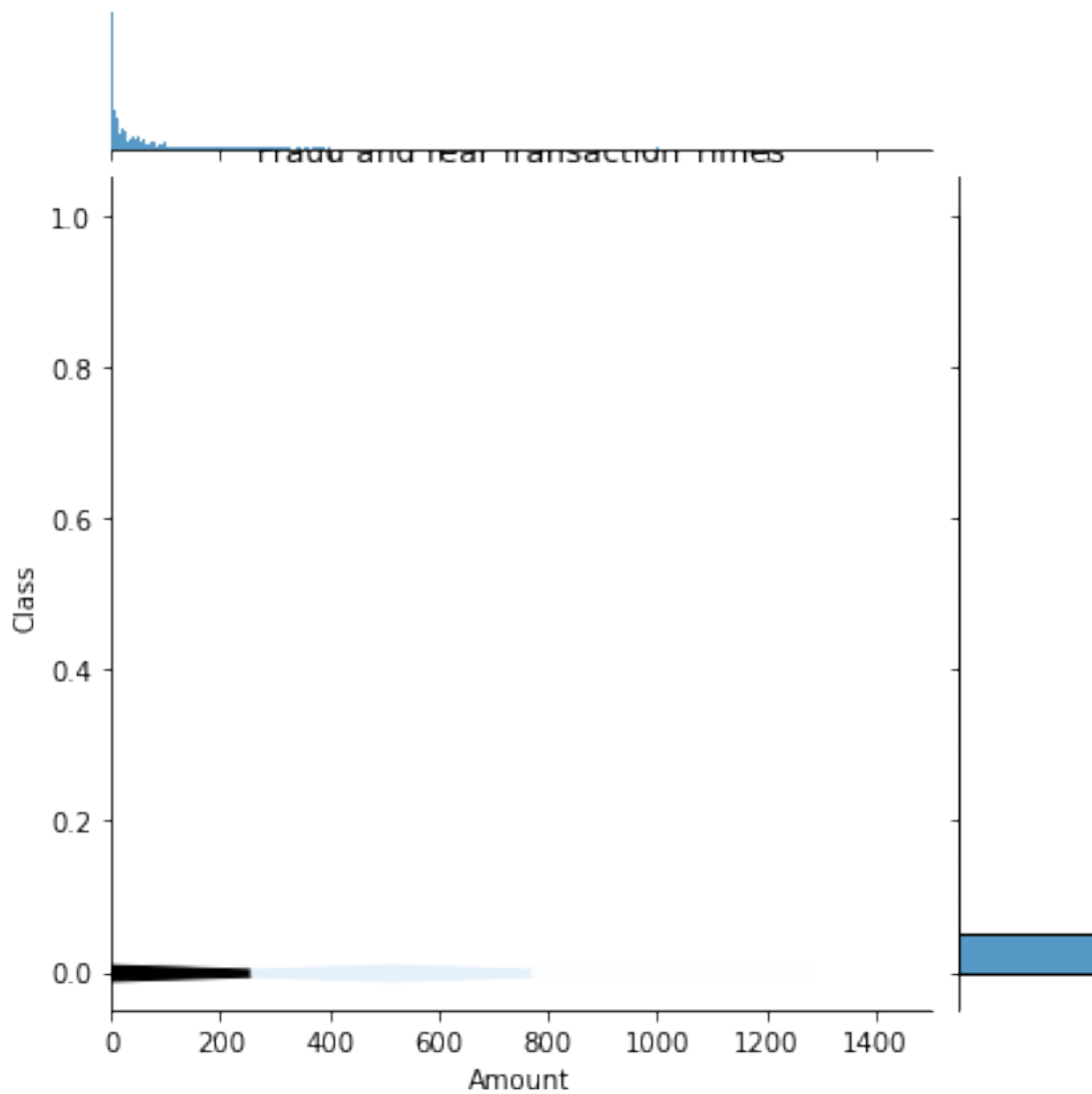


Las graficas anteriores nos muestran que la mayoría de transacciones, tanto fraudulentas como reales, estan por debajo de un monto de 1200.

```
[29]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.jointplot(x='Amount', y = 'Class', data= data, kind='hex')
plt.xlim([0,1500])
plt.title('Fraud and real Transaction Times')
```

```
[29]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Fraud and real Transaction Times')
```

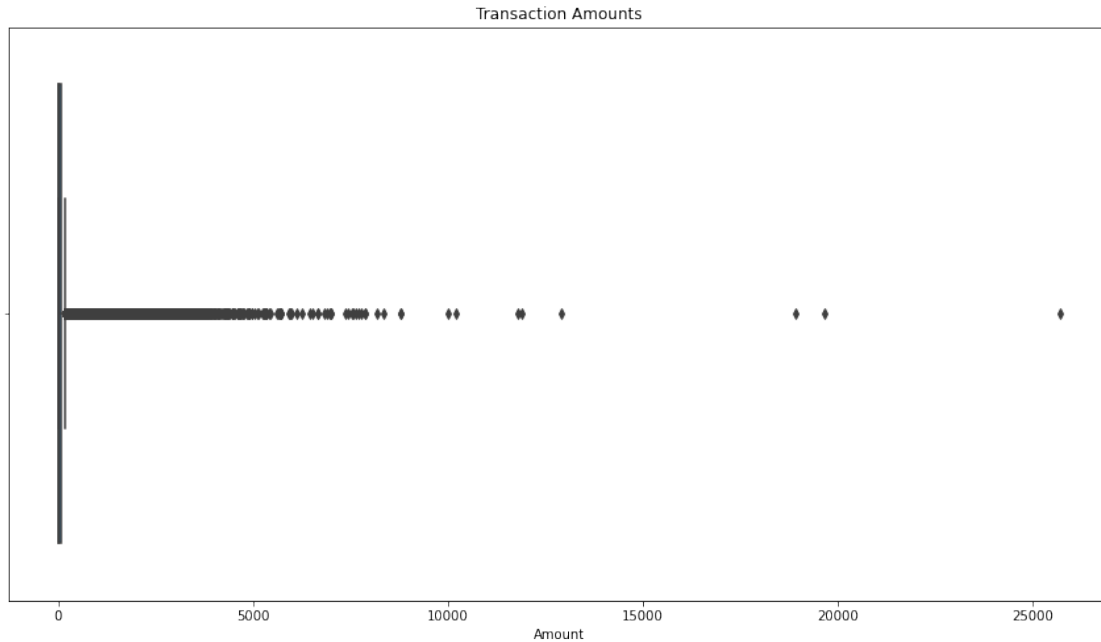
<Figure size 1080x576 with 0 Axes>



4 Outlier values

```
[30]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))  
sns.boxplot(x=data['Amount'])  
plt.title('Transaction Amounts')
```

```
[30]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Transaction Amounts')
```



```
[31]: np.percentile(data.Amount,[99])
```

```
[31]: array([1017.97])
```

```
[32]: np.percentile(data.Amount,[99])[0]
```

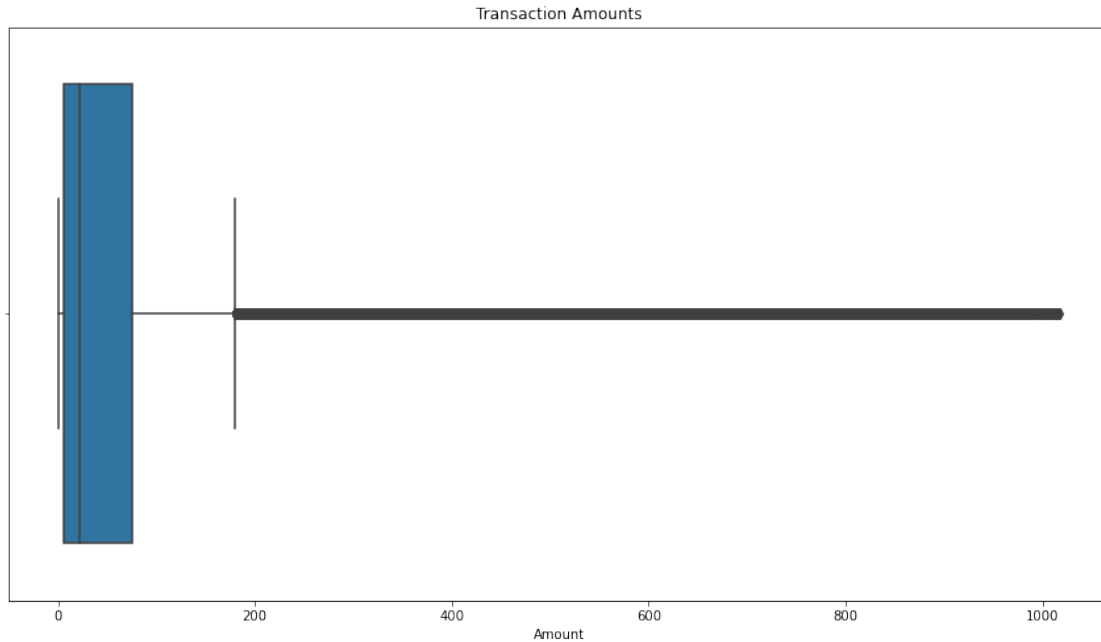
```
[32]: 1017.97000000000012
```

```
[33]: uv = np.percentile(data.Amount,[99])[0]
```

```
[34]: data = data.drop(data.index[data['Amount'] >= uv])
```

```
[35]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.boxplot(x=data['Amount'])
plt.title('Transaction Amounts')
```

```
[35]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Transaction Amounts')
```



```
[36]: data.shape
```

```
[36]: (281958, 31)
```

```
[37]: data['Amount'].describe()
```

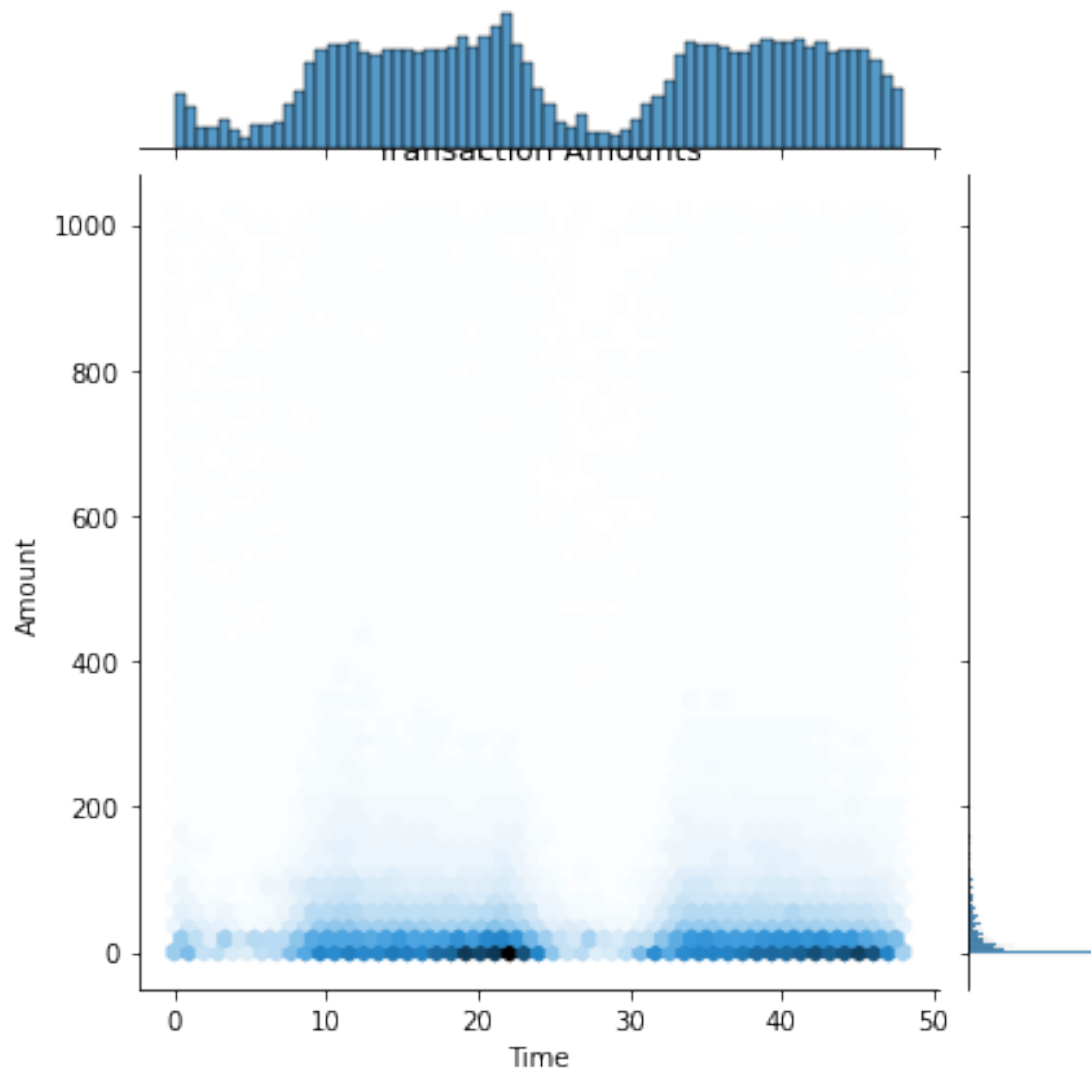
```
[37]: count    281958.000000
      mean       70.716411
      std       129.043036
      min        0.000000
      25%        5.470000
      50%       21.190000
      75%       74.950000
      max      1017.500000
      Name: Amount, dtype: float64
```

5 Time vs. Amount

```
[38]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
      sns.jointplot(x='Time', y = 'Amount', data= data, kind='hex',bins=100)
      plt.title('Transaction Amounts')
```

```
[38]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Transaction Amounts')
```

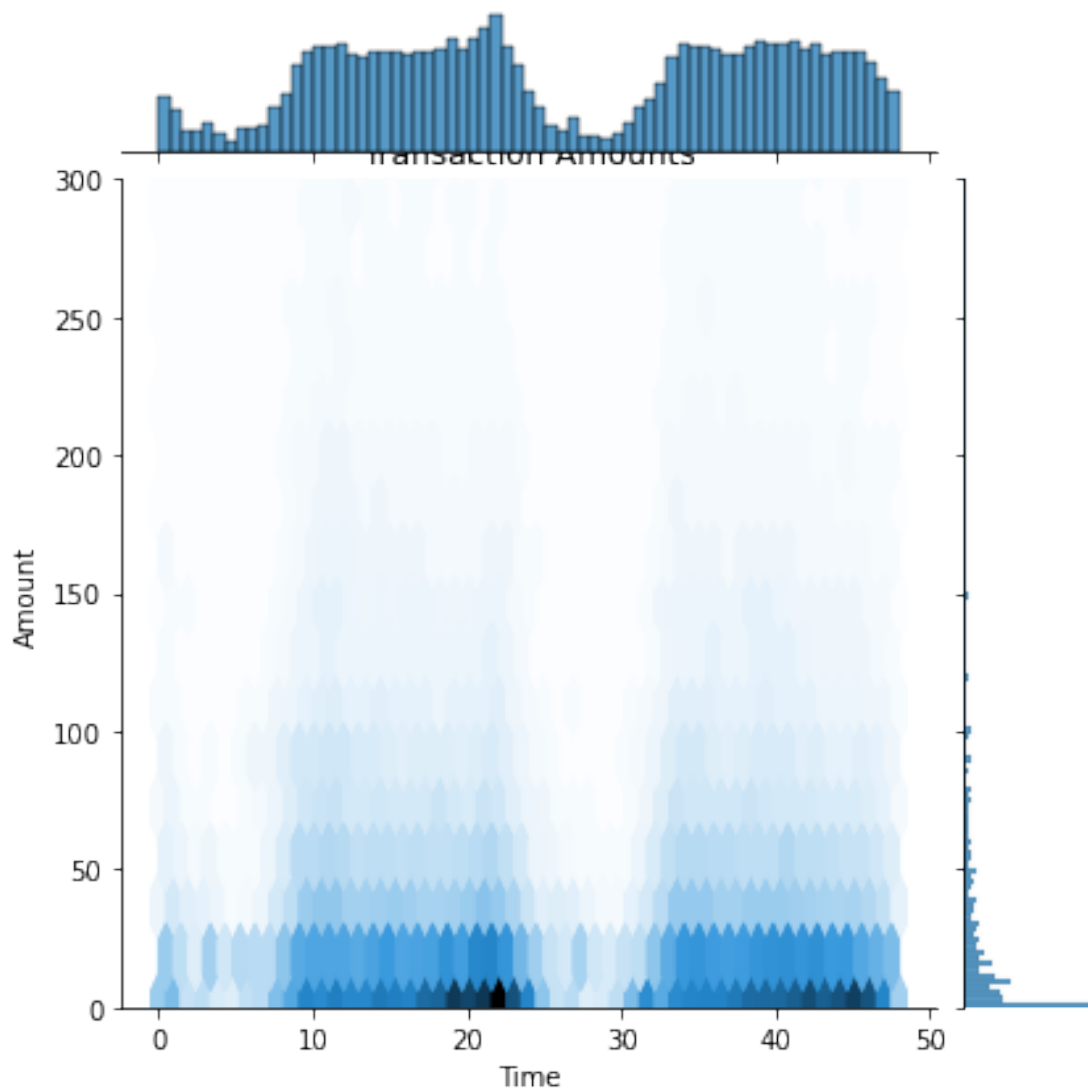
```
<Figure size 1080x576 with 0 Axes>
```



```
[39]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
sns.jointplot(x='Time', y = 'Amount', data= data, kind='hex',bins=100)
plt.ylim([0, 300])
plt.title('Transaction Amounts')
```

```
[39]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Transaction Amounts')
```

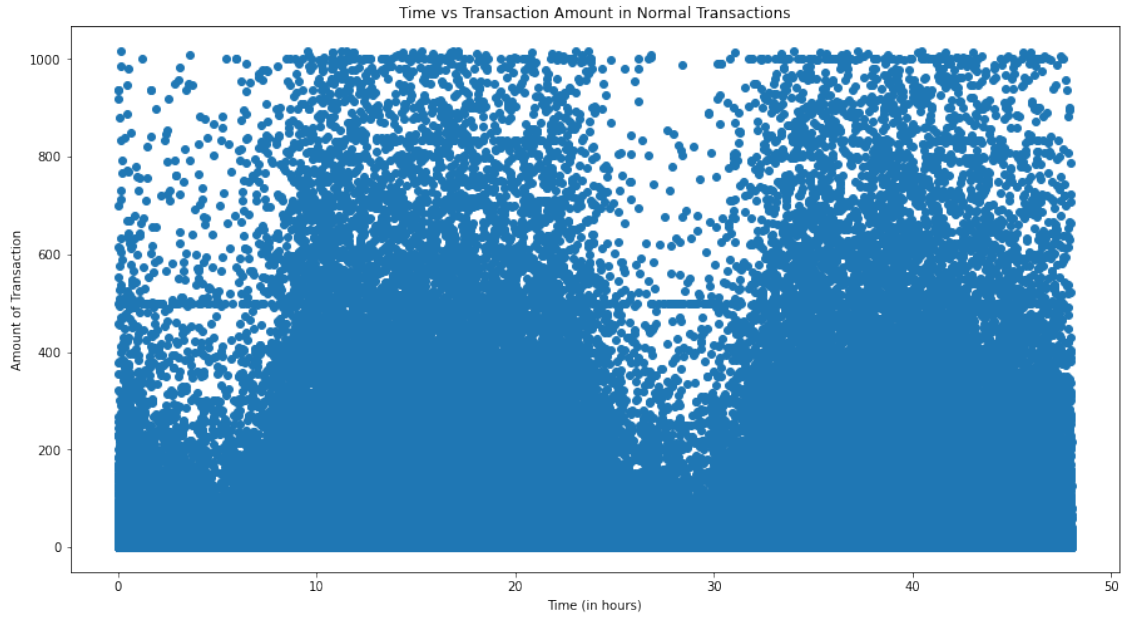
```
<Figure size 1080x576 with 0 Axes>
```



6 Scatter plot de Class vs Amount y Time para transacciones normales

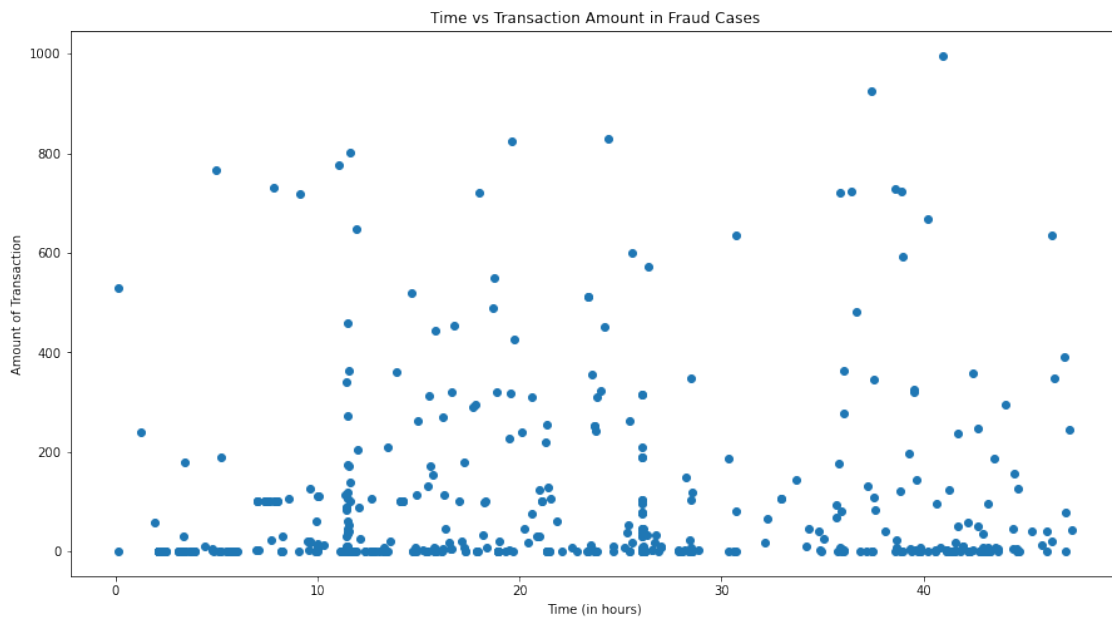
```
[40]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
fig = plt.scatter(x=data[data['Class'] == 0]['Time'], y=data[data['Class'] == 0]['Amount'])
plt.title("Time vs Transaction Amount in Normal Transactions")
plt.xlabel("Time (in hours)")
plt.ylabel("Amount of Transaction")
```

```
[40]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Amount of Transaction')
```



```
[41]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
fig = plt.scatter(x=data[data['Class'] == 1]['Time'], y=data[data['Class'] == 1]['Amount'])
plt.title("Time vs Transaction Amount in Fraud Cases")
plt.xlabel("Time (in hours)")
plt.ylabel("Amount of Transaction")
```

```
[41]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Amount of Transaction')
```



Podemos notar que hay mas datos anormales en las transacciones fraudulentas comparadas con las transacciones normales.

7 V1-V28

```
[42]: pca_vars = ['V%i' % k for k in range(1,29)]
```

```
[43]: v1_v28 = data[pca_vars].describe()
```

```
[44]: data[pca_vars].describe()
```

```
[44]:
```

	V1	V2	V3	V4 \
count	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000
mean	0.032412	0.057244	0.025099	-0.011762
std	1.889011	1.462565	1.480447	1.402561
min	-46.855047	-47.429676	-33.680984	-5.683171
25%	-0.900389	-0.575563	-0.861092	-0.853928
50%	0.038225	0.076168	0.194044	-0.027356
75%	1.320950	0.811145	1.036410	0.730534
max	2.454930	22.057729	9.382558	13.129143

	V5	V6	V7	V8 \
count	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000
mean	0.034301	-0.018477	-0.036813	0.009585
std	1.262505	1.283427	1.085699	1.180338
min	-23.669726	-23.496714	-43.557242	-73.216718
25%	-0.672125	-0.772081	-0.559532	-0.203697
50%	-0.044095	-0.280934	0.031891	0.025318
75%	0.619279	0.381228	0.554993	0.330946
max	34.099309	16.614054	15.661716	20.007208

	V9	V10	...	V19	V20 \
count	281958.000000	281958.000000	...	281958.000000	281958.000000
mean	0.003263	0.007892	...	0.003492	-0.020938
std	1.095067	1.082691	...	0.810549	0.620143
min	-13.434066	-24.588262	...	-4.932733	-23.420173
25%	-0.637854	-0.528076	...	-0.451211	-0.212305
50%	-0.048919	-0.089475	...	0.006492	-0.064456
75%	0.597817	0.458492	...	0.461014	0.127079
max	15.594995	23.745136	...	5.591971	16.756448

	V21	V22	V23	V24 \
count	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000
mean	-0.005957	0.004976	0.006338	-0.000726

std	0.717382	0.718989	0.504557	0.604855
min	-34.830382	-8.887017	-36.666000	-2.836627
25%	-0.229121	-0.538139	-0.158656	-0.355164
50%	-0.031745	0.009951	-0.010088	0.040474
75%	0.181180	0.531329	0.147358	0.438540
max	27.202839	10.503090	22.083545	4.022866

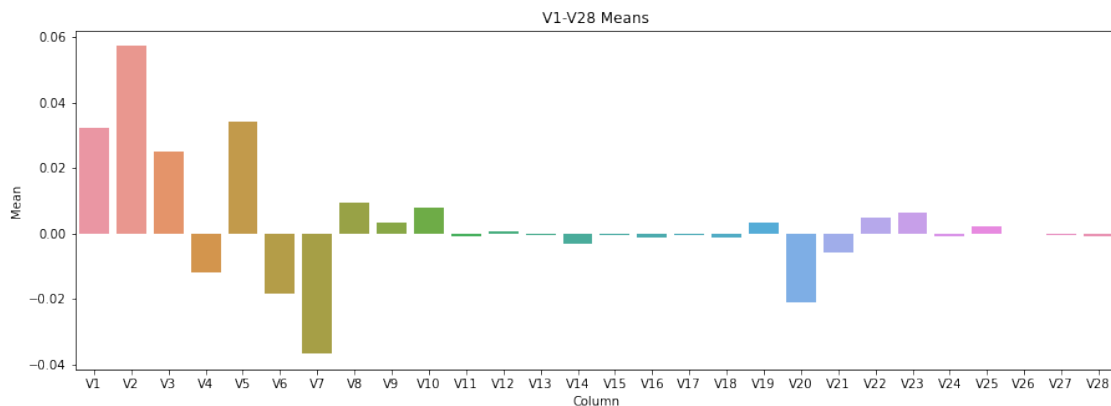
	V25	V26	V27	V28
count	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000	281958.000000
mean	0.002199	-0.000112	-0.000388	-0.000911
std	0.514396	0.480772	0.383250	0.297726
min	-7.495741	-2.068561	-22.565679	-11.710896
25%	-0.315238	-0.326429	-0.069292	-0.053002
50%	0.018177	-0.051616	0.002066	0.010831
75%	0.351447	0.239905	0.091115	0.075941
max	7.519589	3.517346	9.879903	22.620072

[8 rows x 28 columns]

```
[45]: # graficamos las media para un analisis mas sencillo
vs_mean = data[pca_vars].mean()
```

```
[46]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.barplot(x=pca_vars, y=vs_mean)
plt.xlabel('Column')
plt.ylabel('Mean')
plt.title('V1-V28 Means')
```

```
[46]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'V1-V28 Means')
```



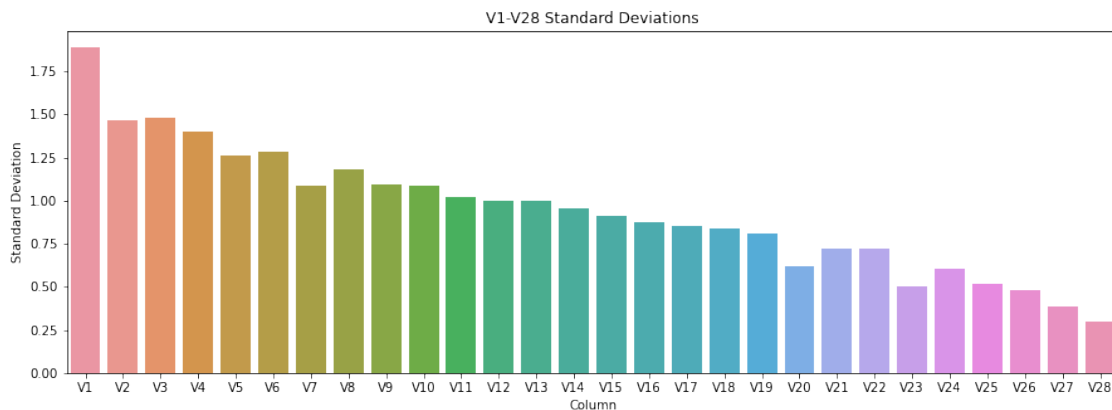
```
[47]: data[pca_vars].mean().mean()
```


[47]: 0.0029847600034513524

La media de todos los V1-V28 son aproximadamente 0, Ahora graficamos la desviacion estandar.

```
[48]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.barplot(x=pca_vars, y=data[pca_vars].std())
plt.xlabel('Column')
plt.ylabel('Standard Deviation')
plt.title('V1-V28 Standard Deviations')
```

[48]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'V1-V28 Standard Deviations')



```
[49]: # buscamos el valo máximo
data[pca_vars].std().max()
```

[49]: 1.8890107451038372

```
[50]: # tambien el valor minimo
data[pca_vars].std().min()
```

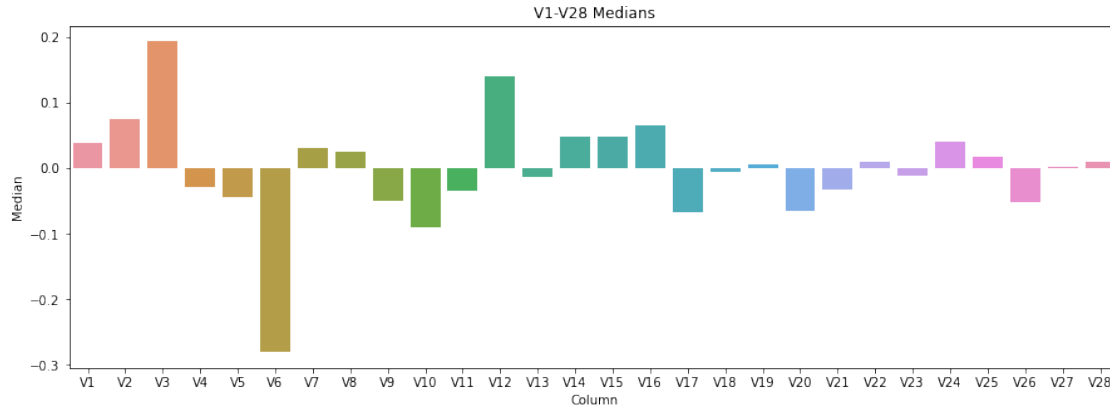
[50]: 0.297725889070566

Las variables de PCA tienen una variación unitaria aproximada, pero es tan pequeña como ~ 0.3 y tan alta como ~ 1.9 . Grafiquemos las medianas:

Grafiquemos las medianas:

```
[51]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.barplot(x=pca_vars, y=data[pca_vars].median())
plt.xlabel('Column')
plt.ylabel('Median')
plt.title('V1-V28 Medians')
```

[51]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'V1-V28 Medians')



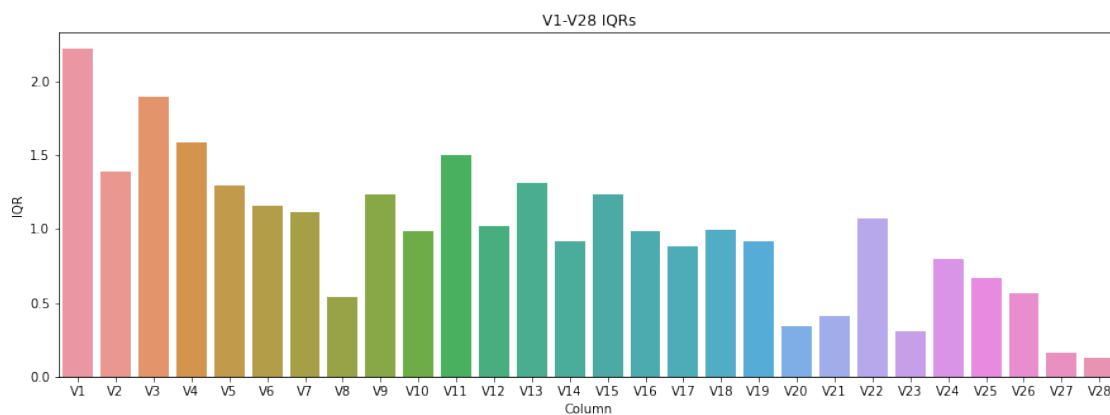
```
[52]: data[pca_vars].median().mean()
```

```
[52]: -0.000368439804139721
```

En promedio las medianas tambien son de aproximadamente cero, a continuacion vamos a ver el IQR.

```
[53]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.barplot(x=pca_vars,
            y=data[pca_vars].quantile(0.75) - data[pca_vars].quantile(0.25))
plt.xlabel('Column')
plt.ylabel('IQR')
plt.title('V1-V28 IQRs')
```

```
[53]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'V1-V28 IQRs')
```



8 Correlaciones

Vamos a ver las correlaciones existentes entre las diferentes variables que tenemos en el dataset.

```
[54]: data.corr()
```

```
[54]:
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	\
Time	1.000000	0.121719	-0.013433	-0.428389	-0.106329	0.188803	-0.065923	
V1	0.121719	1.000000	-0.137679	-0.053279	0.036045	-0.067225	0.036311	
V2	-0.013433	-0.137679	1.000000	-0.100534	0.067348	-0.103004	0.045302	
V3	-0.428389	-0.053279	-0.100534	1.000000	0.023411	-0.076402	0.043433	
V4	-0.106329	0.036045	0.067348	0.023411	1.000000	0.026918	-0.013803	
V5	0.188803	-0.067225	-0.103004	-0.076402	0.026918	1.000000	0.121793	
V6	-0.065923	0.036311	0.045302	0.043433	-0.013803	0.121793	1.000000	
V7	0.094762	0.095904	0.153701	0.103362	-0.038154	0.237086	-0.143865	
V8	-0.037081	-0.025370	-0.031441	-0.025227	0.007741	-0.051169	0.031465	
V9	-0.007785	0.002366	-0.003521	-0.005879	-0.000847	-0.012620	0.006214	
V10	0.029072	-0.014768	-0.030542	-0.014604	0.005182	-0.038691	0.022305	
V11	-0.248186	0.006206	0.006211	0.003841	-0.002061	0.007815	-0.006259	
V12	0.126110	-0.000339	0.001067	-0.004323	-0.000044	-0.013836	0.008263	
V13	-0.066603	0.009178	0.012366	0.005680	-0.003935	0.008121	-0.005238	
V14	-0.100501	0.002635	0.017673	0.007405	-0.003182	-0.001882	0.003539	
V15	-0.185172	0.011903	0.014498	0.007677	-0.005183	0.009432	-0.005944	
V16	0.011652	0.019149	0.018499	0.011890	-0.007565	0.026582	-0.017893	
V17	-0.072683	-0.003522	0.002157	-0.002354	0.001814	-0.005888	0.004735	
V18	0.091990	0.000804	0.009030	-0.000512	-0.003064	0.002953	0.000869	
V19	0.028798	-0.005669	-0.024231	-0.006913	0.005236	-0.006708	0.002147	
V20	-0.057632	0.027530	0.197171	0.036976	-0.037163	0.006210	0.020485	
V21	0.047460	0.002581	0.043071	0.007465	-0.006721	-0.003306	0.008007	
V22	0.144904	-0.018593	-0.050173	-0.013854	0.011812	-0.011466	0.002896	
V23	0.063175	-0.039700	-0.079628	-0.052067	0.027212	-0.023718	0.002433	
V24	-0.015817	0.005138	0.006834	0.005255	-0.001948	0.007915	-0.002328	
V25	-0.236276	-0.007436	-0.024426	-0.012884	0.008081	-0.009002	0.002844	
V26	-0.041111	-0.001562	-0.005666	0.000637	0.001099	0.002472	-0.002147	
V27	-0.006060	0.015215	-0.009870	0.017880	0.000047	0.062330	-0.042616	
V28	-0.010592	0.025226	0.051634	0.007316	-0.015756	-0.028076	0.018487	
Amount	-0.015647	-0.112535	-0.428632	-0.081178	0.017183	-0.245463	0.121001	
Class	-0.012379	-0.105888	0.103811	-0.198453	0.134873	-0.104286	-0.045428	

	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23	\
Time	0.094762	-0.037081	-0.007785	...	0.047460	0.144904	0.063175	
V1	0.095904	-0.025370	0.002366	...	0.002581	-0.018593	-0.039700	
V2	0.153701	-0.031441	-0.003521	...	0.043071	-0.050173	-0.079628	
V3	0.103362	-0.025227	-0.005879	...	0.007465	-0.013854	-0.052067	
V4	-0.038154	0.007741	-0.000847	...	-0.006721	0.011812	0.027212	
V5	0.237086	-0.051169	-0.012620	...	-0.003306	-0.011466	-0.023718	
V6	-0.143865	0.031465	0.006214	...	0.008007	0.002896	0.002433	
V7	1.000000	0.054966	0.018041	...	-0.001647	0.009057	-0.029269	

V8	0.054966	1.000000	-0.001479	...	-0.004628	-0.005725	-0.051319
V9	0.018041	-0.001479	1.000000	...	0.007485	0.000495	0.023271
V10	0.048150	-0.007334	-0.002875	...	0.012249	-0.004726	0.019210
V11	-0.009031	0.002639	-0.001409	...	0.003879	-0.000148	0.010665
V12	0.018266	-0.001947	-0.004636	...	-0.001157	0.003339	0.015933
V13	-0.011821	0.001856	-0.000606	...	0.002792	0.001609	0.004323
V14	-0.001717	0.000829	0.004216	...	-0.012455	0.004938	0.008027
V15	-0.013026	0.004671	-0.003362	...	0.004534	0.001716	0.016136
V16	-0.032539	0.009784	-0.003294	...	0.008946	-0.001535	0.014905
V17	0.009870	-0.002081	0.001747	...	-0.005766	0.002205	0.002129
V18	-0.005747	-0.001711	0.003258	...	-0.008843	0.003932	-0.024019
V19	0.009298	-0.001196	-0.003085	...	0.013913	-0.009233	-0.013136
V20	-0.030519	-0.022588	0.034385	...	-0.142024	0.057220	-0.065441
V21	-0.001647	-0.004628	0.007485	...	1.000000	0.017831	-0.014973
V22	0.009057	-0.005725	0.000495	...	0.017831	1.000000	-0.057115
V23	-0.029269	-0.051319	0.023271	...	-0.014973	-0.057115	1.000000
V24	-0.006719	0.005585	0.000019	...	0.003250	0.002044	0.027741
V25	-0.002235	-0.008103	0.003898	...	0.005325	-0.015881	-0.100292
V26	-0.004629	0.001146	0.001785	...	0.004501	-0.003554	-0.006436
V27	-0.064257	0.031007	0.000560	...	0.032490	-0.007443	0.058902
V28	0.024464	-0.004060	-0.015194	...	0.001580	0.009126	0.025334
Amount	0.144730	-0.038871	-0.035250	...	0.068163	0.013205	-0.009405
Class	-0.214164	0.020532	-0.098838	...	0.041921	0.000878	0.001860

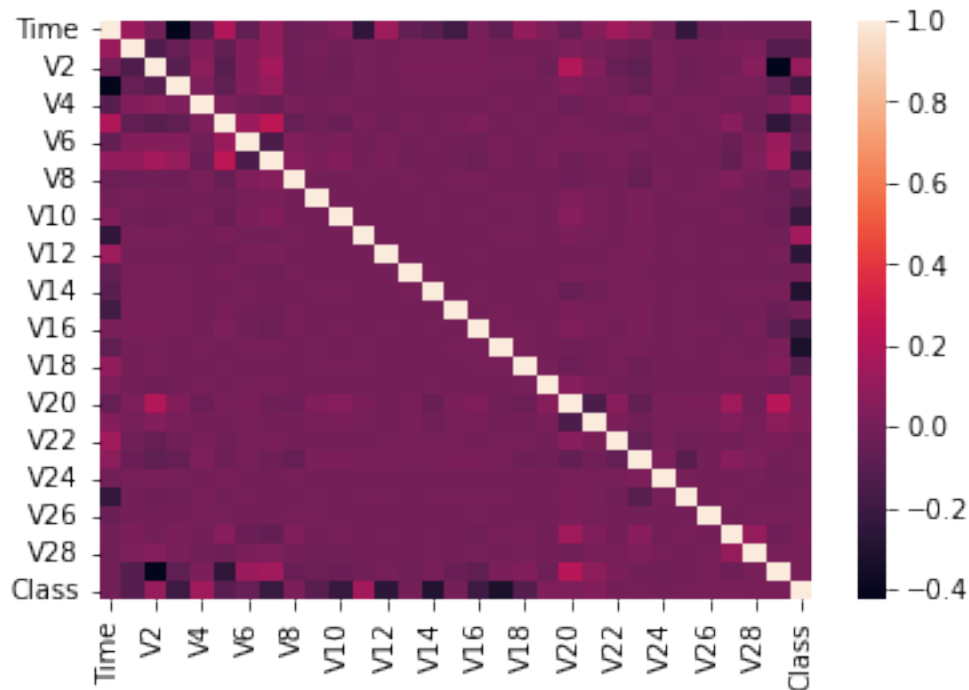
	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount	Class
Time	-0.015817	-0.236276	-0.041111	-0.006060	-0.010592	-0.015647	-0.012379
V1	0.005138	-0.007436	-0.001562	0.015215	0.025226	-0.112535	-0.105888
V2	0.006834	-0.024426	-0.005666	-0.009870	0.051634	-0.428632	0.103811
V3	0.005255	-0.012884	0.000637	0.017880	0.007316	-0.081178	-0.198453
V4	-0.001948	0.008081	0.001099	0.000047	-0.015756	0.017183	0.134873
V5	0.007915	-0.009002	0.002472	0.062330	-0.028076	-0.245463	-0.104286
V6	-0.002328	0.002844	-0.002147	-0.042616	0.018487	0.121001	-0.045428
V7	-0.006719	-0.002235	-0.004629	-0.064257	0.024464	0.144730	-0.214164
V8	0.005585	-0.008103	0.001146	0.031007	-0.004060	-0.038871	0.020532
V9	0.000019	0.003898	0.001785	0.000560	-0.015194	-0.035250	-0.098838
V10	-0.000551	-0.000213	-0.001428	0.008284	-0.020450	-0.043390	-0.218642
V11	0.000738	0.001633	-0.001070	-0.005177	-0.003804	-0.020063	0.154896
V12	0.000362	0.003945	0.000838	0.004085	-0.004081	0.006579	-0.261096
V13	-0.001044	0.000655	0.000345	-0.004518	-0.001624	-0.018196	-0.004375
V14	0.000316	0.004226	0.000030	0.006303	0.005308	0.010685	-0.303472
V15	-0.001265	0.002466	-0.000578	-0.007242	-0.004456	-0.040485	-0.004385
V16	-0.002695	0.001389	0.001951	-0.018033	0.001409	-0.071817	-0.197696
V17	0.000801	0.001344	0.000622	0.006262	0.000740	0.016514	-0.326349
V18	-0.000423	-0.002758	-0.000409	0.008850	0.001335	0.035764	-0.111875
V19	-0.001116	-0.007379	-0.001114	-0.008156	-0.000449	-0.023044	0.034537
V20	0.010634	0.021964	0.015971	0.132456	-0.016928	0.214737	0.025631
V21	0.003250	0.005325	0.004501	0.032490	0.001580	0.068163	0.041921

V22	0.002044	-0.015881	-0.003554	-0.007443	0.009126	0.013205	0.000878
V23	0.027741	-0.100292	-0.006436	0.058902	0.025334	-0.009405	0.001860
V24	1.000000	0.002943	-0.000449	-0.009654	0.003706	-0.017712	-0.007439
V25	0.002943	1.000000	-0.003919	0.007259	-0.002766	-0.000056	0.004286
V26	-0.000449	-0.003919	1.000000	-0.004088	0.002290	0.005272	0.004696
V27	-0.009654	0.007259	-0.004088	1.000000	0.104656	-0.025165	0.016994
V28	0.003706	-0.002766	0.002290	0.104656	1.000000	0.004772	0.011205
Amount	-0.017712	-0.000056	0.005272	-0.025165	0.004772	1.000000	0.008464
Class	-0.007439	0.004286	0.004696	0.016994	0.011205	0.008464	1.000000

[31 rows x 31 columns]

```
[55]: sns.heatmap(data.corr())
```

```
[55]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



9 Modeling

```
[56]: #Train-Test split
```

```
[57]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
[58]: X= data.drop('Class',axis=1)
```

```
[59]: X.head()
```

```
[59]:      Time      V1      V2      V3      V4      V5      V6  \
0  0.000000 -1.359807 -0.072781  2.536347  1.378155 -0.338321  0.462388
1  0.000000  1.191857  0.266151  0.166480  0.448154  0.060018 -0.082361
2  0.000278 -1.358354 -1.340163  1.773209  0.379780 -0.503198  1.800499
3  0.000278 -0.966272 -0.185226  1.792993 -0.863291 -0.010309  1.247203
4  0.000556 -1.158233  0.877737  1.548718  0.403034 -0.407193  0.095921

      V7      V8      V9  ...      V20      V21      V22      V23  \
0  0.239599  0.098698  0.363787  ...  0.251412 -0.018307  0.277838 -0.110474
1 -0.078803  0.085102 -0.255425  ... -0.069083 -0.225775 -0.638672  0.101288
2  0.791461  0.247676 -1.514654  ...  0.524980  0.247998  0.771679  0.909412
3  0.237609  0.377436 -1.387024  ... -0.208038 -0.108300  0.005274 -0.190321
4  0.592941 -0.270533  0.817739  ...  0.408542 -0.009431  0.798278 -0.137458

      V24      V25      V26      V27      V28  Amount
0  0.066928  0.128539 -0.189115  0.133558 -0.021053  149.62
1 -0.339846  0.167170  0.125895 -0.008983  0.014724   2.69
2 -0.689281 -0.327642 -0.139097 -0.055353 -0.059752  378.66
3 -1.175575  0.647376 -0.221929  0.062723  0.061458  123.50
4  0.141267 -0.206010  0.502292  0.219422  0.215153   69.99
```

[5 rows x 30 columns]

```
[60]: y = data['Class']
```

```
[61]: y.head()
```

```
[61]: 0    0
      1    0
      2    0
      3    0
      4    0
      Name: Class, dtype: int64
```

```
[62]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test= train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25,
→random_state=0)
```

Uaremos el 75% de los datos para entrenamiento y el 25% para pruebas.

```
[63]: X_train.shape
```

```
[63]: (211468, 30)
```

```
[64]: X_test.shape
```

```
[64]: (70490, 30)
```

```
[65]: y_train.shape
```

```
[65]: (211468,)
```

```
[66]: y_test.shape
```

```
[66]: (70490,)
```

```
[67]: import statsmodels.api as sm
      from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
[68]: X_cons = sm.add_constant(X)
```

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\tsatools.py:142:
FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of concat except for
the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
  x = pd.concat(x[:, :order], 1)
```

```
[69]: X_cons.head()
```

```
[69]:
```

	const	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	\
0	1.0	0.000000	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	
1	1.0	0.000000	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	
2	1.0	0.000278	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	
3	1.0	0.000278	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	
4	1.0	0.000556	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	

	V6	V7	V8	...	V20	V21	V22	V23	\
0	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	...	0.251412	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474	
1	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	...	-0.069083	-0.225775	-0.638672	0.101288	
2	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	...	0.524980	0.247998	0.771679	0.909412	
3	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	...	-0.208038	-0.108300	0.005274	-0.190321	
4	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	...	0.408542	-0.009431	0.798278	-0.137458	

	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount
0	0.066928	0.128539	-0.189115	0.133558	-0.021053	149.62
1	-0.339846	0.167170	0.125895	-0.008983	0.014724	2.69
2	-0.689281	-0.327642	-0.139097	-0.055353	-0.059752	378.66
3	-1.175575	0.647376	-0.221929	0.062723	0.061458	123.50
4	0.141267	-0.206010	0.502292	0.219422	0.215153	69.99

```
[5 rows x 31 columns]
```

```
[70]: lm = sm.OLS(y, X_cons).fit()
```

```
[71]: lm.summary()
```

```
[71]: <class 'statsmodels.iolib.summary.Summary'>
      """
```

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          Class    R-squared:                0.523
Model:                  OLS      Adj. R-squared:         0.523
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:          1.030e+04
Date:                   Tue, 19 Oct 2021    Prob (F-statistic):    0.00
Time:                   15:28:10    Log-Likelihood:       6.0243e+05
No. Observations:       281958    AIC:                  -1.205e+06
Df Residuals:           281927    BIC:                  -1.204e+06
Df Model:               30
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
=====
```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	0.0011	0.000	6.123	0.000	0.001	0.001
Time	-1.51e-05	5.6e-06	-2.699	0.007	-2.61e-05	-4.14e-06
V1	-0.0018	3.96e-05	-46.621	0.000	-0.002	-0.002
V2	0.0031	8.18e-05	38.221	0.000	0.003	0.003
V3	-0.0050	5.2e-05	-95.682	0.000	-0.005	-0.005
V4	0.0037	4.19e-05	88.839	0.000	0.004	0.004
V5	-0.0021	7.55e-05	-28.089	0.000	-0.002	-0.002
V6	-0.0018	5.54e-05	-31.765	0.000	-0.002	-0.002
V7	-0.0070	8.67e-05	-81.128	0.000	-0.007	-0.007
V8	0.0009	4.91e-05	17.794	0.000	0.001	0.001
V9	-0.0036	5e-05	-71.816	0.000	-0.004	-0.003
V10	-0.0080	5.38e-05	-148.475	0.000	-0.008	-0.008
V11	0.0062	5.58e-05	111.803	0.000	0.006	0.006
V12	-0.0107	5.47e-05	-196.458	0.000	-0.011	-0.011
V13	-0.0002	5.43e-05	-3.647	0.000	-0.000	-9.16e-05
V14	-0.0132	5.73e-05	-229.827	0.000	-0.013	-0.013
V15	-0.0002	6.08e-05	-3.337	0.001	-0.000	-8.38e-05
V16	-0.0092	6.21e-05	-148.474	0.000	-0.009	-0.009
V17	-0.0159	6.37e-05	-250.188	0.000	-0.016	-0.016
V18	-0.0056	6.58e-05	-85.139	0.000	-0.006	-0.005
V19	0.0019	6.81e-05	28.317	0.000	0.002	0.002
V20	-0.0001	0.000	-0.771	0.441	-0.000	0.000
V21	0.0019	8.25e-05	23.291	0.000	0.002	0.002
V22	0.0003	7.87e-05	3.506	0.000	0.000	0.000
V23	0.0002	0.000	1.890	0.059	-7.78e-06	0.000
V24	-0.0005	8.91e-05	-5.646	0.000	-0.001	-0.000
V25	0.0004	0.000	3.240	0.001	0.000	0.001
V26	0.0004	0.000	3.631	0.000	0.000	0.001
V27	0.0017	0.000	11.856	0.000	0.001	0.002
V28	0.0012	0.000	6.634	0.000	0.001	0.002
Amount	1.219e-05	9.83e-07	12.399	0.000	1.03e-05	1.41e-05


```
=====
Omnibus:                    590571.822    Durbin-Watson:                    1.966
Prob(Omnibus):                0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):                8650260111.411
Skew:                        17.570    Prob(JB):                        0.00
Kurtosis:                    860.361    Cond. No.                        610.
=====
```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

"""

```
[72]: lm_a = LinearRegression()
```

```
[73]: lm_a.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[73]: LinearRegression()
```

```
[74]: y_test_a = lm_a.predict(X_test)
```

```
[75]: y_train_a = lm_a.predict(X_train)
```

```
[76]: from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
```

```
[77]: r2_score(y_test, y_test_a)
```

```
[77]: 0.5427028695528663
```

```
[78]: r2_score(y_train, y_train_a)
```

```
[78]: 0.5153711917156873
```

```
[79]: # Trainning classification tree
      from sklearn import tree
```

```
[80]: clftree = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth = 3)
```

```
[81]: clftree.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[81]: DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=3)
```

```
[82]: y_train_pred = clftree.predict(X_train)
```

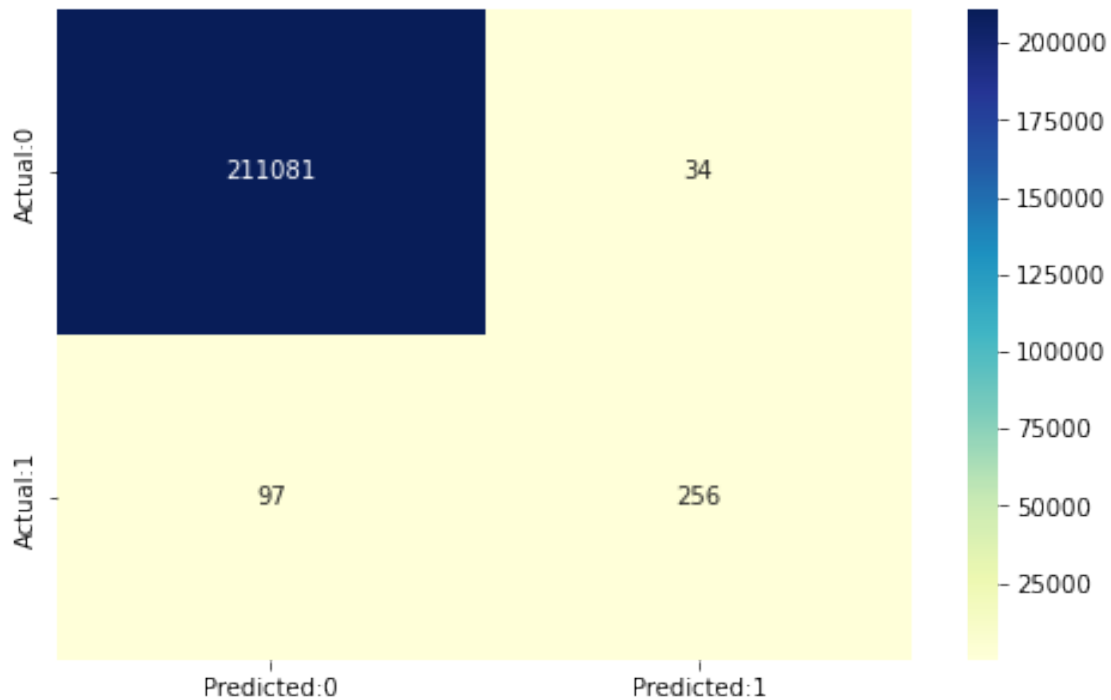
```
[83]: y_test_pred = clftree.predict(X_test)
```

```
[84]: # model performance
      from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
```

```
[85]: cmy_train = confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred)
```

```
[86]: conf_matrix=pd.DataFrame(data=cmy_train,columns=['Predicted:0','Predicted:
→1'],index=['Actual:0','Actual:1'])
plt.figure(figsize = (8,5))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True,fmt='d',cmap="YlGnBu")
```

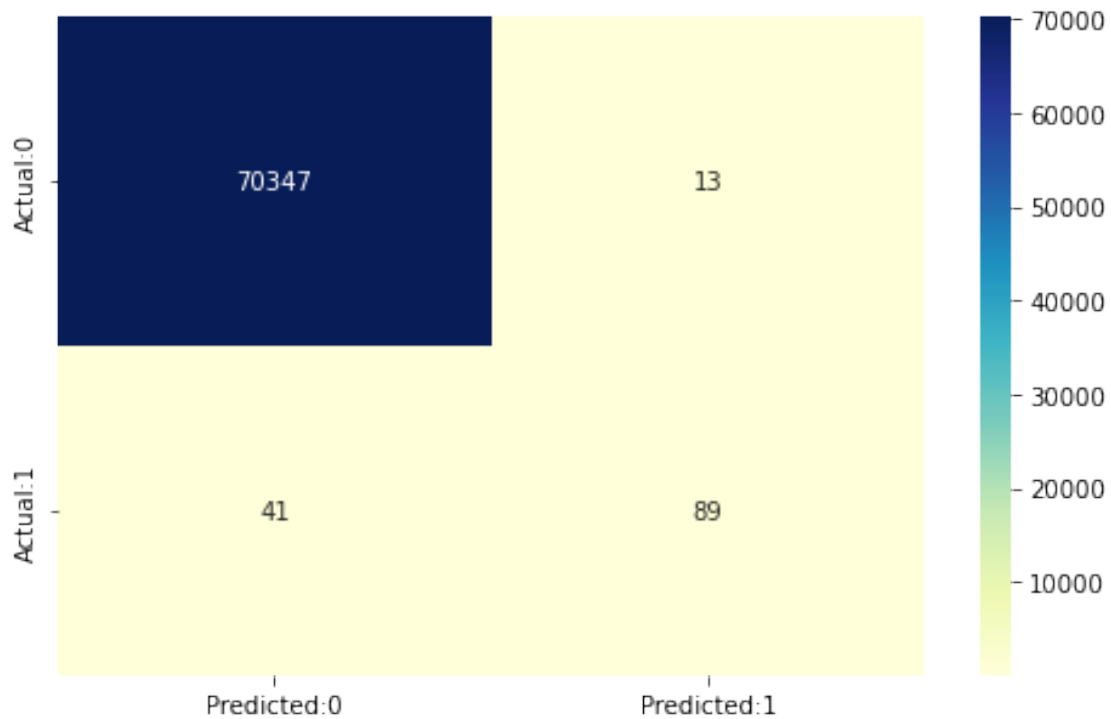
[86]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
[87]: cmy_test =confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred)
```

```
[88]: conf_matrix=pd.DataFrame(data=cmy_test,columns=['Predicted:0','Predicted:
→1'],index=['Actual:0','Actual:1'])
plt.figure(figsize = (8,5))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True,fmt='d',cmap="YlGnBu")
```

[88]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
[89]: accuracy_score(y_test, y_test_pred)
```

```
[89]: 0.9992339338913321
```

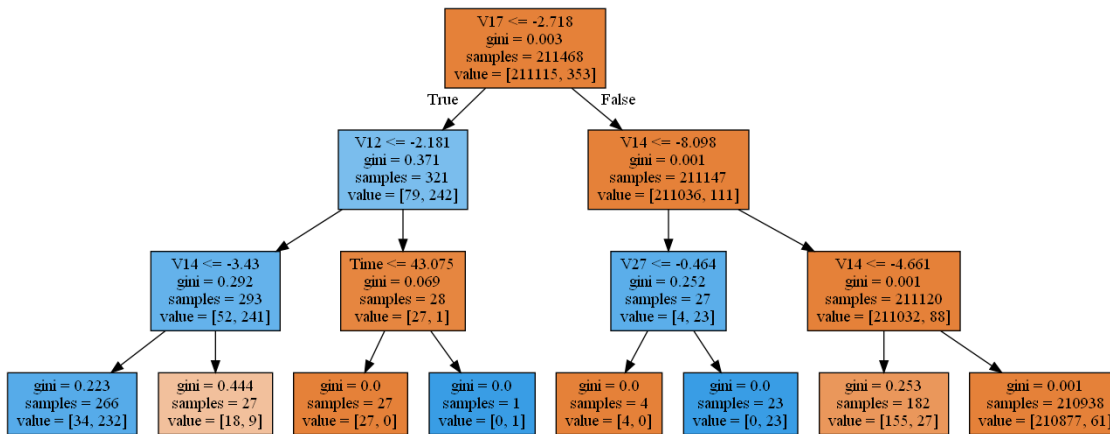
```
[90]: # plotting decision tree
dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(clftree, out_file=None, feature_names=X_train.
    ↳columns, filled=True)
```

```
[91]: from IPython.display import Image
import pydotplus
```

```
[92]: graph =pydotplus.graph_from_dot_data(dot_data)
```

```
[93]: Image(graph.create_png())
```

```
[93]:
```



```
[94]: #controlling tree growth
```

```
[95]: clftree2 = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier(min_samples_leaf = 20, max_depth=4)
```

```
[96]: clftree2.fit(X_train , y_train)
```

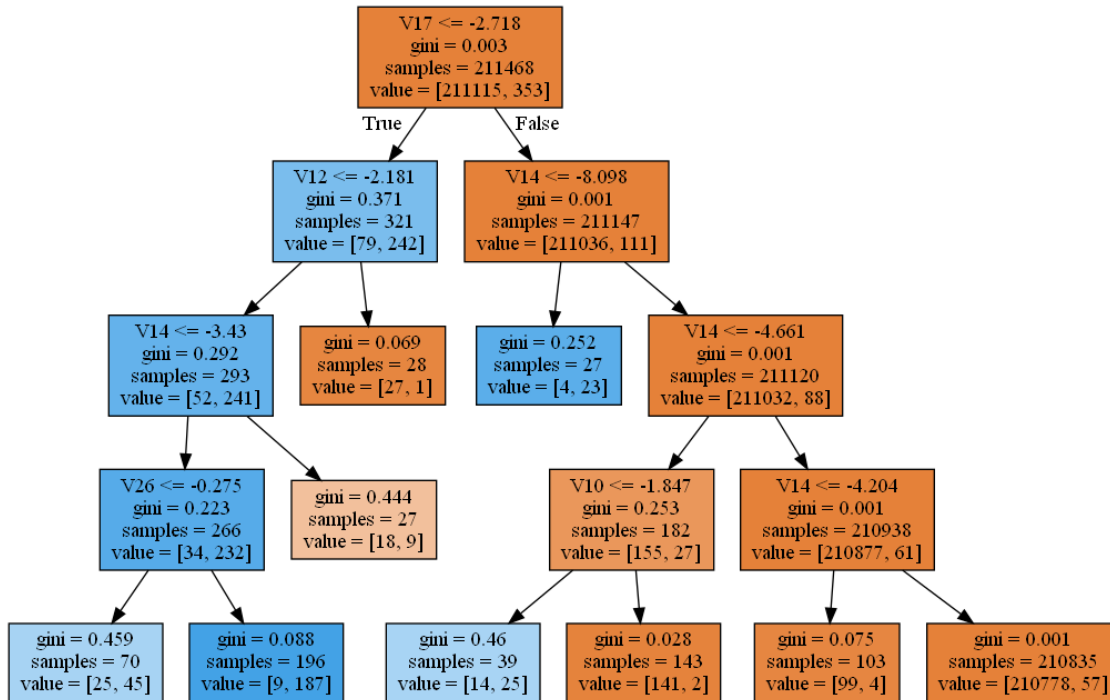
```
[96]: DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=4, min_samples_leaf=20)
```

```
[97]: dot_data = tree.export_graphviz(clftree2, out_file=None, feature_names=X_train.
    ↪columns, filled=True)
```

```
[98]: graph2 =pydotplus.graph_from_dot_data(dot_data)
```

```
[99]: Image(graph2.create_png())
```

```
[99]:
```



```
[100]: accuracy_score(y_test, clftree2.predict(X_test))
```

```
[100]: 0.9993332387572705
```

```
[101]: # Random forest
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
[102]: rf_clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 50, n_jobs = -1, random_state = 1)
```

```
[103]: rf_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[103]: RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50, n_jobs=-1, random_state=1)
```

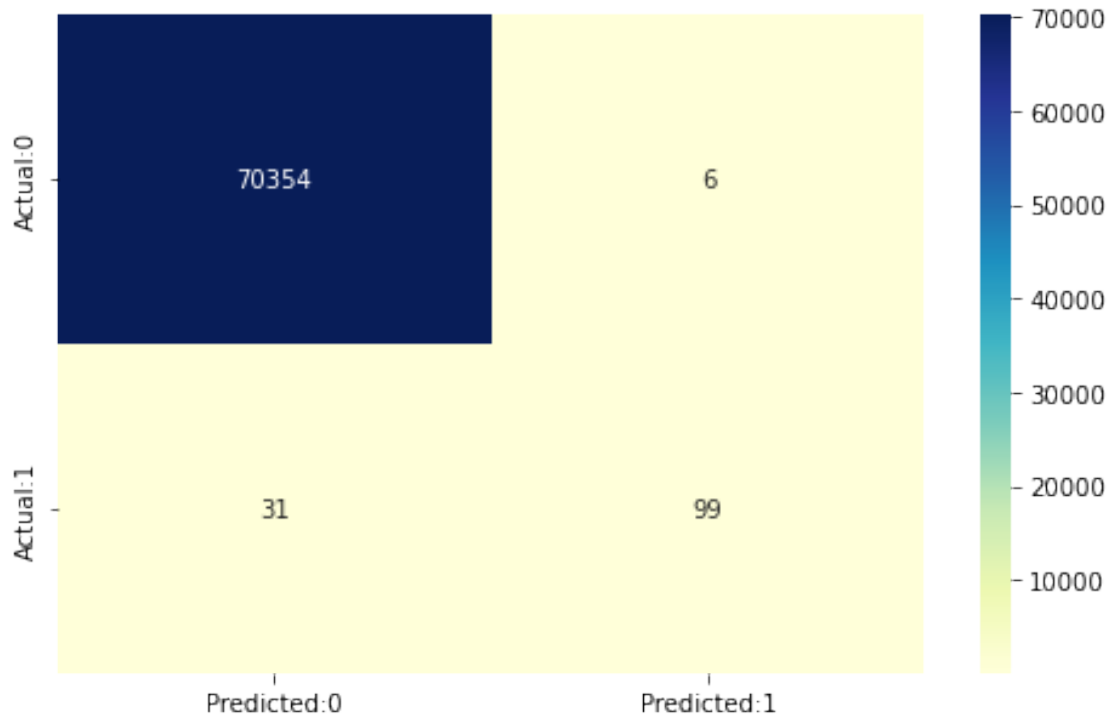
```
[104]: rf_clf.predict(X_train)
```

```
[104]: array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
[105]: cm_rf = confusion_matrix(y_test, rf_clf.predict(X_test))
```

```
[106]: conf_matrix=pd.DataFrame(data=cm_rf,columns=['Predicted:0','Predicted:
      →1'],index=['Actual:0','Actual:1'])
plt.figure(figsize = (8,5))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True,fmt='d',cmap="YlGnBu")
```

```
[106]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



```
[107]: accuracy_score(y_test, rf_clf.predict(X_test))
```

```
[107]: 0.9994751028514683
```

```
[108]: # Grid search
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
```

```
[109]: rf_clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 20, random_state = 1)
```

```
[110]: params_grid = {'max_features': [3,4,5],
                  'min_samples_split': [2,3,5]}
```

```
[111]: grid_search = GridSearchCV(rf_clf, params_grid,
                                n_jobs=-1, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
```

```
[112]: grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[112]: GridSearchCV(cv=5,
                  estimator=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=20, random_state=1),
                  n_jobs=-1,
                  param_grid={'max_features': [3, 4, 5],
                              'min_samples_split': [2, 3, 5]},
                  scoring='accuracy')
```

```
[113]: grid_search.best_params_
```

```
[113]: {'max_features': 4, 'min_samples_split': 5}
```

```
[114]: cvrf_clf = grid_search.best_estimator_
```

```
[115]: cvrf_clf
```

```
[115]: RandomForestClassifier(max_features=4, min_samples_split=5, n_estimators=20,  
                           random_state=1)
```

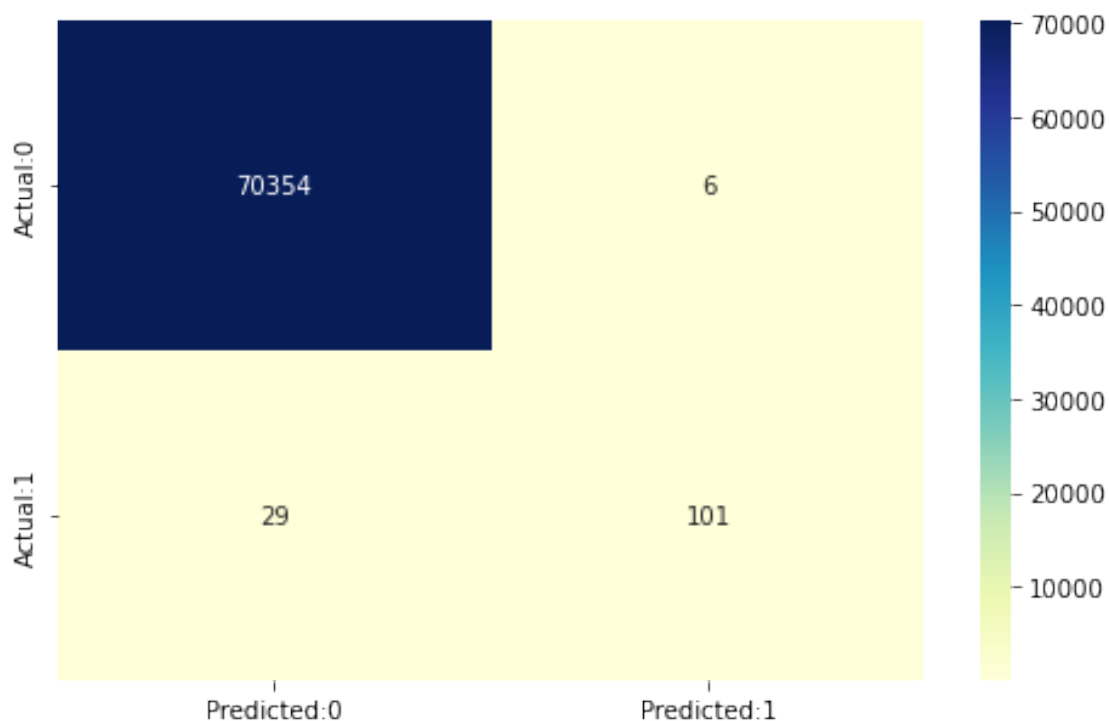
```
[116]: accuracy_score(y_test, cvrf_clf.predict(X_test))
```

```
[116]: 0.9995034756703078
```

```
[117]: cm_brf = confusion_matrix(y_test, cvrf_clf.predict(X_test))
```

```
[118]: conf_matrix=pd.DataFrame(data=cm_brf ,columns=['Predicted:0','Predicted:  
→1'],index=['Actual:0','Actual:1'])  
plt.figure(figsize = (8,5))  
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True,fmt='d',cmap="YlGnBu")
```

```
[118]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



Podemos ver que el `accuracy_score` de la regresión logística es mucho menor a la de random forest con los mejores parámetros, siendo la primera puntuación de 54.27028695528663% comparado con el 99.95034756703078%, notamos que hay una diferencia de 45.680060611744146 puntos porcentuales entre cada modelo, esto nos indica que el mejor modelo para tratar este problema fue el de random forest, controlando el crecimiento de los árboles y dando varios valores de `max_features` y `min_samples_split`, notamos que a partir de que aplicamos el modelo de árboles de decisión, el `accuracy_score`, aumenta lentamente aproximadamente en un 0.01% por cada vez que mejoramos el modelo.

[]: