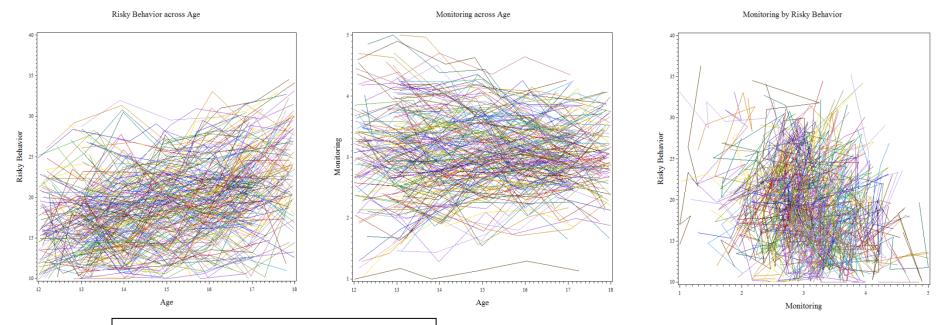
# Example 9: Three Types of Multivariate Longitudinal Models: in SAS PROC MIXED, and Multivariate MLM ("Multilevel SEM") and Single-Level SEM in Mplus v. 8

These simulated data are from Hoffman (2015) chapter 9, and include 200 girls measured approximately annually from ages 12–18 (time 0 = age 18) on their risky behavior (the outcome, a sum ranging from 10 to 50) and the extent to which their mothers monitored their activities (the time-varying predictor, a mean ranging from 1 to 5, centered at 3). A time-invariant predictor of the conservativeness of mothers' attitudes about the smoking and drinking (a mean ranging from 1 to 5, centered at 4) was also collected at the age 12 occasion. Here are the individual growth trajectories for risky behavior and monitoring:



## Level 1: Undirected Multivariate Longitudinal Model

$$\begin{vmatrix} y_{tid} = dvR \left[ \beta_{0iR} + \beta_{1iR} \left( Age_{tiR} - 18 \right) \right. \\ + \beta_{2iR} \left( Age_{tiR} - 18 \right)^2 + e_{tiR} \left] + \\ dvM \left[ \beta_{0iM} + \beta_{1iM} \left( Age_{tiM} - 18 \right) \right. \\ + e_{tiM} \left. \right] \end{vmatrix}$$

#### Level 2:

Risky Intercept:  $\beta_{0iR} = \gamma_{00R} + \gamma_{01R} \left( Attitudes12_i - 4 \right) + U_{0iR}$ 

Risky Age:  $\beta_{liR} = \gamma_{10R} + \gamma_{11R} \left( Attitudes 12_i - 4 \right) + U_{liR}$ 

Risky Age<sup>2</sup>:  $\beta_{2iR} = \gamma_{20R}$ 

Monitor Intercept:  $\beta_{0iM} = \gamma_{00M} + U_{0iM}$ 

Monitor Age:  $\beta_{1iM} = \gamma_{10M} + U_{1iM}$ 

The best-fitting unconditional longitudinal models included fixed quadratic and random linear effects of age for risky behavior, but a random linear effect of age for monitoring (although the fixed linear age slope was nonsignificant). In addition, mother's attitudes significantly predicted the intercept and linear age slope for risky behavior, but did not significantly predict monitoring.

Chapter 9 began with person-mean-centering and baseline-centering of monitoring of a time-varying predictor of risky behavior. Both were shown to be inadequate because they do not properly distinguish the intercept, linear age slope, and residual variance contained in the monitoring predictor, each of which could potentially relate to those of risky behavior. So the purpose of this example is to demonstrate alternative software methods of estimating models of multivariate change so that you can decide what approach (software and syntax combination) will be most optimal for your own data.

```
Undirected Multivariate Longitudinal Model for Risky
Behavior and Monitoring in SAS PROC MIXED, controlling
risky behavior for time-invariant attitudes (Model 1):
* Stack longitudinal data into multivariate longitudinal;
DATA RiskyStacked2; SET RiskyStacked;
 DV="1risky "; dvR=1; dvM=0; outcome=risky; OUTPUT;
 DV="2monitor"; dvR=0; dvM=1; outcome=mon3; OUTPUT;
RUN:
TITLE1 "Multivariate Model at Age 18 = Time 0";
PROC MIXED DATA=work.RiskyStacked2 NOCLPRINT COVTEST IC
     NAMELEN=100 METHOD=ML;
CLASS FamilyID occasion DV;
MODEL outcome = dvR dvM dvR*agec18 dvM*agec18
                dvR*agec18*agec18 dvR*att4 dvR*att4*agec18
       / NOINT SOLUTION DDFM=Satterthwaite;
RANDOM dvR dvM dvR*agec18 dvM*agec18
      / G GCORR TYPE=UN SUBJECT=FamilyID;
REPEATED DV / R RCORR TYPE=UN SUBJECT=occasion*FamilyID;
RUN; TITLE1;
* Sending original longitudinal data to Mplus;
DATA Mplus; SET RiskyStacked;
agesq=agec18*agec18; mon3=monitor-3;
KEEP FamilyID occasion risky agec18 att4 mon3 agesq;
RUN:
* Export to .csv for use in Mplus;
PROC EXPORT DATA=work.Mplus
     OUTFILE= "&example.\Chapter9.csv"
     DBMS=CSV REPLACE; PUTNAMES=NO; RUN;
Mplus results start here: This is the same model as in SAS...
MODEL FIT INFORMATION
Number of Free Parameters
Loglikelihood
         HO Value
                                     -4392.253
Information Criteria
         Akaike (AIC)
                                      8824.506
```

Bayesian (BIC)

Sample-Size Adjusted BIC

(n\* = (n + 2) / 24)

8929.390

8865.858

```
In Mplus, the same Model 1 using "multilevel SEM":
TITLE: Model 1: Multivariate Longitudinal Model as Multivariate MLM/SEM
DATA: FILE = Chapter9.csv: ! Syntax in same folder as data
VARIABLE:
! List of variables in data file
 NAMES = FamilyID occasion risky age18 att4 mon3 agesq;
! Variables to be analyzed in this model
  USEVARIABLE = age18 agesq att4 risky mon3;
  MISSING ARE ALL (-999); ! Missing data identifier
! MLM options
  CLUSTER = FamilyID;
                           ! Level-2 ID
  BETWEEN = att4;
                           ! Observed ONLY level-2 predictors
  WITHIN = age18 agesq;
                          ! Observed ONLY level-1 predictors
ANALYSIS: TYPE = TWOLEVEL RANDOM; ESTIMATOR = ML;
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring
%WITHIN%
 Risky Mon3 (Rresvar Mresvar); ! L1 R: Residual variances (labels)
                               ! Placeholder for R linear age slope
 Rslp |
        Risky ON age18;
 Rouad |
        Risky ON agesg;
                              ! Placeholder for R quadratic age slope
 Mslp | Mon3 ON age18;
                               ! Placeholder for M linear age slope
 Risky WITH Mon3 (ResCov);
                                ! L1 R: Residual covariance
%BETWEEN%
                                ! Fixed intercepts
[Risky Mon3];
 Risky Mon3 (Rintvar Mintvar); ! L2 G: Random intercept variances (labels)
[Rquad Rslp Mslp];
                                ! Fixed age slopes (as defined earlier)
Rslp Mslp (Rslpvar Mslpvar); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope variances
 Rquad@0;
                                ! No quadratic age slope variance
 Risky Rslp ON att4;
                                ! Att-> R int, linear age slope
 Risky WITH Rslp (RIntSlp);
                                ! R Int-slope covariance (label)
 Mon3 WITH Mslp (MIntSlp);
                                ! M Int-slope covariance (label)
                                ! L2 G: Random intercept covariance
 Risky WITH Mon3 (IntCov);
Rslp WITH Mslp (SlpCov);
                                ! L2 G: Random linear age slope covariance
 Mon3 WITH Rslp (Int2Slp);
                                ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance
Mslp WITH Risky (Slp2Int);
                                ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance
MODEL CONSTRAINT: ! Like ESTIMATE in SAS, but can refer to any parameter
! Need to name each new created effect
NEW(ResCor IntCor SlpCor RIScor MIScor I2SCor S2ICor);
! Estimating correlations found in SAS RCORR and GCORR
 ResCor = ResCov / (SQRT(Rresvar)*SQRT(Mresvar));
  IntCor = IntCov / (SQRT(Rintvar)*SQRT(Mintvar));
  SlpCor = SlpCov / (SQRT(Rslpvar)*SQRT(Mslpvar));
  RIScor = RIntSlp / (SQRT(Rintvar)*SQRT(Rslpvar));
  MIScor = MIntSlp / (SQRT(Mintvar)*SQRT(Mslpvar));
  I2Scor = Int2Slp / (SQRT(Mintvar)*SQRT(Rslpvar));
 S2Icor = Slp2Int / (SQRT(Mslpvar)*SQRT(Rintvar));
```

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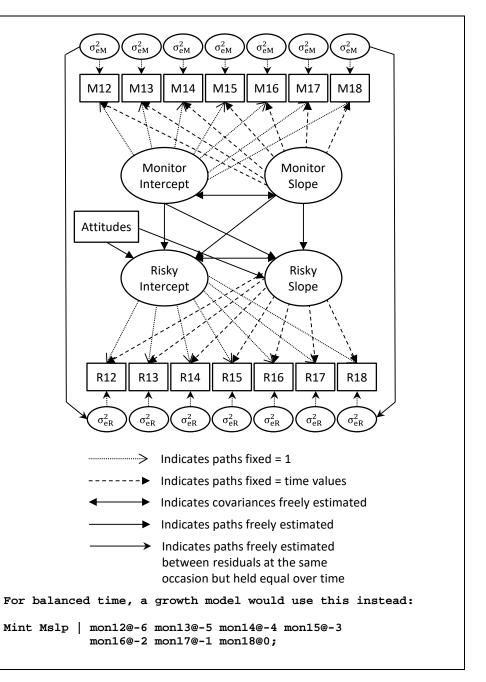
SAS Undirected Multivariate MLM Results:						Mplus results continue: This is the same model as in SAS						
Est	imated R Matr	ix for	E	stimated R (	Correlation							Two-Tailed
Per	sonID*occasio	n 1 12	Matr	ix for Perso	nID*occasio	n 1 12		-	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	P-Value
Row	Col1	Col2	Row	Coli	Col	2	Within Le	WITH				
1	8.3538	0.2874	1	1.0000	0.349	9	MON3	MIIU	0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000
2	0.2874	0.08077	2	0.3499	1.000	0	Residual	Variano		0.020	10.111	0.000
_	0.2014		timated G Ma	triv			MON3		0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
Row	Effect	PersonID	Col1	Col2	Col3	Col4	RISKY	7.	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
	dvR	1					Data and I	1				
1		•	18.0644	-0.8554	1.8829	0.04072	Between I	rever				
2	dvM	1	-0.8554	0.1953	-0.1064	-0.00047	RSLP	ON				
3	dvR*agec18	1	1.8829	-0.1064	0.4883	-0.01815	ATT4	01.	-0.530	0.103	-5.161	0.000
4	dvM*agec18	1	0.04072	-0.00047	-0.01815	0.01049	RISKY	ON				
			d G Correlat				ATT4		-3.333	0.514	-6.491	0.000
Row	Effect	PersonID	Col1	Col2	Col3	Col4	RISKY	WITH	1 070	0.256	F 0770	0.000
1	dvR	1	1.0000	-0.4554	0.6340	0.09356	RSLP MON3	WITH	1.879	0.356	5.272	0.000
2	d∨M	1	-0.4554	1.0000	-0.3446	-0.01043	MSLP	MIIU	0.000	0.004	-0.118	0.906
3	dvR*agec18	1	0.6340	-0.3446	1.0000	-0.2537	RSLP		-0.106	0.031	-3.445	0.001
4	dvM*agec18	1	0.09356	-0.01043	-0.2537	1.0000	RSLP	WITH				
	-						MSLP		-0.018	0.007	-2.475	0.013
		Covariance	e Parameter	Estimates			MSLP	WITH	0.044			0.004
				Standard	Z		RISKY RISKY	WITH	0.041	0.039	1.049	0.294
Cov Pa	arm Subject		Estimate	Error	Value	Pr Z	MON3	MIIU	-0.855	0.168	-5.076	0.000
UN(2,1	,		-0.8554	0.1685	-5.08	<.0001	110113		0.000	0.100	3.070	0.000
UN(3,1			1.8829	0.3564	5.28	<.0001	Means					
UN(3,1	,		-0.1064	0.03086	-3.45	0.0006	MON3		0.065	0.034	1.907	0.057
` ,	,						RQUAD	)	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
UN(4,1			0.04072	0.03879	1.05	0.2939	MSLP		-0.003	0.008	-0.402	0.688
UN(4,2	•		-0.00047	0.004005	-0.12	0.9062	Intercep	nts				
UN(4,3	,		-0.01815	0.007344	-2.47	0.0135	RISKY		23.314	0.348	67.062	0.000
UN(2,1	l) FamilyI	D*occasion	0.2874	0.02753	10.44	<.0001	RSLP		1.974	0.138	14.255	0.000
		Info	ormation Cri	teria			Variance	es				
Neg2Lo	gLike Parm	ns AIC	AICC	HQIC	BIC	CAIC	MON3		0.195	0.023	8.376	0.000
_	•	8824.5	8824.8	8851.2	8890.5	8910.5	RQUAD	)	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
_							MSLP		0.010	0.001	7.803	0.000
1	Solution for Fixed Effects						Residual	Variano	ces			
			Standar	d			RISKY	7.	18.060	2.204	8.195	0.000
Effect	_	Estimate			t Value	Pr >  t	RSLP		0.485	0.080	6.071	0.000
dvR		23.3138			67.06	<.0001	New/Add:	tional T	Parameters			
dvM		0.06505			1.91	0.0580	RESCO		0.350	0.028	12.607	0.000
dvR*ag	rec18	1.9743			14.25	<.0001	INTCC		-0.455	0.074	-6.124	0.000
dvn ag	•	-0.00328			-0.40	0.6884	SLPCC		-0.255	0.103	-2.480	0.013
_	•				7.12		RISCO		0.635	0.057	11.087	0.000
_	gec18*agec18	0.1466				<.0001	MISCO		-0.010	0.089	-0.117	0.906
dvR*At		-3.3328			-6.50	<.0001	I2SCC S2ICC		-0.346 0.094	0.095 0.087	-3.642 1.071	0.000 0.284
dvR*ag	gec18*Att4	-0.5298	0.102	5 199	-5.17	<.0001	521CC	)T.	0.094	0.08/	1.0/1	0.204

Model 2: Directed Path Multivariate MLM as "Multilevel SEM" in Mplus: Monitor → Risky, from Hoffman (2015) Chapter 9

Level 1:	<b>3</b> ,				Two-Tailed
		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	P-Value
$Monitor_{ti} = \beta_{0iM} + \beta_{liM} (Age_{tiM} - 18) + e_{tiM}$	Within Level				
$\frac{1}{2}$	Residual Variances				
$Risky_{ti} = \beta_{0iR} + \beta_{liR} \left( Age_{tiR} - 18 \right) + \beta_{2iR} \left( Age_{tiR} - 18 \right)^2 + \beta_{3iR} \left( Monitor_{ti} \right) + e_{tiR}$	RISKY	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
Level 2:	MON3	0.081	0.004	22.355	0.000
Monitor Intercept: $\beta_{0iM} = \gamma_{00M} + U_{0iM}$	Between Level				
Monitor Age: $\beta_{liM} = \gamma_{l0M} + U_{liM}$	RSLP ON				
The Heat Hard	MSLP	-5.316	0.816	-6.517	0.000
Risky Intercept: $\beta_{0iR} = \gamma_{00R} + \gamma_{01R} \left( Attitudes12_i - 4 \right) + \gamma_{02R} \left( \beta_{0iM} \right) + \gamma_{03R} \left( \beta_{1iM} \right) + U_{0iR}$	RSLP ON				
	ATT4	-0.530	0.103	-5.161	0.000
Risky Age: $\beta_{liR} = \gamma_{10R} + \gamma_{11R} \left( Attitudes12_i - 4 \right) + \gamma_{12R} \left( \beta_{0iM} \right) + \gamma_{13R} \left( \beta_{liM} \right) + U_{liR}$	MON3	-0.548	0.160	-3.431	0.001
Risky Age <sup>2</sup> : $\beta_{2iR} = \gamma_{20R}$	RISKY ON				
1 21K 1 20K	MSLP	3.685	3.494	1.055	0.292
Risky WP Monitor: $\beta_{3iR} = \gamma_{30R}$	RISKY ON				
	ATT4 MON3	-3.333 <b>-7.928</b>	0.514 0.861	-6.491 -9.211	0.000
TITLE: Model 2: Directed Path Multivariate Longitudinal Model as	MONS	-7.920	0.661	-9.211	0.000
"Multilevel SEM" Using Placeholder	RISKY WITH				
( DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 )	RSLP	1.481	0.345	4.291	0.000
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring	MON3 WITH				0.005
%WITHIN% Risky Mon3 (Rresvar Mresvar); ! L1 R: Residual variances (labels)	MSLP	0.000	0.004	-0.118	0.906
Rslp   Risky ON age18; ! Placeholder for R linear age slope	Means				
Rquad   Risky ON agesq; ! Placeholder for R quadratic age slope	MON3	0.065	0.034	1.906	0.057
Mslp   Mon3 ON age18; ! Placeholder for M linear age slope	RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
! Regression between outcomes instead of covariance WPres   Risky ON Mon3; ! Placeholder for L1 WP effect M->R	MSLP	-0.003	0.008	-0.402	0.688
WPres   Risky ON Mon3; ! Placeholder for L1 WP effect M->R	WPRES	3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
%BETWEEN%	Intercepts				
[Risky Mon3]; ! Fixed intercepts	RISKY	23.610	0.333	70.898	0.000
Risky Mon3 (Rintvar Mintvar); ! L2 G: Random intercept variances	RSLP	2.004	0.139	14.405	0.000
[Rquad Rslp Mslp]; ! Fixed age slopes (as defined earlier) Rslp Mslp (Rslpvar Mslpvar); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope variances	Variances				
Rquad@0; ! No quadratic age slope variance	MON3	0.195	0.023	8.376	0.000
Risky Rslp ON att4; ! Att-> R int, linear age slope	RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Risky WITH Rslp (RIntSlp); ! R Int-slope covariance (label)	MSLP	0.010	0.001	7.803	0.000
Mon3 WITH Mslp (MIntSlp); ! M Int-slope covariance (label)	WPRES	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
! Regressions between outcomes instead of covariances	Residual Variances	3			
Risky ON Mon3 (IntCont); ! Intercept contextual BP effect	RISKY	14.173	1.965	7.213	0.000
Rslp ON Mslp (SlpCont); ! Age slope contextual BP effect	RSLP	0.394	0.082	4.787	0.000
Rslp ON Mon3 (Int2Slp); ! M int -> R slope total BP effect	No / 7 ddd 7 - 5				
Risky ON Mslp (Slp2Int); ! M slope -> R int total BP effect [WPres] (ResEff); ! Fixed effect for L1 WP M->R (as defined earlier)	New/Additional Para BPINTEFF	-4.369	0.784	-5.574	0.000
WPres@0; ! No random L1 WP M->R effect variance	BPSLPEF	-1.758	0.724	-2.428	0.015
MODEL CONSTRAINT: ! Like ESTIMATE in SAS, but can refer to any parameter					
! Need to name each new created effect					
<pre>NEW(BPIntEff BPSlpEff);</pre>					
BPIntEff = ResEff + IntCont; ! Total BP intercept effect					
BPSlpEff = ResEff + SlpCont; ! Total BP age slope effect	1				

#### Let's see the same directed path multivariate MLM Model 2 as a Single-Level SEM:

```
TITLE: Model 2: Directed Path Multivariate Longitudinal Model
        as Single-Level SEM
DATA:
       FILE = Chapter9.csv; ! Syntax in same folder as data
! Unstacking to multivariate format
DATA LONGTOWIDE:
! Names of old stacked former variables (without numbers)
 LONG = risky mon age;
! Names of new multivariate variables (that use numbers)
 WIDE = risky12-risky18|mon12-mon18|age12-age18;
! Variable with level-2 ID info
 IDVARIABLE = FamilyID;
! Old level-1 identifier
 REPETITION = age (12 13 14 15 16 17 18);
VARIABLE:
! List of variables in original data file
 NAMES = FamilyID occasion risky age18 att4 mon3 agesq;
! Variables to be analyzed in this model
 USEVARIABLE = att4 age12-age18 mon12-mon18 risky12-risky18;
 MISSING ARE ALL (-999); ! Missing data identifier
 TSCORES = age12-age18;
                          ! Exact time indicator
ANALYSIS: TYPE = RANDOM; ESTIMATOR = ML; MODEL = NOCOVARIANCES;
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring
[risky12-risky18@0 mon12-mon18@0]; ! All variable intercepts fixed to 0
risky12-risky18 (Rresvar);
                              ! L1 R: R residual variances held equal
mon12-mon18
                                ! L1 R: M residual variances held equal
                (Mresvar):
! Risky behavior quadratic growth model using exact age as loadings
 Rint Rslp Rquad | risky12-risky18 AT age12-age18;
! Monitoring linear growth model using exact age as loadings
 Mint Mslp | mon12-mon18 AT age12-age18;
! Fixed growth effects for R and M
  [Rint Rslp Rquad Mint Mslp];
! L2 G: Random int and linear age slope variances, no quad age variance
 Rint Rslp Rquad@0 Mint Mslp;
! L2 G: Within-variable random int-slope covariances for R, M
 Rint WITH Rslp; Mint WITH Mslp;
! Attitudes --> risky int, linear slope
 Rint Rslp ON att4;
! Regressions between outcomes
 Rint ON Mint (IntCont);
                                ! Intercept contextual BP effect
 Rslp ON Mslp (SlpCont);
                                ! Age slope contextual BP effect
 Rslp ON Mint (Int2Slp);
                                ! M int -> R slope total BP effect
 Rint ON Mslp (Slp2Int);
                                ! M slope -> R int total BP effect
! Residual WP effect between same ages, held equal across age
 risky12-risky18 PON mon12-mon18 (ResEff);
MODEL CONSTRAINT:
NEW(BPIntEff BPSlpEff);
BPIntEff = ResEff + IntCont;
                               ! Total BP intercept effect
BPSlpEff = ResEff + SlpCont;
                               ! Total BP age slope effect
```



### Model 2 results for the same directed path multivariate MLM as a Single-Level SEM

MODEL FIT	INFORM	ATION				Means					
Number of				20		RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000	
Loglikeli		arameters		20		MINT	0.065	0.034	1.906	0.057	
H0 Value -4392.253						MSLP	-0.003	0.008	-0.402	0.688	
Information Criteria						МЭЦР	-0.003	0.008	-0.402	0.000	
Akaike (AIC) 8824.506						Intercepts					
		an (BIC)		8890.472		MON12	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
			DIG	8827.110		MON12 MON13	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
	_	-Size Adjusted 1	BIC	8827.110							
	(n^ =	= (n + 2) / 24)				MON14	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
						MON15	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
MODEL RES	OLTS					MON16	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
				,	Two-Tailed	MON17	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	P-Value	MON18	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
						RISKY12	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
RINT	ON					RISKY13	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
MINT		-7.928	0.861	-9.211	0.000	RISKY14	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
MSLP		3.685	3.494	1.055	0.292	RISKY15	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
						RISKY16	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
RSLP	ON					RISKY17	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
MSLP		-5.316	0.816	-6.517	0.000	RISKY18	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
MINT		-0.548	0.160	-3.431	0.001	RINT	23.610	0.333	70.898	0.000	
						RSLP	2.004	0.139	14.405	0.000	
RINT	ON										
ATT4		-3.333	0.514	-6.491	0.000	Variances					
						RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000	
RSLP	ON					MINT	0.195	0.023	8.376	0.000	
ATT4		-0.530	0.103	-5.161	0.000	MSLP	0.010	0.001	7.803	0.000	
RISKY12	ON					Residual Varianc	es				
MON12		3.559	0.301	11.809	0.000	MON12	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000	
RISKY13	ON					MON13	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000	
MON13		3.559	0.301	11.809	0.000	MON14	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000	
RISKY14	ON					MON15	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000	
MON14		3.559	0.301	11.809	0.000	MON16	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000	
RISKY15	ON					MON17	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000	
MON15		3.559	0.301	11.809	0.000	MON18	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000	
RISKY16	ON					RISKY12	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000	
MON16		3.559	0.301	11.809	0.000	RISKY13	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000	
RISKY17	ON					RISKY14	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000	
MON17		3.559	0.301	11.809	0.000	RISKY15	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000	
RISKY18	ON	3.333	2.551	,		RISKY16	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000	
MON18		3.559	0.301	11.809	0.000	RISKY17	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000	
1101110		3.333	0.551	11.009	0.000	RISKY18	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000	
RINT	WITH					RINT	14.173	1.965	7.213	0.000	
RSLP	.,	1.481	0.345	4.291	0.000	RSLP	0.394	0.082	4.787	0.000	
KOLF		1.101	0.515	1.271	0.000	1011	0.371	0.002	1.707	3.000	
MINT	WITH					New/Additional Pa	arameters				
MSLP	AA T T T T	0.000	0.004	-0.118	0.906	BPINTEFF	-4.369	0.784	-5.575	0.000	
МЭПР		0.000	0.004	-0.110	0.900	BPSLPEFF	-1.758	0.784	-2.429	0.000	
						DESTIELL	-1./50	0.724	-2.429	0.013	
-						•					

By popular demand, here is an example of how to use "structured residuals" to fit cross-lag effects at level 1: Model 3, which switches to covariances at level 2 per convention when fitting these models (to be agnostic as to which comes first)

TITLE: Model 3: Example of Structured Residuals to Fit Cross-Lag Effects	MODEL FIT INFORMATION	Ī		
( DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 3 )	Number of Free Parame		22	
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring	Transcer of Fice Faranie		22	
[risky12-risky18@0 mon12-mon18@0]; ! All variable intercepts fixed to 0	Loglikelihood			
interior interior month months in the company in th	HO Value		-4388.743	
! Risky behavior quadratic growth model using exact age as loadings	no varue		-1300.743	
Rint Rslp Rquad   risky12-risky18 AT age12-age18;	Information Criteria			
! Monitoring linear growth model using exact age as loadings	Akaike (AIC	1)	8821.485	
	,	•		
Mint Mslp   mon12-mon18 AT age12-age18;	Bayesian (B		8894.048	
! Fixed growth effects for R and M		Adjusted BIC	8824.350	
[Rint Rslp Rquad Mint Mslp];	(n* = (n	+ 2) / 24)		
! L2 G: Random int and linear age slope variances, no quad age variance	MODEL DEGITE EG D	63 8	0 1	
Rint Rslp Rquad@0 Mint Mslp;	MODEL RESULTS - Param	eters lixed to	0 or 1 are omit	ted for brevity
! L2 G: Within-variable random int-slope covariances for R, M				
Rint WITH Rslp; Mint WITH Mslp;	_		,	Two-Tailed
! Attitudes> risky int, linear slope		stimate	S.E. Est./S.E.	P-Value
Rint Rslp ON att4;	FRISKY13 ON		0.00	0.405
! L2 G: covariances for random intercepts and slopes across outcomes	FMON12	-0.255 0	.373 -0.683	0.495
Rint Rslp WITH Mint Mslp;	FRISKY14 ON			
	FMON13	-0.255 0	.373 -0.683	0.495
! Define new latent factors for residuals at each occasion	FRISKY15 ON			
Frisky12 BY risky12@1;	FMON14	-0.255 0	.373 -0.683	0.495
Frisky13 BY risky13@1;	FRISKY16 ON			
Frisky14 BY risky14@1;	FMON15	-0.255 0	.373 -0.683	0.495
Frisky15 BY risky15@1;	FRISKY17 ON			
Frisky16 BY risky16@1;	FMON16	-0.255 0	.373 -0.683	0.495
Frisky17 BY risky17@1;	FRISKY18 ON			
Frisky18 BY risky18@1;	FMON17	-0.255 0	.373 -0.683	0.495
Fmon12 BY mon12@1;				
Fmon13 BY mon13@1;	FMON13 ON			
Fmon14 BY mon14@1;	FRISKY12	0.008 0	.004 2.079	0.038
Fmon15 BY mon15@1;	FMON14 ON			
Fmon16 BY mon16@1;	FRISKY13	0.008 0	.004 2.079	0.038
Fmon17 BY mon17@1;	FMON15 ON			
Fmon18 BY mon18@1;	FRISKY14	0.008 0	.004 2.079	0.038
	FMON16 ON			
! All factor means fixed to 0	FRISKY15	0.008 0	.004 2.079	0.038
[Frisky12-Frisky18@0 Fmon12-Fmon18@0];	FMON17 ON			
	FRISKY16	0.008 0	.004 2.079	0.038
! Shut off old residual variances	FMON18 ON			
riskyl2-riskyl8@0 mon12-mon18@0;	FRISKY17	0.008 0	.004 2.079	0.038
! Hold new residual variances equal over time				
Frisky12-Frisky18 (Rresvar); ! L1 R: R residual variances held equal	RINT ON			
Fmon12-Fmon18 (Mresvar); ! L1 R: M residual variances held equal	ATT4	-3.331 0	.514 -6.485	0.000
	RSLP ON	•	.,	
! Factor residual WP effect between same ages, held equal across age	ATT4	-0.529 0	.103 -5.153	0.000
Frisky12-Frisky18 PWITH Fmon12-Fmon18 (ResCov);				
! Cross-lag WP effects predicting next age, held equal across age				
Frisky13-Frisky18 PON Fmon12-Fmon17 (MR2RR);				
Fmon13-Fmon18 PON Frisky12-Frisky17 (RR2MR);				
	I.			

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RINT WITH					Means				
RSLP	1.902	0.358	5.318	0.000	RQUAD	0.146	0.020	7.194	0.000
MINT	-0.883	0.171	-5.172	0.000	MINT	0.065	0.034	1.913	0.056
MSLP	0.033	0.039	0.852	0.394	MSLP	-0.003	0.008	-0.388	0.698
MINT WITH					Intercepts				
MSLP	-0.001	0.004	-0.198	0.843	RINT	23.616	0.333	70.907	0.000
RSLP	-0.110	0.031	-3.525	0.000	RSLP	2.001	0.137	14.658	0.000
RSLP WITH					Variances				
MSLP	-0.020	0.008	-2.638	0.008	FRISKY12	8.301	0.379	21.890	0.000
					FMON12	0.081	0.004	22.126	0.000
FRISKY12 WITH					ROUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
FMON12	0.298	0.031	9.606	0.000	MINT	0.195	0.023	8.306	0.000
FRISKY13 WITH					MSLP	0.010	0.001	7.676	0.000
FMON13	0.298	0.031	9.606	0.000					
FRISKY14 WITH					Residual Variance	es			
FMON14	0.298	0.031	9.606	0.000	FRISKY13	8.301	0.379	21.890	0.000
FRISKY15 WITH					FRISKY14	8.301	0.379	21.890	0.000
FMON15	0.298	0.031	9.606	0.000	FRISKY15	8.301	0.379	21.890	0.000
FRISKY16 WITH					FRISKY16	8.301	0.379	21.890	0.000
FMON16	0.298	0.031	9.606	0.000	FRISKY17	8.301	0.379	21.890	0.000
FRISKY17 WITH					FRISKY18	8.301	0.379	21.890	0.000
FMON17	0.298	0.031	9.606	0.000					
FRISKY18 WITH					FMON13	0.081	0.004	22.126	0.000
FMON18	0.298	0.031	9.606	0.000	FMON14	0.081	0.004	22.126	0.000
					FMON15	0.081	0.004	22.126	0.000
					FMON16	0.081	0.004	22.126	0.000
					FMON17	0.081	0.004	22.126	0.000
					FMON18	0.081	0.004	22.126	0.000
					21101110	3.001	3.001	22.120	3.333
					RINT	14.078	2.003	7.030	0.000
					RSLP	0.389	0.086	4.545	0.000
					11,511	0.505	3.000	1.515	0.000

Btw, the same "structured residuals" approach could be used in Model 2, which would result in level-2 between instead of level-2 contextual effects between the intercepts and linear age slopes. The problem is that approach doesn't permit the level-1 within-person path to also have a random effect.