



Radboud University Nijmegen

Behavioural Science Institute

Note that:

Recurrence values will change with changes in the parameters

The safest bet for behavioural data:

- Do recurrence calculations with one set of parameters for all of your data

 Then, do this again with another set of parameters and make sure the overall results pattern the same way.

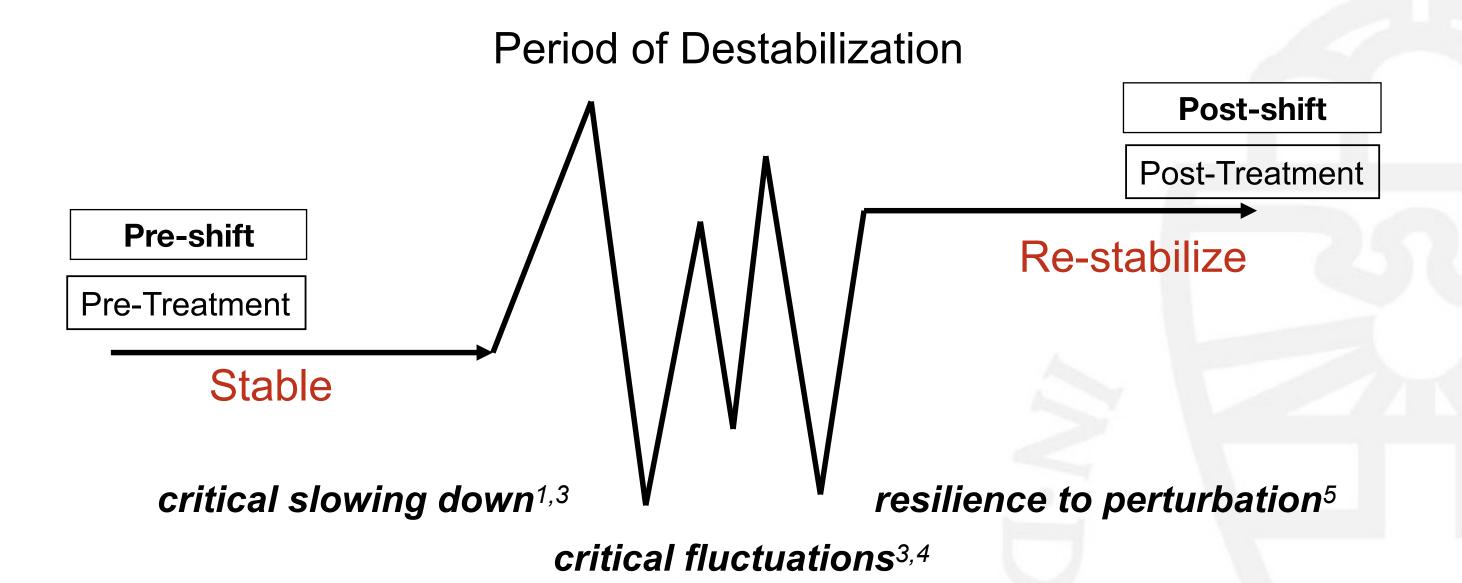
Then, you can be sure that your results are not artefacts of your parameter selection

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- increase in recovery and switching time after perturbation
- increase in variance, autocorrelation, long-range dependence
 - increase in occurrence and diversity of unstable states
- increase in the entropy of the distribution of state occurrences

¹Scholz JP, Kelso JAS, Schöner G. (1987). Nonequilibrium phase transitions in coordinated biological motion: critical slowing down and switching time. *Physics Letters A 123*, 390–394.

²Scheffer M, Bascompte J, Brock W A, Brovkin V, Carpenter SR, Dakos V, Held H, van Nes EH, Rietkerk M, Sugihara G. (2009). Early-warning signals for critical transitions. *Nature* 461, 53–9.

³Stephen DG, Dixon JA, Isenhower RW. (2009). Dynamics of representational change: Entropy, Action and Cognition. *JEP: Human Perception and Performance 35*, 1811–1832.

⁴Schiepek G, Strunk G. (2010). The identification of critical fluctuations and phase transitions in short term and coarse-grained time series ... *Biological cybernetics* 102.197–207.