

ENGG104 Tutorial 7 extra Problems (revision)

Name_____

Student Number_____

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

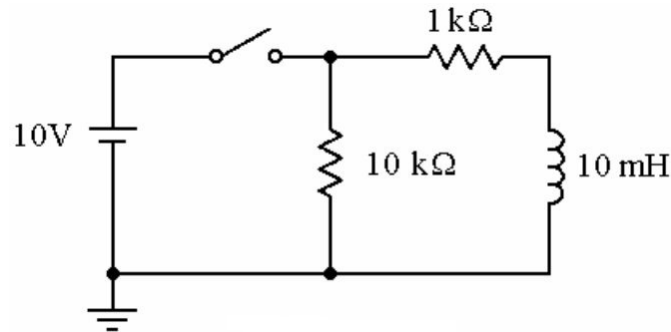


Figure 11.3

- 1) See Figure 11.3. What is the steady-state current through the coil after the switch closes? 1) _____
- 2) See Figure 11.3. Assume that the 10 kΩ resistor is changed to a 10 MΩ resistor and that steady-state conditions are present before the change. What will the maximum coil voltage reach after the switch opens? 2) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 3) See Figure 11.3. After the closing of the switch, what will the current through the inductor be after the circuit voltages and currents have reached steady-state values? Assume that the inductor is an ideal (lossless) device. 3) _____
 A) 0 mA B) 10 mA C) 9.1 mA D) 11 mA

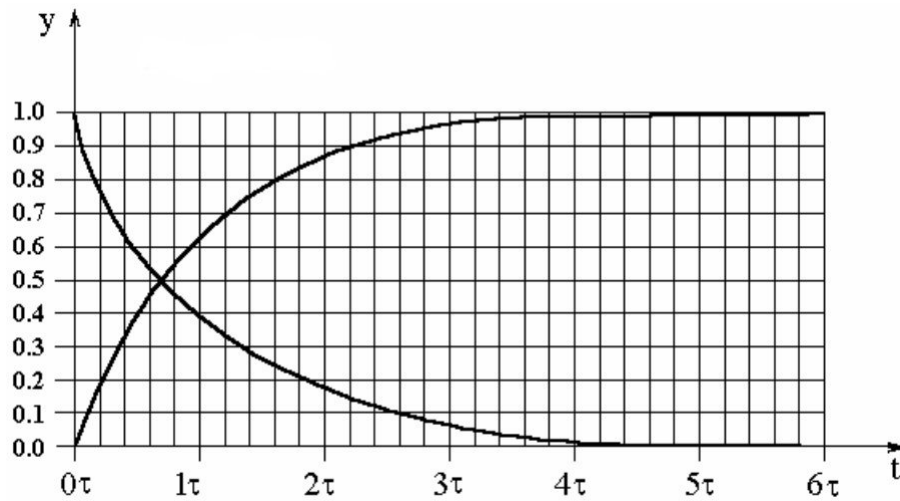


Figure 11.5

- 4) See Figure 11.5. The point at which the two curves cross is the *only* point at which
- A) the current through the coil is the same as the current through the resistor.
 - B) the voltage across the coil has the same numeric value as the current through the coil.
 - C) the voltage across the coil is the same as the voltage across the resistor.
 - D) the steady-state conditions exist.

4) _____

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

- 5) In an RL circuit, the time constant is the time required for the induced current to reach what percentage of its final value?

5) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

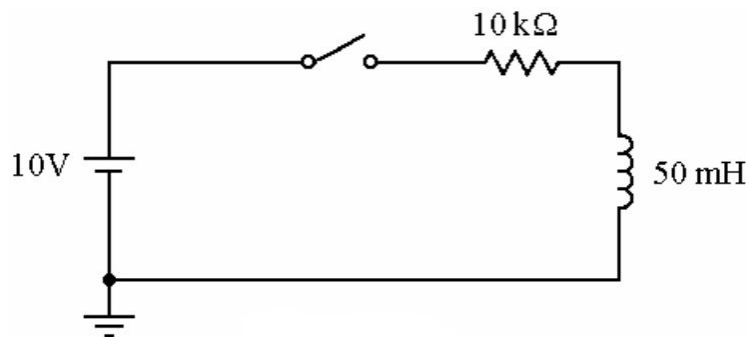


Figure 11.1

- 6) See Figure 11.1. What is the time constant τ in this circuit?

A) 500 s

B) 2×10^5 s

C) 50 ms

D) 5 μ s

6) _____

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 7) Because the energy of a coil is stored in the form of a magnetic field, the inductor can continue to store energy after current is removed.

7) _____

- 8) The steady-state level of the inductor current can be found by substituting its short-circuit equivalent and finding the resulting current through the element.

8) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 9) The notation $\frac{di}{dt}$ in an inductor refers to 9) _____
- A) the ratio of current to number of turns.
B) the magnetizing force applied per turn.
C) the coil permeability as a function of temperature.
D) the rate of change of current with respect to time.

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 10) The greater the change in current through the coil, the smaller the induced voltage. 10) _____
- 11) The total inductance for inductors in series and parallel can be found the same way as resistors in series and parallel. 11) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 12) If an air-core coil has an inductance of 2 μH , what will the inductance become if an iron core is inserted? Assume that the iron core has a relative permeability μ_r of 1000. 12) _____
- A) $2 \times 10^{-9} \text{ H}$ B) 2000 μH C) 63 μH D) 2 μH
- 13) Coils of various dimensions designed to introduce specified amounts of inductance into a circuit are called? 13) _____
- A) Inductors B) Electromagnets
C) Changed coils D) Semiconductors

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 14) Inductance is directly proportional to the area of the magnetic core and inversely proportional to the core length. 14) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 15) An air-core coil consists of 100 turns of wire wrapped on a 1 cm diameter coil form 4 cm long. What is the approximate inductance of this coil? 15) _____
- A) 250 μH B) 5 μH C) 3 mH D) 25 μH

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 16) The larger the inductance, the more the circuit will oppose a rapid buildup in current level. 16) _____
- 17) Voltage across the coil is determined by the magnitude of the inductance of the coil and by the rate of change of current through the coil. 17) _____
- 18) An increase in the number of turns and a decrease in the current through a wire will always result in an increase for magnetomotive force. 18) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

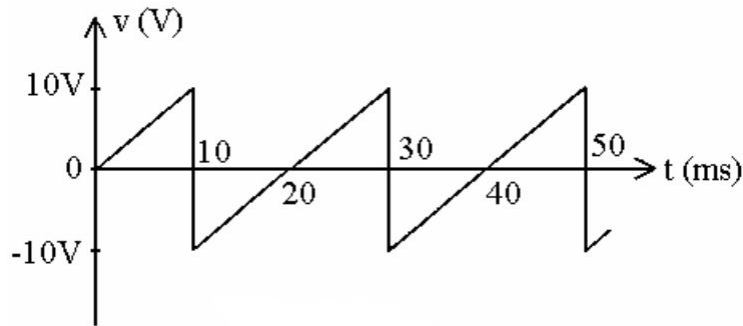


Figure 13.1

- 19) See Figure 13.1. What is the *average* value of this waveform? 19) _____
 A) +5 V B) +10 V C) 0 V D) +7.07 V
- 20) See Figure 13.1. What is the peak-to-peak voltage of this waveform? 20) _____
 A) 0 V B) +10 V C) -10 V D) +20 V
- 21) Which of the following will be necessary to increase the frequency of a sinusoidal waveform? 21) _____
 A) Decrease the time period between successive repetitions
 B) Increase the time period between successive repetitions
 C) Increase the amplitude
 D) Reverse polarity

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 22) The cosine curve leads the sine curve by 180° . 22) _____
- 23) The average value of a sine wave is zero. 23) _____
- 24) The SI unit of frequency is called a hertz. 24) _____

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

- 25) Find the amplitude and frequency of $42.1 \sin(377t + 30^\circ)$ 25) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 26) Find the period of a periodic wave that has a frequency of 0.2 Hz. 26) _____
 A) 5 milliseconds B) 0.5 seconds C) 5 seconds D) 50 seconds

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 27) There are 57.3 degrees in one radian. 27) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 28) Find the frequency of a periodic wave that has a period of one hour. 28) _____
 A) 2.78 mHz B) 27.8 mHz C) 0.278 mHz D) 278 mHz

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

- 29) What is the phase relationship between voltage v and current i if $v = 15 \sin(\gamma t + 30^\circ)$ and $i = 20 \sin(\gamma t - 10^\circ)$? 29) _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 30) What is the period of a 50 kHz sine wave? 30) _____
 A) $5 \mu\text{s}$ B) $5 \times 10^4 \text{ s}$ C) $50 \mu\text{s}$ D) $20 \mu\text{s}$

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 31) Increasing the frequency of a waveform increases the period. 31) _____

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

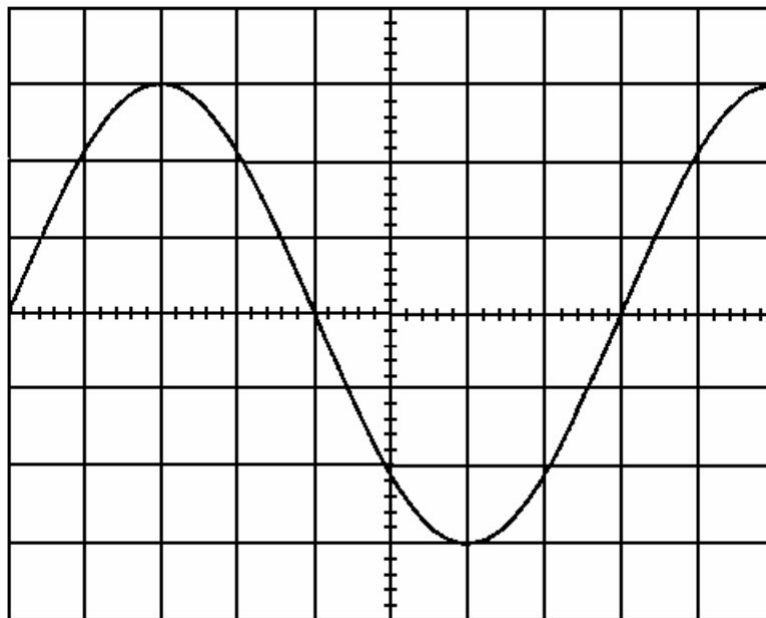


Figure 13.3

- 32) See Figure 13.3. An oscilloscope screen produces the waveform shown. The vertical sensitivity control is set to 20 volts per major division, and the horizontal sensitivity is set at $100 \mu\text{s}$ per major division. Write the general voltage equation that describes this waveform. 32) _____

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 33) The peak value of a waveform is the maximum instantaneous value as measured from the zero-volt level. 33) _____
- 34) If a waveform crosses the horizontal axis with a positive-going slope of 90° sooner than the other waveform, it is said to lag by 90° . 34) _____
- 35) The SI unit of radian frequency is radians per second. 35) _____