ENGG104 Tutorial 5 extra Problems (revision)

Name	Student Number	-
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alter	rnative that best completes the statement or answers the question.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	he current through, or voltage across, an element in a linear gebraic sum of the currents or voltages produced independently B) Norton's maximum power transfer D) Thevenin's	1)
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is t	true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
2) For any physical network, the valuopen-circuit voltage across the load	1 7 7	2)
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phras	se that best completes each statement or answers the question.	
0.75A	$\geq 100\Omega$ $\geq 50\Omega$ $\geq 100\Omega$ \uparrow 0.75A	
	Figure 9.8	
3) See Figure 9.8. Obtain the Theveni 50 ohms resistor is the load resisto	in circuit then convert to a current source assuming the 3) or.	
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is t	true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
 Thevenin's theorem permits the re single voltage source and series re 	3	4)

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

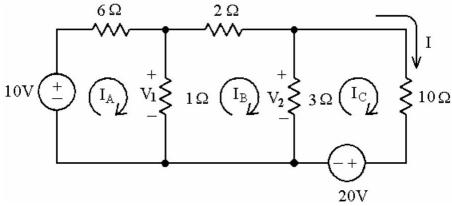


Figure 9.7

5) See Figure 9.7. Solve for the current flowing through the 10 ohms resistor by applying the	5)	
superposition theorem.		

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

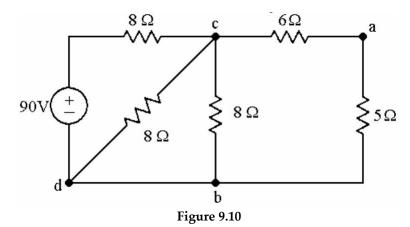
6) The total power delivered to a resistive element can be determined by the sum of the power levels 6) ______ established by each source.

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 7) The substitution theorem states that
- 7) _____

- A) any number of parallel voltage sources can be reduced to a single source.
- B) if the voltage across and the current through a branch are known, the branch can be replaced by a combination of elements that maintain the same voltage across and current through that branch.
- C) any two-terminal linear bilateral source can be replaced by an equivalent circuit consisting of a current source and a parallel resistor.
- D) the current in any branch of a network, due to a single voltage source elsewhere in the network, will equal the current through the branch in which the source was originally located if the source is placed in the branch in which the current was originally measured.

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.



- 8) See Figure 9.10. Calculate the Thevenin voltage and Thevenin resistance circuit for the network at the terminals ab of the circuit.

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

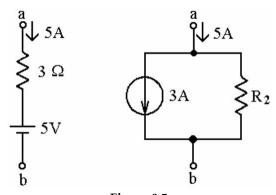
- 9) Thevenin's theorem states that you can replace a 2-terminal dc network with an equivalent circuit consisting of
 - A) a voltage source and a parallel resistor. B) a current source and a parallel resistor.
 - C) a current source and a series resistor.

- D) a voltage source and a series resistor.

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

10) ___ 10) The resistance calculated using Norton's theorem is equal to the resistance calculated using Thevenin's theorem for the same electrical network.

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.



- Figure 9.5
- 11) See Figure 9.5. What value of R₂ makes these two circuits equivalent substitutions between terminals a and b?
- 11) _____

- A) 10Ω
- B) 3 Ω

- C) 4 Ω
- D) 15 Ω

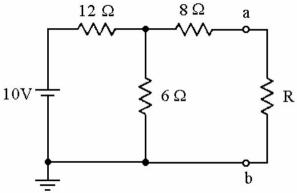


Figure 9.1

12) See Figure 9.1. What is the Thevenin resistance external to the resistor R?

Α) 15.4 Ω

B) 12 Ω

C) 14 Ω

D) 3.4 Ω

12) _____

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

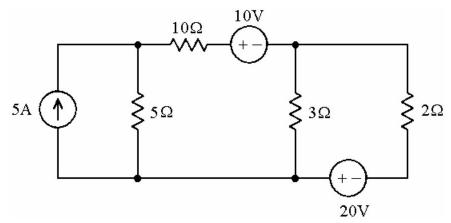
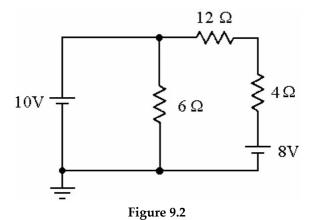


Figure 9.9

13) See Figure 9.9. Using Thevenin's Theorem determine the current in the 2 ohms resistor.





14) See Figure 9.2. Use the superposition theorem to compute the voltage across the 4 Ω resistor.

14)

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

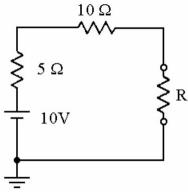


Figure 9.4

15) See Figure 9.4. What is the Norton equivalent resistance R_N external to the resistor R?

Α) 15 Ω

- B) 3.33 Ω
- C) infinity
- D) 5 Ω

15) _____