

Question 3

Perform the following additions in rectangular form:

a.
$$(4.2 + j 6.8) + (7.6 + j 0.2)$$

b.
$$(142 + j7) + (9.8 + j42) + (0.1 + j0.9)$$

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$$(142 + j7) + (9.8 + j42) + (0.1 + j0.9)$$

c. $(4 \times 10^{-6} + j76) + (7.2 \times 10^{-7} - j5)$

a.
$$11.8 + j7.0$$

c.
$$4.72 \times 10^{-6} + j71$$

Question 4

Perform the following operations with polar numbers, and leave the answer in polar form:

a.
$$6 \angle 20^{\circ} + 8 \angle 80^{\circ}$$

b.
$$42 \angle 45^{\circ} + 62 \angle 60^{\circ} - 70 \angle 120^{\circ}$$

c.
$$20 / -120^{\circ} - 10 / -150^{\circ} + 8 / -210^{\circ} + 8 / +240^{\circ}$$

Question 5

Perform the following multiplications in polar form:

- **a.** $(2 \angle 60^{\circ})(4 \angle -40^{\circ})$
- **b.** $(6.9 \angle 8^{\circ})(7.2 \angle -72^{\circ})$
- **c.** $(0.002 \angle 120^{\circ})(0.5 \angle 200^{\circ})(40 \angle +80^{\circ})$

Perform the following divisions in polar form:

- **a.** $(42 \angle 10^{\circ})/(7 \angle 60^{\circ})$
- **b.** $(0.006 \angle 120^{\circ})/(30 \angle +60^{\circ})$
- **c.** $(4360 \angle -20^{\circ})/(40 \angle -210^{\circ})$
 - a. **8.00 ∠20**°
 - b. **49.68 ∠-64.0**°
 - c. $40 \times 10^{-3} \angle 40^{\circ}$



- a. **6.0** ∠−**50**°
- b. $200 \times 10^{-6} \angle 60^{\circ}$
- c. 109 ∠-170°

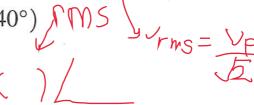
Question 6

Express the following in phasor form:



b.
$$\sqrt{2}(25 \times 10^{-3})\sin(157t - 40^{\circ})$$

c. $100 \sin(\omega t - 90^{\circ})$



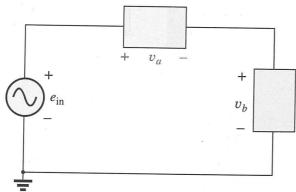
- a. 160.0 ∠30°
- b. $25 \times 10^{-3} \angle -40^{\circ}$
- c. 70.71 ∠-90°

Question 7 [past exam question]

For the system in Fig. 14.84, find the sinusoidal expression for the unknown voltage v_a if

$$e_{\text{in}} = 60 \sin(377t + 45^{\circ})$$

 $v_b = 20 \sin(377t - 45^{\circ})$



(Using peak values)

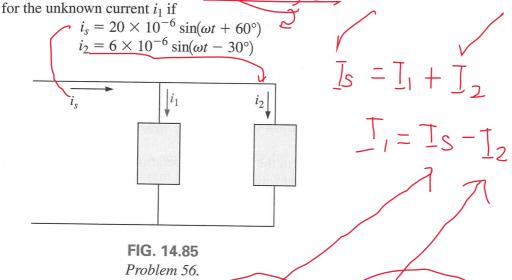
$$e_{in} = v_a + v_b \Rightarrow v_a = e_{in} - v_b$$

= 60 V \angle 45° - 20 V \angle -45°
= 63.25 V \angle 63.43°

and $e_{in} = 63.25 \sin (377t + 63.43^{\circ})$

Question 8

For the system in Fig. 14.85, find the sinusoidal expression for the unknown current *i*, if



 $i_s = i_1 + i_2 \Rightarrow i_1 = i_s - i_2$ (Using peak values) = $(20 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A } \angle 60^\circ) - (6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A } \angle -30^\circ) = 20.88 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A } \angle 76.70^\circ$ $i_1 = 20.88 \times 10^{-6} \sin (\omega t + 76.70^\circ)$