

Attribution Nidhal Abdulaziz

Tutorial 8 additional solutions

Question 8

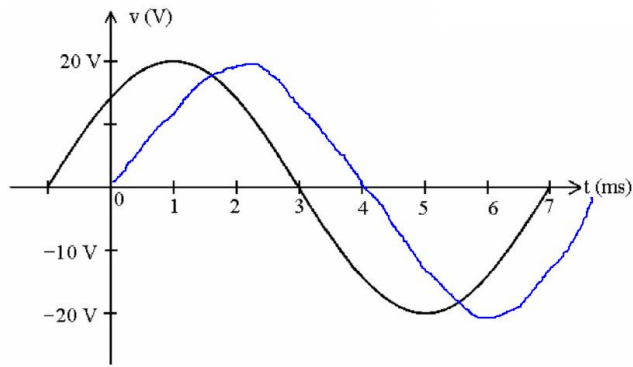


Figure 13.4

8) See Figure 13.4. Write the general voltage equation that describes this waveform.

8) $20 \sin(250\pi)t + 45$

Handwritten solution:

$$V = V_p \sin(\omega t + \theta)$$
$$V = 20 \sin(2\pi \cdot f \cdot t + \theta)$$
$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{8 \text{ msec}} = 125 \text{ Hz}$$
$$\theta = \frac{\Delta t}{T} \times 360^\circ = \frac{1 \text{ div}}{8 \text{ div}} \times 360^\circ$$
$$\theta = 45^\circ$$
$$V = 20 \text{ V} \sin(2\pi \times 125 t + 45^\circ)$$

Question 22

$$30 + j40 \rightarrow M \angle \theta^\circ$$

$$V_p = \sqrt{30^2 + 40^2} = 50 \text{ V}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{40}{30} = 53.1^\circ$$

$$V = 50 \angle 53.1^\circ$$

Question 39

$$Q.39 \quad V = \overset{\text{r.m.s}}{25} \angle 30^\circ$$

$$f = 1000 \text{ Hz.}$$

$$V_p = V_{\text{r.m.s}} \sqrt{2} \\ = 25 \times \sqrt{2} = 35$$

$$V = V_p \sin(\omega t + \theta)$$

$$V = 35 \sin(2\pi \times 1000 t + 30^\circ) \text{ (V)}$$

$$V = 35 \sin(2000\pi t + 30^\circ)$$