



## PHYS143

### Physics for Engineers

### Tutorial - Chapter 38

#### Question 1

Light of wavelength 587.5 nm illuminates a slit of width 0.75 mm. (a) At what distance from the slit should a screen be placed if the first minimum in the diffraction pattern is to be 0.85 mm from the central maximum? (b) Calculate the width of the central maximum.

#### Question 2

A screen is placed 50.0 cm from a single slit, which is illuminated with light of wavelength 690 nm. If the distance between the first and third minima in the diffraction pattern is 3.00 mm, what is the width of the slit?

#### Question 3

(a) The pupil of a cat's eye narrows to a vertical slit of width 0.500 mm in daylight. Assume the average wavelength of the light is 500 nm. What is the angular resolution for horizontally separated mice?  
(b) The angular resolution of a radio telescope is to be  $0.100^\circ$  when the incident waves have a wavelength of 3.00 mm. What minimum diameter is required for the telescope's receiving dish?

#### Question 4

A grating with 250 grooves/mm is used with an incandescent light source. Assume the visible spectrum to range in wavelength from 400 nm to 700 nm. In how many orders can one see (a) the entire visible spectrum and (b) the short-wavelength region of the visible spectrum?

#### Question 5

The first-order diffraction maximum is observed at  $12.6^\circ$  for a crystal having a spacing between planes of atoms of 0.250 nm. (a) What wavelength x-ray is used to observe this first-order pattern? (b) How many orders can be observed for this crystal at this wavelength?

#### Question 6

The angle of incidence of a light beam onto a reflecting surface is continuously variable. The reflected ray in air is completely polarized when the angle of incidence is  $48.0^\circ$ . What is the index of refraction of the reflecting material?