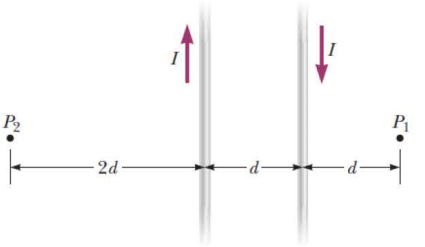
PHYS143
Physics for Engineers
Tutorial - Chapter 30

Question 1

The two wires shown in Figure are separated by $d = 10.0$ cm and carry currents of $I = 5.00$ A in opposite directions. Find the magnitude and direction of the net magnetic field (a) at a point midway between the wires; (b) at point P_1, 10.0 cm to the right of the wire on the right; and (c) at point P_2, 2d = 20.0 cm to the left of the wire on the left.

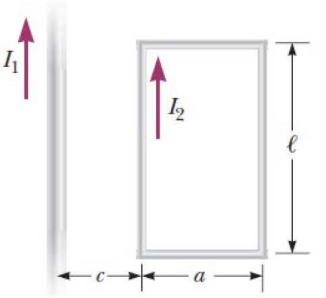


Question 2

Two long, parallel conductors, separated by 10.0 cm, carry currents in the same direction. The first wire carries a current $I_1 = 5.00$ A, and the second carries $I_2 = 8.00$ A. (a) What is the magnitude of the magnetic field created by I_1 at the location of I_2? (b) What is the force per unit length exerted by I_1 on I_2? (c) What is the magnitude of the magnetic field created by I_2 at the location of I_1? (d) What is the force per length exerted by I_2 on I_1?

Question 3

In Figure, the current in the long, straight wire is $I_1 = 5.00$ A and the wire lies in the plane of the rectangular loop, which carries a current $I_2 = 10.0$ A. The dimensions in the figure are c = 0.100 m, a = 0.150 m, and $l = 0.450$ m. Find the magnitude and direction of the net force exerted on the loop by the magnetic field created by the wire.



Question 4

A solenoid 10.0 cm in diameter and 75.0 cm long is made from copper wire of diameter 0.100 cm, with very thin insulation. The wire is wound onto a cardboard tube in a single layer, with adjacent turns touching each other. What power must be delivered to the solenoid if it is to produce a field of 8.00 mT at its center? ($\rho = 1.7 \times 10^{-8}$)