

Δt_p : proper time

$$\Delta t > \Delta t_p$$

$$\Delta t = \gamma \Delta t_p$$

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}} > 1$$

the observer
that sees
the two events
happen at different
positions

the observer that sees the two
events happen at the same position

Length Contraction:

$$L = \frac{L_p}{\gamma}$$

$$L_p > L$$

L_p : proper length is measured by
the observer who sees the two
ends fixed

L : the observer that sees the
two ends moving