## Assignment

# **Basic manipulation of files**

## Task description:

"It is necessary to do the following:

- In your home directory, you should create a directory called "etc-files".
- From the /etc directory, copy all files that begin with the letter a, b, or c to the directory you created at the previous point in the task.
- Move the newly created etc-files directory from your home directory to the /tmp directory.

• Delete the /tmp/etc-files directory.

"

Title: Linux Operating System

Module: Terminal

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### INTRODUCTORY REMARKS OF THE ASSIGNMENT

This document presents a step-by-step approach to solving a specific task, outlining the methodology, execution, and expected outcomes. By following the instructions, the reader will gain hands-on experience in applying technical concepts to practical situations, reinforcing both theoretical knowledge and problem-solving abilities.

The structured approach ensures that each step is clearly defined, making the process easy to follow and implement in professional environments.

When creating this task, it is very important to emphasize the basic steps before creating the task and what are the basic conditions that need to be met in order for the task to have an appropriate solution. In the use of virtualization of the Linux operating system, the Oracle Virtual Box application was used for virtualization on the Windows 10 operating system. The virtual environment in use is Debian and the following steps follow the following notes.

Other applications on the Linux operating system are:

- Linux Terminal
- Thunar File Manager
- Command to root access the terminal "su -"

The script of commands for accessing files and directories, displays the following contents:

• Mkdir ~/etc-files

(In this case, due to the previous exercise with directories, the name etc-file was used)

- Cp/etc/[abc]\* ~/etc-files (file)
  - Mv ~/etc-files/tmp/ (file)
  - Rm -r /tmp/etc-files (file)

Mkdir – creates a directory

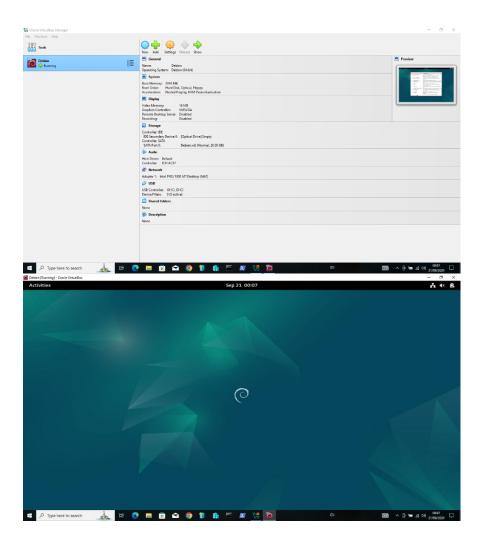
Cp – copies files

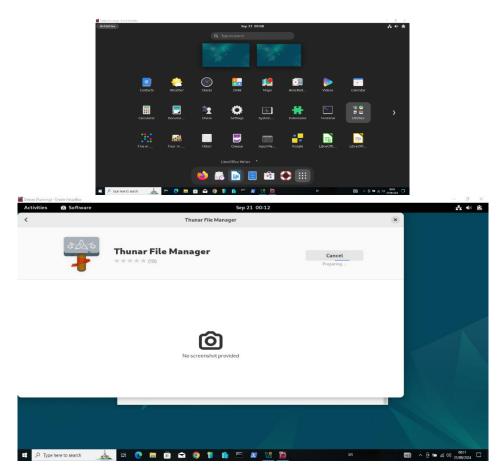
mv -moves directory

**Rm** – deletes the directory recursively

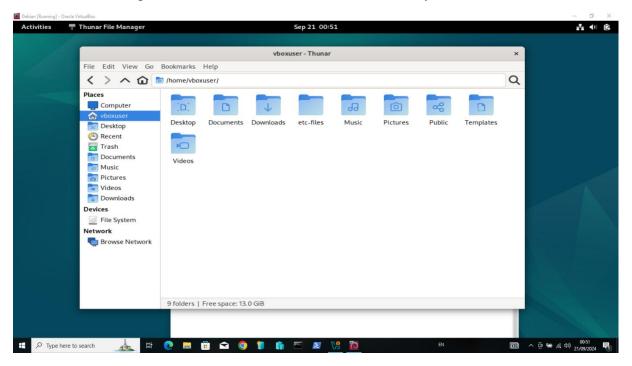
## **CREATING A DIRECTORY**

Through this title, a screenshot is shown with the settings of the virtual machine on the platform and the startup of the machine with the displayed graphical interface, also through a note the installation process of the Thunar application is shown, because by default it is not created on the operating system.

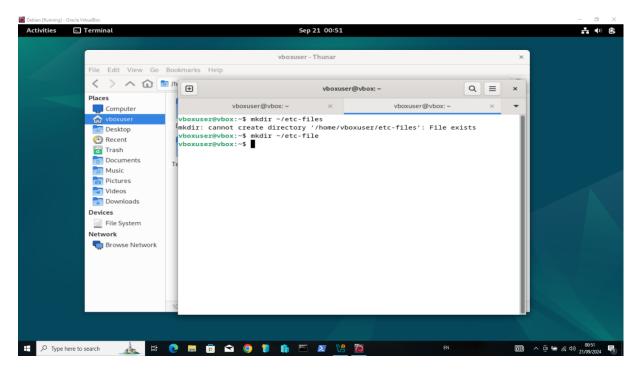




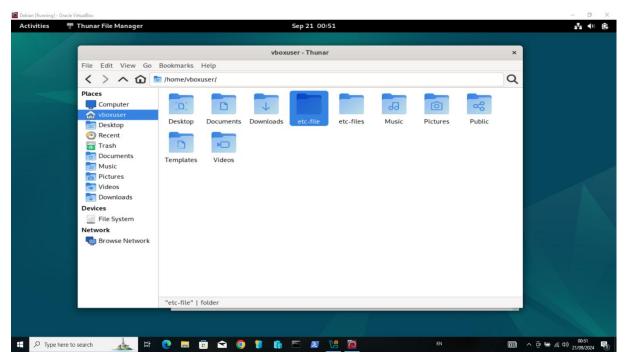
The next step is to start the terminal and create a directory:



In this screenshot, you can see that there is not a single directory created. This screenshot is for illustrative purposes, as it is not possible to visually represent the directory through the terminal.



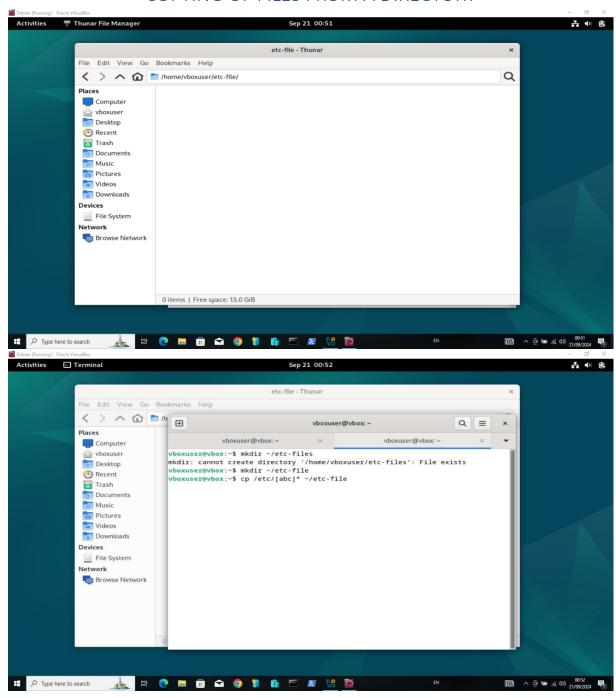
Here is the command that started and created the directory at the home destination, to make the display simpler, the following screenshot will show where the directory is actually placed.

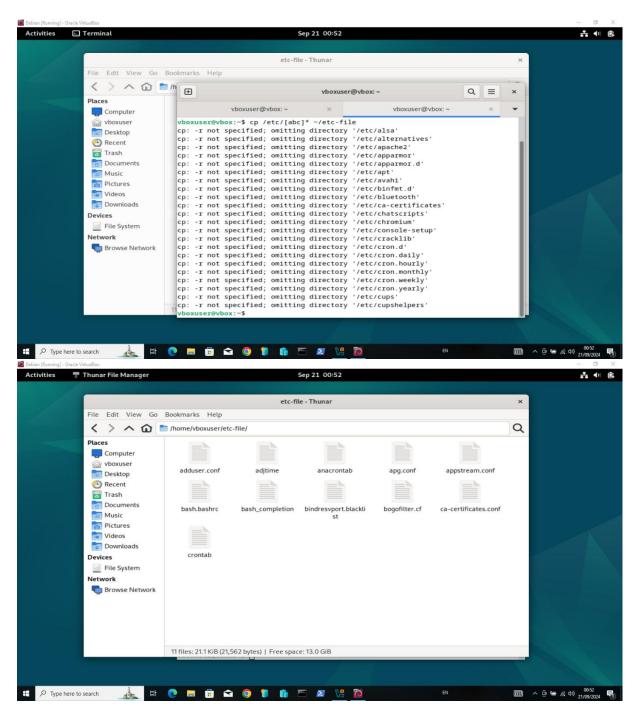


The mkdir command creates a directory in the etc-file in the home directory,  $\sim$  this symbol represents the home directory.

Through the next heading, copying files from the directory will be presented.

## COPYING OF FILES FROM A DIRECTORY

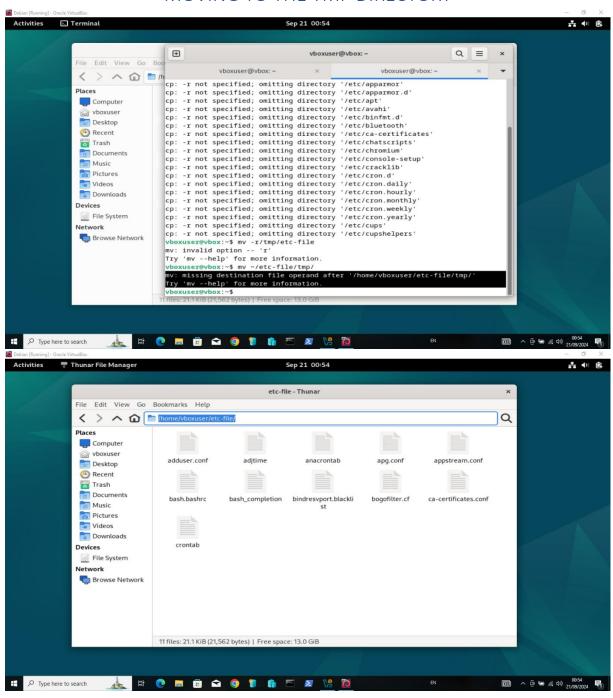


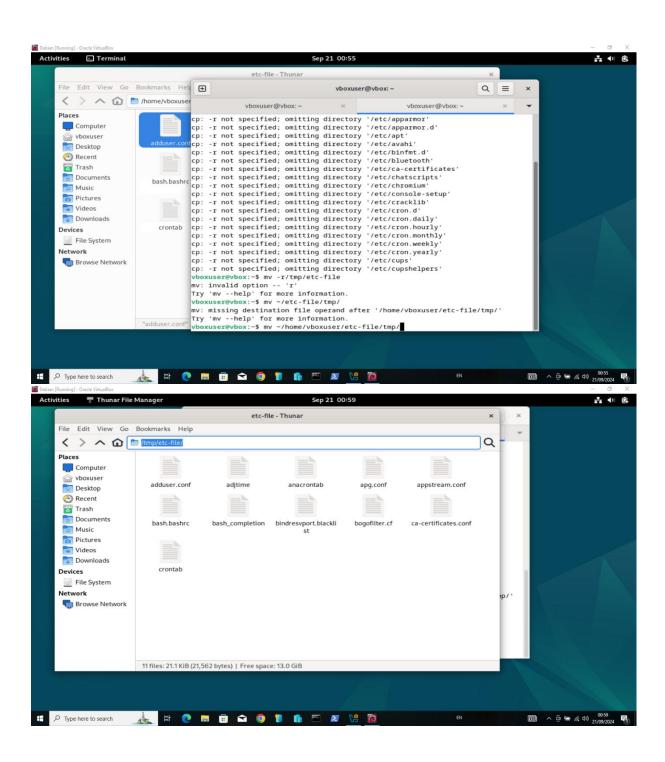


This command is an obvious function that is performed in the terminal.

The command copies all files from the etc directories that begin with the letter a, b, or c to the etc-files directory. Also, the designation "abc" indicates any record, but for the purposes of the task in use, they have already been presented.

### MOVING TO THE TMP DIRECTORY





## **DELETING A DIRECTORY**

