

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: <pre>Device(config-router)# offset-list 21 in 10 gigabitethernet 0/0/1</pre>	
Step 7	metric weights <i>tos k1 k2 k3 k4 k5</i> Example: <pre>Device(config-router)# metric weights 0 2 0 2 0 0</pre>	(Optional) Adjusts the EIGRP metric or K value. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EIGRP uses the following formula to determine the total metric to the network: $\text{EIGRP Metric} = 256 * ((K1 * Bw) + (K2 * Bw) / (256 - \text{Load}) + (K3 * \text{Delay}) * (K5 / (\text{Reliability} + K4)))$ Note If K5 is 0, then (K5 / (Reliability + K4)) is defined as 1.
Step 8	no auto-summary Example: <pre>Device(config-router)# no auto-summary</pre>	(Optional) Disables automatic summarization. Note Automatic summarization is enabled by default.
Step 9	end Example: <pre>Device(config-router)# end</pre>	Exits router configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring Optional EIGRP Parameters in a Named Configuration

Perform this task to configure optional EIGRP named configuration parameters, which includes applying offsets to routing metrics, adjusting EIGRP metrics, setting the RIB-scaling factor, and disabling automatic summarization.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **router eigrp** *virtual-instance-name*
4. Enter one of the following:
 - **address-family ipv4** [unicast] [vrf *vrf-name*] [multicast] **autonomous-system** *autonomous-system-number*
 - **address-family ipv6** [unicast] [vrf *vrf-name*] **autonomous-system** *autonomous-system-number*
5. **network** *ip-address* [*wildcard-mask*]
6. **metric weights** *tos k1 k2 k3 k4 k5 k6*
7. **af-interface** {**default** | *interface-type interface-number*}
8. **passive-interface**
9. **bandwidth-percent** *maximum-bandwidth-percentage*
10. **exit-af-interface**
11. **topology** {**base** | *topology-name* **tid** *number*}
12. **offset-list** [*access-list-number* | *access-list-name*] {**in** | **out**} *offset* [*interface-type interface-number*]
13. **no auto-summary**
14. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Device> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Device# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	router eigrp <i>virtual-instance-name</i> Example: Device(config)# router eigrp virtual-name1	Enables an EIGRP routing process and enters router configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	<p>Enter one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> address-family ipv4 [unicast] [vrf vrf-name] [multicast] autonomous-system autonomous-system-number address-family ipv6 [unicast] [vrf vrf-name] autonomous-system autonomous-system-number <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-router)# address-family ipv4 autonomous-system 45000 Device(config-router)# address-family ipv6 autonomous-system 45000</pre>	Enters address family configuration mode to configure an EIGRP IPv4 or IPv6 routing instance.
Step 5	<p>network ip-address [wildcard-mask]</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-router-af)# network 172.16.0.0</pre>	Specifies a network for the EIGRP routing process.
Step 6	<p>metric weights tos k1 k2 k3 k4 k5 k6</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-router-af)# metric weights 0 2 0 2 0 0 0</pre>	<p>(Optional) Adjusts the EIGRP metric or K value.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EIGRP uses the following formula to determine the total 32-bit metric to the network: $\text{EIGRP Metric} = 256 * ((K1 * Bw) + (K2 * Bw) / (256 - Load) + (K3 * Delay) * (K5 / (Reliability + K4)))$ EIGRP uses the following formula to determine the total 64-bit metric to the network: $\text{EIGRP Metric} = 256 * ((K1 * Throughput) + (K2 * Throughput) / (256 - Load) + (K3 * Latency) + (K6 * Extended Attributes)) * (K5 / (Reliability + K4)))$ <p>Note If K5 is 0, then (K5 / (Reliability + K4)) is defined as 1.</p>
Step 7	<p>af-interface {default interface-type interface-number}</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-router-af)# af-interface gigabitethernet 0/0/1</pre>	Enters address family interface configuration mode and configures interface-specific EIGRP commands.
Step 8	<p>passive-interface</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-router-af-interface)# passive-interface</pre>	Suppresses EIGRP hello packets and routing updates on interfaces while still including the interface addresses in the topology database.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 9	bandwidth-percent <i>maximum-bandwidth-percentage</i> Example: Device(config-router-af-interface) # bandwidth-percent 75	Configures the percentage of bandwidth that may be used by an EIGRP address family on an interface.
Step 10	exit-af-interface Example: Device(config-router-af-interface) # exit-af-interface	Exits address family interface configuration mode.
Step 11	topology { base <i>topology-name</i> tid <i>number</i> } Example: Device(config-router-af) # topology base	Configures an EIGRP process to route IP traffic under the specified topology instance and enters address family topology configuration mode.
Step 12	offset-list [<i>access-list-number</i> <i>access-list-name</i>] { in out } <i>offset</i> [<i>interface-type</i> <i>interface-number</i>] Example: Device(config-router-af-topology) # offset-list 21 in 10 gigabitethernet 6/2	(Optional) Applies an offset to routing metrics.
Step 13	no auto-summary Example: Device(config-router-af-topology) # no auto-summary	(Optional) Disables automatic summarization. Note Automatic summarization is enabled by default.
Step 14	end Example: Device(config-router-af-topology) # end	Returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuring the EIGRP Redistribution Autonomous System Configuration

Perform this task to configure redistribution of non-EIGRP protocol metrics into EIGRP metrics and to configure the EIGRP administrative distance in an EIGRP autonomous system configuration.

You must use a default metric to redistribute a protocol into EIGRP, unless you use the **redistribute** command.